

Numerical Conformal Maps

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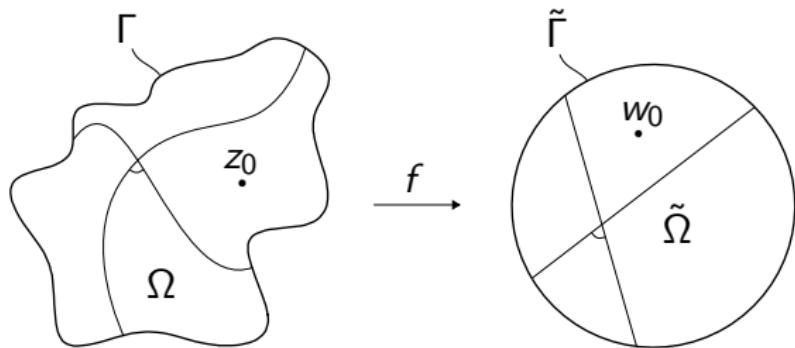
Motivation

Maps to and from the unit disk ($\tilde{\Omega} = \mathbb{D}$)

The general case

Conclusion

Conformal maps

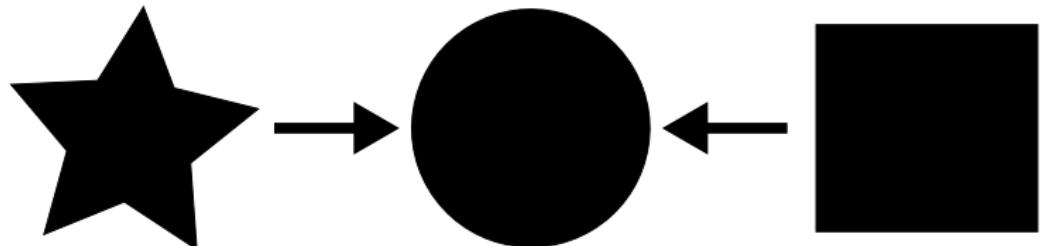


- ▶ holomorphic function $f : x + iy = z \mapsto w = u + iv$:
- ▶ bijective: $f'(z) \neq 0$
- ▶ conjugate harmonic components:
 - ▶ $\Delta u(x, y) = \Delta v(x, y) = 0$
 - ▶ **and:** $\nabla u \perp \nabla v$
- ▶ existence by Riemann's theorem

Why do we care?

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- ▶ Riemannian submanifold of shape space
- ▶ tracking of textured regions
- ▶ canonization



- ▶ spectral methods (Bergman, 1970):
 - ▶ $f'(z)$ from Bergman/Szegö kernel
 - ▶ contour integration
 - ▶ little intuitive
- ▶ polygonal approximations (Driscoll and Trefethen, 2002):
 - ▶ Schwarz-Christoffel formula
 - ▶ parameter problem
 - ▶ contour integration
- ▶ **boundary integral methods** (Symm, 1966)
- ▶ specialized algorithms (Wegmann, 2005)

Symm's ansatz

1. Observation: $f(z) = (z - z_0) \exp(\hat{f}(z))$ holomorphic
2. Let $\hat{f}(z) = u(z) + i v(z)$,
 - ▶ u adjusts the modulus of $(z - z_0)$,
 - ▶ and v the argument.
3. On $\Gamma = \{z \subset \mathbb{C} \mid z = z(t)\}$, set $u = -\log |z - z_0|$.
4. In $\overline{\Omega}$, we have single layer potential representation:

$$u(z) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int \log |z - z(t)| \sigma(t) dt$$

5. Potential σ from *Symm's equation*

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int \log |z(s) - z(t)| \sigma(t) |z'(t)| dt = \log |z(s) - z_0|$$

Discretization

- ▶ NURBS approximation of Γ **and** σ :

$$z(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n z_j B_j(t), \quad \sigma(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sigma_j B_j(t)$$

- ▶ semi-discrete equation:

