

$$4) \quad \dot{x} = \underset{A}{\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}} x \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

From Bendixon's Criteria, it can be proved that a system has no periodic orbits in a region if its divergence does not $= 0$ and doesn't change sign...

$$\nabla \cdot A = \text{Tr}(A) = -1 + 0 < -1 \quad \forall x$$

Alternatively,

$$\lambda \in A \pm = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{13}}{2}$$

which is stable and not complex... decays to origin

zero

2) center

$$A = \left. \frac{df}{dx} \right|_{\substack{x=\bar{x}=0 \\ y=\bar{y}=0}} = \begin{bmatrix} y & x \\ 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \lambda = -2$$

Next step is find invariant manifold...

Ran out of time...

can't say anything about marginal stability explicitly...