Geometric Periods

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►
$$F$$
 = global field, G = GL_2 , H = $\mathbb{G}_m = \begin{pmatrix} * & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
► $[G] = G(F) \setminus G(\mathbb{A})$

Theorem (Hecke, Maaß)

- ▶ Let $f \in A_{cusp}([G]/K)$ be an unramified eigenform.
- Assume f Whittaker normalized.

Then

$$L(\frac{1}{2}, \pi_f, \mathbf{std}) = \int_{[H]} f$$

Relative Langlands duality (Ben-Zvi-Sakellaridis-Venkatesh)

This is an instance of duality between Hamiltonian varieties

$$(T^*\check{X}\circlearrowleft\check{G})\longleftrightarrow(T^*X\circlearrowleft G)$$

$$\check{X}=\mathbf{std}=\mathbb{A}^2\longleftrightarrow X=H\backslash G=\mathbb{G}_m\backslash \mathsf{GL}_2$$

(In this case X and \check{X} are both spherical.)

BZSV¹ say that period formula should be understood as

Spectral
$$\check{X}$$
-period = Automorphic X -period

(not just on cuspidal spectrum!)

- $f:[G] \to \mathbb{C}$ automorphic form
- $\sigma_f: \Gamma_F \to \check{G}$ the parameter of f

Spectral period
$$\sum_{x \in \check{X} \text{ fixed by } \sigma_f} L(\mathcal{T}_x) = \text{Automorphic period } \int_{[H]} f$$

▶ $L(T_x)$ should be thought of as a *derived* fixed point of \check{X} .

¹Ben-7vi–Sakellaridis–Venkatesh

To understand derived nature of spectral period (among other reasons), we want to geometrize/categorify periods via geometric Langlands.

 $ightharpoonup F = \mathbb{F}_q(C)$, $C_{/\mathbb{F}_q}$ smooth projective curve, $G = \mathsf{GL}_2$

Automorphic side

$$\begin{array}{c} C^{\infty}_{\mathrm{cusp}}([G]/G(\mathbb{O})) \xrightarrow{\int_{[H]} f} \mathbb{C} \\ \text{functions-sheaves} & & & \\ & & & \\ \mathrm{Shv}_{\mathrm{cusp}}(\mathrm{Bun}_G) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}_X} \mathrm{Vect} \end{array}$$

- Everything is derived, e.g., Vect = D(Vect).
- ▶ While $\int_{[H]} f$ only converges sometimes / needs to be regularized, the functor \mathcal{P}_X does not need regularization since we can have ∞ -vector spaces.

Spectral side

- $f \longleftrightarrow \sigma_f : \pi_1(C) \to \check{G}$
- $ightharpoonup \sigma \longleftrightarrow E_{\sigma}$ rank 2 local system on C
- ▶ $L(s, \pi, \mathbf{std}) = L(s, \sigma)$ Langlands L-function: given by Frobenius eigenvalues
- Grothendieck-Lefschetz trace formula:

$$L(s,\sigma) = \operatorname{Tr}(\operatorname{Frob}_q q^{-s}, \operatorname{Sym} H^{ullet}_{\operatorname{cute{e}t}}(C_{\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q}, E_{\sigma}))$$

$$\mathbb{C}_{E_\sigma} \mapsto \operatorname{\mathsf{Sym}} H^{\bullet}_{\operatorname{\acute{e}t}}(C_{\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q}, E_\sigma) \hspace{1cm} \mathcal{P}_X : D(\operatorname{\mathsf{Bun}}_G) \to \operatorname{\mathsf{Vect}}$$

Categorical (de Rham) geometric Langlands conjecture (GLC)

Replace $\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q$ with \mathbb{C} , sheaves with complexes of D-modules.

$$\mathsf{IndCoh}_{\mathcal{N}ilp}(\mathsf{LocSys}_{\check{G}}) \cong D(\mathsf{Bun}_G)$$

skyscraper $\mathbb{C}_E \longleftrightarrow \mathsf{Hecke}$ eigensheaf \mathcal{F}_E

▶ LocSys_Ğ is the stack of rank 2 local systems on C

Want: Functors $IndCoh_{Nilp}(LocSys_{\check{G}}) \rightarrow Vect \stackrel{GLC}{\longleftrightarrow} D(Bun_G) \rightarrow Vect$

▶ By miraculous duality [Drinfeld–Gaitsgory], equivalent to asking for specific **objects** to match in IndCoh_{Nilp}(LocSys_Ğ) $\cong D(\mathsf{Bun}_G)$.

