

50X1

**Page Denied**

## THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST--2 JANUARY 1964

## 1. CYPRUS:

A. BRITISH PATROLS ARE MAINTAINING A TENUOUS TRUCE, BUT LOCAL INCIDENTS COULD LEAD TO LARGE-SCALE VIOLENCE.

B. THE BRITISH ARE AIRLIFTING 700 MORE TROOPS TO CYPRUS AND HAVE ALERTED A PARATROOP BRIGADE.

C. MEANWHILE, THE MILITARY PREPARATIONS OF BOTH TURKEY AND GREECE CONTINUE TO CONCERN US. IN SOUTHERN TURKEY, FORCES ARE BEING READIED FOR A POSSIBLE MOVE AGAINST CYPRUS.

D. AFTER CALLING AN EMERGENCY MEETING EARLY THIS MORNING OF THE GREEK CHIEFS OF STAFF, THE MINISTER OF DEFENSE AND PARTY LEADERS, PREMIER PARASKEVOPoulos, PLACED THE ARMED FORCES ON A STATE OF "IMMEDIATE READINESS."

## 2. ARAB CONFERENCE:

A. AN ARAB SUMMIT CONFERENCE IS NOW SCHEDULED TO MEET 13 JANUARY IN CAIRO TO DEVELOP A UNIFIED ARAB RESPONSE TO ISRAELI PLANS TO DIVERT THE JORDAN WATERS.

B. ISRAEL IS EXPECTED TO BEGIN PUMPING TESTS FOR THE PROJECT IN LATE JANUARY OR EARLY FEBRUARY.

C. NASIR HAS BEEN AT PAINS TO SPREAD THE WORD THAT THE EGYPTIANS DO NOT CONTEMPLATE MILITARY ACTION.

(CONT'D)

D. THE CONFERENCE, CALLED ON HIS INITIATIVE, SEEMS DESIGNED MORE TO GUARD AGAINST SOME RASH SYRIAN MOVE, TO PREPARE POLITICAL COUNTERMEASURES AND TO MEND FENCES WITH THE OTHER ARAB STATES.

50X1

3. NATIONALIST CHINA:

A. AMBASSADOR WRIGHT DOES NOT THINK TAIPEI WILL BREAK RELATIONS WITH TOKYO OVER THE JAPANESE DECISION TO RETURN THE CHINESE COMMUNIST DEFECTOR TO THE MAINLAND.

B. NEVERTHELESS, HE DOES EXPECT SOME FURTHER LIMITED DIPLOMATIC MOVES AND SOME ACTION AGAINST JAPANESE ECONOMIC EXPERTS NOW IN TAIPEI.

C. PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK SAID IN A RATHER EMOTIONAL INTERVIEW WITH THE AMBASSADOR THAT JAPANESE HANDLING OF THE CASE WAS THE DIRECT RESULT OF US "CODDLING" OF JAPAN.

50X1

4. NOTES:

A. USSR: AMBASSADOR KOHLER BELIEVES THAT SECRETARY McNAMARA'S STATEMENT ON A \$1 BILLION REDUCTION IN OUR DEFENSE BUDGET MAY INFLUENCE A DECISION BY THE SOVIETS REGARDING REDUCTION OF THEIR FORCES. HE SAYS THIS MATTER IS APPARENTLY STILL UNDER DISCUSSION IN MOSCOW.

B. SAUDI ARABIA: CROWN PRINCE FAYSAL APPEARS TO HAVE WON HIS RECENT CONTEST FOR POWER WITH KING SAUD.

[REDACTED]

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

C. USSR: [REDACTED]

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

E. USSR - EGYPT: KHRUSHCHEV WILL NOT VISIT CAIRO UNTIL AFTER THE ARAB SUMMIT MEETING WHICH OPENS ON 13 JANUARY.

50X1

**TOP SECRET**

**TOP SECRET**

50X1

**Page Denied**

**THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST--3 JANUARY 1964****1. CYPRUS:**

[Redacted]

50X1

**B. ADDITIONAL BRITISH [REDACTED] UNITS ARE BEING MOVED  
TO THE ISLAND TODAY.**

50X1

**C. [REDACTED]**

[REDACTED] **THE TURKISH PROPOSAL THAT ANKARA AND ATHENS BOTH  
REINFORCE THEIR TROOPS ON CYPRUS--A PROPOSAL WHICH THE  
GREEKS INTERPRET AS SETTING THE STAGE FOR TURKISH INTER-  
VENTION.**

