

(d) False. It would have no solutions

Exercise 3d:

(a) False.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(b) False  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(c) False  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(d) False  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

### 1.3: Matrices and Matrix Operations

Exercise 1:

(a)  $(4 \times 6)(4 \times 5)$  undefined

(c)  $(5 \times 4)((4 \times 5) + (4 \times 5))$

(b)  $(4 \times 5)(5 \times 2) + (4 \times 2)$

$(5 \times 4)(4 \times 5)$  defined  $(5 \times 5)$

$(4 \times 2) + (4 \times 2)$  defined  $(4 \times 2)$

(d)  $(5 \times 4)((4 \times 5)(5 \times 2))$

(e)  $(4 \times 5)(5 \times 2) + (4 \times 5)$

$(5 \times 4)(4 \times 2)$  defined  $(5 \times 2)$

$(4 \times 2) + (4 \times 6)$  undefined.

(f)  $(5 \times 4)^T (4 \times 5)$

(g)  $(4 \times 5)(4 \times 5) + (4 \times 5)$  undefined.

$(4 \times 5)(4 \times 5)$  undefined.

(h)  $((4 \times 5)^T + (5 \times 4))(4 \times 2)$

$((5 \times 4) + (5 \times 4))(4 \times 2)$

$(5 \times 4)(4 \times 2)$  defined  $(5 \times 2)$

Exercise 2:

$a - b = 8$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 7 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & -4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{RREF}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$b + c = 1$

$3d + c = 7$

$a = 5, b = -3, c = 4, d = 1$

$2a - 4d = 6$

Exercise 3:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 6 & 5 \\ -2 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 4 & -1 \\ -2 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad 5 \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 0 \\ 5 & 10 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad -7 \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -28 & -14 \\ 21 & -7 & -35 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{e} \quad 2 \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{undefined.}$$

$$\textcircled{f} \quad 4 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 24 & 4 & 12 \\ -4 & 4 & 8 \\ 16 & 4 & 12 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 10 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ 8 & 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 22 & -6 & 8 \\ -2 & 4 & 6 \\ 10 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{g} \quad -3 \times \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right) = -3 \times \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 2 & 6 \\ -2 & 2 & 4 \\ 8 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \right) = -3 \times \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 7 & 8 \\ -3 & 2 & 5 \\ 11 & 4 & 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 39 & -21 & -24 \\ 9 & -6 & -15 \\ -33 & 12 & 30 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{h} \quad A - A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{i} \quad \text{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = 1 + 0 + 4 = 5$$

$$\textcircled{j} \quad \text{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - 3 \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \text{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 3 & 9 \\ -3 & 3 & 6 \\ 12 & 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \text{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} -17 & 2 & -7 \\ 3 & -3 & -5 \\ -7 & -1 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \right) = -17 + 3 - 5 = -25$$

$$\textcircled{k} \quad 4 \times \text{tr} \left( 7 \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \right) = 4 \times \text{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 28 & -7 \\ 0 & 14 \end{bmatrix} \right) = 4 \times (28 + 14) = 4 \times 42 = 168$$

$$\textcircled{l} \quad \text{tr}(A) \Rightarrow \text{undefined.}$$

Exercise 4:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad 2 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T * \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^T - \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right)^T = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 0 & -1 \\ 4 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^T + 5 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + 5 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 15 \\ 10 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{undefined.}$$

$$\textcircled{e} \quad \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}^T - \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 1/2 \\ 1 & 5/2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3/4 & 0 \\ 1/4 & 1/2 \\ 1/4 & 1/4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1/4 & 3/2 \\ 9/4 & 0 \\ 9/4 & 9/4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{f} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{g} \quad 2 \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^T - 3 \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^T = 2 \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - 3 \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -2 & 8 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 6 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 9 \\ 15 & 0 & 6 \\ 6 & 3 & 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 1 & -7 \\ 13 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{h} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 1 & -1 \\ -13 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -13 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -4 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise 5:

$$\textcircled{i} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{j} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{undefined.}$$

