

**MECH 6300 / EECS 6331 / SYSM 6307 Linear Systems**  
**Design Application Problem Set B**  
**Due: Monday, September 21, 2020 (10:00PM CDT)**  
***State Variable Representations and Transfer Functions***

1. Consider **Design Application #2**, the inverted pendulum on a cart, driven by a DC motor. Let the state vector, control, and output be defined as

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} z \\ \dot{z} \\ \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix}, \quad u = e, \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} z \\ \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $z$  is the position of the cart. Note that this definition of the state vector is different than what was specified for Problem Set A. Use the following numerical values:

$m = 0.2\text{kg}$ ,  $M = 1.0\text{kg}$ ,  $\ell = 1.0\text{m}$ ,  $g = 9.8\text{m/s}^2$ ,  $k = 2.0\text{v-s}$ ,  $R = 50\Omega$ , and  $r = 0.01\text{m}$ .

- (a) Find the state variable description for this system.
- (b) Find  $(sI - A)^{-1}$  (optional: find the state transition matrix,  $e^{At}$ , too)
- (c) Find the transfer functions from the input  $u$  to the two outputs.
- (d) Discuss system stability in terms of the system poles (roots of the characteristic equation).

2. Consider the coupled cart problem (**Design Application #3**), where again a motor drives the wheels. Let  $M_1 = M_2 = 2\text{kg}$ ,  $K = 40\text{N/m}$  (spring constant for the carts),  $k = 2.0\text{v-s}$  (torque constant),  $R = 100\Omega$ , and  $r = 0.01\text{m}$ .

- (a) Find the transfer functions from the input voltages to the cart positions.
- (b) Find the system poles (roots of the characteristic equation).
- (c) (optional) Simulate the system for some initial positions and some inputs (torques produced by the motors); this will take some creativity and trial-and-error.