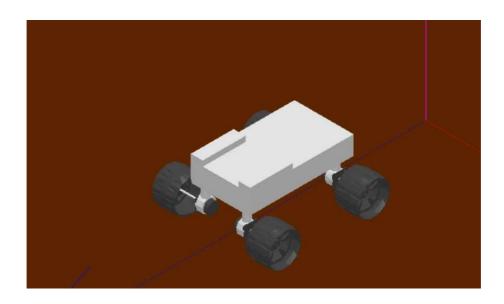
## Mars Rover Simulation and Control

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## 1 General data of the studied mechanism

The system comprises 14 bodies (defined by the global variable nbrbody). Each body is called  $S_j$  (j from 0 to 13). The number of degrees of freedom of the system is 10 (nbrdof). The configuration parameters are denoted by  $q_i$  (i from 0 to 9).

The inertial data, given by the user, consist of the mass  $m_{Si}$  and the inertia tensor  $\Phi_{G,Si}$  of each body i expressed with respect to the center of gravity.

$$m_{S0} = 1.0 \cdot 10^{-10} \, kg$$
  
 $m_{S1} = 42.6 \, kg$   
 $m_{S2} = 2.5 \, kg$   
 $m_{S3} = 0.5 \, kg$   
 $m_{S4} = 2.0 \, kg$   
 $m_{S5} = 2.5 \, kg$   
 $m_{S6} = 0.5 \, kg$   
 $m_{S7} = 2.0 \, kg$   
 $m_{S8} = 2.5 \, kg$   
 $m_{S9} = 0.5 \, kg$ 

$$m_{S10} = 2.0 \, kg$$
  
 $m_{S11} = 2.5 \, kg$   
 $m_{S12} = 0.5 \, kg$   
 $m_{S13} = 2.0 \, kg$ 

$$\Phi_{G,S0} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \cdot 10^{-10} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1.0 \cdot 10^{-10} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1.0 \cdot 10^{-10} \end{bmatrix} , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.84 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1.81 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2.44 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.003 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0.003 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.003 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.001 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1.0 \cdot 10^{-5} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.001 \end{bmatrix} , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S4} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.04 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0.06 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.04 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S5} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.003 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0.003 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.003 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S6} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.001 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1.0 \cdot 10^{-5} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.001 \end{bmatrix} , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S7} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.04 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0.06 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.04 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S8} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.003 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.003 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.003 \end{bmatrix} , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S9} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.001 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1.0 \cdot 10^{-5} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.001 \end{bmatrix} , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S10} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.04 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0.06 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.04 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S11} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.003 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0.003 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.003 \end{bmatrix} , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S12} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.001 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1.0 \cdot 10^{-5} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.001 \end{bmatrix} , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

$$\Phi_{G,S13} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.04 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0.06 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0.04 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \text{ en } kg.m^2$$

# 2 Complete kinematics calculated by Sympy

The following parameters have been calculated from the user's file Rover.py with a CPU time of 3.233 second(s).

## Relative motions

The motion of some bodies has been defined as a relative motion with respect to another body. It is the case of 12 bodies, for which the motion is defined in the following manner:

- Motion of body  $S_2$  is given with respect to body  $S_1$ .
- Motion of body  $S_3$  is given with respect to body  $S_2$ .
- Motion of body  $S_4$  is given with respect to body  $S_3$ .
- Motion of body  $S_5$  is given with respect to body  $S_1$ .
- Motion of body  $S_6$  is given with respect to body  $S_5$ .
- Motion of body  $S_7$  is given with respect to body  $S_6$ .
- Motion of body  $S_8$  is given with respect to body  $S_1$ .
- Motion of body  $S_9$  is given with respect to body  $S_8$ .
- Motion of body  $S_{10}$  is given with respect to body  $S_9$ .

- Motion of body  $S_{11}$  is given with respect to body  $S_1$ .
- Motion of body  $S_{12}$  is given with respect to body  $S_{11}$ .
- Motion of body  $S_{13}$  is given with respect to body  $S_{12}$ .

