

CCTV 完美版填空机经

Special note to Korean friends: If by any chance you see this document, please note that I did not setup any password. I want you to realize that this is a gift from China. If you Korean are also smart people, you should stop hiding your resources and start to share them with us. Only in this way, both of us are better off. If you keep locking your documents and exchanging the resources under the table, Chinese students will do that as well. In that case, both of us are worse off. This is basic knowledge of Game Theory. If you have not learned it, here we go.

1. The profits that the corporation earns from the exclusive-supplier agreements with the universities are _____, because the terms of agreements that they are inclined to protect the universities' interests are generally _____.

A. inexplicable.....flouted

B. unclear.....publicized

C. predictable.....scrutinized

(可预测的 ... 仔细检查的)

D. declining.....ignored

E. surprising.....enforced

exclusive (独占的, 唯一的), are inclined to (倾向于)

2. Although most of the faculty were ____ in their praise for Iren's tenure as university president, Dayan created a completely different impression in her hagiographic account of Iren's leadership.

(A) unabashed

(B) enthusiastic

(C) insincere

(D) obsequious

(E) circumspect / stinting

(小心翼翼的 / 不愿意的, 吝啬的)

此处选项与 hagiographic (奉承的) 形成反义

3. Although the diverse local idioms of English in England are not as strong as they once were, their _____ has been _____: television and radio are not the homogenizing forces that they were once thought to be.

A. variety ... diminished

B. importance ... exaggerated

C. colorfulness ... muted

D. meaning ... misconstrued

E. resilience ... underrated

(弹性, 适应力, 收缩性 ... 低估)

idioms(方言), strong(浓的)

4. Unenlightened authoritarian managers rarely recognize a crucial reason for the low levels of serious conflict among members of democratically run work groups: a modicum of tolerance for dissent often prevents _____.

(A) demur

(B) schism

(分歧, 分裂, 分派)

(C) cooperation

(D) compliance

(E) shortsightedness

unenlightened (无知的), authoritarian (独裁主义的), modicum (少量), dissent (异议)

5. Because early United States writers thought that the mark of great literature was grandiosity and elegance not to be found in common speech, they _____ the vernacular.

(A) dissected

(B) avoided / eschew

(回避, 避开)

(C) misunderstood

(D) investigated

(E) exploited

grandiose (宏伟的), vernacular (方言)

6. Carver's precision in sketching lives on the edge of despair ensures that his stories will sometimes be read too narrowly, much as Dickens' social-reformer role once caused his broader concerns to be _____.

(A) ignored

(忽略, 忽视)

(B) reinforced

(C) contradicted

(D) diminished

(E) diversified

despair (失望, 绝望), much as (in a similar way)

7. The English novelist W considered the cult of the criminal so dangerous that he criticized Dickens' Oliver Twist for making the characters in the thieves' kitchen so _____

A. threatening

B. riveting

(令人着迷的, 有吸引力的)

C. conniving

D. fearsome

E. irritating

cult (崇拜)

8. Despite of the ____ Freud's theory has attained in 1950s, it is under reconsideration and it has become a continuing ____.

A. notoriety / scorn ... scrutiny

(臭名昭著 / 轻蔑 ... 仔细调查)

B. ascendancy, criticism

C. reputation, interest

D. scorn, attack

9. It is ironic that someone as self-effacing as W _____ representing nuance of authority _____
skilled at / adept at ... vanity (熟练的, 拿手的 ... 虚荣心, 自负)
大意是说一个如此谦逊的人居然擅长写自负的人, self-effacing (谦让的, 谦卑的)

10. David is blithe, which is in sharp contrast with his leader's _____ dispositions.
The employees are so blithe that in so sharp contrast to the _____ nature of their manager.
irascible (首选) / apathetic (易怒的, 暴躁的 / 冷淡的, 无动于衷的)
dispositions (性情), blithe (快乐的, 无忧无虑的)

11. These days people are not looking for more fairy tales _____ rather, both adults and children and
what you can do _____ with no saved searches articles.
exemplary ... (模范的, 可效仿的 ... 反面人物)
第二个空选有“反面人物”意义的词

12. This writer of fiction believed that the novelist should not _____ the narrative, and that such
_____ on the part of the author would preserve the illusion of reality.
obtrude into ... inconspicuousness (闯入, 打扰 ... 难以觉察, 不显著)
此题两空中任选一空出题

