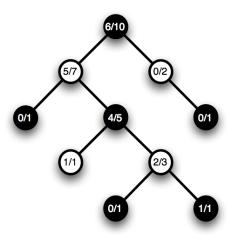
Homework/Pop Quiz #5 of the course: Theory of Computer Games.

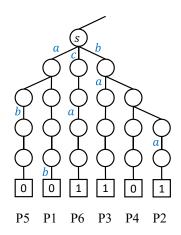


1. The above MCTS tree is built without considering opponents (i.e., all moves are for one player) by following the UCT formula.

$$a^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{a \in legal} \left( Q(s, a) + c \sqrt{\frac{\log N(s)}{N(s, a)}} \right)$$

where Q(s,a) is the winning rate of the move a from state s, c is 0.1, N(s) is the number of samples on state s, and N(s,a) is the total number of samples on action a for state s.

- (a) Indicate which leaf to choose for the next UCT iteration, and depict how the tree will be changed if the expanded node is a loss.
- (b) Repeat (a), after (a) is done.
- (c) Repeat (a), after (b) is done.
- (d) Repeat (a) but for a win leaf, after (c) is done



2. For the above UCT, assume that the playout sequence is P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6. Calculate all the values of Q(s,a),  $\sim Q(s,a)$ , N(s,a),  $\sim N(s,a)$ , after each playout. Note:  $\sim Q(s,a)$  and  $\sim N(s,a)$  are the RAVE version of Q(s,a) and N(s,a).

3. Calculate Q(s,a),  $\sim Q(s,a)$ , N(s,a),  $\sim N(s,a)$ , again, assuming the following prior knowledge:

$$H(s,a) = 0.6, H(s,b) = 0.55, H(s,c) = 0.5$$
  
 $C(s,a) = 5, C(s,b) = 5, C(s,c) = 4$   
 $\sim C(s,a) = 8, \sim C(s,b) = 6, \sim C(s,c) = 6$ 

Note: H(s,a) is the initial value of Q(s,a) and  $\sim Q(s,a)$ , while C(s,a) and  $\sim C(s,a)$  are the initial values of N(s,a) and  $\sim N(s,a)$ .