### Homogeneous transformation matrix of each body

$$T_{0G,S0} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{0G,S1} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos{(q_4)}\cos{(q_5)} & -\sin{(q_5)}\cos{(q_4)} & \sin{(q_4)}\cos{(q_5)} \\ \sin{(q_3)}\sin{(q_4)}\cos{(q_5)} + \sin{(q_5)}\cos{(q_3)} & -\sin{(q_3)}\sin{(q_4)}\sin{(q_5)} + \cos{(q_3)}\cos{(q_5)} & -\sin{(q_3)}\cos{(q_5)} \\ \sin{(q_3)}\sin{(q_5)} - \sin{(q_4)}\cos{(q_3)}\cos{(q_5)} & \sin{(q_3)}\cos{(q_5)} + \sin{(q_4)}\sin{(q_5)}\cos{(q_3)} & \cos{(q_3)}\cos{(q_5)} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S2/S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.31 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -0.13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -0.17 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S3/S2} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(50q_6) & 0 & \sin(50q_6) & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0\\ -\sin(50q_6) & 0 & \cos(50q_6) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S4/S3} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_6) & 0 & \sin(q_6) & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -0.19\\ -\sin(q_6) & 0 & \cos(q_6) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S5/S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.31 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0.13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -0.17 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S6/S5} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(50q_7) & 0 & \sin(50q_7) & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0\\ -\sin(50q_7) & 0 & \cos(50q_7) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S7/S6} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_7) & 0 & \sin(q_7) & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0.19\\ -\sin(q_7) & 0 & \cos(q_7) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S8/S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -0.29 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -0.13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -0.17 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S9/S8} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(50q_8) & 0 & \sin(50q_8) & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0\\ -\sin(50q_8) & 0 & \cos(50q_8) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S10/S9} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_8) & 0 & \sin(q_8) & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -0.19\\ -\sin(q_8) & 0 & \cos(q_8) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S11/S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -0.29 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0.13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -0.17 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S12/S11} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(50q_9) & 0 & \sin(50q_9) & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0\\ -\sin(50q_9) & 0 & \cos(50q_9) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{refG,S13/S12} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_9) & 0 & \sin(q_9) & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0.19\\ -\sin(q_9) & 0 & \cos(q_9) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

#### Their time derivative

$$\dot{T}_{0G,S1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{q}_4 \sin{(q_4)}\cos{(q_5)} - \dot{q}_5 \sin{(q_5)}\cos{(q_4)} \\ \dot{q}_3 \left( -\sin{(q_3)}\sin{(q_5)} + \sin{(q_4)}\cos{(q_3)}\cos{(q_5)} \right) + \dot{q}_4 \sin{(q_3)}\cos{(q_4)}\cos{(q_5)} + \dot{q}_5 \left( -\sin{(q_3)}\sin{(q_4)}\sin{(q_4)}\sin{(q_4)}\sin{(q_5)}\cos{(q_5)} \right) \\ \dot{q}_3 \left( \sin{(q_3)}\sin{(q_4)}\cos{(q_5)} + \sin{(q_5)}\cos{(q_3)} \right) - \dot{q}_4 \cos{(q_3)}\cos{(q_4)}\cos{(q_5)} + \dot{q}_5 \left( \sin{(q_3)}\cos{(q_5)} + \sin{(q_5)}\cos{(q_5)} \right) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{T}_{refG,S3/S2} = \begin{bmatrix} -50\dot{q}_6\sin{(50q_6)} & 0 & 50\dot{q}_6\cos{(50q_6)} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ -50\dot{q}_6\cos{(50q_6)} & 0 & -50\dot{q}_6\sin{(50q_6)} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{T}_{refG,S4/S3} = \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{q}_6 \sin{(q_6)} & 0 & \dot{q}_6 \cos{(q_6)} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ -\dot{q}_6 \cos{(q_6)} & 0 & -\dot{q}_6 \sin{(q_6)} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{T}_{refG,S6/S5} = \begin{bmatrix} -50\dot{q}_7\sin{(50q_7)} & 0 & 50\dot{q}_7\cos{(50q_7)} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ -50\dot{q}_7\cos{(50q_7)} & 0 & -50\dot{q}_7\sin{(50q_7)} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{T}_{refG,S7/S6} = \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{q}_7 \sin{(q_7)} & 0 & \dot{q}_7 \cos{(q_7)} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ -\dot{q}_7 \cos{(q_7)} & 0 & -\dot{q}_7 \sin{(q_7)} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{T}_{refG,S9/S8} = \begin{bmatrix} -50\dot{q}_8 \sin(50q_8) & 0 & 50\dot{q}_8 \cos(50q_8) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ -50\dot{q}_8 \cos(50q_8) & 0 & -50\dot{q}_8 \sin(50q_8) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{T}_{refG,S10/S9} = \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{q}_8 \sin{(q_8)} & 0 & \dot{q}_8 \cos{(q_8)} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\dot{q}_8 \cos{(q_8)} & 0 & -\dot{q}_8 \sin{(q_8)} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{T}_{refG,S12/S11} = \begin{bmatrix} -50\dot{q}_9 \sin(50q_9) & 0 & 50\dot{q}_9 \cos(50q_9) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ -50\dot{q}_9 \cos(50q_9) & 0 & -50\dot{q}_9 \sin(50q_9) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{T}_{refG,S13/S12} = \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{q}_9 \sin(q_9) & 0 & \dot{q}_9 \cos(q_9) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ -\dot{q}_9 \cos(q_9) & 0 & -\dot{q}_9 \sin(q_9) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The velocity of the center of gravity of each body