$$\textcircled{k} \quad \left( 3 \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 3 & 9 \\ -3 & 3 & 6 \\ 12 & 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 42 & 108 & 75 \\ 12 & -3 & 21 \\ 36 & 78 & 63 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{l} \quad \left( \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -3 \\ -4 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 45 & 9 \\ 11 & -11 & 17 \\ 7 & 17 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{m} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \left( \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 15 & 3 \\ 6 & 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 45 & 9 \\ 11 & -11 & 17 \\ 7 & 17 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{n} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 17 \\ 17 & 85 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{o} \quad \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right)^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 12 \\ -2 & 1 \\ 11 & 8 \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 11 \\ 12 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}^T \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 16 & -2 \\ 8 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6 & 9 \\ 48 & -20 & 14 \\ 24 & 8 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{i} \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^T \right) = \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = 61$$

$$\textcircled{j} \operatorname{tr} \left( 4 \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^T - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \operatorname{tr} \left( 4 \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 8 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 24 & -4 & 16 \\ 4 & 4 & 4 \\ 12 & 8 & 12 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$= \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 23 & -9 & 14 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 \\ 9 & 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \right) = 35$$

$$\textcircled{k} \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}^T \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^T \right) = \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$= \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 4 \\ 12 & -2 & 5 \\ 6 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -2 & 8 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 6 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \operatorname{tr} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 3 & 12 \\ 14 & 0 & 7 \\ 12 & 12 & 13 \end{bmatrix} \right) = 28$$

### Exercise 6:

$$\textcircled{a} \left( 2 \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^T - \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \left( 2 \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 6 \\ 10 & 0 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -3 & 3 \\ 11 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -3 \\ 36 & 0 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \left( 4 \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & -4 \\ 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = 2 \times 3 \text{ matrix} + 2 \times 2 \text{ matrix} \Rightarrow \text{undefined}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \left( - \left( \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right)^T + 5 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^T \right) = \left( - \left( \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right) + 5 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right)^T = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -12 & -6 \\ -5 & 2 & -8 \\ 4 & -5 & -7 \end{bmatrix}^T + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -5 & 15 \\ 25 & 0 & 10 \\ 10 & 5 & 20 \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -5 & -4 \\ -12 & 2 & -5 \\ 4 & -5 & -7 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -5 & 15 \\ 25 & 0 & 10 \\ 10 & 5 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -10 & 11 \\ 13 & 2 & 5 \\ 4 & -3 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right)^T = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 4 \\ 6 & 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \right)^T = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -6 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 \\ 6 & 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 10 & -14 & -1 \\ -6 & 2 & -8 \\ 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & -6 \\ -14 & 2 \\ 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^T \times \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}^T - \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \right) =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \left( \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 17 \\ 17 & 35 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -1 \\ -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 18 \\ 18 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 40 & 72 \\ -26 & 42 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^T \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^T - \left( \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right)^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 14 & 34 & 25 \\ 4 & -1 & 76 \\ 12 & 26 & 21 \end{pmatrix}^T$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 14 & 4 & 12 \\ 36 & -1 & 26 \\ 25 & 7 & 21 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 4 & 12 \\ 36 & -1 & 26 \\ 25 & 7 & 21 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise 7:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 67 & 41 & 41 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \\ 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 63 & 67 & 57 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 7 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 41 \\ 21 \\ 67 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{e} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \\ 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 7 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 24 & 56 & 97 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \\ 63 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{f} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 7 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 76 \\ 98 \\ 97 \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise 8:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad -6 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + 0 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + 7 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 67 \\ 64 \\ 63 \end{bmatrix} \quad \textcircled{b} \quad 3 \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + 6 \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + 0 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \\ 63 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-2 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + 7 \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 41 \\ 21 \\ 67 \end{bmatrix} \quad -2 \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + 5 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + 4 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 17 \\ 41 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + 5 \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 41 \\ 59 \\ 57 \end{bmatrix} \quad 7 \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + 4 \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + 9 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 70 \\ 31 \\ 122 \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise 9:

$$yA = \begin{bmatrix} y_{111} & y_{112} & \dots & y_{11n} \\ y_{211} & y_{212} & \dots & y_{21n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ y_{m11} & y_{m12} & \dots & y_{mn} \end{bmatrix} = y_1 [a_{11} \ a_{12} \ \dots \ a_{1n}] + y_2 [a_{21} \ a_{22} \ \dots \ a_{2n}] + \dots + y_m [a_{m1} \ a_{m2} \ \dots \ a_{mn}]$$

Exercise 10:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad 3 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \cdot 2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} + 7 \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 67 & 41 & 41 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$6 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + 5 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} + 4 \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 64 & 21 & 59 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + 4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} + 9 \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 63 & 67 & 57 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad 6 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + 4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -6 & 70 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 17 & 31 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$7 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} + 7 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + 5 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 63 & 41 & 122 \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise 11:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -19 & 0 \\ -1 & 25 & 25 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -17 & 0 \\ -1 & 182 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow 182$$

Exercise 12:

\textcircled{a} Let A be any matrix of size  $m \times n$ , and B be any matrix of size  $p \times q$ .