50X1

**D. AN EMERGENCY NATO COUNCIL MEETING YESTERDAY HEARD  
THE GREEKS ASK THE COUNCIL TO PREVENT A UNILATERAL TURKISH  
MOVE.**

**E. MEANWHILE, THE GREEK CYPRIOTS HAVE ACCEPTED LON-  
DON'S CALL FOR A CONFERENCE. GREECE ALSO FAVORS THE IDEA,  
BUT THE TURKS THINK THE IDEA "PREMATURE" UNTIL ORDER IS  
RESTORED. THE TURKS, PERHAPS BECAUSE OF POOR COMMUNICATION  
WITH THE TURKISH CYPRIOTS, SEEM TO THINK THE SITUATION ON  
THE ISLAND IS COMPLETELY OUT OF CONTROL.**

(CONT'D)

F. THE MAINLAND FORCES OF BOTH REMAIN AT HIGH ALERT.

G. [REDACTED]

50X1

H. PRESS REPORTS THAT THE GREEKS HAVE SIX DESTROYERS AND SIX TROOPSHIPS LOADED AWAITING ORDERS HAVE NOT YET BEEN VERIFIED [REDACTED]

50X1

2. YEMEN:

A. PRINCE FAYSAL HAS AGREED TO AN EXTENSION OF THE UN MISSION IN YEMEN FOR ANOTHER TWO MONTHS.

B. WE HAVE NO PRESENT INDICATION THAT HE WILL UNDERCUT THIS BY ALLOWING THE SUPPLIES THAT HAVE BEEN ACCUMULATING AT THE BORDER TO MOVE INTO ROYALIST HANDS.

C. [REDACTED]

50X1

D. [REDACTED]

50X1

E. [REDACTED]

50X1

F. EGYPTIAN BROADCASTS VILIFYING THE SAUDIS HAVE, HOWEVER, BEEN MUTUAL FOR THE TIME BEING, PROBABLY IN ORDER NOT TO JEOPARDIZE FAYSAL'S ATTENDANCE AT NASIR'S ARAB SUMMIT MEETING WHICH OPENS IN CAIRO ON 13 JANUARY. [REDACTED]

50X1

50X1

3. KASHMIR:

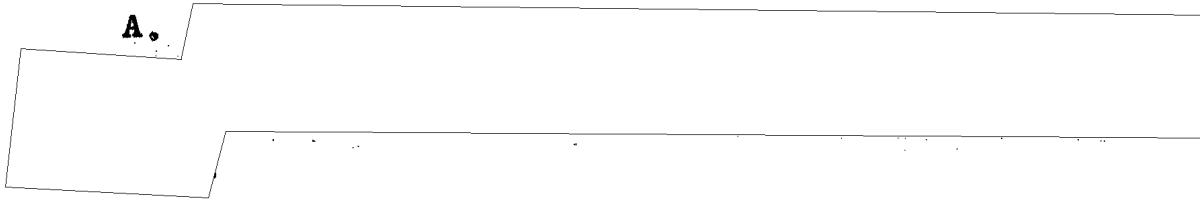
A. MOSLEMS ARE STILL FLOODING INTO KASHMIR'S CAPITAL OF SRINAGAR TO PROTEST THE DISAPPEARANCE LAST WEEK OF AN ALLEGED RELIC OF THE PROPHET MOHAMMED.

B. MASSIVE DEMONSTRATIONS HAVE ALREADY OCCURRED AND INDIAN TROOP REINFORCEMENTS ARE BEING MOVED IN.

C. NEW DELHI IS OBVIOUSLY CONCERNED AT THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE RELIGIOUS UNREST MAY TURN INTO A RISING AGAINST INDIAN RULE. PAKISTANI PROPAGANDISTS ARE WORKING IN THIS DIRECTION.

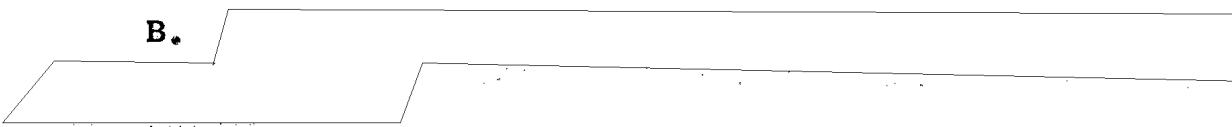
4. CUBA:

A.