$$\vec{v}_{G,S0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ec{v}_{G,S1} = egin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_0 \ \dot{q}_1 \ \dot{q}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S2/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S3/S2} \right\}_{S2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S4/S3} \right\}_{S3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S5/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S6/S5} \right\}_{S5} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S7/S6} \right\}_{S6} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S8/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S9/S8} \right\}_{S8} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{v}_{G,S10/S9}\right\}_{S9} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{v}_{G,S11/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{v}_{G,S12/S11}\right\}_{S11} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{v}_{G,S13/S12}\right\}_{S12} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The acceleration of the center of gravity of each body

$$\vec{a}_{G,S0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{a}_{G,S1} = \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{q}_0 \\ \ddot{q}_1 \\ \ddot{q}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S2/S1}\right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S3/S2}\right\}_{S2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S4/S3}\right\}_{S3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{a}_{G,S5/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S6/S5}\right\}_{S5} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S7/S6}\right\}_{S6} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{a}_{G,S8/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S9/S8}\right\}_{S8} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S10/S9}\right\}_{S9} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S11/S1}\right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S12/S11}\right\}_{S11} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{a}_{G,S13/S12}\right\}_{S12} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The rotation velocity of each body

$$\vec{\omega}_{G,S0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}_{G,S1} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_3 + \dot{q}_5 \sin{(q_4)} \\ \dot{q}_4 \cos{(q_3)} - \dot{q}_5 \sin{(q_3)} \cos{(q_4)} \\ \dot{q}_4 \sin{(q_3)} + \dot{q}_5 \cos{(q_3)} \cos{(q_4)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\omega}_{G,S2/S1}\right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\omega}_{G,S3/S2}\right\}_{S2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\50\dot{q}_6\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\omega}_{G,S4/S3}\right\}_{S3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\\dot{q}_6\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S5/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\omega}_{G,S6/S5}\right\}_{S5} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\50\dot{q}_7\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S7/S6} \right\}_{S6} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ \dot{q}_7\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\omega}_{G,S8/S1}\right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\omega}_{G,S9/S8}\right\}_{S8} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\50\dot{q}_8\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S10/S9} \right\}_{S9} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ \dot{q}_8\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\omega}_{G,S11/S1}\right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S12/S11} \right\}_{S11} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 50\dot{q}_9\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\omega}_{G,S13/S12}\right\}_{S12} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\\dot{q}_9\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The rotation acceleration of each body

