

# Lab 6 (5/17)

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Submit your team number

**Question** *Submitted May 17th 2023 at 3:19:54 pm*

Please enter your team number.

# 1. Streamgraph

Stacked bar plots are great when you have few categories. What happens when there are multiple categories/primary keys? That's where streamgraphs can help.

*"A Stream graph is a type of stacked area chart. It displays the evolution of a numeric value (Y axis) following another numeric value (X axis). This evolution is represented for several groups, all with a distinct color."*

Now let's make one which shows evolution of baby names in US

Using [babynames.csv](#) create a basic stream graph which shows the evolution of baby names across the years using [lab6\\_streamgraph.html](#)

Some helpful links (please read these and feel free to ask us questions after you've read them)

1) [Streamgraph example](#)

Note: you might notice the version in this example is d3 v4 and v6. Your version is v7. Please adapt your functions to v7.

2) [d3.area\(\)](#)

3) [d3.scaleTime\(\)](#)

4) [d3.scaleOrdinal](#)

5) [Animations of different offsets in d3 streamgraphs](#)

**Question** Submitted May 17th 2023 at 4:57:42 pm

Copy your code to which define and create the streamgraph plot

```
var keys = data.columns.slice(1);
    let maxVal = d3.max(data.map(d => d3.max([
        d.Amanda,
        d.Ashley,
        d.Betty,
        d.Deborah,
        d.Dorothy,
        d.Helen,
```

```

        d.Linda,
        d.Patricia
    ])
  ))
  console.log(maxVal)

  //define scaling
  var xScale = d3.scaleLinear()
    .domain(d3.extent(data, (d) => d.year))
    .range([0, width]);
  svg.append("g")
    .attr("transform", `translate(0, ${height - padding})`)
    .call(d3.axisBottom(xScale).ticks(5))
  var yScale = d3
    .scaleLinear()
    .domain([0, maxVal])
    .range([height - padding, padding]);
  svg.append("g").call(d3.axisLeft(yScale))

  var colors = d3
    .scaleOrdinal()
    .domain(keys)
    .range([
      "#e41a1c",
      "#377eb8",
      "#4daf4a",
      "#984ea3",
      "#ff7f00",
      "#ffff33",
      "#a65628",
      "#f781bf",
    ]);

  //Stack the data
  var stacked = d3.stack()
    .keys(keys)(data)
    .map((d) => (d.forEach((v) => (v.key = d.key)), d));

  // Generate streamgraph
  svg.selectAll("mylayers")
    .data(stacked)
    .join("path")
    .style("fill", (d) => colors(d.key))
    .attr("d", (d) =>
      d3
        .area()
        .x((d, i) => xScale(d.data.year))
        .y0((d) => yScale(d[0]))
        .y1((d) => yScale(d[1]))(d)
    );

```

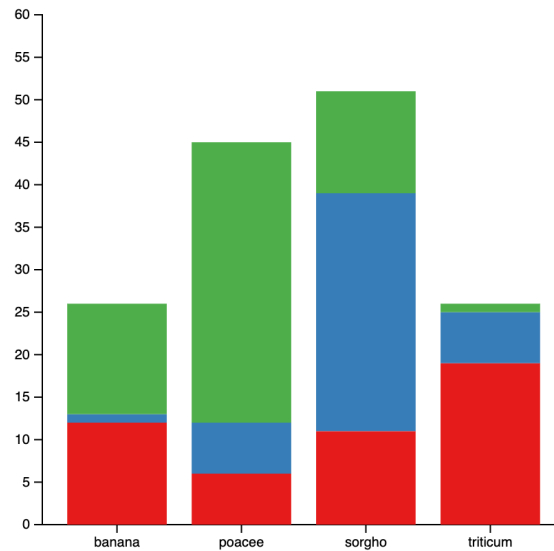
## 2. Stacked Bar Chart with Interactivity



Technically you are learning more about interactivity in the Thursday lecture - but just give it a try! You have been already using interactivity for previous assignments too :)

Download [lab6\\_InteractiveStackedBarChart.html](#), [styles.css](#), and [stackedData.csv](#).

