

HW #03

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Fall 2021 | MECH 6318  
 Engineering Optimization – Prof. Jie Zhang  
 HOMEWORK #3  
 September 14, 2021

DUE: Tuesday, Sep 21, 2021 5pm (central time)  
**Submit the HW to eLearning**

**Points Distribution**

30 points maximum  
 -5 to 0 points reserved for **Neatness and Professional Presentation**  
 (legible, stapled, show key Matlab commands, properly labeled plots, etc.)

**Book Problems:**

Problems 11.3 (Provide the Matlab plot), 11.4, 11.5, 11.7, 11.8 (Upload the M files to eLearning)

**11.3** You are given the following optimization problem. Solve the following problem graphically.

$$\min_{x_1, x_2} 8x_1 + 10x_2 + 4 \quad (11.118)$$

subject to

$$x_1 - x_2 \geq -4 \quad (11.119)$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 6 \quad (11.120)$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \quad (11.121)$$

Plot the objective function and the constraint equations. Identify the feasible design space and the optimal solution.

$$\text{min}_x f(x) = 8x_1 + 10x_2 + 4$$

S.t.

$$x_1 - x_2 \geq -4 \rightarrow -x_1 + x_2 \leq 4$$

S<sub>c</sub>†.

$$x_1 - x_2 \geq 4 \rightarrow -x_1 + x_2 \leq 4$$

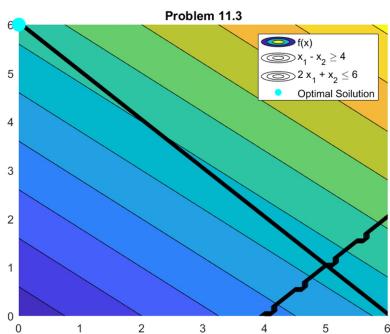
$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 6$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

### Problem 11.3

```
f = @(x) 8*x(1,:,:)+10*x(2,:,:)+4  
  
A = [-1,-1;  
      1, 1]  
b = [4;  
     6]  
  
LB = [0;  
      0]  
UB = []  
  
% Plot F(x)  
lb = 0;  
ub = 6;  
[X1,X2] = meshgrid(lb:0.1:ub,lb:0.1:ub);  
F = 8*X1 + 10*X2 + 4  
  
figure()  
hold on  
contourf(X1, X2, F, 'DisplayName', 'f(x)')  
  
contour(X1, X2, X1 - X2 >= 4, 'k',...  
        'DisplayName', 'x_1 - x_2 \geq 4')  
contour(X1, X2, X1 + X2 <= 6, 'k',...  
        'DisplayName', '2 x_1 + x_2 \leq 6')  
scatter(0,6, 150, 'filled', 'c',...  
      'DisplayName', 'Optimal Solution')  
legend  
title('Problem 11.3')
```



**11.4** Transform the following problem into the standard LP formulation.

$$\min_{x} z = x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3 \quad (11.122)$$

subject to

$$x_1 - 5x_2 + x_3 \geq 1 \quad (11.123)$$

$$5x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 5 \quad (11.124)$$

$$-2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 4 \quad (11.125)$$

$$3x_1 + 8x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 3 \quad (11.126)$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \text{ unbounded} \quad (11.127)$$

$$\min_{x} x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3 = F' x$$

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

S.t.

$$-x_1 + 5x_2 - x_3 \leq -1$$

$$5x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 5$$

$$-2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 4$$

$$3x_1 + 8x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 3$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

$$Ax \leq b$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & -3 \\ 5 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 8 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

**11.5** Consider the following set of equations.

- (1) How many basic solutions are possible for this set of constraints?
- (2) Transform them into the reduced row echelon form with respect to the basic variables  $x_1, x_2$ , and  $x_3$ .

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 = 4 \quad (11.128)$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 1 \quad (11.129)$$

$$3x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 6 \quad (11.130)$$

### Problem 11.5

```

A = [1, 2, 2, 0;
     1, 1, 1, -1;
     0, 3, 1, 2]
b = [4;
     1;
     6]

% Part a
n = size(A,1)
m = rank(A)
max_basic_sol = nchoosek(n,m)

% Part b
rref_11_5 = rref([A,b])

```

```

A = 3x4
1 2 2 0
1 1 1 -1
0 3 1 2
b = 3x1
4
1
6
n = 3
m = 3
max_basic_sol = 1

rref_11_5 = 3x5
1.0000 0 0 -2.0000 -2.0000
0 1.0000 0 0.5000 1.5000
0 0 1.0000 0.5000 1.5000

```

- 11.7 Consider the following LP problem from Sec. 11.3.1. Solve it using the Simplex method.

