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# Databases Project - Spring 2021

#### Team No:

#### Members:

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## Deliverable 1

# **Assumptions**

#### On Identification:

Every party number should be unique within a collision. Every party\_id, victim\_id, case\_id should be unique by its own within the corresponding .csv files.

#### On data:

We assumed that in the .csv files every field would be represented by its key or that we would make it so during the data cleaning phase. We assumed that every description could fit in 150 char. We assumed based on data that party\_id, victim\_id and case\_id can be typed as integer.

## On integrity:

Every victim should be associated with an unique party. Every party should be implicated in a unique collision.

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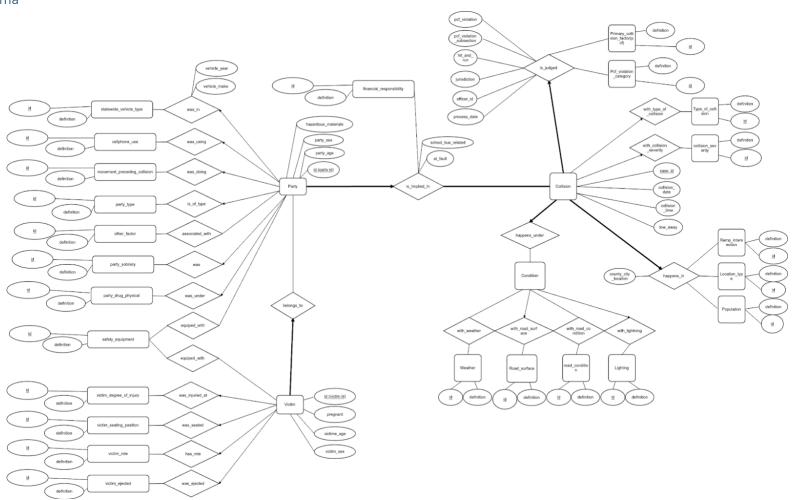
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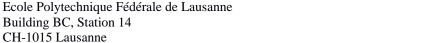


# Entity Relationship Schema

## Schema



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#### Description

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For the ER diagram, we first decided to divide the attributes into 3 main entities called Victim, Party and Collision, because it seemed to us that they were the main actors in the model.

Then, we saw that it didn't make much sense to have only these 3 entities, because some attributes wouldn't be logically attributed to them. For example, it wouldn't make sense that a collision has an attribute population, because they are not directly correlated. Therefore, we tried to group attributes that logically belonged to a common idea together (star schema). For the collisions, we saw that there were many attributes related to the location of the collision, the conditions under which the collision happened and the legal part related to the collision. For the parties, many attributes were related to the vehicle. Hence, we wanted to add these 4 entities to our diagram (but finally modified it slightly, see below).

Also, after we spoke with some assistants, we realised that it would be a good idea to create entities for attributes that are lists with some finite non-logically predefined values (A:..., B:...). The reasons are the following: it would be easier to enforce the data we store to be cleaned and in the same format (it avoids to have one time 'a' and one time 'A' referencing to the same value) and it would make it more modulable and easier to change (if we realize that we would like to add/remove an option, we could simply add/remove one row in the table of the entity and add/invalidate these entries in the other table).

When there were many times the same attribute in the csv files (...\ 1 and ...\ 2), we also decided to create an entity. This has the advantage to be more modulable, since we could decide to add a third (...\\_3) attribute or even more of them in the future if we would like to slightly change the model. For that, we simply allowed the relation to have many of these new entities.

Finally, when we wanted to merge all our previous ideas together to construct the diagram, we found that creating the 4 entities mentioned above was not really practical because we would have to create these entities which now have no (or not many) attributes (since their corresponding attributes were often lists which we now model with an entity and bind through a relation), which makes them almost useless and increases the complexity of the diagram. Therefore, we decided to create N-ary relations directly to group the collision and all the attributes related to a given theme. This seems easier to understand and will create the same result in the database (since every attribute will finally be stored in the Collision table after the merging due to the many-to-one relation) when we translate it from the ER model to the SQL DDL commands.

