**Journalist details for those sentenced in Case 317: ‘Rabaa Operation Room’**

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| **#** | **Name** | **No. in case** | **Age** | **Sentence** | **Date of Arrest** | **Occupation** | **Current place of detention** | **Nature of arrest** | **Violations committed** | **Contact** |
| 1 | Waleed Abdel-Raouf Shalabi | 6 | 51 | Death | 28/9/2013 | Journalist | Aqrab Prison | Arrested during a family visit in Kafr Ayad, Abu Hamad, at 2 PM with no arrest warrant. After searching the house and finding no evidence he was taken with an Islamic book (Fiqh Al Sunnah), they then went to his house in Abu Hamad, searched and took a number of personal cards and empty papers | - Placed in solitary confinement for over six months, then another detainee was put with him due to overcrowding  - Forbidden to leave cell and see sun  - Papers, pens, books forbidden, and currently the Quran too  - Security forces stormed cell (1/2/2014) and stripped it bare, leaving only the clothes they were wearing and slippers. Visits were then forbidden for two months.  - Visits banned from 3/7/2014 – 14/8/2014, during a trial stated he received death threats  - 10/3/2015 cell stormed again and stripped bare again, including food, bedcovers, clothes and belongings and shared amongst the officers  - Decision given to confiscate all money and belongings illegally  - Currently placed in solitary confinement in a death cell, forbidden from leaving | Family, his wife, Amal Hashem: 00201140040070  Daughter, Fatima Walid: 00201010571056  Lawyer, Mustafa al-Dumairi  00201128988849  Lawyer, Ali Kamal  00201001518540  00201147499991 |
| 2 | Abdullah Ahmad Alfakharany | 47 | 25 | Life | 25/8/2013 | Journalist (a member of International Press Institute IPI), member of Rassd News Network board and member of the Euro-Mediterranean Observatory for Human Rights | Istikbal Tora Prison (Expected to be moved soon due to sentence) | Arrested at Mohamed Soltan’s house 25 August 2013 when he went to visit him with colleague Samhy Mostafa and Mohamed Adly following his wound in Rabaa to check up on him, no arrest warrants were issued or judicial order. They were taken to Basateen Police Station and put in a room (not a detention cell) until warrant was obtained and transferred to prison | - Abdullah Alfakharany, Samhy Mostafa, Mohamed Aladly and Mohamed Soltan were arrested on the 25th of August 2013 at 7PM, and arrived Basateen Station at 9 PM, but were not referred to the prosecutor till 28th August 2013. They were told that the day of their arrest was 28th August despite news of their arrest making it to multiple news platforms on the 25th.  - They were placed with around 70 criminal convicts in a small cell that can only hold at most ten people, filled with fumes of marijuana and other recreational drugs.  - Received death threats by officers whilst being detained, and despite them reporting such threats, no investigation was made by the prosecutor.  - Insufficient food or clothes for 14 days  - They were transferred 30 August 2013 to Wadi Natroun Prison with a large group in overcrowded cars and with hands tied. Upon arriving they were beaten brutally, insulted, stripped and hairs shaven, threatened by police dogs leading to the death of one detainee and the loss of eye to another. This was also reported by them to the prosecutor who refused to investigate.  - After arrest, interrogation continued for months exceeding the legal time. Upon the government response in making precautionary detention indefinite – this was applied to their case despite them being arrested before.  - Neither they nor lawyer allowed to look at investigation statements for 6 months  Denied right to appeal against renewal of detention or indefinite detention  - Transferred to a criminal court January 25th 2014, when a decision was made by the minister of justice to form a group of judges picked by the government to try them, later labelled as terrorism circle, and the selection of Najy Shehata, president of Giza Criminal Department to oversee their trial. Their first hearing was 1 April 2014, and court continued until they received life sentences 11 April 2015  - Trial occurred in their presence but without them being able to hear the proceedings, due to the glass soundproof cage and iron wires blocking view, for the duration of their case. They were denied permission to speak to the judge and defend themselves to voice their legal requests. Sentenced without the Judge seeing them, some defendants were not even seen once before receiving their sentences.  - At the hearing they were forbidden from going out to hear the sentence, yet were considered to be present in Court.  - During their time of imprisonment, many types of food was forbidden, as well as some personal items, clothes, books and papers Detained in inhumane conditions, cell underground, no sun, no bathroom – merely a hole, water is freezing in the winter and boiling in the summer  - During detention in Istikbal Tora Prison they were denied for months to see the sun. | Family, Father:  Ahmad Alfakharany  00201144445622  Lawyer, Ahmad Helmy: 00201001431496 |
