## CSC373 Algorithms

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## 1 Shape

- A solid object is  $\Omega \in \mathbb{R}^3$ , which has a surface  $\partial \Omega$ .
- A thin object can be approximated by its mid-surface (which has a boundary).

Curves and Surfaces

- Explicit Definitions:
  - Function/height field: y = f(x)
  - Parametric form: (x, y, z) = p(t)
- Implicit Definitions:

$$- g(x,y) = 0$$