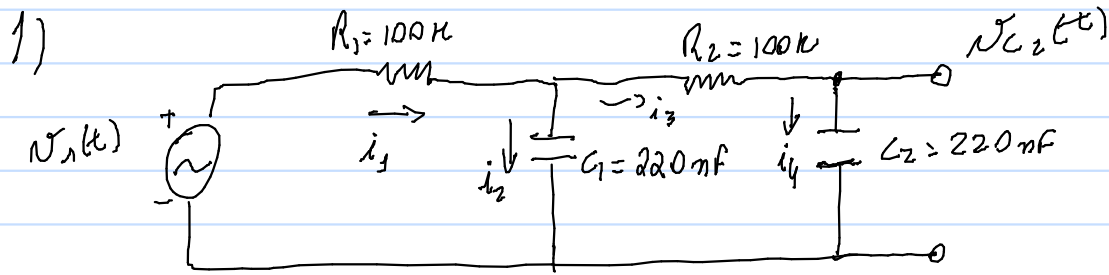


$$I_1 = I_2 + I_3 \Rightarrow \frac{V_s - V_{c1}}{R_1} = \frac{V_{c1}(s)}{\frac{1}{C_1 s}} + \frac{V_{c1} - V_{c2}}{R_2}$$

$$I_3 = I_4 \Rightarrow \frac{V_{c1} - V_{c2}}{R_2} = \frac{V_{c2}(s)}{\frac{1}{C_2 s}}$$

$$y = v_{c2}$$



KCL: (I)  $i_1 = i_2 + i_3 = \frac{v_s - v_{c1}}{R_1} = \frac{v_{c1}}{1/C_1 s} + \frac{v_{c1} - v_{c2}}{R_2}$

(II)  $i_3 = \frac{v_{c1} - v_{c2}}{R_2} = \frac{v_{c2}}{1/C_2 s}$

$y = v_{c2}$

Variables de estado:  $v_{c1}$  e  $v_{c2}$

por (I)  $v_{c1} = \left( \frac{v_s - v_{c1}}{R_1} - \frac{(v_{c1} - v_{c2})}{R_2} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{C_1 s}$   $v_{c1} = \frac{v_s - 2v_{c1} + v_{c2}}{RC s}$

$R_1 = R_2 = R$

Como  $C_1 = C_2 = C$

$$v_{c1} = \frac{v_s - 2v_{c1} + v_{c2}}{RC s}$$

$$RC s \cdot v_{c1} = v_s - 2v_{c1} + v_{c2}$$

$$RC s v_{c1} + 2v_{c1} = v_s + v_{c2}$$

$$v_{c1} = \frac{v_s + v_{c2}}{RC s + 2}$$

(III)

•  $\frac{v_{c2}}{1/C_2 s} = \frac{v_{c1} - v_{c2}}{R_2}$  (por II)

$$v_{c2} = \frac{v_{c1} - v_{c2}}{RC s + 1}$$

$$v_{c2} = \frac{v_{c1}}{RC s + 1}$$

(IV)

$$\bullet \quad V_{c1} = \frac{V_s + V_{c2}}{RCs + 2}$$

$$RCs V_{c1} + 2V_{c1} = V_s + V_{c2}$$

$$RC \dot{V}_{c1}(t) + 2V_{c1}(t) = V_s(t) + V_{c2}(t)$$

$$\dot{V}_{c1}(t) = \left( -2V_{c1}(t) + V_{c2}(t) + V_s(t) \right) \frac{1}{RC} \quad (V)$$

$$\bullet \quad V_{c2} = \frac{V_{c1}}{RCs + 1} \Rightarrow RCs V_{c2} + V_{c2} = V_{c1} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} RC \dot{V}_{c2}(t) + V_{c2}(t) = V_{c1}(t)$$

$$\dot{V}_{c2}(t) = \left( V_{c2}(t) + V_{c1}(t) \right) \frac{1}{RC} \quad (VI)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= V_{c2}(t) \\ u &= V_s(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{V}_{c1}(t) \\ \dot{V}_{c2}(t) \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{RC} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_{c1}(t) \\ V_{c2}(t) \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{RC} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot V_s(t)$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_{c1}(t) \\ V_{c2}(t) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot V_s(t)$$

