Socket Progrmming Assignment 4: ICMP

[INFO]

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[GENERL REVIEWS]

ICMP Socket Programming introduces the basics of socket programming in PING by ICMP request and reply.

We develop the client in Python 3.5.1.

There are many differences between Python 2.x and 3.x.

I have pointed out all the modification by red color in source code.

[SOCKET BASED RAW CODES]

```
from socket import *

import os

import sys

import struct

import time

import select

import binascii


ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST = 8


def checksum(str):

    csum = 0

    #countTo = (len(str) / 2) * 2

    countTo = (len(str) // 2) * 2      # // means div for integer in python 3.5


    count = 0

    while count < countTo:

        #thisVal = ord(str[count+1]) * 256 + ord(str[count])

        # in python 3.5, bytes[i] is an integer,

        # no need to use ord() to get the value of the specific char

        thisVal = str[count+1] * 256 + str[count]
```

```
            csum = csum + thisVal
            csum = csum & 0xffffffff
            count = count + 2

        if countTo < len(str):
            #csum = csum + ord(str[len(str) - 1])
            #python 3.5    below:
            csum = csum + str[len(str) - 1]
            csum = csum & 0xffffffff

        csum = (csum >> 16) + (csum & 0xffff)
        csum = csum + (csum >> 16)
        answer = ~csum
        answer = answer & 0xffff
        answer = answer >> 8 | (answer << 8 & 0xff00)
        return answer

def receiveOnePing(mySocket, ID, timeout, destAddr):
        timeLeft = timeout
        while 1:
            startedSelect = time.time()
            whatReady = select.select([mySocket], [], [], timeLeft)
```

```
howLongInSelect = (time.time() - startedSelect)
if whatReady[0] == []: # Timeout
    return "Request timed out."

timeReceived = time.time()
recPacket, addr = mySocket.recvfrom(1024)

#Fill in start
#Fetch the ICMP header from the IP packet
# fetch TTL
ttl = recPacket[8]
# fetch ICMP info
pongType, pongCode, pongChecksum, pongID, pongSequence = struct.unpack("bbHHh", recPacket[20:28])
# display RTT in ms
RTT = (timeReceived - struct.unpack("d", recPacket[28:36])[0]) * 1000

result = "TTL: " + str(ttl) + "\n"
result = result + "Type: " + str(pongType) + "\tCode: " + str(pongCode) + "\tChecksum: " + str(pongChecksum) + "\tID: " + str(pongID) + "\tSequence: " + str(pongSequence) + "\n"
result = result + "RTT: %.2fms\n" % RTT          # to print RTT with 2 digit
```

```
            return result
            #Fill in end

            timeLeft = timeLeft - howLongInSelect
            if timeLeft <= 0:
                return "Request timed out."

def sendOnePing(mySocket, destAddr, ID):
    # Header is type (8), code (8), checksum (16), id (16), sequence (16)
    myChecksum = 0
    # Make a dummy header with a 0 checksum.
    # struct -- Interpret strings as packed binary data
    header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
    data = struct.pack("d", time.time())
    # Calculate the checksum on the data and the dummy header.
    myChecksum = checksum(header + data)
    # Get the right checksum, and put in the header
    if sys.platform == 'darwin':
        myChecksum = htons(myChecksum) & 0xffff
        #Convert 16-bit integers from host to network byte order.
    else:
```

```
        myChecksum = htons(myChecksum)


    header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
    packet = header + data


    mySocket.sendto(packet, (destAddr, 1)) # AF_INET address must be tuple, not
str
    # Both LISTS and TUPLES consist of a number of objects
    # which can be referenced by their position number within the object


def doOnePing(destAddr, timeout):
    icmp = getprotobyname("icmp")
    #SOCK_RAW is a powerful socket type. For more details see: http://sock-
raw.org/papers/sock_raw


    #Fill in start
    #Create Socket here
    try:
        mySocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_RAW, icmp)
    except error as msg:
        print("Socket create error:", msg)
```

```
        #Fill in end
        myID = os.getpid() & 0xFFFF #Return the current process i
        sendOnePing(mySocket, destAddr, myID)
        delay = receiveOnePing(mySocket, myID, timeout, destAddr)

        mySocket.close()
        return delay
def ping(host, timeout=1):
        # timeout = 1 means: If one second goes by without a reply from the server,
        # the client assumes that either the client's ping or the server's pong is lost
        dest = gethostbyname(host)
        print("Pinging " + dest + " using Python:")
        print("")
        #Send ping requests to a server separated by approximately one second
        while 1 :
                delay = doOnePing(dest, timeout)
                print(delay)
                time.sleep(1)# one second
        return delay

ping("127.0.0.1")
```

