# R - Datavisualisatie

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 $broncode:\ https://github.com/jonasvannijnatten/R\_Data\_Visualization$ 

### Het doel van datavisualisatie

Wat wil je weergeven?

Hoe kies je de juiste manier van weergeven? (exp. design)

# Essentiele onderdelen van datavisualisatie

gemiddelde

spreiding

legenda

titel

# Introductie GGplot2 package

#### Installatie

Het package downloaden & installeren:

```
install.packages(pkgs="ggplot2", repos = "https://www.freestatistics.org/cran/")
install.packages(pkgs="Hmisc", repos = "https://www.freestatistics.org/cran/")
```

Het package library activeren:

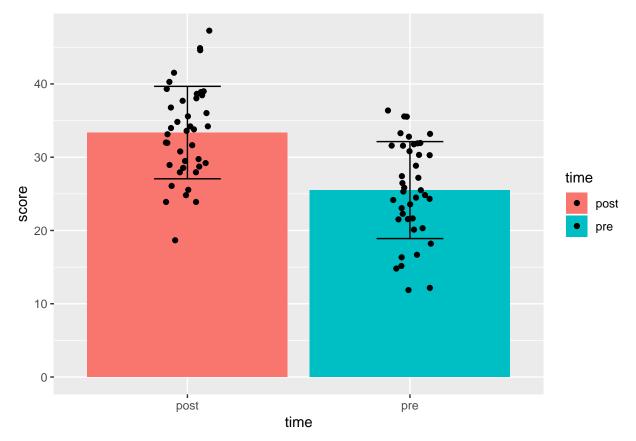
```
library(package="Hmisc")
library(package="ggplot2")
```

Opbouw van figuren		
Voorbeelden		
Data-inspectie		
-		

Normaliteit			

#### T-test

```
# generate data
group1 = rnorm(n = 40, mean = 25, sd = 6.5)
group2 = rnorm(n = 40, mean = 35, sd = 6.5)
data.wide = data.frame(group1, group2)
# reshape data
data.long = reshape(data = data.wide,
                    direction = "long"
                    , varying = c("group1", "group2")
                    , v.names = "score"
                     times
                             = c('pre', 'post')
# plot means and standard deviations
ggplot(data.long, aes(x=time, y=score, fill=time) ) +
               ( stat = "summary", fun.y
                                          = "mean" ) +
 geom_errorbar( stat = "summary", fun.data = "mean_sdl", fun.args = 1, width = 0.3 ) +
             ( position=position_jitter(width=.1) )
```



To plot standard errors instead of standard deviations replace "mean\_sdl" with "mean\_se", and it is common use to plot 2 (or 1.96) times the standard error to get an 95% confidence interval, so replace "fun.arg = 1" with "fun.arg = 2".

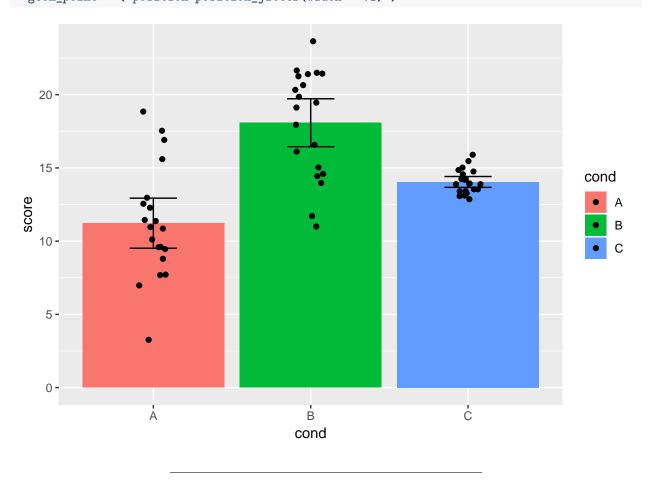
```
geom_errorbar( stat = "summary", fun.data = "mean_se", fun.args = 2, width = 0.3 )
```

Correlatie			

Regressie			

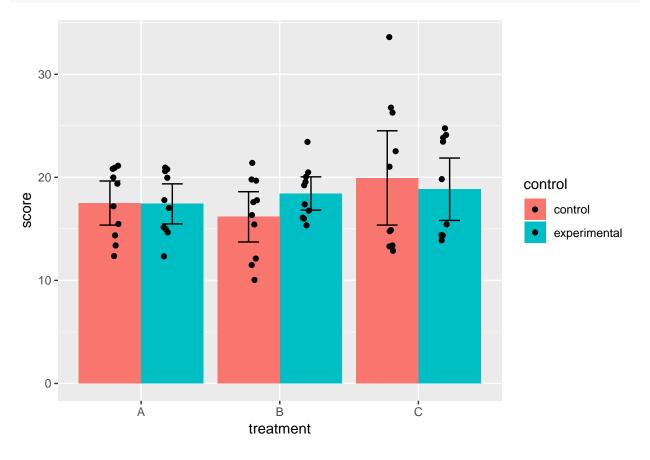
## One-way independent samples ANOVA

```
set.seed(05)
               # set seed
nrofconds = 3  # set number of conditions
nrofsubs = 20 # set number of subjects
subj = as.factor(1:(nrofsubs*nrofconds))
                                             # create array with subject IDs
cond = as.factor(rep(LETTERS[1:nrofconds],each=nrofsubs)) # create array with condition values
score = as.vector( replicate(
         nrofconds, rnorm(n = nrofsubs, mean = sample(8,1)+10, sd = sample(5,1))
                                               # create array with measurement values
data.long = data.frame(subj, cond, score);
                                               # combine arrays into a data.frame
rm(list=setdiff(ls(), c("data.long", "nrofsubs", "nrofconds"))) # delete arrays
ggplot(data.long, aes(x=cond, y=score, fill=cond) ) +
               ( stat = "summary", fun.y
                                         = "mean" ) +
  geom_errorbar( stat = "summary", fun.data = "mean_se", fun.args = 2, width = 0.3 ) +
             ( position=position_jitter(width = .1) )
```