| 3 | Samhy Mostafa Ahmad Abdalaleem | 45 | 27 | Life | 25/8/2013 | Journalist, member of Rassd  News Network board | Istikbal Tora Prison (Expected to be moved soon due to sentence) | Arrested at Mohamed Soltan’s house 25 August 2013 when he went to visit him with colleague Abdullah Alfakharany and Mohamed Adly following his wound in Rabaa to check up on him, no arrest warrants were issued or judicial order. They were taken to Basateen Police Station and put in a room (not a detention cell) until warrant was obtained and transferred to prison | - Samhy Mostafa, Abdullah Alfakharany, Mohamed Aladly and Mohamed Soltan were arrested on the 25th of August 2013 at 7PM, and arrived Basateen Station at 9 PM, but were not referred to the prosecutor till 28th August 2013. They were told that the day of their arrest was 28th August despite news of their arrest making it to multiple news platforms on the 25th.  - They were placed with around 70 criminal convicts in a small cell that can only hold at most ten people, filled with fumes of marijuana and other recreational drugs.  - Received death threats by officers whilst being detained, and despite them reporting such threats, no investigation was made by the prosecutor.  - Insufficient food or clothes for 14 days  - They were transferred 30 August 2013 to Wadi Natroun Prison with a large group in overcrowded cars and with hands tied. Upon arriving they were beaten brutally, insulted, stripped and hairs shaven, threatened by police dogs leading to the death of one detainee and the loss of eye to another. This was also reported by them to the prosecutor who refused to investigate.  - After arrest, interrogation continued for months exceeding the legal time. Upon the government response in making precautionary detention indefinite – this was applied to their case despite them being arrested before.  - Neither they nor lawyer allowed to look at investigation statements for 6 months  Denied right to appeal against renewal of detention or indefinite detention  - Transferred to a criminal court January 25th 2014, when a decision was made by the minister of justice to form a group of judges picked by the government to try them, later labelled as terrorism circle, and the selection of Najy Shehata, president of Giza Criminal Department to oversee their trial. Their first hearing was 1 April 2014, and court continued until they received life sentences 11 April 2015  - Trial occurred in their presence but without them being able to hear the proceedings, due to the glass soundproof cage and iron wires blocking view, for the duration of their case. They were denied permission to speak to the judge and defend themselves to voice their legal requests. Sentenced without the Judge seeing them, some defendants were not even seen once before receiving their sentences.  - At the hearing they were forbidden from going out to hear the sentence, yet were considered to be present in Court.  - During their time of imprisonment, many types of food was forbidden, as well as some personal items, clothes, books and papers Detained in inhumane conditions, cell underground, no sun, no bathroom – merely a hole, water is freezing in the winter and boiling in the summer  - During detention in Istikbal Tora Prison they were denied for months to see the sun. | Family: 00201112452516  Lawyer, Ahmad Helmy: 00201001431496 |
| 4 | Ahmad Subai | 24 | 40 | Life | 4/10/2013 | Member of Journalist Syndicate, manager of Aqsa channel in Egypt | Aqrab Prison, high security | He was arrested from his house in the afternoon with no arrest warrant in front of his wife and children, by a barrage of 15 armed men, taken to Helwan Prison, where he stayed overnight and was referred to New Cairo and held there for a year and a half until transferred to Aqrab Prison high security in inhumane conditions and is still there | Put in solitary confinement, emptied from all personal belongings, clothes, covers, food and visits were banned | Family, wife, Iman Mahrous: 00201021360152  Lawyer, Osama Alsisi: 00201021360152 |
| 5 | Yussef Talat Mahmoud Mahmoud Abdelkareem | 28 | 31 | Life | 19/8/2013 | T.V presenter and director at Alshabab channel | Tora Prison | Company was stormed late at night, equipment broken and he was put on the ground and handcuffed face down. Hit by the base of the rifle and continued to damage what they didn’t take | - At the start of the arrest, he was tortured brutally which led to some serious damage, and as a result cannot till now stand or move. His family have tried repeatedly to get him seen by a doctor, or get an x-ray done to no avail, the prison authorities keep refusing. He currently suffers numerous black outs as a result of the pressure on the vessels.  - Break is only allowed for half an hour a day  - Medication not allowed inside  - Weekly visit is five minutes only  - Inhumane cell conditions not fit for human life | Family, Brother:  Omar Talat  00905414398912  0060172051038  Lawyer: 00201334474567 |
| 6 | Hany Salah-Aldeen | 29 | 47 | Life | 28/11/2013 | Head of department at Misr25 channel, syndicate member, ex-editor at Youm7 and member of Arab Journalist Union | Liman Tora Prison | Arrested on a plane in Cairo airport on his way to Beirut to complete his treatment | - Denied treatment, where he needs urgent surgery in the eye (weakness in the eye nerve, could lose his eyesight) has varicose veins, hernia and requires surgery, sleeps on the floor which is aggravating his condition.  - Denied from visits for a month and half  - No food and clothes allowed  - Stripped from all personal belongings, including bedding  - Water spilt into his cell  - Scared with dogs which were put in his cell  - Only given one inadequate meal a day  - Only allowed half an hour of Break a day. | Family, wife:  Najlaa Taha  00201157311598  Lawyer, Osama alHelu:  00201001665575 |