Suppose that AB and BA are both defined. Thus, AB is of size  $m \times q$  and  $n=p$ .

Also, BA is of size  $p \times n$  and  $q=m$ . Since  $n=p$ , BA is a square matrix, and since  $q=m$ , AB is a square matrix.

\textcircled{b} Let A be an  $m \times n$  matrix, and B be a  $p \times q$  matrix. Suppose that A(BA) is a defined matrix. BA is defined and of size  $p \times n$ , and  $q=m$ . Since A(BA) is defined, both  $n=p$ , and A(BA) is of size  $m \times n$ . Since  $q=m$  and  $n=p$ , B is a matrix of size  $n \times m$ .

Exercise 13:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 5 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad X = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \textcircled{b} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & -3 & 1 \\ 5 & 1 & 0 & -8 \\ 2 & -5 & 9 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad X = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise 14:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad 3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = 2 \quad \textcircled{b} \quad 3w - 2x + z = 0$$

$$4x_1 + 3x_2 + 7x_3 = -1 \quad 5w + 2y - 2z = 0$$

$$-2x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 = 4 \quad 3w + x + 4y + 7z = 0$$

$$-2w + 5x + y + 6z = 0$$

Exercise 15:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad AB = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -1 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 & 5 \\ \hline 1 & 5 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 5 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 5 & 7 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 & 3 \\ \hline 1 & 5 & 4 & 2 \\ 6 & 1 & 0 & 3 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -1 & 2 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 2 & 3 \\ \hline 1 & 5 & 4 & 2 \\ 6 & 1 & 0 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -8 & 9 & 7 & 14 \\ 9 & -15 & 28 & 2 \\ \hline -13 & 26 & 42 & -3 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 0 & 1 & -10 & 14 \\ 6 & -6 & 8 & 14 \\ \hline 14 & 27 & 41 & 27 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -1 & 23 & -10 & 14 \\ 37 & -13 & 8 & 27 \\ \hline 29 & 23 & 41 & 41 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad AB = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -1 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 6 & 7 & -1 \\ \hline -1 & 8 & 0 & 15 & 15 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 2 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 & 3 \\ \hline 5 & 15 & 20 & 3 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 5 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ \hline 14 & 27 & 0 & 27 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -1 & 23 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 2 & 5 \\ \hline -1 & 23 & 4 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -1 & 8 & 0 & 15 & 15 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 5 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 14 & 27 & 0 & 27 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -1 & 23 & -10 & 14 \\ 37 & -13 & 8 & 27 \\ \hline 29 & 23 & 41 & 41 \end{array} \right]$$

Exercise 16:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|cc} 3 & -1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 2 & 1 & 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -3 & 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 5 & 2 & 1 & 4 \\ \hline 14 & 2 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 3 & -1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 2 & 1 & 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -4 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 4 \\ -3 & 5 & 1 & 4 \\ \hline 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 3 & -1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 2 & 1 & 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -3 & 15 & -11 & 1 \\ 21 & -15 & 44 & 1 \\ \hline 15 & 44 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -3 & 15 & -11 & 1 \\ 21 & -15 & 44 & 1 \\ \hline 15 & 44 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{b)} & \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} -5 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 3 & -1 & 3 & -4 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 5 & 1 & 5 & 7 \\ 3 & 5 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} -2 & 6 & -8 \\ -1 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} -5 & -25 & -35 \\ 3 & 15 & 21 \\ 5 & 25 & 35 \end{array} \right] \\
 & \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 0 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} -1 & 3 & -4 \\ 1 & 5 & 7 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & -4 \\ 1 & 5 & 7 \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 4 & 20 & 28 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \\
 & \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 4 & -7 & -19 & -43 \\ 2 & 2 & 18 & 17 \\ 0 & 0 & 25 & 35 \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 4 & -7 & -19 & -43 \\ 2 & 2 & 18 & 17 \\ 0 & 5 & 25 & 35 \end{array} \right] \\
 & \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} 2 & 3 & 23 & 24 \\ 2 & 3 & 23 & 24 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

### Exercise 17:

④ No. The first block requires matrix multiplication of a size  $2 \times 3$  by a size  $2 \times 2$ .