ping("www.google.com")

ping("www.poly.edu")

[KEY POINTS AND PROCESS]

We ping localhost to test the basic function

The content is below:

```
PS H:\GoogleWebDrive\NYU\ComputerNetwork\WiresharkAndPJ\ICMP> python .\ICMP.py
Pinging 127.0.0.1 using Python:

TTL: 128
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 41618 ID: 19688       Sequence: 1
RTT: 0.51ms

TTL: 128
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 30972 ID: 19688       Sequence: 1
RTT: 0.49ms

TTL: 128
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 49138 ID: 19688       Sequence: 1
RTT: 0.48ms

TTL: 128
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 18339 ID: 19688       Sequence: 1
RTT: 0.50ms

TTL: 128
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 3979  ID: 19688       Sequence: 1
RTT: 0.45ms

TTL: 128
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 58269 ID: 19688       Sequence: 1
RTT: 0.48ms

Traceback (most recent call last):
  File ".\ICMP.py", line 126, in <module>
    ping("127.0.0.1")
  File ".\ICMP.py", line 122, in ping
    time.sleep(1)# one second
KeyboardInterrupt
```

Then I ping the "www.google.com" and www.poly.edu .

I found the poly.edu is unreachable because the ping service is not ready in that server.

```
PS H:\GoogleWebDrive\NYU\ComputerNetwork\WiresharkAndPJ\ICMP> python .\ICMP.py
Pinging 54.209.255.182 using Python:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File ".\ICMP.py", line 127, in <module>
    ping("www.poly.edu")
  File ".\ICMP.py", line 122, in ping
    time.sleep(1)# one second
KeyboardInterrupt
PS H:\GoogleWebDrive\NYU\ComputerNetwork\WiresharkAndPJ\ICMP> python .\ICMP.py
Pinging 172.217.3.4 using Python:

TTL: 56
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 54231 ID: 32288       Sequence: 1
RTT: 389.44ms

TTL: 56
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 35221 ID: 32288       Sequence: 1
RTT: 402.69ms

TTL: 56
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 40307 ID: 32288       Sequence: 1
RTT: 480.72ms

TTL: 56
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 30128 ID: 32288       Sequence: 1
RTT: 510.04ms

TTL: 56
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 1851  ID: 32288       Sequence: 1
RTT: 489.39ms

TTL: 56
Type: 0 Code: 0 Checksum: 59408 ID: 32288       Sequence: 1
RTT: 341.97ms

Traceback (most recent call last):
  File ".\ICMP.py", line 128, in <module>
    ping("www.google.com")
  File ".\ICMP.py", line 122, in ping
```

Socket Progrmming Assignment 5: Traceroute

[GENERL REVIEWS]

Traceroute Socket Programming introduces the basics of socket programming in Traceroute by ICMP request and reply.

We will learn how to implement a traceroute application using ICMP request and reply messages.

We develop the client in Python 3.5.1.

There are many differences between Python 2.x and 3.x.

I have pointed out all the modification by red color in source code.