#### Factorial independent samples ANOVA

```
set.seed(01)
                                       # set seed
nrofcondsf1 = 3  # set number of conditions for factor 1
nrofcondsf2 = 2 # set number of conditions for factor 2
                              = nrofcondsf1*nrofcondsf2*10 # set number of subjects per condition
subj = as.factor(1:(nrofsubs))
                                                                                         # create array with subject IDs
treatment = as.factor(rep(LETTERS[1:nrofcondsf1],each=nrofsubs/nrofcondsf1)) # create array witht tre
control = as.factor(rep(c("control", "experimental"), times=nrofsubs/nrofcondsf2)) # create array wit
score = as.vector( replicate(nrofcondsf1, replicate (
                          nrofcondsf2, rnorm(n = (nrofsubs/(nrofcondsf1*nrofcondsf2)), mean = sample(14,1)+10, sd = sample(14,1)+10 = sample(1
                     ) ) )
                                                                                                                                    # create array with measurement values
data.long = data.frame(subj, score, treatment, control);
                                                                                                                                                                      # combine arrays into a data.frame
rm(list=setdiff(ls(), c("data.long", "nrofsubs", "nrofconds"))) # delete arrays
ggplot(data.long, aes(x=treatment, y=score, fill=control) ) +
                                        ( stat = "summary", fun.y = "mean", position = "dodge") +
     geom_errorbar( stat = "summary", fun.data = "mean_se", fun.args = 2, width = 0.3,
                                             position = position_dodge(width=.9) ) +
     geom_point ( position = position_jitterdodge(jitter.width = .1) )
```



#### One-way repeated measures ANOVA

```
Generate dataset
set.seed(01) # set seed
nrofsubs = 20 # set number of subjects
nrofconds = 3  # set number of conditions
subj = as.factor(rep(1:nrofsubs,nrofconds)) # create array with subject IDs
cond = as.factor(rep(LETTERS[1:nrofconds],each=nrofsubs)) # create array with condition values
score = as.vector( replicate(
        nrofconds, rnorm(n = nrofsubs, mean = sample(8,1)+10, sd = sample(5,1))
                                         # create array with measurement values
data.long = data.frame(subj, cond, score);  # combine arrays into a data.frame
rm(list=setdiff(ls(), c("data.long", "nrofsubs", "nrofconds"))) # delete arrays
ggplot(data.long, aes(x=cond, y=score, group=1, colour=subj)) +
 geom_point
            () +
             ( linetype= "dashed", aes(group=subj) ) +
 geom line
             geom_line
 geom_point
 geom_errorbar( stat = "summary", fun.data = "mean_se", size=1, fun.args = 2, width = 0.3 )
   20 -
                                                                            9
                                                                            10
                                                                            11
                                                                            12
                                                                            13
   12 -
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                                                                            15
                                                                            16
```

17 18

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20

B

cond

### Factorial repeated measures ANOVA

```
set.seed(02) # set seed
nrofcondsf1 = 3  # set number of conditions for factor 1
nrofcondsf2 = 2 # set number of conditions for factor 2
         = 10 # set number of subjects
subj = as.factor(rep(1:(nrofsubs),times=nrofcondsf1*nrofcondsf2))
                                                                 # create array with subject IDs
treatment = as.factor(rep(LETTERS[1:nrofcondsf1],each=nrofsubs*nrofcondsf2)) # create array witht tre
control = as.factor(rep(rep(c("control", "experimental"), each=nrofsubs), times=nrofcondsf1)) # create
score = as.vector( replicate(nrofcondsf1, replicate(nrofcondsf2,  # create array with measurement val
                            rnorm(n = (nrofsubs), mean = sample(14,1)+10, sd = sample(5,1)
                                  )))))
data.long = data.frame(subj, score, treatment, control);
                                                           # combine arrays into a data.frame
rm(list=setdiff(ls(), c("data.long", "nrofsubs", "nrofconds"))) # delete arrays
ggplot(data.long, aes(x=treatment, y=score, group=control, colour=control)) +
 geom_point (size=1) +
              (linetype="dashed" ,aes(group=interaction(subj,control), alpha=.5)) +
 geom_line
 geom_line
              ( stat = "summary", fun.y = "mean",
                                                     size=1.5) +
 geom_point ( stat = "summary", fun.y = "mean",
                                                        size=2) +
 geom_errorbar( stat = "summary", fun.data = "mean_se", size=1, fun.args = 2, width = 0.3)
   30 -
                                                                        control
                                                                          control
   20 -
                                                                            experimental
                                                                        alpha
                                                                        - - 0.5
   10-
                                                        ċ
                                     B
                                 treatment
```