Introduction to Game Theory

B. Nebel, R. Mattmüller T. Schulte, K. Heinold Summer semester 2020 University of Freiburg Department of Computer Science

Exercise Sheet 4 — Solutions

Exercise 4.1 (Correlated Equilibria, 1 + 3 points)

Consider the strategic game defined by the following payoff matrix:

(a) Compute the payoff profile for the mixed strategy Nash equilibrium α with the following support sets: $supp(\alpha_1) = supp(\alpha_2) = \{A, B\}.$

Solution:

First we need to compute the MSNE. It is $(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) = ((\frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{6}), (\frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{6}))$. We can now compute the payoffs using the definition of the expected utility:

$$U_1(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot -10 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{5}{6} \cdot 1 + \frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot 0 + \frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{5}{6} \cdot -1 = -\frac{5}{6}$$
$$U_2(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot -10 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{5}{6} \cdot 0 + \frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot 1 + \frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{5}{6} \cdot -1 = -\frac{5}{6}$$

The payoff profile for the MSNE α is $\left(-\frac{5}{6}, -\frac{5}{6}\right)$.

(b) Construct a correlated equilibrium that yields a payoff profile such that both players have a higher payoff than in the mixed strategy Nash equilibrium computed above. Specify the probability space (Ω, π) , the information partitions \mathcal{P}_1 and \mathcal{P}_2 , and the strategies σ_1 and σ_2 .

Solution:

Let $\Omega = \{red, green\}$ and $\pi(red) = \pi(green) = \frac{1}{2}$. Let $\mathcal{P}_1 = \mathcal{P}_2 = \{\{red\}, \{green\}\}$. Define the strategies as follows:

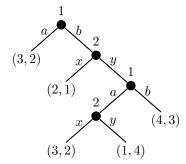
$$\sigma_1(red) = A, \ \sigma_1(green) = B$$

 $\sigma_2(red) = B, \ \sigma_2(green) = A$

Both players play optimally and get a payoff profile of $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$.

Exercise 4.2 (Induced Strategic Game, 2 + 2 points)

Consider the two player extensive form game defined by the following game tree.



(a) Specify the induced strategic game.

Solution:

		player 2			
		xx	xy	yx	yy
player 1	aa	3, 2	3,2	3,2	3, 2
	ab	3, 2	3, 2	3,2	3, 2
	ba	2, 1	2, 1	3, 2	1,4
	bb	2, 1	2,1	4,3	4,3

(b) Determine all Nash equilibria and decide for each one whether it is subgame perfect or not.

Solution:

NEs:
$$(aa,xx),(aa,xy),(ab,xx),(ab,xy),(bb,yx),(bb,yy)$$
 SPE: (bb,yy)