$$\vec{\dot{\omega}}_{G,S0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}_{G,S1} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_4 \dot{q}_5 \cos{(q_4)} + \ddot{q}_3 + \ddot{q}_5 \sin{(q_4)} \\ -\dot{q}_3 \dot{q}_4 \sin{(q_3)} - \dot{q}_3 \dot{q}_5 \cos{(q_3)} \cos{(q_4)} + \dot{q}_4 \dot{q}_5 \sin{(q_3)} \sin{(q_4)} + \ddot{q}_4 \cos{(q_3)} - \ddot{q}_5 \sin{(q_3)} \cos{(q_4)} \\ \dot{q}_3 \dot{q}_4 \cos{(q_3)} - \dot{q}_3 \dot{q}_5 \sin{(q_3)} \cos{(q_4)} - \dot{q}_4 \dot{q}_5 \sin{(q_4)} \cos{(q_3)} + \ddot{q}_4 \sin{(q_3)} + \ddot{q}_5 \cos{(q_3)} \cos{(q_4)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\vec{\dot{\omega}}_{G,S2/S1}\right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S3/S2} \right\}_{S2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\50\ddot{q}_6\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S4/S3} \right\}_{S3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \ddot{q}_6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S5/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S6/S5} \right\}_{S5} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\50\ddot{q}_7\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S7/S6} \right\}_{S6} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \ddot{q}_7 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S8/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\omega}_{G,S9/S8} \right\}_{S8} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\50\ddot{q}_8\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\dot{\omega}}_{G,S10/S9} \right\}_{S9} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ \ddot{q}_8\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\dot{\omega}}_{G,S11/S1} \right\}_{S1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\dot{\omega}}_{G,S12/S11} \right\}_{S11} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 50\ddot{q}_9\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ \vec{\dot{\omega}}_{G,S13/S12} \right\}_{S12} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \ddot{q}_9 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

#### 3 Simulation

The routine NewmarkIntegration performs the integration of the equations of motion up to time FinalTime by regular time intervals equal to StepSave and with the maximum allowed time step StepMax defined in the file Rover.cpp. The following values are used:

- FinalTime is the simulation duration (=5 s),
- StepSave is the time step in the numerical integration (=0.01 s),
- StepMax is the maximum allowed time step (=0.005 s),

the initial conditions being all zero.

### 4 Results

The time evolution of the different configuration parameters and their first and second derivatives can easily be plotted by Gnuplot as seen in figures 1 to 3 with the code listed below:

```
reset
set xlabel "Time [s]"
set grid

set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "figure1.eps"
set ylabel "displacements"
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:2 title 'q_0' with line , 'Rover.res' using 1:5 title 'q_1' with line , 'Rover.res' us
set term pop
```

```
replot
pause -1 'Next plot (velocity level)?'
set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "figure2.eps"
set ylabel "velocities"
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:3 title 'qd_0' with line , 'Rover.res' using 1:6 title 'qd_1' with line , 'Rover.res'
set term pop
replot
pause -1 'Next plot (acceleration level)?'
set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "figure3.eps"
set ylabel "accelerations"
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:4 title 'qdd_0' with line , 'Rover.res' using 1:7 title 'qdd_1' with line , 'Rover.res
set term pop
replot
pause -1 'Next plot (Setpoint displacement level)?'
set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "Setpoint_x.eps"
set ylabel "displacements"
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:33 title 'x' with line
set term pop
replot
pause -1 'Next plot (Setpoint velocity level)?'
set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "Setpoint_xd.eps"
set ylabel "velocities"
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:34 title 'xd' with line
set term pop
replot
pause -1 'Next plot (Setpoint acceleration level)?'
set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "Setpoint_xdd.eps"
set ylabel "accelerations"
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:35 title 'xdd' with line
set term pop
replot
pause -1 'Next plot (Tracking)?'
set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "Tracking_x.eps"
set ylabel "displacements"
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:33 title 'x' with line , 'Rover.res' using 1:2 title 'q0' with line
set term pop
replot
pause -1 'Next plot (Error)?'
set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "Error.eps"
set ylabel "Error [m]"
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:36 title 'xd' with line
set term pop
replot
pause -1 'Next plot (Voltage)?'
set term postscript eps color "Times-Roman" 20
set output "Voltage.eps"
set ylabel "Voltage [V]"
```

```
plot 'Rover.res' using 1:32 title 'Voltage' with line
set term pop
replot
pause -1
```