2)

$$G(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1}B + D$$

↓ Magia do Matlab:

$$G(s) = \frac{2066}{s^2 + 136,4s + 2066}$$

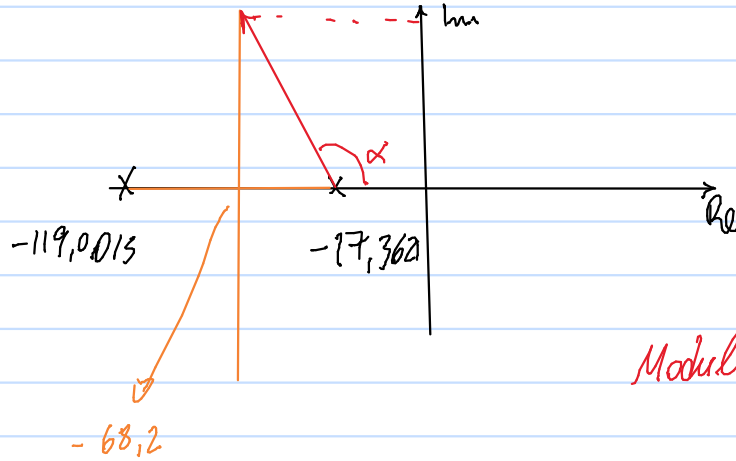
$$\text{Poles: } -119,0015 \\ -17,3621$$

$$G(s) = \frac{2066}{(s + 119,0015)(s + 17,3621)}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2} \quad \left. \begin{aligned} \omega_n &= 45,4932 \\ \zeta &= 1,5 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$4) \quad G(s) = \frac{2066}{s^2 + 136,4s + 2066}$$

$$\text{Poles: } -119,0015 \\ -17,3621$$



Modulo:

$$| = \left| \frac{(s + 17,3621)}{(s + \sigma + j\omega)(s + \sigma - j\omega)} \cdot \frac{2066}{(s + 119,0015)(s + 17,3621)} \right|$$

$$0 \leq \frac{2066}{(s + \sigma \pm j\omega)(s + 119,0015)} \leq 1$$

$$2066 \leq (s + \sigma \pm j\omega)(s + 119,0015)$$

$$G(s) = \frac{2066}{s^2 + 136,4s + 2066}$$

$$t_n = 2s \Rightarrow t_n = \frac{4}{\sigma} = 2 \Rightarrow \sigma = 2 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_d = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}$$

$$\sigma = \xi \omega_n = 2 \Rightarrow \left[ \omega_n = \frac{2}{\xi} \right] \quad t_p = \frac{\pi}{\omega_d}$$

$$M.P. = e^{-\xi \omega_n t} = 0,2$$

$$M.P. = 0,2 = e^{-\xi \omega_n \frac{\pi}{\omega_d \sqrt{1-\xi^2}}} = e^{-\frac{\xi \pi}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}}}$$

$$\ln 0,2 = -\frac{\xi \pi}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} = \xi = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{(\ln 0,2)^2}}} = 0,4557$$

$$\omega_n = \frac{45,4533}{0,4557} = 99,7002 \text{ rad/s}$$

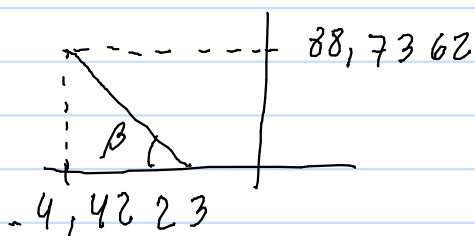
$$\omega_d = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \xi^2} = 88,7362$$

