

MECH 6300 Hw2

1) a) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1(3-8) - 1(1-5) = 11-5-1 + 1(2-3) = 5 \neq 0$$

Full Rank Linearly Independent

b) $\begin{pmatrix} 2+j \\ 4+j3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -1-j \\ 2-j \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} j \\ -1+j5 \end{pmatrix}$

$$(2+j)(2-j) - (-1-j)(4+j3)$$
$$(4+1) - (-4-j3-j4+3)$$
$$5 - (-1-j7) = 4+j7 \neq 0$$

Linearly Independent

Since the first 2 define a basis in \mathbb{C}^2 , this is dependent on the first 2...

$$Q) f(t) = \{t e^{-t}, 2e^{-2t}, t e^{-2t}\}$$

$$W(f(t)) = \begin{bmatrix} t e^{-t} & 2e^{-2t} & t e^{-2t} \\ e^{-t} - t e^{-t} & -4e^{-2t} & e^{-t} - 2t e^{-2t} \\ -e^{-t} - e^{-t} + t e^{-t} & 0 e^{-2t} & -e^{-2t} - 2t e^{-2t} + 4t e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|W| = 2(2t^2 - 1)e^{-5t} \neq 0$$

$f(t)$ spans \mathbb{C}

$$P(W) = 3$$

L.I.

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$$1d) f(s) = \{2s-1, 2s-3, s^2+2\}$$

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} 2s-1 & 2s-3 & s^2+2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2s \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|W| = (2s-1)(4-0) - (2s-3)(4-0) + 0$$

$$= (8s-4) - (8s-12)$$

$$= 8 \neq 0$$

L.I.

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$$2) \Omega = \mathbb{R}^2 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & b \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ c & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & d \end{bmatrix}, \dots \right\}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad E_{\text{rank}} = \begin{bmatrix} a & & & \\ & b & & \\ & & c & \\ & & & d \end{bmatrix}$$

E

$$\text{let } a, b, c, d \neq 0$$

$$|E| = a b c d$$

$$\neq 0 \rightarrow \text{Full Rank}$$

$$P(E) = 4$$

$$\underline{\Omega \text{ spans } \mathbb{R}^4}$$

$$3) A' = P^{-1}AP \quad P \equiv \text{invertible}$$

$$|sI - A| = |sI - A'|$$

$$= |sI - P^{-1}AP|$$

$$= |P^{-1}sIP - P^{-1}AP|$$

$$= |P^{-1}(sI - A)P|$$

$$= |P^{-1}| |sI - A| |P|$$

$$= \cancel{|P^{-1}|} \overset{\rightarrow}{|P|} |sI - A|$$

$$|sI - A| = |sI - A|$$

✓

same characteristic
polynomial...

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4) a) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\boxed{P[A] = 3}$$

$$\boxed{\gamma[A] = 0}$$

$$|A| = 4(-2-0)^3 - 3(2-0)^{24} + 1(0+3)^3$$

$$|A| = -24 \neq 0$$

Full Rank

b) $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Independent...

Dependent...

$$\boxed{P[B] = 2}$$

$$\boxed{\gamma[B] = 1}$$

c) $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Full Rank

$$\boxed{P(C) = 3}$$

$$P(C) + \gamma(C) = 5$$

$$\boxed{\gamma(C) = 2}$$

$$5) \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & -4 \\ -5 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$A \quad x = b$

$$|A| = 4(-16 + 20) + 1(4 - 20) + 0 = 0 \dots$$

$$A_{ref} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & \frac{2}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{7}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \rho(A) = 3$$

↓
solution exists...

$$[A|y] = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 & 0 & : & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & -4 & : & 2 \\ -5 & 5 & -2 & : & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & : & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & : & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & : & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$