This is undefined.

$$(b) \begin{array}{c|c} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 & 2 \end{matrix} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{R1} \rightarrow R1 - 2R2} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 & 2 \end{matrix} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{R2} \rightarrow R2 + 3R1} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 & 2 \end{matrix} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{R2} \rightarrow R2 + 3R1} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 8 \end{matrix} \right] \\ \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 8 \end{matrix} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{R1} \rightarrow R1 - \frac{1}{7}R2} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{8}{7} \end{matrix} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{R1} \rightarrow R1 - 2R2} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{8}{7} \end{matrix} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{R1} \rightarrow R1 - R2} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & \frac{35}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{8}{7} \end{matrix} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{R1} \rightarrow R1 \cdot \frac{7}{35}} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{8}{7} \end{matrix} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{R2} \rightarrow R2 \cdot \frac{7}{8}} \left[ \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{matrix} \right] \end{array}$$

### Exercise 18:

(a) Let  $A$  be an  $m \times n$  matrix and  $B$  be a  $p \times q$  matrix. Suppose that  $A$  has a row of zeros and  $AB$  is defined. Thus,  $AB$  has size  $m \times q$ . If row  $A_{m1}$  is the row of zeros, entry  $(AB)_{m1} = A_{m1}B_{11} + A_{m2}B_{21} + \dots + A_{mp}B_{p1} = 0$ . By similar calculations for the other entries of  $(AB)_{m\cdot}$ , each entry will be zero. Thus,  $AB$  has a row of zeros.

(b) If  $B$  has a column of zeros and  $AB$  is defined, then  $AB$  also has a column of zeros.

Exercise 19:

$$\text{Suppose } K \begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & \dots & A_{1n} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & \dots & A_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ A_{n1} & A_{n2} & \dots & A_{nn} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now suppose  $K \neq 0$  and  $A \neq 0$ . Thus,  $A$  has at least one nonzero entry. When this nonzero entry is multiplied by  $K$ , it results in a nonzero entry. Therefore  $KA \neq 0$ . But  $KA = 0$ . Thus,  $K = 0$  or  $A = 0$ .

Exercise 20:

$I$  is a matrix such that  $I_{11} = 1$ ,  $I_{22} = 1, \dots$ ,  $I_{nn} = 1$ , and all other entries are zero. Let  $A$  be any  $n \times n$  matrix.

$$(AI)_{11} = A_{11}I_{11} + A_{12}I_{21} + \dots + A_{1n}I_{n1} = A_{11}(1) + 0 + \dots + 0 = A_{11}$$

$$(AI)_{12} = A_{11}I_{12} + A_{12}I_{22} + \dots + A_{1n}I_{n2} = 0 + A_{12}(1) + \dots + 0 = A_{12}$$

$$(AI)_{nn} = A_{n1}I_{1n} + A_{n2}I_{2n} + \dots + A_{nn}I_{nn} = 0 + 0 + \dots + A_{nn}(1) = A_{nn}$$

Thus,  $AI = A$ .

$$(IA)_{11} = I_{11}A_{11} + I_{12}A_{21} + \dots + I_{1n}A_{n1} = (1)A_{11} + 0 + \dots + 0 = A_{11}$$

$$(IA)_{12} = I_{11}A_{12} + I_{12}A_{22} + \dots + I_{1n}A_{n2} = (1)A_{12} + 0 + \dots + 0 = A_{12}$$

$$(IA)_{nn} = I_{11}A_{1n} + I_{12}A_{2n} + \dots + I_{1n}A_{nn} = 0 + 0 + \dots + (1)A_{nn} = A_{nn}$$

Thus,  $IA = A$ .

Therefore  $AI = IA = A$ .