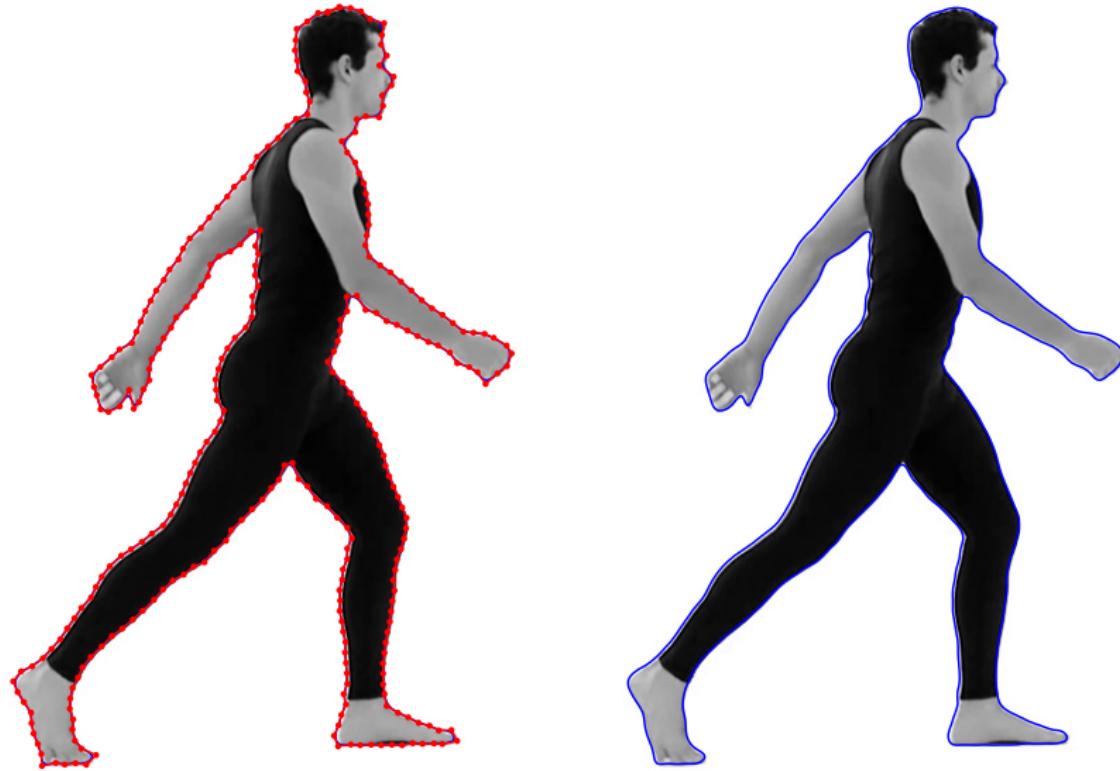
$$\sum_i^n \sigma_j \frac{1}{2\pi} \int \log |z(s) - z(t)| B_j(t) |z'(t)| dt = \log |z(s) - z_0|$$

- ▶ collocation at s_i , $i = 1, \dots, n$:

$$a_{ij} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int \log |z(s_i) - z(t)| B_j(t) |z'(t)| dt, \quad b_i = \log |z(s_i) - z_0|$$

