NAME
    rgrep – search a file for a pattern

SYNOPSIS
    rgrep [−**v**] [−**b**] [−**c**] [−**n**] expression [file] ...

DESCRIPTION
    Rgrep is an extended form of *grep* which uses the facilities of the *regex*(III) routine. *Rgrep* searches the input
    files (standard input default) for lines matching the regular expression. Normally, each line found is copied to
    the standard output. If the −**v** flag is used, all lines but those matching are printed. If the −**c** flag is used, only
    a count of matching lines is printed. If the −**n** flag is used, each line is preceded its relative line number in the
    file. If the −**b** flag is used, each line is preceded by the block number on which it was found. This is
    sometimes useful in locating disk block numbers by context.

    In all cases the file name is shown if there is more than one input file.

    For a complete description of the regular expression, see *ed*(I) and *regex*(III). Care should be taken when
    using the characters $ * [ˆ | ( ) and \ in the regular expression as they are also meaningful to the Shell. It is
    generally necessary to enclose the entire *expression* argument in quotes.

SEE ALSO
    ed(I), sh(I), regex(III)