Problem 0.1. Show that K_5 is not planar.

Proof. We'll make use of the theorem

Theorem 0.2. |V| - |E| + |F| = 2 - 2g.

If K_5 is planar, then g = 0, so |V| - |E| + |F| = 2. We count the number of vertices and edges:

$$|V| = 5$$

$$|E| = {5 \choose 2} = 10.$$

Hence |F| = 2 - 5 + 10 = 7. Note that in a cycle of ρ^* , we must have at least 3 sides, since if $\rho^*(v, w) = (w, \rho_w(v))$, and $\rho^*(w, \rho_w(v)) = (\rho_w(v), \rho_{\rho_w(v)}(\rho_w(v))) = (v, w)$, so $\rho_w(v) = v$, but ρ_w cannot fix any vertices as it is a cyclic permutation. So if each face of K_5 must have at least 3 edges, then there must be at least $7 \cdot 3 = 21$ sides.

Proof.

$$\sigma^*\left(gx,gy\right) = \left(gy,\sigma_{gy}(gx)\right) = \left(gy,\rho_{gy}^{(g)}(gx)\right) = \left(gy,g\rho_{y}g^{-1}\left(gx\right)\right) = \left(gy,gg_{y}(x)\right) = \left(gy,gz\right)$$
 where (x,y,z,\ldots) occurs in a face.

The second part of the exercise follows from noting that $\sigma^{(g^{-1})} = \rho$.