Error Function

Jonas Svenstrup Hansen, study no. 201205674 March 20, 2017

In mathematics, the error function (also called the Gauss error function) is a special function (non-elementary) of sigmoid shape that occurs in probability, statistics, and partial differential equations describing diffusion. It is defined as:

$$\operatorname{erf}(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-x}^{x} e^{-t^{2}} dt$$
$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{0}^{x} e^{-t^{2}} dt.$$

In statistics, for nonnegative values of x, the error function has the following interpretation: for a random variable X that is normally distributed with mean 0 and variance 1/2, erf(x) describes the probability of X falling in the range [x, x]. [1]

A plot of the error function is shown in fig. 1.

References

[1] Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Error_function

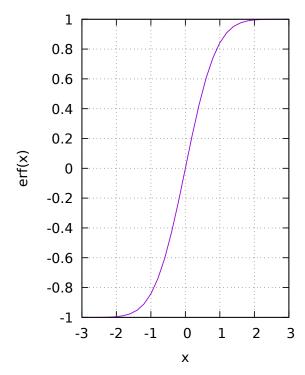


Figure 1: The error function.