| 7 | Mosad Albarbary | 32 | 41 | Life | 2/4/2014 | Executive director and vice president to Misr25 channel | Istikbal Tora Prison (Expected to be moved soon due to sentence) | Was stopped in Beirut, detained despite no legal ground at the request of the Egyptian embassy for 5 days, then was deported from Beirut to Cairo, portrayed as spontaneous | - Interrogated by state security for 5 hours in Cairo airport  - Detained for two months and a half in Giza station, under harsh conditions with dozens of people in an unventilated small room which can barely hold five people  - Passport and mobile was confiscated  - Denied sufficient food, fruits, medication difficult, unhygienic cells, weekly visit does not exceed half an hour | Family, wife, Ghada Salem: 00201147029955  Lawyer Awni Abu Alrab: 00201118649175  00201094128706  Mahmoud Amer:  00201008653035  00201020072159 |
| 8 | Abduo  Dasouqy | 33 | 38 | Life | 16/8/2013 | Director at IkhwanWikis | Liman Tora Prison | Arrested in the incident of Fateh Mosque following the Rabaa massacre, on 16th August 2013, after the police and army forces dispersed the protests in Ramsis square. | Tortured more than once while detained in the station by police officers, tortured in Tora prison more than once, and upon complaining to the prosecutor was given disciplinary action and solitary confinement | Family, wife:  00201113263605  00201002089347  Lawyer, Ali Kamal:  00201001518540 |
| 9 | Mohammed Mohammed Aladly | 46 | 30 | Life | 25/8/2013 | Journalist at Misr25 and Amjad Channel and technical producer at Aljazeera (was due to sign contract day after arrest) | Istikbal Tora Prison (Expected to be moved soon due to sentence) | Arrested at Mohamed Soltan’s house 25 August 2013 when he went to visit him with colleague Samhy Mostafa and Abdullah Alfakharany following his wound in Rabaa to check up on him, no arrest warrants were issued or judicial order. They were taken to Basateen Police Station and put in a room (not a detention cell) until warrant was obtained and transferred to prison | - Mohamed Aladly, Abdullah Alfakharany, Samhy Mostafa and Mohamed Soltan were arrested on the 25th of August 2013 at 7PM, and arrived Basateen Station at 9 PM, but were not referred to the prosecutor till 28th August 2013. They were told that the day of their arrest was 28th August despite news of their arrest making it to multiple news platforms on the 25th.  - They were placed with around 70 criminal convicts in a small cell that can only hold at most ten people, filled with fumes of marijuana and other recreational drugs.  - Received death threats by officers whilst being detained, and despite them reporting such threats, no investigation was made by the prosecutor.  - Insufficient food or clothes for 14 days  - They were transferred 30 August 2013 to Wadi Natroun Prison with a large group in overcrowded cars and with hands tied. Upon arriving they were beaten brutally, insulted, stripped and hairs shaven, threatened by police dogs leading to the death of one detainee and the loss of eye to another. This was also reported by them to the prosecutor who refused to investigate.  - After arrest, interrogation continued for months exceeding the legal time. Upon the government response in making precautionary detention indefinite – this was applied to their case despite them being arrested before.  - Neither they nor lawyer allowed to look at investigation statements for 6 months  Denied right to appeal against renewal of detention or indefinite detention  - Transferred to a criminal court January 25th 2014, when a decision was made by the minister of justice to form a group of judges picked by the government to try them, later labelled as terrorism circle, and the selection of Najy Shehata, president of Giza Criminal Department to oversee their trial. Their first hearing was 1 April 2014, and court continued until they received life sentences 11 April 2015  - Trial occurred in their presence but without them being able to hear the proceedings, due to the glass soundproof cage and iron wires blocking view, for the duration of their case. They were denied permission to speak to the judge and defend themselves to voice their legal requests. Sentenced without the Judge seeing them, some defendants were not even seen once before receiving their sentences.  - At the hearing they were forbidden from going out to hear the sentence, yet were considered to be present in Court.  - During their time of imprisonment, many types of food was forbidden, as well as some personal items, clothes, books and papers Detained in inhumane conditions, cell underground, no sun, no bathroom – merely a hole, water is freezing in the winter and boiling in the summer  - During detention in Istikbal Tora Prison they were denied for months to see the sun.  - Mohamed Aladly was denied the right to visit his mother in the hospital while she was ill. After her death, he was denied the right to attend the funeral by the interior ministry despite other criminal convicts being allowed likewise. | Family, sister Um Shorouq:  00201144279167  Lawyer, Ahmed Helmy:  00201001431496 |

Journalists sentenced in absentia:

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| 10 | Khalid Hamza |
| 11 | Amr Farrag |
| 12 | Hassan Hosny Alqabany |
| 13 | Ibrahim Altaher |
| 14 | Magdy Abdellateef Hamouda |