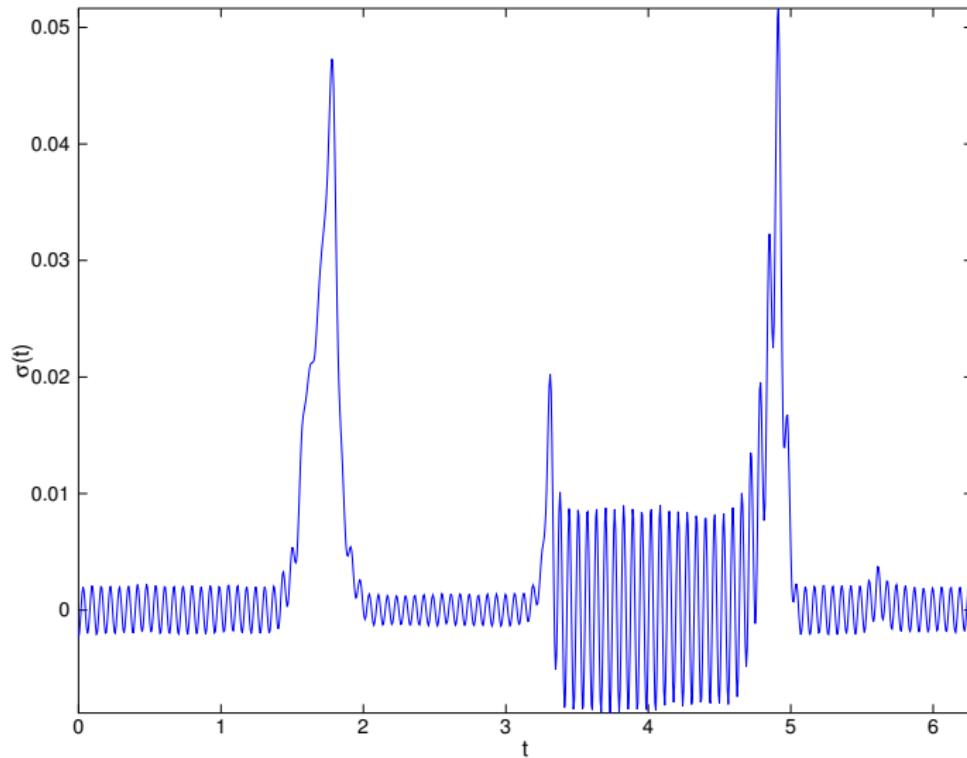
- ▶ adaptive Gauss-Kronod quadrature

Geometric approximation

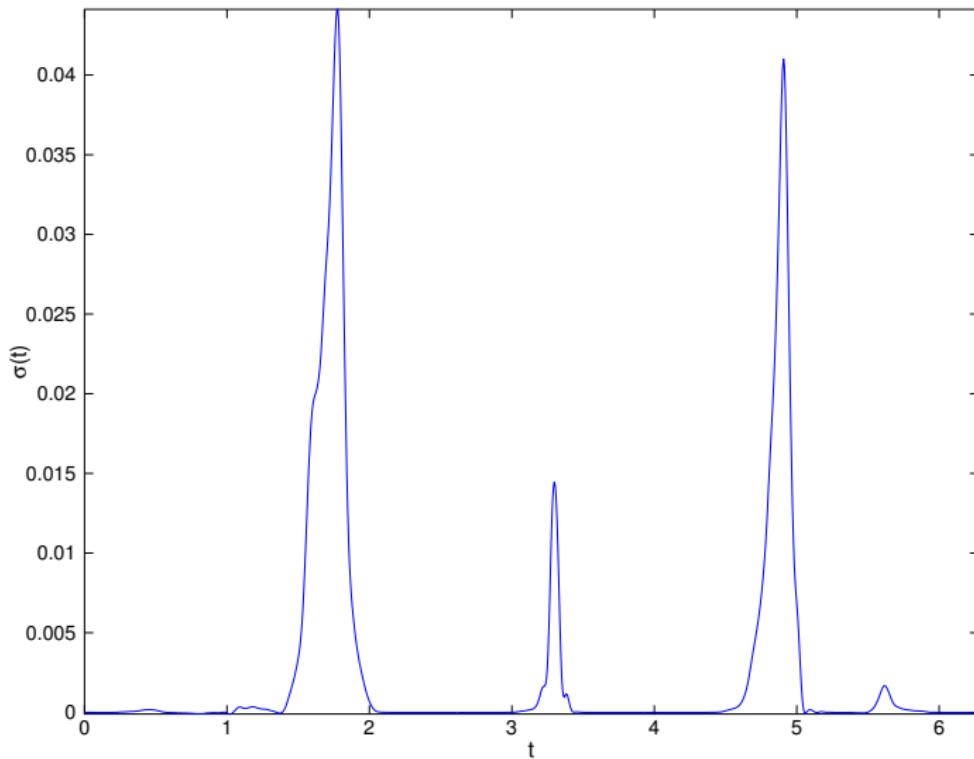


Symm's equation is first-kind Fredholm!