You will see that a Stacked Bar Chart has been created and looks like this:



We will try adding highlighting to the bars to make them interactive.

Finish the method chains below. For every chain, you have to set highlighting colors and strokes.

```
.on("mouseover", function (e, d) {  
    // highlight the selected bar with black stroke  
})  
.on("mouseout", function (e, d) {  
    // undo highlighting on the selected bar  
});
```

You can follow this structure:

1. mouseover: Highlight the selected bar with "black" stroke of width = 2.
2. mouseout: Remove the highlighting from the selected bar.

**Bonus)** If you have time, you can play with the "mousemove" interactivity.

**Question** Submitted May 17th 2023 at 6:36:36 pm

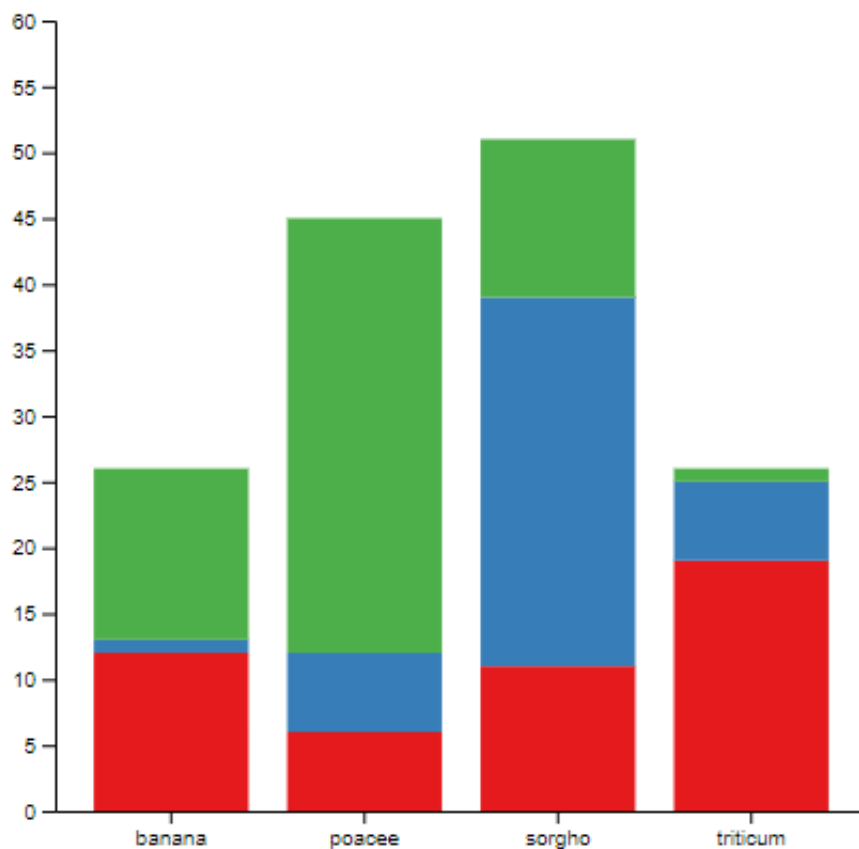
Paste your code for highlighting here:

