Data Science HW1

Submission

- Deadline: 10/19 Tue. 23:59
 - Submission delay: will get no points
- Upload: Ceiba homework section
- File format: PDF
 - Format error: -10%

Problem 1 Random Number Transformation

Min() and Max() appears frequently in applications of data science.

Let X and Y be two independent random variables with identical probability density function given by $\begin{pmatrix} -x & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$$f(x) = egin{cases} e^{-x} & for \ x > 0 \ 0 & elsewhere. \end{cases}$$

- (1) What is the probability density function of Z=max(X,Y)? (10%)
- (2) What is the probability density function of W=min(X,Y)? (10%)

(Hint: $max(X, Y) \le a$, mean "X<=a and Y <= a".)

Problem 2 Statistical Distances

- (1) Let f() be a function mapping from $X \times X$ to non-negative real numbers. What are the four conditions that f must satisfy for f() to be considered a metric? (5%) (2) Let x, y be two points (two vectors) in space. The function $d(x, y) = ||x-y||^2$ is called the squared Euclidean distance. Prove that the squared Euclidean distance is a Bregman divergence (10%) (hint: what is the F() in this Bregman divergence?)
- (3) You are given an artificial neural network. The network implements a function that takes an input x and produce an output y. That is, it implements y = F(x). Prove that the entropy of the output of this neural network will always be equal or less that of the input. (10%)

Problem 3 Point Estimation

We have a population X whose distribution is uniform over the interval $(0,\theta)$. The prior distribution of θ is uniform over the interval (0,1). Please derive the estimator of θ based on a sample of size $n \ge 2$, using:

- (1) The moment method (5%)
- (2) The MAP method (10%)
- (3) The bayesian method using squared error loss function (10%)

Problem 4 Goodness of Estimation

Let θ 1 and θ 2 be two unbiased estimators of θ , with $Var(\theta 1)=1$, $Var(\theta 2)=2$ and $Cov(\theta 1, \theta 2)=1/4$.

Let θ 3 and θ 4 be two unbiased estimators of θ , with $Var(\theta 3)=1$, $Var(\theta 4)=2$ and $Cov(\theta 3, \theta 4)=3/4$.

- (1) What is the unbiased estimator with the lowest variance that you can construct from a linear combination of θ 1 and θ 2, and what's its variance? (5%)
- (2) Also answer the same question for θ 3 and θ 4 (5%)
- (3) Observe which combination can produce a new estimator with lower variance (for your own pleasure, no additional points awarded)

Problem 4 Interval Estimation

Let X1, X2, ..., Xn be a random sample from a population with density function

$$f(x; heta) = e^{-(x- heta)}, \; if \, heta < x < \infty$$

where $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$ is an unknown parameter.

- (1) Show that $Q = X(1) \theta$ is a pivotal quantity. (10%).
- (2) Use this pivotal quantity find a $100(1-\alpha)\%$ confidence interval for θ . (10%)