Exercise 21:

$$\textcircled{a} \quad \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_{22} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a_{33} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{44} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{55} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{66} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} & a_{16} \\ 0 & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & a_{25} & a_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & a_{33} & a_{34} & a_{35} & a_{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{44} & a_{45} & a_{46} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{55} & a_{56} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{66} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a_{12} & a_{22} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a_{13} & a_{23} & a_{33} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a_{14} & a_{24} & a_{34} & a_{44} & 0 & 0 \\ a_{15} & a_{25} & a_{35} & a_{45} & a_{55} & 0 \\ a_{16} & a_{26} & a_{36} & a_{46} & a_{56} & a_{66} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a_{43} & a_{44} & a_{45} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{54} & a_{55} & a_{56} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{65} & a_{66} \end{bmatrix}$$

### Exercise 22:

$$\textcircled{a} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & 9 & 27 \\ 1 & 4 & 16 & 64 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

### Exercise 23:

Proof: Suppose  $A$  and  $B$  are  $n \times n$  matrices.

Note that,  $A + B = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11}+b_{11} & a_{12}+b_{12} & \dots & a_{1n}+b_{1n} \\ a_{21}+b_{21} & a_{22}+b_{22} & \dots & a_{2n}+b_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{n1}+b_{n1} & a_{n2}+b_{n2} & \dots & a_{nn}+b_{nn} \end{bmatrix}$  thus,  $\text{tr}(A+B) = (a_{11}+b_{11}) + (a_{22}+b_{22}) + \dots + (a_{nn}+b_{nn})$

$$\text{tr}(A) = a_{11} + a_{22} + \dots + a_{nn} \text{ and } \text{tr}(B) = b_{11} + b_{22} + \dots + b_{nn}$$

$$\text{thus } \text{tr}(A) + \text{tr}(B) = a_{11} + b_{11} + a_{22} + b_{22} + \dots + a_{nn} + b_{nn} = \text{tr}(A+B)$$

### Exercise 24:

Consider the matrices:  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

Method 1 - Product Definition:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 14 & 14 \\ 14 & 14 & 14 \\ 14 & 14 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$

Method 2 - Linear Combinations:

$$1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{repeat } 2 \times \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 14 & 14 \\ 14 & 14 & 14 \\ 14 & 14 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

Method 3 - Block Multiplication:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 7 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} [1 & 5] & [9 & 9] & [5 & 9] & [9 & 9] \\ [5 & 5] & [9 & 9] & [5] & 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} [14 & 14] & [14] & [14] \\ [14 & 14] & [14] & [14] \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 14 & 14 \\ 14 & 14 & 14 \\ 14 & 14 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

### Exercise 25:

Just one:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

### Exercise 26:

There are none.

### Exercise 27:

(a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Note that if  $B = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$ :

$$a^2 + bc = 5 \quad ab + bd = 0$$

$$ac + cd = 0 \quad bc + d^2 = 9$$

Since,  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $c$  and  $b$  must be 0.

Thus,  $a^2 = 5$  and  $d^2 = 9$ , and so  $a = \pm\sqrt{5}$ ,  $d = \pm 3$ .

There are 4 square roots of  $A$ :  $\begin{bmatrix} \pm\sqrt{5} & 0 \\ 0 & \pm 3 \end{bmatrix}$

(c) No. For example:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$a^2 + bc = -1 \quad ab + bd = 0$$

$$ac + cd = 0 \quad bc + d^2 = 1$$

thus,  $c$  and  $b$  must be zero, so  $a^2 = -1$  and  $d^2 = 1$ .

↑  
undefined.

### Exercise 28:

(a)  $AA = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$a^2 + bc = 0 \quad ab + bd = 0$$

$$ac + cd = 0 \quad bc + d^2 = 0$$

$$A \neq 0 \Rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(b)  $AA = A$  and  $A \neq 0$

$$a^2 + bc = a \quad ab + bd = b$$

$$ac + cd = c \quad bc + d^2 = d$$

$$\text{Thus, } a+d=1$$

The following matrices are acceptable:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

### Exercise 29:

(a) True. Let  $A$  be any  $n \times n$  matrix.  $A^T$  is a  $n \times m$  matrix. Thus  $(AA^T)$  is  $m \times m$  and  $(A^TA)$  is  $n \times n$ .

(b) True

(c) False

(d) True.

### Exercise 30:

(a) True.

(c) True

(b) False (e.g.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ )

(d) True