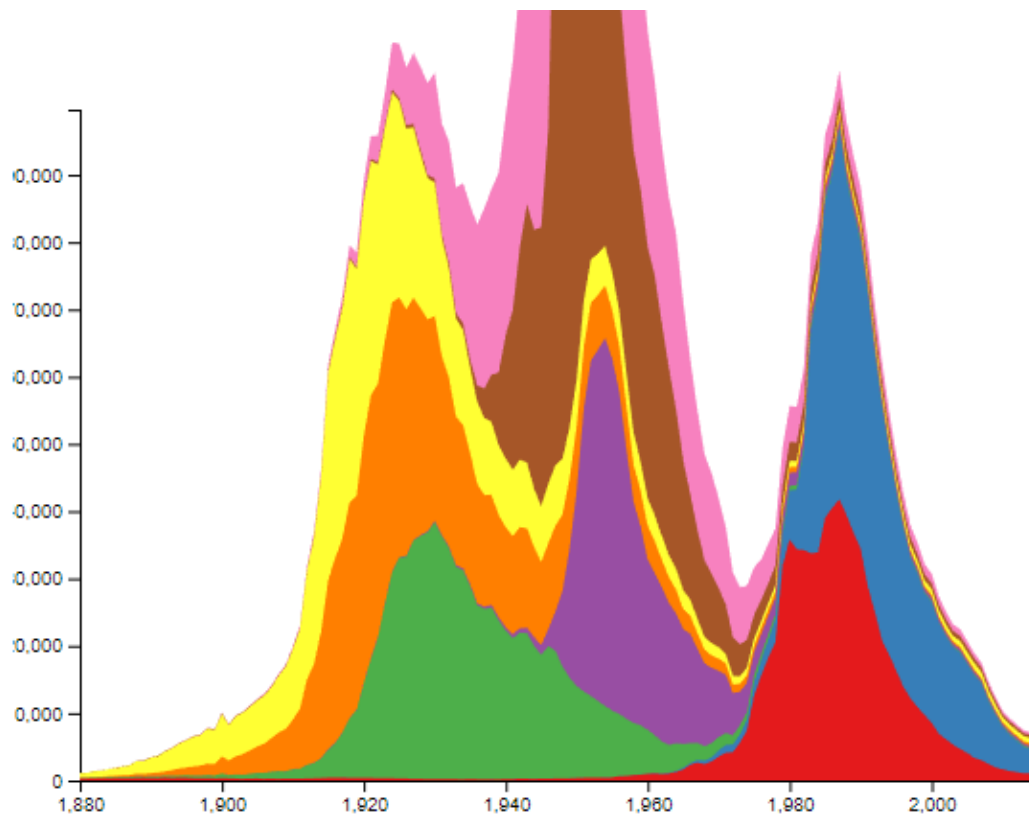
```
.on("mouseover", function (e, d) {  
    // highlight the selected bar with black stroke  
    d3.select(this).style("stroke", "black").style("stroke-width", 2);  
})  
.on("mouseout", function (e, d) {  
    // undo highlighting on the selectebar  
    d3.select(this).style("stroke", "none");  
});
```

# Upload Your Files

**Question 1** *Submitted May 17th 2023 at 6:37:29 pm*

Upload the screenshot of your resulting webpage. You will need to click the "clip" button to upload a file into the Answer box.

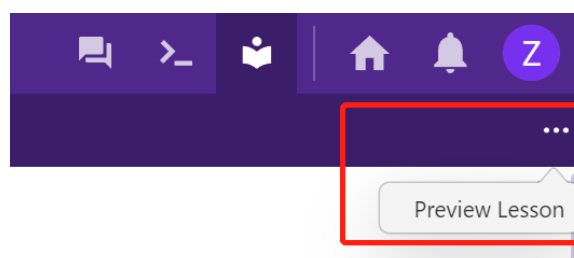




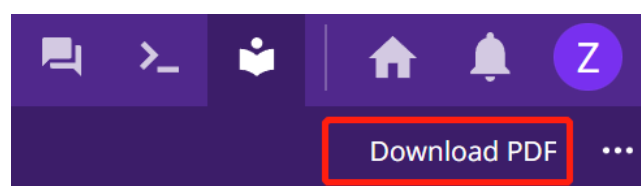
**Question 2** Submitted May 17th 2023 at 6:37:41 pm

You need to download the PDF of lecture exercise 3 and upload it with other files to the Gradescope. Follow the instructions on how to download PDF file:

1. Click on the ellipsis button and the Preview Lesson.



2. After that, click on the Download PDF button.



 PDF downloaded!

☐ Haven't done yet!

**Question 3** *Submitted May 17th 2023 at 6:37:33 pm*

Upload the following files to Gradescope. You need to make **a group submission, adding all present members in your team**, so that the present members get the participation credit.

Files to upload:

- lab5.html
- PDF you downloaded as Q2

☒ Our team uploaded the the files on gradescope!

☐ Oops, our team did not upload the files on gradescope!



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## Feedback

**Question** *Submitted May 17th 2023 at 6:37:37 pm*

Was the activity today clear? If not, please share how the course can improve it. Your comments will help us design future lab content (and also future students).

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