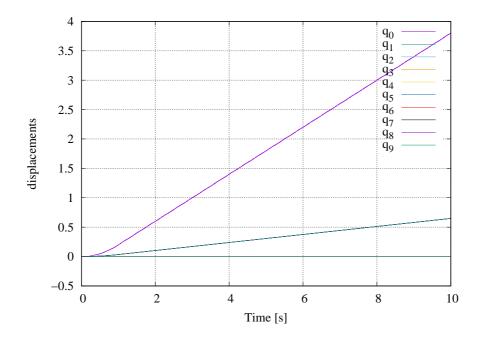


Figure 1: Time evolution of configuration parameters

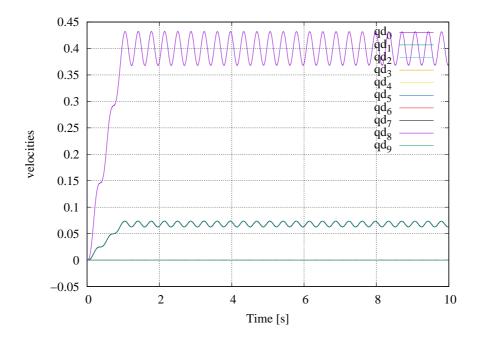


Figure 2: Time evolution of time derivatives of configuration parameters

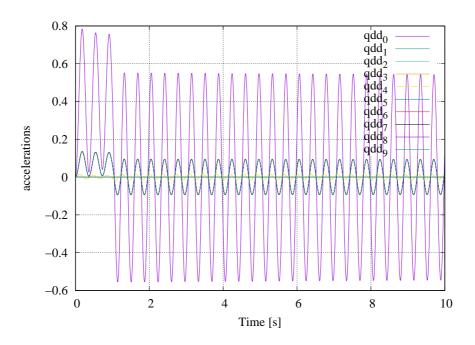


Figure 3: Time evolution of second time derivatives of configuration parameters

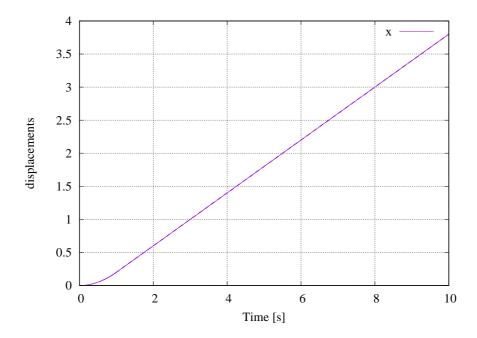


Figure 4: Time evolution of Setpoint

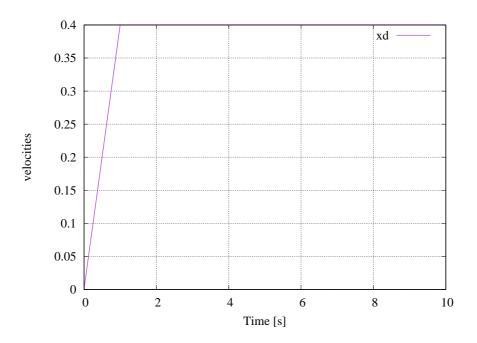


Figure 5: Time evolution of first time derivatives of Setpoint

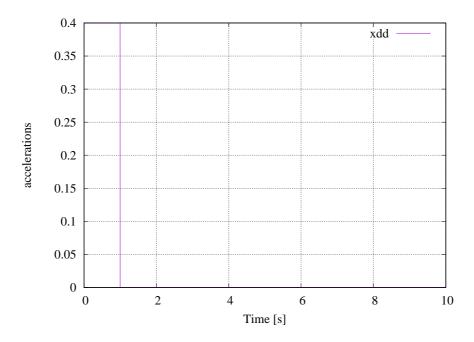


Figure 6: Time evolution of second time derivatives of Setpoint

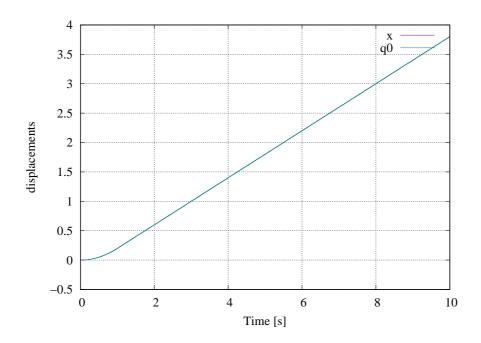


Figure 7: Time evolution of Tracking

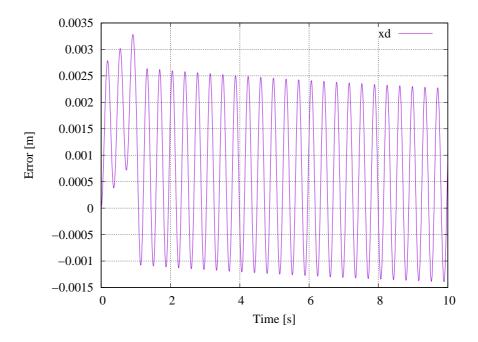


Figure 8: Time evolution of Error

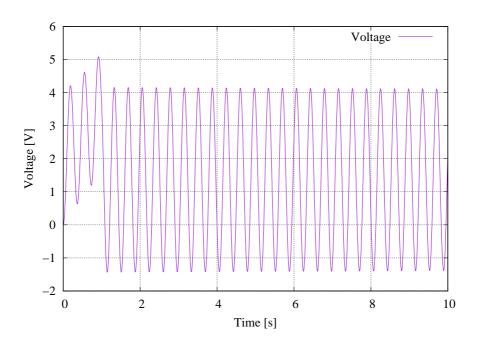


Figure 9: Time evolution of Voltage

# A User's Python code

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
import sys
sys.path.insert(0, '../../..')
sys.dont_write_bytecode = True # Disable pycache folder
from cagem import * # Import functions to derive system kinematics
#~~~~#
# Mars Rover Simulation and Control #
#~~~~#
#----#
# System properties #
#----#