12. When you invite a person deliberately _____, for other opinions _____ him and he finds the
monologue is congenial.
alienate ... irritate (使疏远, 离间 ... 激怒)
deliberately (谨慎的, 故意的), monologue (独白, 独角戏), congenial (同性质的; 适意的)

13. Not only is the field of Spencer (behavioral genetics) strewn with _____ findings, but even
among those findings that have been survived, is _____ a restricted area of the field.
convergent ... germane (首选) / pertinent (汇聚性的 ... 有密切关系的 / 相关的)
OR inconsequential ... indicative to? strewn with (撒满了, 铺盖着)

14. The new theory tends to _____ those viable but heretofore seemingly _____ approaches in the
medical study.
synthesize ... irreconcilable (合成 ... 矛盾的, 不能协调的)
viable (可行的, 适合), heretofore (以前, 迄今为止)

15. The movie has a very expensive first showing, is to _____ audience quantity, _____ for the
quality that is not good.
ensure / enhance ... compensating (确保 / 提高, 加强 ... 补偿)

16. She to urban description is authorial _____ and authorial _____, will not look like other writer
such forever the complicated/elaborate description and repugnance.
economic ... sympathy (经济的, 有利可图的 ... 同情, 同感)

她对城市的描写 is authorial ... and authorial ... 不像其他作家那样永繁复的描写和(赞扬或者反感)具体的我忘了. authorial (著者的), elaborate (精细的, 详尽的), repugnance (厌恶, 不一致)

17. Despite the fact that is almost universally _____, the practice of indentured servitude still persists in many parts of the world.

proscribed / prohibited

(禁止的)

indentured (合同的, 契约的), servitude (苦工)

18. Although some instructions and rules of the company are _____, they still prevail recent days.

proscribed

(禁止的)

prevail (盛行)

19. 对文学家很不公平的是: 没有才华的人(some authors)_____praised and rewarded, 真正有才华的作者(some authors)_____ignored

exiguous ... singular

(稀少的 ... 唯一的)

20. 数学符号阻碍学生学习, 数学教育者_____数学符号使用, 不幸的是数学符号_____抽象思维能力

minimize ... promote

(最小化 ... 促进)

21. Tyler ... _____ by unexpected visit from the children ... They bought _____ things.

intimidated ... propitiating

(恫吓, 威胁 ... 劝慰, 抚慰)

22. T 的_____使他在任何地方的人缘都特别好

irenic

(和平主义的, 和平的)

23. An illusory belief that the new government would be able to make better laws has soured into equally _____ skepticism and distrust.

...even illusory ... is proved to be valid ... is _____ of skeptic.

baseless

(无根据的)

illusory(虚幻的, 幻觉的), skepticism (怀疑态度)

24. Releasing genome did not _____ traditional biology, as B did not make _____.

obviate ... obsolete

(除去, 排出 ... 已废弃的, 过时的)

genome (基因组)

25. Although 远古的鸟类的灭绝都是_____, 很多鸟类跟大型哺乳动物的在不同地域的_____还是没有很好的理论支持

understandable ... extinction

(可以理解的 ... 绝种, 灭绝)

26. a governor's ____ notwithstanding, public records renders the evidence of his corruption ____
(虽然某个市长或者什么官有丑闻, 但他之前的名声不错所以丑闻不可信.)

scandals ... negligible

(丑闻 ... 微不足道的)

render (提供; 执行; 补偿), corruption (腐败, 坠落, 贪污)

27. The windmill is _____ than watermill; although the advantage of watermill lies in that it can be structured at any place, windmill _____ the expense that is needed to construct the mill.

profitable ... return on

(有利的 ... 返还)

28. It is wrong to say that her works are _____. Even though it is true that her paper includes esoteric content, no _____ conclusion she derives from the paper.

arcane ... obscure

(神秘的, 不可思议的 ... 难解的)

esoteric (神秘的, 难懂的)

29. Facing the declining of the number of audiences in the theater, the manager thinks 剧场不能再这么_____, though she found the _____ most engaging.

willful ... conservative

(任性的, 故意的 ... 保守派)

30. Valediction address tends to be _____ which precludes _____

ossified ... originality

(守旧的 ... 独创性, 创造力)

valediction (告别词, 告别演说)

31. 一个 senator 名声比较好, 要退休了, 有人写了个报道, 与其说是一个 honest 的评价不如说是一个_____的奉承

fulsome

(令人生厌的, 虚伪的)

32. a woman in the hurricane 中也能保持_____, 即使是最严重的暴风雨中表情都很_____, 这给人记忆深刻. (The main idea is that she is really calm)

aplomb ... fecklessness

(沉着, 镇静 ... 软弱, 无精力)

33. 虽然对艺术品的保护是很 **rancorous** (怨恨的, 憎恨的)的, 但是达芬奇“最后的晚餐/蒙娜丽莎的微笑”保护做得很好, 因为充满了_____.