Relative Langlands Duality: $\check{X} = \mathbf{std}, \ X = \mathbb{G}_m \backslash \mathsf{GL}_2$

 $\mathsf{Spectral}\ \mathsf{period} \in \mathsf{IndCoh}_{\mathcal{N}\mathit{ilp}}(\mathsf{LocSys}_{\check{G}})$

Automorphic period $\in D(\mathsf{Bun}_G)$

$$\mathsf{LocSys}_{\check{G}}^{\check{X}} := \mathsf{Maps}(\mathit{C}_\mathsf{dR}, \check{X}/\check{G})$$
 $\mathsf{Inspec} igcup_{\mathsf{LocSys}_{\check{G}}}$

$$\mathsf{Bun}_{G}^{X} := \mathsf{Maps}(C, X/G)$$

$$\downarrow_{\mathsf{\Pi}}$$
 Bun_{G}

 $\operatorname{\mathsf{LocSys}}_{\mathsf{G}}^{\check{\mathsf{X}}}$ is a *derived* stack: $(\Pi^{\operatorname{\mathsf{spec}}})^{-1}(\{E\}) = R\Gamma_{\operatorname{\mathsf{dR}}}(C,E)$

$$\operatorname{\mathsf{Bun}}_G^X=\operatorname{\mathsf{Bun}}_H o\operatorname{\mathsf{Bun}}_G$$
 is analog of $[H] o[G]$

Conjecture (Drinfeld, Ben-Zvi–Sakellaridis–Venkatesh)

$$(\Pi^{\mathrm{spec}})^{\mathrm{IndCoh}}_*(\omega_{\mathrm{LocSys}^{\check{\mathsf{X}}}_{\check{\mathsf{G}}}}) \overset{\mathrm{GLC}}{\longleftrightarrow} \Pi_!(\mathbb{C}_{\mathrm{Bun}_{\mathsf{G}}^{\mathsf{X}}})$$

Toy model: $R\Gamma(V, \mathcal{O}_V) = \operatorname{Sym} V^*$. Taking $V = R\Gamma_{dR}(C, E)$ "almost" recovers L-function.

$$\check{X} = \mathbf{std}, \ X = \mathbb{G}_m \backslash \mathsf{GL}_2$$

$$R\Gamma_{dR}(C, E) \longrightarrow LocSys_{\check{G}}^{\check{X}}$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$
 $pt \longrightarrow LocSys_{\check{G}}$

$$\mathsf{Bun}_G^X := \mathsf{Bun}_H$$

$$\downarrow \Pi$$
 Bun_G

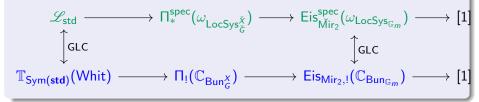
- $\check{X}=\mathbb{A}^2$ has two \check{G} -orbits: 0 and $\mathbb{A}^2-0=\check{G}/\check{\operatorname{Mir}}_2$
- ► This gives a distinguished triangle in local/coherent cohomology

$$\mathscr{L}_{\mathsf{std}} \to \mathsf{\Pi}^{\mathsf{spec}}_*(\omega_{\mathsf{LocSys}_{\widetilde{\mathsf{G}}}^{\check{\mathsf{X}}}}) \to \mathsf{Eis}^{\mathsf{spec}}_{\mathsf{Mir}_2}(\omega_{\mathsf{LocSys}_{\mathbb{G}_m}}) \to \mathbf{[1]}$$

where !-stalk of \mathcal{L}_{std} at E is Sym $H_{dR}^{\bullet}(C, E)$.

Theorem (Feng-W)

There exist distinguished triangles with "graded pieces" matching under GLC: (Shifts omitted.)



Proof: Unfolding.