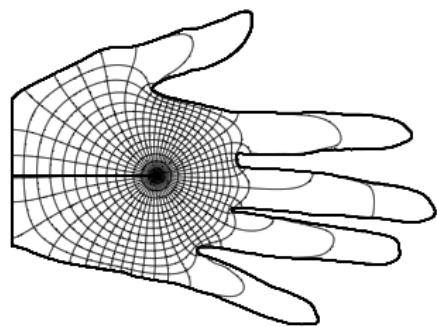
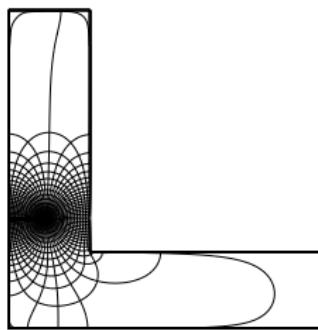
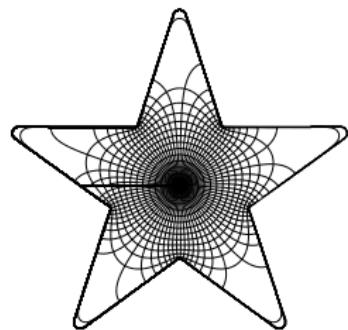
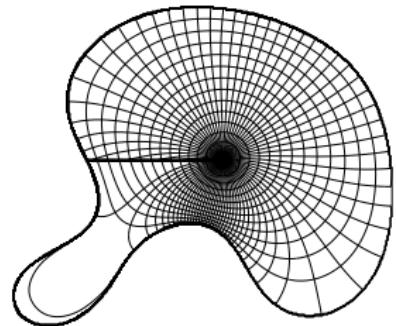
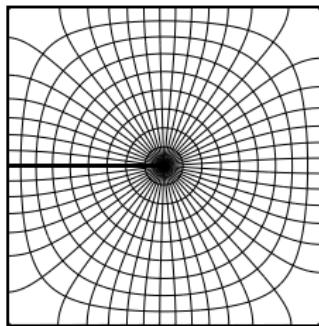
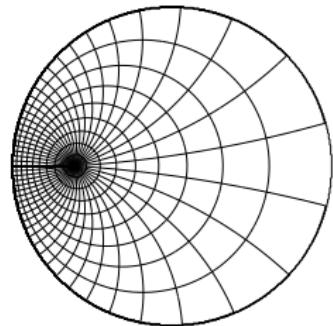
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Tikhonov regularization