Rvr=MBSClass(nbrbody=14,\
nbrdof=10,\
nbrdep=0,\
   ApplicationTitle="Mars Rover Simulation and Control",\
    ApplicationFileName="Rover")
# nbrbody: Number of bodies
\# nbrdof: Number of degrees of freedom
# nbrdep: Number of dependent parameters
q,p,pexpr,t=Rvr.Getqpt() # Declare system variables
# Gravity vector
# Mars Gravity = -3.72 \text{ m/s}^2
Rvr.SetGravity(0,0,-3.72)
# Write in cpp format
# Set global variables
Rvr.SetGlobalVar("""
/* Motor constants */
double n=50.0; // Reduction ratio
double Kt[nActuator] = \{0.4, 0.4, 0.4, 0.4\};
double Ra[nActuator] = {0.85,0.85,0.85,0.85};
double i_current[nActuator] = \{0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0\};
// Trajectory profile
double Acceleration_Time = 1.0; // [s]
double DesiredVelocity = 0.4; // [m/s]
double SetPoint = 0.0;
double Acceleration_Cst = 0.0;
double Current_Position = 0.0;
double Current_Velocity = 0.0;
double Current_Acceleration = 0.0;
double t_final = 10.0; // Simulation time
double dt = 1e-3; // Time step
// Discrete PI controller
double Ki_controller = 100.0;
double Kp_controller = 1500.0;
double Error_Current = 0.0;
double Error_Old = 0.0;
double ControllerCommand = 0.0;
double ControllerCommand_old = 0.0;
```