尽管在一个 **rancorous** 的年代, 达芬奇的“最后的晚餐/蒙娜丽莎的微笑”因为有大量的_____所以也很出名

A. enthusiasm

B. acrimony

(讽刺)

C. insipidity (无味, 清淡, 无精神)

34. Film is not always a _____ popular taste: From the start, it monopolized the market... : it created as much demands as it _____.

indicator of ... reflected

(指示 ... 反映)

35. 在看完某人的所有丑闻后,她的传记家____了那些故事,____和 defend 某人的 characteristics.
embellish ... benign (修饰, 装饰 ... 仁慈的, 温和的)

36. 巴黎的艺术学院_____, 以至于以后, academic artist 被人认为是艺术领域的_____
influential among ... novelty (影响 ... 新奇)

37. 抽象画展览增加了_____, 所以 is more accessible for _____ visitors
explanation ... amateur (解释 ... 业余的)

38. 因为认为 L 很_____, 所以他很擅长和不同 division 的人打成一片
sociable / gregarious (类似于好交际的, 平易近人的选项)

39. 两个 executive have chosen to_____两个公司的 philosophies 不一样, 因为现在最大的问题是 planned merger (合并) of the two companies.
disregard (忽视)

40. Despite its _____, the book deals _____ with a number of crucial issues.
(A) optimism ... cursorily
(B) importance ... needlessly
(C) virtues ... inadequately (美德 ... 不够的, 不够好的)
(D) novelty ... strangely
(E) completeness ... thoroughly

41. 政府的 typewriters 把整理的演讲稿太____了, so that the most _____的演说家都 feel hard-impressed on audience.
prolix ... skillful (冗长的 ... 熟练的, 灵巧的)

42. 某个艺术家/作家的学生开始的作品超过_____了老师, 但是后来遇到了 creative_____
A. surpass ... limitation (超越 ... 极限)
B. subsume... inspiration

43. ...authors make their own work seem important and _____ other author's work, making them _____.
reduce ... marginal (减少, 缩小 ... 微小的)

44. The scientist's motivation for_____ a ban (or 没有 ban) on the addictive food cannot be called as _____; He himself had a patent for the substitution for the addictive food.
(有 ban) advocate ... disinterested (主张, 提倡 ... 不感兴趣的)
(无 ban) oppose ... altruistic (反对 ... 利他的, 利他主义的)

45. In spite of years of contention (or intentional) _____, and also in spite of the theory still has many _____, scientists take it serious its claim that the earthquake can be predicted with great 精确, 通过搜集地下传来的信号。

skepticism ... objections / detractors

(怀疑态度 ... 反对 / 错误选项)

46. 植物还是农业的反正是这方面的什么学家____这种种植方法 over 其他种植方法, 因为这种方法增加_____of 植物疾病的传播还是出现什么的。

endorse ... hardship

(支持, 赞同 ... 艰难, 困苦)

47. The three authors of the book, seemingly _____ their professional identity, _____ a chatty talk style in this book.

resigned from ... embraced

(放弃 ... 包含)

chatty (闲聊的, 谈话非正式的)

48. Some suggest that students who are granted privileges receive them because their teachers wish to make the students _____; more probably, causality flows in the opposite direction, in that teachers are likely to grant privileges to diligent students.