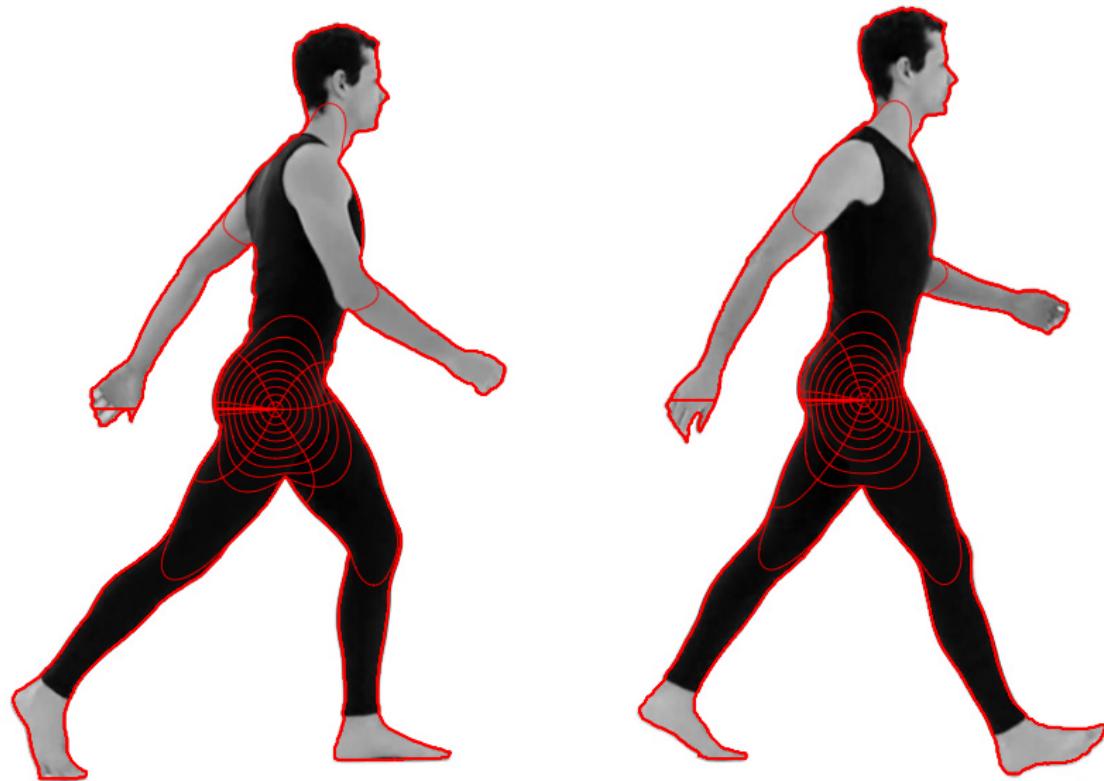


Results I



Results II

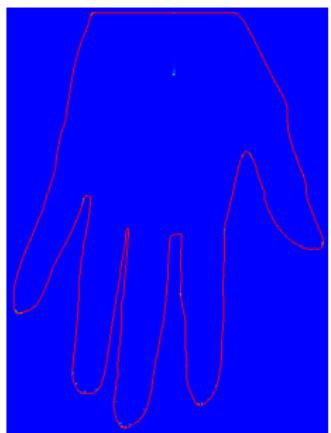
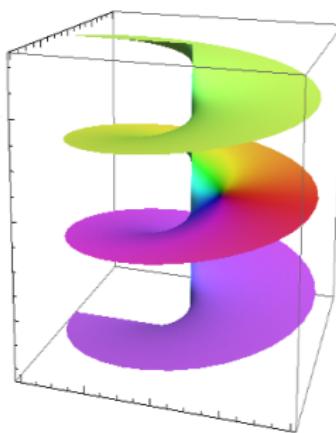
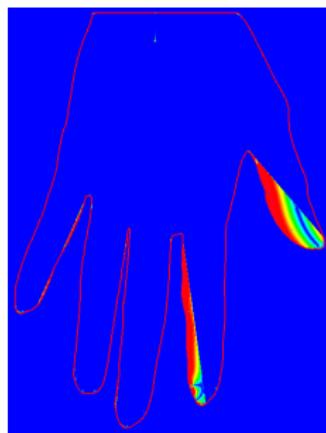
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Making atan2(y,x) continuous

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$$\arg(f(z)) = \arg(z - z_0) - \frac{1}{2\pi} \int \arg(z - z(t))|z'(t)|\sigma(t)dt$$



The inverse mapping f^{-1}

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- ▶ $\theta(t) = \arg(f(z(t)))$: boundary correspondence function
- ▶ By Cauchy's formula:

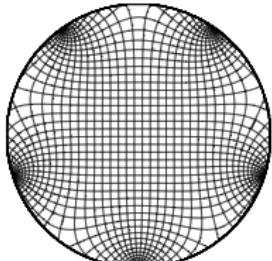
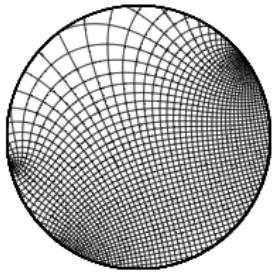
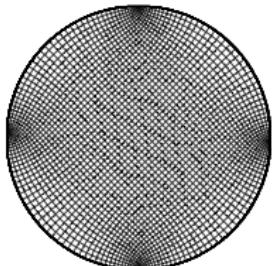
$$z = f^{-1}(w) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{f^{-1}(e^{i\tau}) e^{i\tau}}{e^{i\tau} - w} d\tau$$

- ▶ Using $\tau = \theta(t)$:

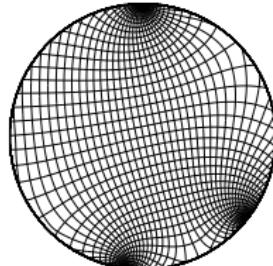
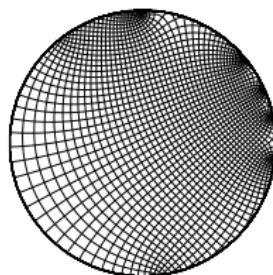
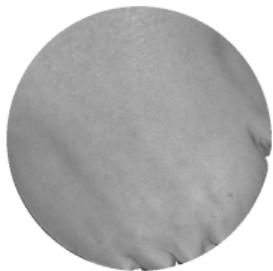
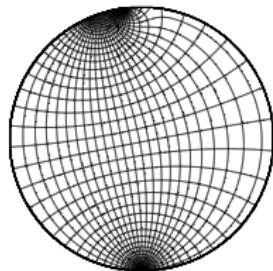
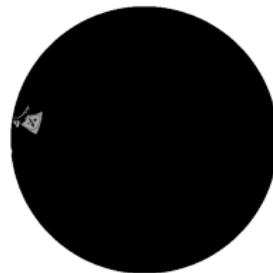
$$z = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{z(t) e^{i\theta(t)}}{e^{i\theta(t)} - w} \theta'(t) dt$$

- ▶ Note that f^{-1} is never evaluated explicitly!