```
// Animation speed up
int SaveFrameCounter = 0;
int SpacedFrame = 100; // Every X passages in SaveData, save the frame for EasyAnim
# Some constants
n=50 # Reduction ratio
#----#
# Inertia properties #
Rvr.body[0].Set( mass=1e-10, Ixx=1e-10, Iyy=1e-10, Izz=1e-10) # Ground
Rvr.body[1].Set( mass=42.6 ,Ixx=0.84 , Iyy=1.81 , Izz=2.44) # Main Body
Rvr.body[2].Set( mass=2.5 ,Ixx=0.003, Iyy=0.003, Izz=0.003) # Left Motor 1 Front Rvr.body[3].Set( mass=0.5 ,Ixx=0.001, Iyy=1e-5 , Izz=0.001) # Left Rotor 1 Front
Rvr.body[4].Set( mass=2.0 ,Ixx=0.04 , Iyy=0.06 , Izz=0.04) # Left Wheel 1 Front
Rvr.body[5].Set( mass=2.5 ,Ixx=0.003, Iyy=0.003, Izz=0.003) # Right Motor 1 Front
Rvr.body[6].Set( mass=0.5 ,Ixx=0.001, Iyy=1e-5 , Izz=0.001) # Right Rotor 1 Front
Rvr.body[7].Set( mass=2.0 ,Ixx=0.04 , Iyy=0.06 , Izz=0.04) # Right Wheel 1 Front
Rvr.body[8].Set( mass=2.5 ,Ixx=0.003, Iyy=0.003, Izz=0.003) # Left Motor 2 Rear
{\tt Rvr.body[9].Set(\ mass=0.5\ \ ,Ixx=0.001,\ Iyy=1e-5\ ,\ Izz=0.001)\ \#\ Left\ \ Rotor\ 2\ Rear}
\label{eq:rvrbody} \texttt{Rvr.body[10]}. \\ \texttt{Set(mass=2.0} \quad \texttt{,Ixx=0.04} \; \text{, Iyy=0.06} \; \text{, Izz=0.04}) \quad \text{\# Left} \quad \\ \texttt{Wheel 2 Rear} \quad \texttt{Rear} \quad \texttt{Wheel 2 Rear} \quad \texttt{Wheel 3 Rear} \quad \texttt{Wheel 4 Rear} \quad \texttt{Wheel 
Rvr.body[11].Set(mass=2.5 ,Ixx=0.003, Iyy=0.003, Izz=0.003) # Right Motor 2 Rear
Rvr.body[12].Set(mass=0.5 ,Ixx=0.001, Iyy=1e-5 , Izz=0.001) # Right Rotor 2 Rear
Rvr.body[13].Set(mass=2.0 ,Ixx=0.04 , Iyy=0.06 , Izz=0.04) # Right Wheel 2 Rear
#----#
# Position matrices #
#----#
# Ground
Rvr.body[0].TOF=Tdisp(0,0,0)
# Frame of body 1 is free to move at the center of mass of the chassis
[T, T] = Tdisp(q[0], q[1], q[2] + 0.285) *Trotx(q[3]) *Troty(q[4]) *Trotz(q[5]) *
# Left Motor 1 Front
Rvr.body[2].TrefF=Tdisp(0.31,-0.13,-0.17)
Rvr.body[2].ReferenceFrame(1)
# Left Rotor 1 Front
Rvr.body[3].TrefF=Troty(n*q[6])
Rvr.body[3].ReferenceFrame(2)
# Left Wheel 1 Front
Rvr.body[4].TrefF=Tdisp(0,-0.19,0)*Troty(q[6])
Rvr.body[4].ReferenceFrame(3)
# Right Motor 1 Front
Rvr.body[5].TrefF=Tdisp(0.31,0.13,-0.17)
Rvr.body[5].ReferenceFrame(1)
# Right Rotor 1 Front
Rvr.body[6].TrefF=Troty(n*q[7])
Rvr.body[6].ReferenceFrame(5)
# Right Wheel 1 Front
Rvr.body[7].TrefF=Tdisp(0,0.19,0)*Troty(q[7])
Rvr.body[7].ReferenceFrame(6)
# Left Motor 2 Rear
Rvr.body[8].TrefF=Tdisp(-0.29,-0.13,-0.17)
Rvr.body[8].ReferenceFrame(1)
# Left Rotor 2 Rear
Rvr.body[9].TrefF=Troty(n*q[8])
```

```
Rvr.body[9].ReferenceFrame(8)
# Left Wheel 2 Rear
Rvr.body[10].TrefF=Tdisp(0,-0.19,0)*Troty(q[8])
Rvr.body[10].ReferenceFrame(9)
# Right Motor 2 Rear
Rvr.body[11].TrefF=Tdisp(-0.29,0.13,-0.17)
Rvr.body[11].ReferenceFrame(1)
# Right Rotor 2 Rear
Rvr.body[12].TrefF=Troty(n*q[9])
Rvr.body[12].ReferenceFrame(11)
# Right Wheel 2 Rear
Rvr.body[13].TrefF=Tdisp(0,0.19,0)*Troty(q[9])
Rvr.body[13].ReferenceFrame(12)
#----#
# Initial configuration #
#----#
Rvr.qini[0]=0 # [m/rad]
Rvr.qini[1]=0 # [m/rad]
# Need to be determined for the static equilibrium
# Method: Let the system stabilize without calling
# StaticEquilibrium function and plot the graph with
# the degrees of freedom and see how much q[2] (elevation
# of the rover) was decreased, then put the value
# as initial condition for q[2]
# Call StaticEquilibrium() function
\# q[2] = -0.01 also works, as long as the
# the tire is a little bit inside the ground
# as indicated in the exam hint
Rvr.qini[2]=0 # [m/rad]
Rvr.qini[3]=0 # [m/rad]
Rvr.qini[4]=0 # [m/rad]
Rvr.qini[5]=0 # [m/rad]
Rvr.qini[6]=0 # [m/rad]
Rvr.qini[7]=0 # [m/rad]
Rvr.qini[8]=0 # [m/rad]
Rvr.qini[9]=0 # [m/rad]
#----#
# Forces #
#----#
Rvr.Force("""
///----///
/// Actuators ///
///----///
/// Actuator current
for(int i_motor=0; i_motor<nActuator; i_motor++)</pre>
    i_current[i_motor] = (u[0] - Kt[i_motor] * n*qd[6+i_motor])/Ra[i_motor];
/// Torques applied on the rotors
body[3].MG+= (Kt[0]*i_current[0])* body[3].TOG.R.uy();
body[2].MG-= (Kt[0]*i_current[0])* body[3].TOG.R.uy();
body[6].MG+= (Kt[1]*i_current[1])* body[6].TOG.R.uy();
body[5].MG-= (Kt[1]*i_current[1])* body[6].TOG.R.uy();
```