A. excitable

B. independent

C. malleable

D. grateful

E. conscientious

(一丝不苟的, 勤勉认真的)

diligent (勤奋的)

49. The ideas express in the art historian's book are more _____ than one would expect or the basis of her rather _____ treatment of her subject in the opening pages.

accessible ... recondite

(易被理解的 ... 深奥的, 难解的)

50. Advertisement (or sth.) should target on middle class, because they above _____, but within the realm (国度) of large wealth....are most probably to _____.

subsistence ... purchase

(生存, 生计 ... 购买)

51. 蒙古为了 conceal 他们那种 nomad (流浪的) life style 引进了一种 gigantic (巨大的)_____, 并且有轮子的帐篷来适应他们_____的生活

splendor ...peripatetic

(光辉, 壮丽 ... 巡游的, 慢走的)

52. 由于地球大气层的折射, 天文学家观测天体的时候存在偏离。所以说_____这个影响的结果会令天文学家沮丧。

amplify

(扩大, 详述)

53. 一个人的性格很 temerity (鲁莽的) 或 timidity (胆小的), 记不清楚了, 以至于他的同事对他都很 animus。后面有一句 brass 应该是 temerity 的同义, 以及 risk averse (不愿承担风险的), 应该是 timidity 的同义。

选 **animus (敌意, 恶意)** 那项

54. 因为没有 strong opposing, 就 focus on rancor (敌意, 恨意) on one another

excoriation

(严厉斥责)

(一个企业缺乏一个 opposing organization to _____, 所以这个企业的领导都把怨恨 rancor 发泄到彼此身上。我理解好像应该填 rancor 的同义词, 就选了 excoriate.)

1. 一个评论家 得到别人的 _____ 评论 虽然她的评论总 _____ 别人

respectful ...discourage

(尊重的 ... 使气馁)

2. Concision(/conciseness) (简洁, 简明) is economy of _____, which is the linguistic equivalent to _____

expression ... thrift

(表达 ... 节俭, 节约)

3. The history of ideology of sciences does not portray the realities of science, because it does not _____ the ... _____ of scientific theory.

mirror ... actualities

(反映 ... 现实, 现状)

4. Author M. XXX, (criticized by) the contemporaries, her (disciples) wrote the reviews of her writing-most favorably, and some for plausibility in denunciatory manner.

criticized by ...disciples

(批评 ... 弟子, 门徒)

5. Her assertion (主张, 断言) not to run for a reelection was _____ because of her _____ election campaign... (not perfectly recovered)...

disingenuous ... public

(不诚实的, 虚伪的 ... 公共的)

6. 某两个人不是那么有名, 因为他们的什么四维空间的理论难以 _____

understandable

(理解)

7. Memorials (纪念馆) are used to arouse _____ so that events are preserved through debate.

contention

(争论, 争辩)

8. It is surprising that historian criticize ... as _____, since economist... impeccable (无瑕疵的) logic...

fanciful

(奇怪的, 想象的)

9. dissent (异议) 在一个公司里 is necessarily _____ because of the president of the company 对反对意见的 quash (镇压)。

选了 **exigent (紧急的, 急需的)**, 也挺不靠谱, 其他选项实在记不得了

10. That the historian pointed out that the forgotten writers' works _____ on ... makes her work different from her peers: those _____ renowned (有名的) writers.

... confined to

(重要 ... 限制的)

11. Although 很多友情在开始的时候是因为 pure 好感, without _____, 然而其实在这种相互吸引的背后往往有_____.
后边一个填 **interest**. (710)

小词:

misnomer	误称
pejorative	轻蔑的, 贬低的; 轻蔑语
testament	遗嘱, 证明, 自白
avant-garde	先锋的, 前卫的; 先锋派
timidity	胆小, 胆怯, 羞怯
boldness	大胆, 冒失, 显著
customarily	按照惯例地
distorted	歪曲的, 受到曲解的
paucity	少量
obviated	除去的, 排除的
pessimistic	悲观的, 悲观主义的
polarize	使极化 (两极化)
finagle	欺骗, 哄骗
skull	头骨; 击打头部
evanescence	逐渐消失; 短暂性
stirring	活跃的, 令人激动的
shallow	浅的; 变浅; 浅滩
plethora	过量
cater	迎合
dedicate	奉献
erroneous	错误的, 不正确的
distraction	分心, 分心的事物
contention	争论, 争辩
provoked	激怒, 惹起, 挑衅
temerity	大胆, 鲁莽
ephemeral	短暂的; 生命短暂的; 生命短暂的事物
debilitate	使衰弱
autonomy	自治, 自主
estrangle	使疏远
clotted	凝结的
nebulous	含糊的, 朦胧的
emerging	浮现出, (事实)显现出来
acute	敏锐的, 剧烈的
sporadic	不定时发生的
incoherent	不连贯的, 语无伦次的