[SOCKET BASED RAW CODES]

```
from socket import *

import os

import sys

import struct

import time

import select

import binascii


ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST = 8

MAX_HOPS = 30
```

```
TIMEOUT = 2.0

TRIES = 2


# The packet that we shall send to each router along the path is the ICMP echo

# request packet, which is exactly what we had used in the ICMP ping exercise.

# We shall use the same packet that we built in the Ping exercise


def checksum(str):

# In this function we make the checksum of our packet

# hint: see icmpPing lab

    csum = 0

    countTo = (len(str) // 2) * 2    #python 3.x

    count = 0

    while count < countTo:

        thisVal = str[count+1] * 256 + str[count]

        csum = csum + thisVal

        csum = csum & 0xffffffff

        count = count + 2


    if countTo < len(str):

        csum = csum + str[len(str) - 1]

        csum = csum & 0xffffffff
```

```
        csum = (csum >> 16) + (csum & 0xffff)
        csum = csum + (csum >> 16)
        answer = ~csum
        answer = answer & 0xffff
        answer = answer >> 8 | (answer << 8 & 0xff00)
        return answer


def build_packet():
# In the sendOnePing() method of the ICMP Ping exercise, firstly the header of our
# packet to be sent was made, secondly the checksum was appended to the header and
# then finally the complete packet was sent to the destination.
# Make the header in a similar way to the ping exercise.
# Append checksum to the header.
# Don't send the packet yet , just return the final packet in this function.
# So the function ending should look like this packet = header + data return packet

        ID = os.getpid() & 0xFFFF #Return the current process i
        # Header is type (8), code (8), checksum (16), id (16), sequence (16)
        myChecksum = 0
        # Make a dummy header with a 0 checksum.
```

```
        # struct -- Interpret strings as packed binary data
        header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
        data = struct.pack("d", time.time())
        # Calculate the checksum on the data and the dummy header.
        myChecksum = checksum(header + data)
        # Get the right checksum, and put in the header
        if sys.platform == 'darwin':
            myChecksum = htons(myChecksum) & 0xffff
            #Convert 16-bit integers from host to network byte order.
        else:
            myChecksum = htons(myChecksum)

        header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
        packet = header + data

        return packet

def get_route(hostname):
        #timeLeft = TIMEOUT          # Is this line in the wrong place? I changed it to
three lines below.....
```

```
    print("Begin traceroute to " + hostname + "(" + gethostbyname(hostname) +
").....\n")


    for ttl in range(1,MAX_HOPS):
        for tries in range(TRIES):
            timeLeft = TIMEOUT
            destAddr = gethostbyname(hostname)
            #Fill in start
            # Make a raw socket named mySocket
            icmp = getprotobyname("icmp")
            try:
                mySocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_RAW, icmp)
            except error as msg:
                print("Socket create error:", msg)
            #Fill in end
            mySocket.setsockopt(IPPROTO_IP, IP_TTL, struct.pack('I', ttl))
            mySocket.settimeout(TIMEOUT)
            try:
                d = build_packet()
                mySocket.sendto(d, (hostname, 0))
                t = time.time()
                startedSelect = time.time()
```

```
            whatReady = select.select([mySocket], [], [], timeLeft)
            howLongInSelect = (time.time() - startedSelect)
            if whatReady[0] == []: # Timeout
                print("\t*\t\t*\t\t*\t\tRequest timed out.")
            recvPacket, addr = mySocket.recvfrom(1024)
            timeReceived = time.time()



            timeLeft = timeLeft - howLongInSelect
            if timeLeft <= 0:
                print("\t*\t*\t*\Request timed out.")
        except timeout:
            continue
        else:
            #Fill in start
            # Fetch the icmp type from the IP packet


            # fetch TTL
            ttl = recvPacket[8]
            # fetch ICMP info
            type, pongCode, pongChecksum, pongID, pongSequence =
struct.unpack("bbHHh", recvPacket[20:28])
```