```
body[9].MG+= (Kt[2]*i_current[2])* body[9].TOG.R.uy();
body[8].MG-= (Kt[2]*i_current[2])* body[9].TOG.R.uy();
body[12].MG+= (Kt[3]*i_current[3])* body[12].TOG.R.uy();
body[11].MG-= (Kt[3]*i_current[3])* body[12].TOG.R.uy();
/// Tires ///
///----///
/* Tire data */
structtyre tyre_rover_Front;
tyre_rover_Front.r1=0.115;
tyre_rover_Front.r2=0.03;
tyre_rover_Front.Kz=1000000.0;
tyre_rover_Front.Cz=600.0;
// Total mass of rover = 62.6
tyre_rover_Front.Fznom= (62.6*3.72)*0.29/(0.29+0.31)/2.0; // For one front wheel
tyre_rover_Front.Clongnom=1000.0;
tyre_rover_Front.nlong=0.1;
tyre_rover_Front.Clatnom=1000.0;
tyre_rover_Front.nlat=0.1;
tyre_rover_Front.Ccambernom=100.0;
tyre_rover_Front.ncamber=0.1;
tyre_rover_Front.fClbs=0.6;
tyre_rover_Front.fClbd=0.4;
structtyre tyre_rover_Rear;
tyre_rover_Rear.r1=0.115;
tyre_rover_Rear.r2=0.03;
tyre_rover_Rear.Kz=1000000.0;
tyre_rover_Rear.Cz=600.0;
// Total mass of rover = 62.6
tyre_rover_Rear.Fznom = (62.6*3.72)*0.31/(0.29+0.31)/2.0; // For one rear wheel
tyre_rover_Rear.Clongnom=1000.0;
tyre_rover_Rear.nlong=0.1;
tyre_rover_Rear.Clatnom=1000.0;
tyre_rover_Rear.nlat=0.1;
tyre_rover_Rear.Ccambernom=100.0;
tyre_rover_Rear.ncamber=0.1;
tyre_rover_Rear.fClbs=0.6;
tyre_rover_Rear.fClbd=0.4;
/* Definition of the tire forces */
AddTyreEfforts(4,vcoord(0,1,0),tyre_rover_Front); /// Left Wheel 1 Front
AddTyreEfforts(7,vcoord(0,1,0),tyre_rover_Front); /// Right Wheel 1 Front
AddTyreEfforts(10,vcoord(0,1,0),tyre_rover_Rear); /// Left Wheel 2 Rear
AddTyreEfforts(13,vcoord(0,1,0),tyre_rover_Rear); /// Right Wheel 2 Rear
#----#
# Integration parameters #
#----#
Rvr.SetIntegrationParameters(tfinal=5, hsave=0.01, hmax=0.005)
# tfinal = duration of simulation [s]
# hsave = time step for saving results [s]
# hmax = adaptive integration time step [s]
#----#
```

```
# Options #
#-----#
STATIC=1 # Set STATIC to 1 to search the static equilibrium before integration
POLE=1 # Set POLE to 1 to perform an eigen value analysis
TEST=0 # Set TEST to 1 to perform the efficiency tests

Rvr.ComputeKinematics() # Derive the system kinematics symbolically
Rvr.EasyDynFlags(STATIC,POLE,TEST) # Define flags
Rvr.ExportEasyDynProgram() # Write .cpp file enclosing the kinematics

Rvr.ExportUK_Latex_Report() # Uncomment to generate the English LaTeX report
Rvr.ExportGnuplotScript() # Uncomment to output script for graphs of variables
```