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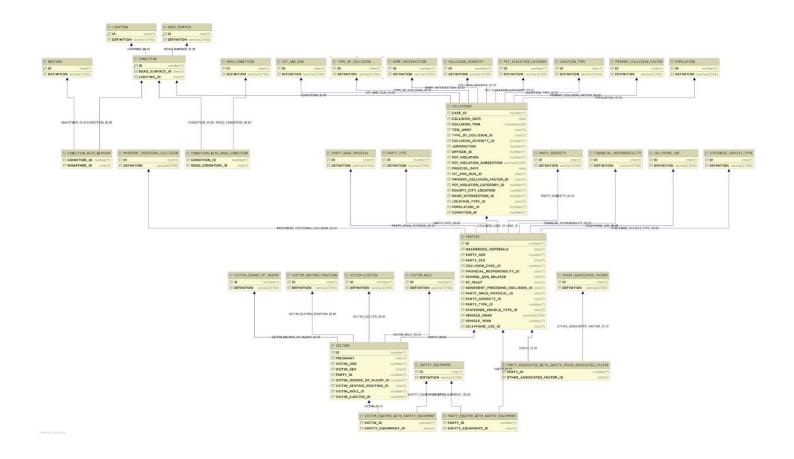
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# Relational Schema

ER schema to Relational schema



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DDL

```
-----Design implementations--
-- Boolean => char(1)
-- definition => varchar(150)
-- Table name (First letter upper case then underscores)
-- One-to-Many (Store key in one)
-- No state is null, set key to null
-- In an entity: id is id of current entity, create new attribute
table id for referenced id
--Questions
--victim age/ pregnancy: age of 999 implies that person is not yet
born, so that we don't lose information about the age of the
mother
-- there would be 2 distinct victims (mother normal age, and yet
to be born child age 99)
--in Victims: attribute victim seating position id ||
seating position id
-- merge state: Unknown with blank ? => key == null ?
-- Used in both victims and parties
--Check for line between collisions and is implied in
--Check if attributes of is implied in are done correctly
--Pcf violation subsection: which type?
-- County city location: which type?
```

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```
CREATE TABLE Weather
             char(1), -- check if if is one of letter
  id
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Road surface
             char(1), -- check if if is one of letter
  definition varchar(150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Road condition
             char(1), -- check if if is one of letter
  definition varchar(150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Lighting
             char(1), -- check if if is one of letter
  definition varchar(150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Condition
  id
                   int,
  road surface id char(1) references Road surface (id),
  lighting id char(1) references Lighting (id),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Condition_with_weather
  condition id
                               references Condition (id),
                        int
                        char(1) references Weather (id),
  wheather id
  PRIMARY KEY (condition id, wheather id)
);
```

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```
CREATE TABLE Condition with road condition
  condition id
                       int
                              references Condition (id),
  road condition id char(1) references Road condition (id),
  PRIMARY KEY (condition id, road condition id)
);
         CREATE TABLE Type of collision
  id
            char(1), --check char between a & h
  definition varchar(150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Collision severity
            int CHECK (0 <= id and id <= 4),</pre>
  definition varchar(150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Hit and run
            char(1),
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Primary collision factor
            char(1),
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
CREATE TABLE Pcf violation category
            int CHECK ((0 \leq id and id \leq 24)),
  id
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
```

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```
);
CREATE TABLE Ramp intersection
              int CHECK (1 <= id and id <= 8),</pre>
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Location type
   id
               char(1),
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Population
               int CHECK (0 \le id \text{ and } id \le 9),
   id
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Collisions
   case id
                                 int,
                                 date,
   collision date
   collision time
                                 timestamp,
   tow away
                                 char(1) CHECK (tow away = 'Y' or
tow away = 'N'),
   type of collision id
                                 char(1) references
Type of collision (id),
                                 int not null references
   collision severity id
Collision severity (id),
   -- Relations is judged
   jurisdiction
                                 int CHECK (0<=jurisdiction and
jurisdiction <= 9999),</pre>
   officer id
                                 int,
   pcf violation
                                 int,
                                 varchar(150),
   pcf violation subsection
   process date
                                 date,
   hit and run id
                                 char(1) references Hit and run
(id),
```

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```
primary collision factor id char(1) references
Primary collision factor (id),
  pcf violation category id
                            int references
Pcf violation category (id),
  -- Relations happens in
  county city location
                            int,
  ramp_intersection_id int references Ramp_intersection
  location type id char(1) references Location type
(id),
  population id
                           int references Population (id),
  -- Relations happens under
  condition id
                          int references Condition (id),
  PRIMARY KEY (case id)
);
   CREATE TABLE Safety equipment
  id
            char(1),
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
  -----Victims start-----
CREATE TABLE Victim degree of injury
            int CHECK (0 <= id and id <= 7), -- can we make sure</pre>
id and def are consistent
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Victim seating position
            char(1), --can we check if id is number or char?
  id
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Victim role
```