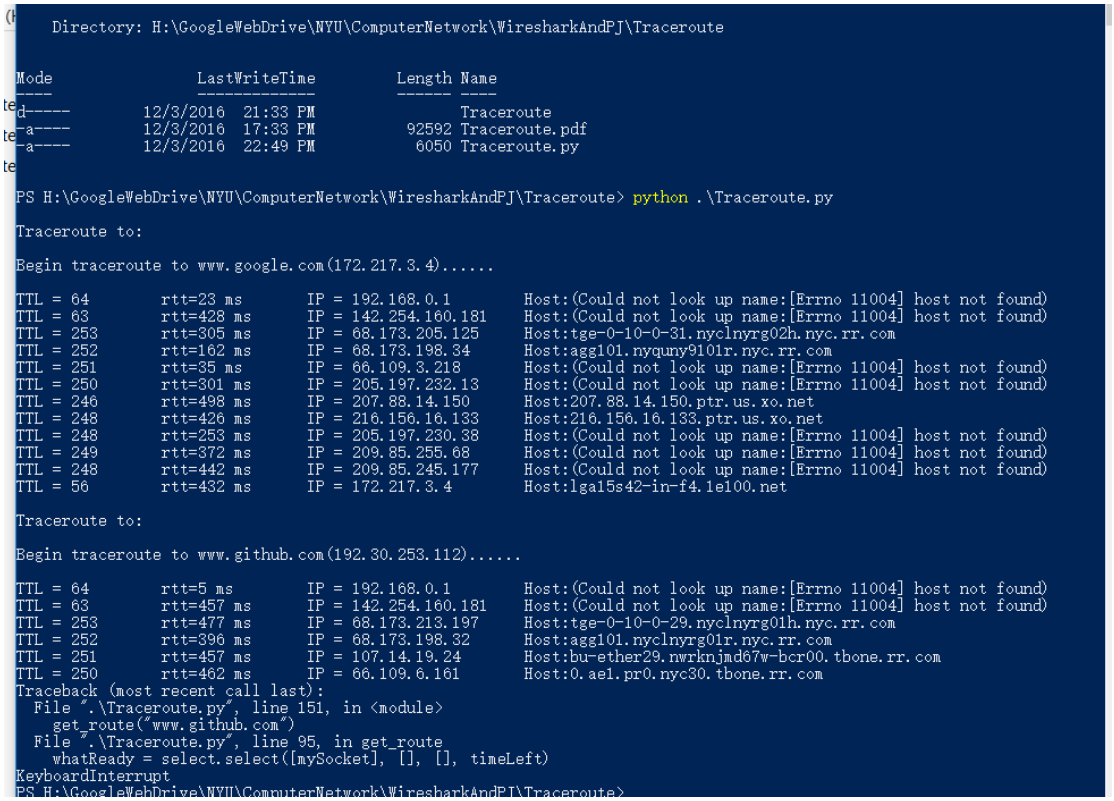
```
                # display RTT in ms
                RTT = (timeReceived - struct.unpack("d", recvPacket[28:36])[0])
* 1000


                # try to get hostname of each router in the path
                try:
                    routerHostname = gethostbyaddr(addr[0])[0]
                except herror as emsg:
                    routerHostname = "(Could not look up name:" + str(emsg)
+")"


                #Fill in end
                if type == 11:
                    bytes = struct.calcsize("d")
                    timeSent = struct.unpack("d", recvPacket[28:28 + bytes])[0]
                    print("TTL = %d\trtt=%.0f ms\tIP = %s\tHost:%s" %(ttl,
(timeReceived -t)*1000, addr[0], routerHostname))
                elif type == 3:
                    bytes = struct.calcsize("d")
                    timeSent = struct.unpack("d", recvPacket[28:28 + bytes])[0]
                    print("TTL = %d\trtt=%.0f ms\tIP = %s\tHost:%s" %(ttl,
(timeReceived-t)*1000, addr[0], routerHostname))
                elif type == 0:
```

```
                    bytes = struct.calcsize("d")
                    timeSent = struct.unpack("d", recvPacket[28:28 + bytes])[0]
                    print("TTL = %d\trtt=%.0f ms\tIP = %s\tHost:%s" %(ttl,
(timeReceived - timeSent)*1000, addr[0], routerHostname))
                    return
                else:
                    print("error")
                break
            finally:
                mySocket.close()



# traceroute to different host
print("\nTraceroute to: \n")
get_route("www.google.com")

print("\nTraceroute to: \n")
get_route("www.github.com")

print("\nTraceroute to: \n")
get_route("www.poly.edu")
```

[Results and Analysis]

We connect to Google.com and github.com

And it works with details of each hop.



The reason for LAB4 ping request timeout is clear.

The host 54.209.255.182 didn't reply any ICMP reply from us.