$$\sigma = \xi \omega_n = 4,4223$$

$$E.C. = (s + \sigma \pm j \omega_d)$$

$$E.C. = s + 4,4223 \pm j 88,7362$$

$$D(s) G(s) = -1 = 1 \angle 180^\circ$$



$$\beta = \tan^{-1} \frac{88,7362}{4,4223} = 87,1469^\circ$$

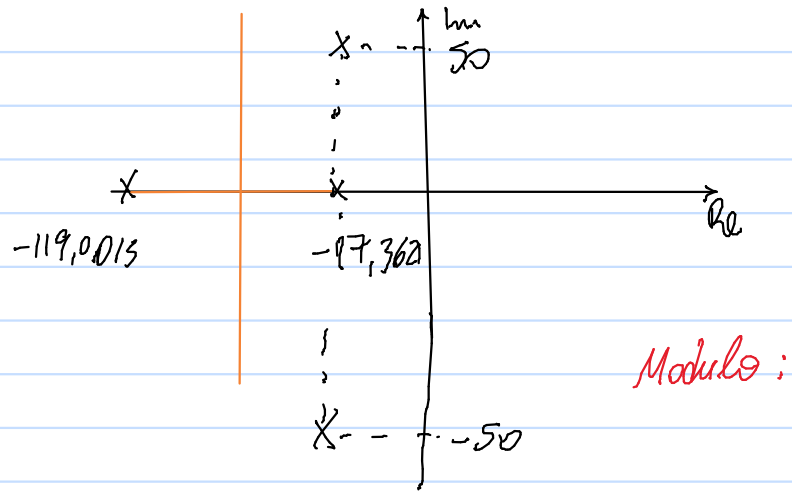
• Contribuição da planta no ponto:

$$G(s) = -4,4223 + j 88,7362 =$$

$$G(s) = \frac{2066}{(-4,4223 + j 88,7362)^2 + 136,4(-4,4223 + j 88,7362) + 2066}$$

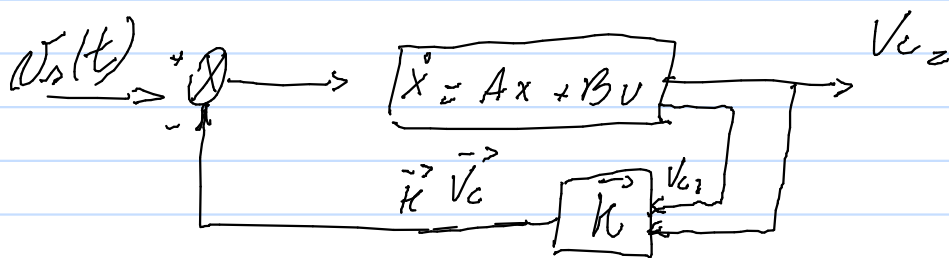
$$= 0,1589 \angle -119,4536$$

Ignorando tudo:



Novos Pólos:  $-17,362 \pm j50$

$$K = [-2,2361 \quad 2,5920]$$



$$V_s(t) = \vec{K} \cdot \vec{V}_c = [-2,2361 \quad 2,5920] \begin{bmatrix} V_{c1} \\ V_{c2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$8) \quad G_p(s) = \frac{2066}{s^2 + 34,72s + 2801} \rightarrow T_{Gp} = 0,0332$$

$$9) \quad \hookrightarrow T = \frac{1}{5} \cdot 0,0332 = 0,00664$$

$$G(z) = \frac{0,04181 z + 0,03871}{z^2 - 1,685 z + 0,7941} \quad (\text{Matlab})$$

10) Final do arg. projeto alocacao-polos.m

11) PID Tool

Dahlin :

$$\frac{C(z)}{E(z)} = \frac{d,9742 (z^2 - 1,685z + 0,7941)}{z^2 - 0,0742z - 0,9258}$$

$$(z^2 - 0,0742z - 0,9258) C(z)$$

$$= (d,9742 (z^2 - 1,685z + 0,7941)) E(z)$$

$$z^2 C(z) - 0,0742 z C(z) - 0,9258 C(z) =$$

$$2,9742 z^2 E(z) - 5,01152 z E(z) + 2,3618 E(z)$$

$$\Downarrow \mathcal{Z}^{-1}$$

$$C_{k+2} - 0,0742 C_{k+1} - 0,9258 C_k = 2,9742 E_{k+2} - 5,01152 E_{k+1} + 2,3618 E_k$$

$$C_k = 0,0742 C_{k-1} + 0,9258 C_{k-2} + 2,9742 E_k - 5,01152 E_{k-1} + 2,3618 E_{k-2}$$