50X1

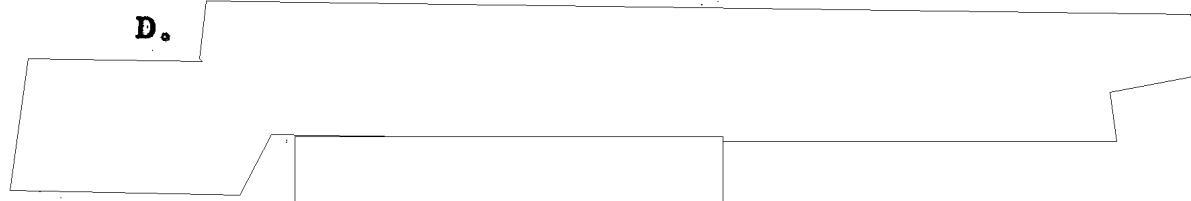
B.



50X1

C. CASTRO DEVOTED MUCH OF HIS ANNIVERSARY SPEECH YESTERDAY TO SHOWING HOW THE US HAD FAILED TO ISOLATE CUBA. OTHERWISE, HE GAVE MOST ATTENTION TO PROMISES OF A BETTER FUTURE FOR THE CUBAN PEOPLE.

D.



50X1

50X1

5. NOTES:

A. FRANCE - CAMBODIA: FRENCH ARMED FORCES MINISTER MESSMER LEAVES FOR CAMBODIA THIS WEEKEND FOR WHAT FRENCH OFFICIALS SAY WILL BE PRIMARILY "EXPLORATORY TALKS." [REDACTED] 50X1

[REDACTED] HE WILL HAVE AUTHORITY TO PLAY THINGS BY EAR.

B. CAMBODIA: [REDACTED]

C. ETHIOPIA: THE ETHIOPIAN DEFENSE MINISTER AND ACTING FOREIGN MINISTER ARE FEARFUL OF THE EMPEROR'S WRATH WHEN HE LEARNS OF THEIR FAILURE TO GET ADDITIONAL MILITARY AID THEY ASKED FOR FROM US. THEY ARE THREATENING TO RECOGNIZE COMMUNIST CHINA IN THE HOPE THIS MIGHT CHANGE OUR MIND. THE EMPEROR IS THE ONLY ONE WHO COULD MAKE SUCH A DECISION, [REDACTED]

D. GHANA: YESTERDAY'S ATTEMPT ON NKRUMAH'S LIFE IS VIRTUALLY CERTAIN TO BRING FORTH ANOTHER ROUND OF ANTI-US HYSTERIA, AS WAS THE CASE IN 1962. IT WILL ALSO ADD IMPETUS TO A PURGE AND GOVERNMENT REORGANIZATION WHICH PRO-COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN URGING ON NKRUMAH.

50X1

E. BRAZIL - OAS: BRAZIL IS LOBBYING FOR SUPPORT IN A SCHEME TO WATER DOWN THE REPORT OF THE OAS COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING CUBAN ARMS IN VENEZUELA SO THAT NO FIRM ACTION WILL BE CALLED FOR. SO FAR, MEXICO AND CHILE HAVE SHOWN INTEREST.

50X1

F. CUBA:

50X1

G. INTERNATIONAL OIL: THE CURRENT ROUND OF MEETINGS OF THE ORGANIZATION OF PETROLEUM EXPORTING COUNTRIES HAS ENDED WITH A DECISION NOT TO BOYCOTT THE INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES, BUT TO TRY AGAIN THROUGH NEGOTIATION TO GET A BETTER DEAL. IRAN FAVORED ACCEPTANCE OF THE COMPANIES' PRESENT OFFER, BUT THE REST, PARTICULARLY IRAQ AND VENEZUELA, FOUND IT UNACCEPTABLE, AND IRAN DID NOT PRESS THE MATTER TO THE POINT OF BREAKING UP THE ORGANIZATION.

50X1

**TOP SECRET**

**TOP SECRET**

50X1

**Page Denied**

**THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST--4 JANUARY 1964**

**1. CYPRUS:**

A. NO SERIOUS INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED YESTERDAY FOLLOWING AGREEMENT BY LEADERS OF THE TWO CYPRIOT COMMUNITIES TO JOIN THE GUARANTOR POWERS FOR TALKS IN LONDON.

B. THE TIMING OF THESE TALKS IS OPEN, BUT THE BRITISH ARE PRESSING FOR THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE CONVENING.