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} = x_1 - 2x_2 \quad (11.131)$$

subject to

$$-4x_1 + 6x_2 \leq 9 \quad (11.132)$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 4 \quad (11.133)$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \quad (11.134)$$

$$1) \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 6 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

2) Simplex form:

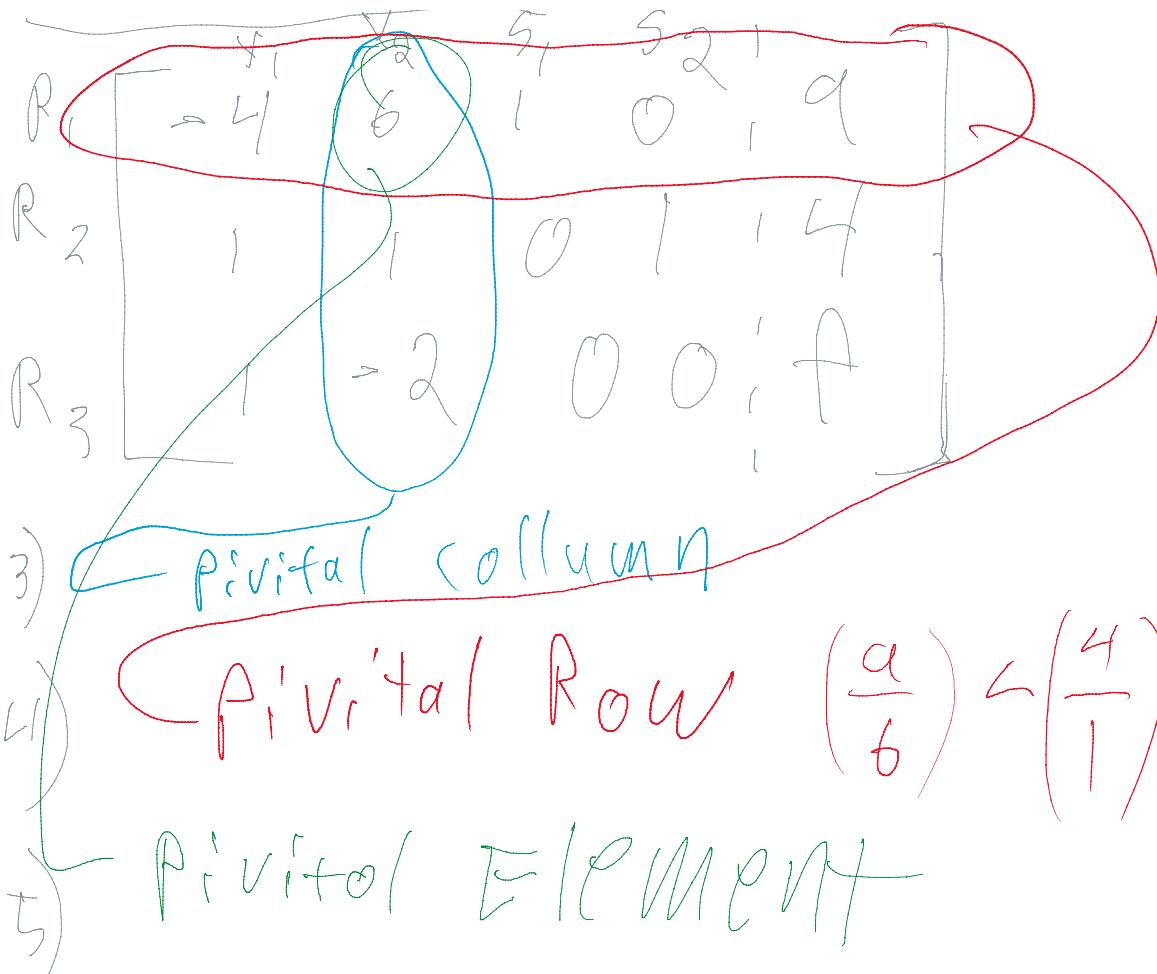
$$-4x_1 + 6x_2 + s_1 = 9$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + s_2 = 4$$

$$x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2 \geq 0$$

Simplex tableau





### Problem 11.7

```

c = [1;
     -2]

A = [-4, 6;
      1, 1]
b = [9;
     4]

syms f
T = [[A, eye(2)], b]; [c', zeros(1, 2), f]

R1 = T(1,:)
R2 = T(2,:)
R3 = T(3,:)

R1 = R1/6
T = [R1; R2; R3]

R2 = (3/5)*(R2 - R1)
T = [R1; R2; R3]

R1 = R1 + (2/3)*R2
T = [R1; R2; R3]

R3 = R3 + 4*R1
T = [R1; R2; R3]

R3 = R3 - R2
T = [R1; R2; R3]

final_simplex_tbl = T
final_simplex_soln = T(1:2, 5)
final_simplex_value = c'*final_simplex_soln

