CSCE 438 MP1 Design Document

Jonathan Lor

Client

- The means for the user to interface with the system.
 - Accepts and processes commands entered by the user.
 - Connects to the server via a stub, an abstraction which allows the client to call server methods as if they were on the client itself.
 - Most client methods return an IReply object specifying the status of the request and any content it contains.

connectTo()

- Creates a channel with the given (or default) hostname and port.
- Creates a new stub and assigns it to the stub member variable.
- Calls Login() to attempt a login.
- Returns a 1 if successful, and -1 otherwise

processCommand()

- Splits the user input into command and argument variables
- · Handles different commands accordingly by calling the appropriate functions
- Returns an IReply object specifying the status and result of the command

List()

Lists all active users and followers of the client who entered the command

- Calls the server side List function using the stub
- Populates and returns the IReply object with the received information

Follow()

- Attempts to process a follow request by calling the server-side Follow()
 method using the stub.
- Depending on the server response, relay to the user the result of the call
- Return and IReply object with all relevant information

UnFollow()

• Nearly identical to Follow() in the client-side implementation.

Login()

- Attempts to connect to the server via stub_ .
- Returns IReply of whether or not the connection succeeded.

Timeline()

- Multithreaded handling of simultaneous read and writes.
- Defines two threads, reader & writer to handle timeline viewing and posting, respectively.
- Interfaces with the server through a ClientReaderWriter object.

Server

- The logic, in-memory (client_db) and persistent (timeline .txt files) storage for the SNS application.
- Member functions accept pointers to request and replies as defined in the sns.proto file.

 Member functions return grpc Status, which allow the client methods to relay the correct information to the user.

List()

- Upon receiving a List request from the client, traverses client_db and the requesting user's followers vector and populates the list_reply object
- Returns OK status if successful

Follow()

- Receives a request from a user, which specifies another user to follow in its arguments.
- Upon validating the argument, attempts to perform the follow operation
- The follow operation adds the requesting user, u1 to the requested user, u2's followers vector
- Likewise, u2 is added to u1's following vector.
- Returns OK status if successful.

UnFollow()

- Identical to Follow() in the way request and arguments are validated
- The UnFollow operation attempts to find the requesting user, u1 in the requested user, u2's followers vector, and removes if found
- Likewise, u2 is erased from u1's following vector
- Returns OK status if successful

Login()

- Accepts request, and checks if the username exists in client_db
- Adds user if they don't currently exist in client_db
- Does not allow duplicate users.
- Returns OK status if successful.

Timeline()

- Note: Didn't complete implementation on the server-side
- Manages timeline .txt files.
- Read and writes to them accordingly using ServerReaderWriter.
- Returns OK status if successful.

Screenshots - List, Follow, Unfollow