Results I

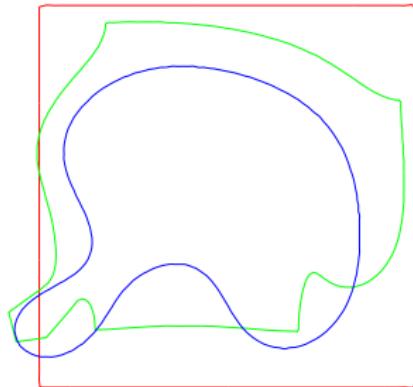
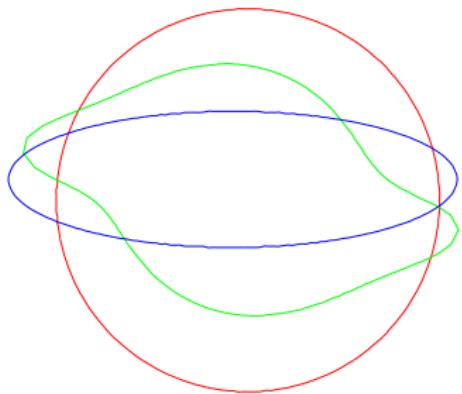
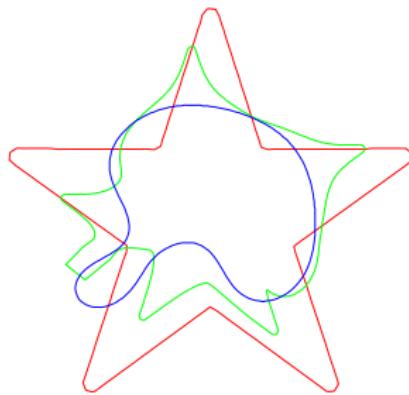
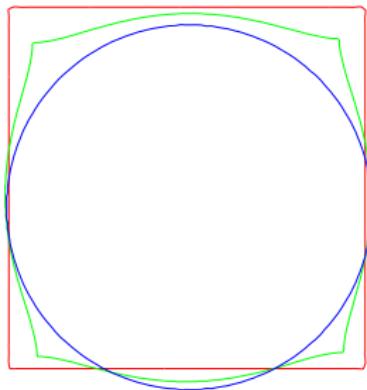


Results II



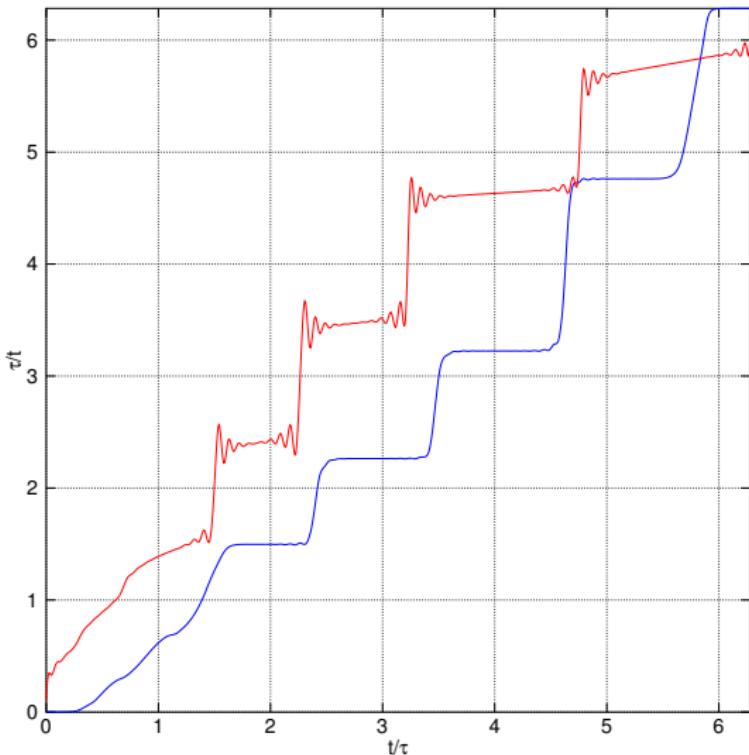
Interpolation

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Inversion of θ

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- ▶ Error metric on the boundary:

$$E(f) = \int_{\Gamma} u'(z)v'(z) + \partial_n u(z)\partial_n v(z) dz$$

- ▶ Everything in the interior is known by $\Delta u = \Delta v = 0$.
- ▶ Dirichlet-to-Neumann map $u(z) \mapsto \partial_n u(z)$ from

$$\int_{\Gamma} \partial_n u(z) \Gamma(z, \bar{z}) dz = u(\bar{z}) + \int_{\Gamma} u(z) \partial_n \Gamma(z, \bar{z}) dz$$

- ▶ $E(f) = 0$ by fixed-point scheme

- ▶ direct mapping
- ▶ application: matching, tracking, etc.
- ▶ local h/p -refinement and coarsening
- ▶ parameter selection (Mozorov?)
- ▶ comparative studies

References

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