```

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{2}{3} & 1 & \frac{1}{6} & 0 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{3}{2} \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 & f \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{10} & \frac{2}{5} & \frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{10} & \frac{2}{5} & \frac{5}{2} \\ 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{3}{2} \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 & f \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & f + 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{10} & \frac{2}{5} & \frac{5}{2} \\ 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{3}{2} \\ 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & f + 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{10} & \frac{1}{5} & f + \frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{10} & \frac{2}{5} & \frac{5}{2} \\ 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{10} & \frac{1}{5} & f + \frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

```

final_simplex_tb1 =
(1 0 -1/10 3/5 3/2)
(0 1 1/10 2/5 5/2)
(0 0 3/10 1/5 f + 7/2)

final_simplex_soln =
(5/2)
(3/2)

final_simplex_value =
-1/2

```

**11.8** Solve the following problem using the Simplex method. Verify the correctness of your solution using linprog.

$$\min_{x_1, x_2, x_3} x_1 + 2x_2 - 7x_3 \quad (11.135)$$

subject to

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \leq 15 \quad (11.136)$$

$$-x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 \leq 7 \quad (11.137)$$

$$x_1 + 5x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 25 \quad (11.138)$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \quad (11.139)$$

$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 7 \\ 25 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$s_3$	
$R_1$	2	1	1	1	0	0	15
$R_2$	-1	2	-1	0	1	0	7
$R_3$	1	5	5	0	0	1	25
$R_4$	1	2	-7	0	0	0	$f$

### Problem 11.8

```

c = [1;
      2;
      -7]

A = [2, 1, 1;
      -1, 2, -1;
      1, 5, 5]
b = [15;
      7;
      25]

syms f
T = [[A, eye(3)], b]; [c', zeros(1, 3), f]

R1 = T(1,:)
R2 = T(2,:)
R3 = T(3,:)
R4 = T(4,:)
T = [R1; R2; R3; R4]

R3 = R3/5
T = [R1; R2; R3; R4]

R1 = R1 - R3
R2 = R2 + R3
R4 = R4 + 7*R3
T = [R1; R2; R3; R4]

R1 = (5/9) * R1
T = [R1; R2; R3; R4]

R2 = (1/3)*( R2 + (4/5)*R1)
T = [R1; R2; R3; R4]

R3 = R3 - R1/5 -R2
R4 = R4 - (12/5) * R1 - 9*R2
T = [R1; R2; R3; R4]

final_simplex_tbl = T
final_simplex_soln = T(1:3,7)
final_simplex_value = c'*final_simplex_soln

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{R1} = \left( 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ \frac{5}{9} \ 0 \ -\frac{1}{9} \ \frac{50}{9} \right) \\
& \text{T} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccc} 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 15 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 7 \\ \frac{1}{5} & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & -7 & 0 & 0 & 0 & f \end{array} \right) \\
& \text{R3} = \left( \frac{1}{5} \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ \frac{1}{5} \ 5 \right) \\
& \text{T} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccc} 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 15 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 7 \\ \frac{1}{5} & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & -7 & 0 & 0 & 0 & f \end{array} \right) \\
& \text{R1} = \left( \frac{9}{5} \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ -\frac{1}{5} \ 10 \right) \\
& \text{R2} = \left( -\frac{4}{5} \ 3 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ \frac{1}{5} \ 12 \right) \\
& \text{R4} = \left( \frac{12}{5} \ 9 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ \frac{7}{5} \ f + 35 \right) \\
& \text{T} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccc} \frac{9}{5} & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{5} & 10 \\ -\frac{4}{5} & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{5} & 12 \\ \frac{1}{5} & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & 5 \\ \frac{12}{5} & 9 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{5} & f + 35 \end{array} \right) \\
& \text{R3} = \left( 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ \frac{4}{27} \ \frac{1}{3} \ \frac{1}{27} \ \frac{148}{27} \right) \\
& \text{T} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{5}{9} & 0 & -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{50}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{4}{27} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{27} & \frac{148}{27} \\ \frac{1}{5} & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & 5 \\ \frac{12}{5} & 9 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{5} & f + 35 \end{array} \right) \\
& \text{R4} = \left( 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ -\frac{8}{3} \ -3 \ \frac{4}{3} \ f - \frac{83}{3} \right) \\
& \text{T} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{5}{9} & 0 & -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{50}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{4}{27} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{27} & \frac{148}{27} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{7}{27} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{5}{27} & -\frac{43}{27} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{8}{3} & -3 & \frac{4}{3} & f - \frac{83}{3} \end{array} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Not Feasible....

```

final_simplex_tbl =

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{5}{9} & 0 & -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{50}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{4}{27} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{27} & \frac{148}{27} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{7}{27} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{5}{27} & -\frac{43}{27} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{8}{3} & -3 & \frac{4}{3} & f - \frac{83}{3} \end{array} \right)$$

final_simplex_soln =

$$\left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{50}{9} \\ \frac{148}{27} \\ -\frac{43}{27} \end{array} \right)$$

final_simplex_value =

$$\frac{83}{3}$$


```