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```
int CHECK (1 <= id and id <= 6),</pre>
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Victim ejected
             int CHECK (0 <= id and id <= 3), --make sure entity</pre>
  id
is still created if id is null
  definition varchar (150),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Victims
  id
                            int,
                            char(1) not null,
  pregnant
  victim age
                            int,
  victim sex
                            char(1),
--- referenced ids--
  party id
                            int
                                    not null,
  victim degree of injury id int
                                    not null references
Victim degree of injury (id),
  victim seating position id char(1) references
Victim seating position (id),
  victim role id
                                    not null references
                            int
Victim role (id),
  party id int not null REFERENCES PARTICIPANT (party id),
  PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Victim equiped with safety equipment
  victim id
                      int
                             references Victims (id),
  safety equipment id char(1) not null references
Safety equipment (id),
  PRIMARY KEY (victim id, safety equipment id)
);
           -----Victims end-----
```

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```
-----Parties start-----
-- Related entities with party: one to many
CREATE TABLE Movement preceding collision
              char(1),
   id
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Party drug physical
              char(1),
   id
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Party sobriety
              char(1),
   definition varchar(150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Party type
   id
              int,
   definition varchar(150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Statewide vehicle type
   id
              char(1),
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Cellphone use
              char(1),
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
```

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```
-- Relations with party: Many to many
CREATE TABLE Other associated factor
              char(1),
   id
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Financial responsibility
              char(1),
   id
   definition varchar (150),
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
-- Parties
CREATE TABLE Parties
   id
                                    int,
   -- Atributes
  hazardous materials
                                    char(1),
   party age
                                    int,
   party sex
                                    char(1),
   -- relation to collision
   collision case id
                                    int
                                            not null references
Collisions (case id),
   financial responsibility id
                                    char(1) references
Financial responsibility (id),
   school bus related
                                    char(1) not null,
   at fault
                                    char(1) not null,
   -- referenced ids
   movement preceding collision id char(1) references
Movement preceding collision (id),
   party drug physical id
                                    char(1) references
Party drug physical (id),
   party sobriety id
                                    char(1) references
Party sobriety (id),
   party type id
                                    int references Party_type (id),
                                    char(1) references
   statewide vehicle type id
Statewide vehicle type (id),
   vehicle make
                                    varchar(150),
   vehicle year
                                    int,
```

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```
cellphone use id
                                   char(1) references
Cellphone use (id),
   -- kev
   PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE Party equiped with safety equipment
                       int     not null references Parties (id),
  party id
  safety equipment id char(1) not null references
Safety equipment (id),
  PRIMARY KEY (party id, safety equipment id)
);
CREATE TABLE Party associated with safety other associated factor
                             int
                                     not null references Parties
  party id
(id),
  other associated factor id char(1) not null references
Other associated factor (id),
  PRIMARY KEY (party id, other associated factor id)
);
             -----Parties end----
```

## General Comments

In general, we found it pretty hard to create the ER diagram at first because there were a lot of attributes to proceed and understand and also because we didn't have much experience with this kind of work. But after having spent some time, we think that our implementation is now logical and should allow us to retrieve the information without having too many problems.

The allocation between the members was good, since we almost always worked together as a team. We first all took part in the elaboration of the ER diagram by concentrating us each on a CSV file and then talking with each other to see which attributes could belong together.

We then all wrote some of the SQL DDL commands to create the tables and wrote the report together.

## Deliverable 2

# **Assumptions**

<In this section write down the assumptions you made about the data. Write a sentence for each assumption you made>

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# Data Loading/Cleaning

# **Query Implementation**

<For each query>

Query a:

Description of logic:

<What does the query do and how do I decide to solve it>

SQL statement

<The SQL statement>

Query result (if the result is big, just a snippet)

<The SQL statement result>

## **General Comments**

<In this section write general comments about your deliverable (comments and work allocation between team members>

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## Deliverable 3

# **Assumptions**

<In this section write down the assumptions you made about the data. Write a sentence for each assumption you made>

# **Query Implementation**

<For each query>

Query a:

**Description of logic:** 

<What does the query do and how do I decide to solve it>

**SQL** statement

<The SQL statement>

Query result (if the result is big, just a snippet)

<The SQL statement result>

# Query Performance Analysis - Indexing

<In this section, for 6 selected queries explain in detail why do you see given improvements (or not). For example, why building an index on certain field changed the plan and IO.>

#### Query 1

<Initial Running time/IO:</pre>

Optimized Running time/IO:

Explain the improvement:

Initial plan

Improved plan>

#### Query 2

<Initial Running time/IO:</pre>

Optimized Running time/IO:

Explain the improvement:

Initial plan

Improved plan>

# **General Comments**

<In this section write general comments about your deliverable (comments and work allocation between team members>