[Redacted]

50X1

F. IN TURKEY, INONU'S NEW COALITION, WHICH HAD BEEN UNDER ATTACK FOR ITS HANDLING OF THE CYPRUS CRISIS, GOT ITS VOTE OF CONFIDENCE FROM THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

THIS FORESTALLS FOR THE TIME BEING THE THREAT OF A MILITARY TAKEOVER.

50X1

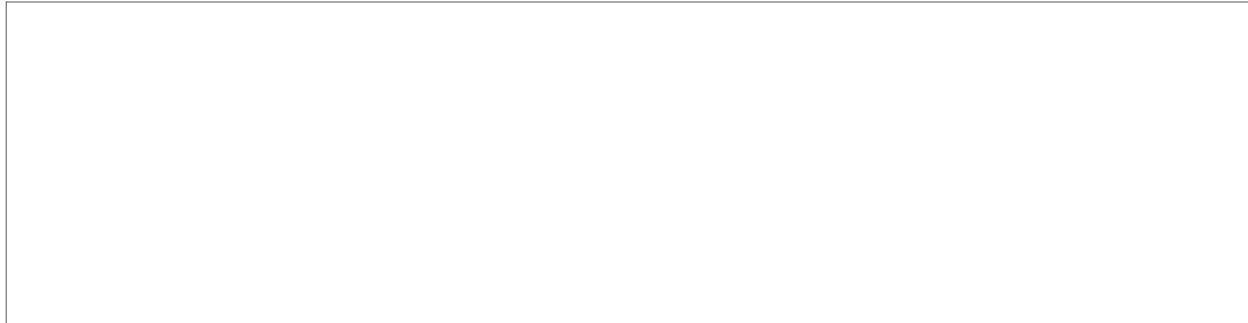
50X1

**2. CUBA-SPAIN:**

[Redacted]

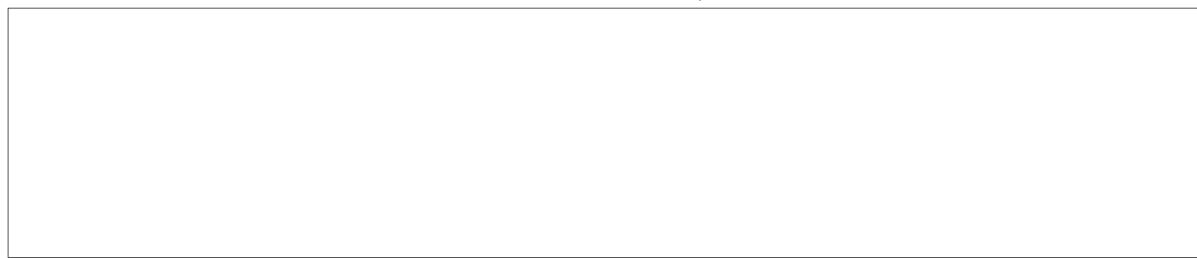
(CONT'D)

50X1



**3. INDONESIA:**

**A. THE INDONESIANS, WITH A STRONG SECOND FROM THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS, ARE TRYING TO ROUND UP BACKING FOR ANOTHER AFRO-ASIAN CONFERENCE ALONG THE LINES OF THE 1955 CONFERENCE IN BANDUNG.**



50X1

**C. SUCH A "SECOND BANDUNG" CONFERENCE WOULD BE IN DIRECT COMPETITION WITH THE "SECOND BELGRADE" CONFERENCE, A MEETING OF NON-ALIGNED STATES TITO AND NASIR ARE TRYING TO ARRANGE.**

**D. NEHRU, NORMALLY UNENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT SUCH AFFAIRS, IS SUPPORTING THE TITO-NASIR VERSION, PERHAPS BECAUSE IT WOULD EXCLUDE THE CHINESE.**

50X1

**4. COMMUNIST CHINA - JAPAN:**

**A. PEIPING IS TRYING TO AGGRAVATE TOKYO'S RELATIONS WITH TAIPEI, ALREADY BADLY STRAINED, BY ITS FAMILIAR TACTIC**

**(CONT'D)**

OF PLAYING ON JAPANESE BELIEFS ABOUT THE VAST POTENTIAL OF THE CHINA MARKET.

B. IN RECENT WEEKS THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE REVERSED THEIR FIELD AND NOW SAY THEY WILL EXCHANGE TRADE MISSIONS WITHOUT INSISTING ON DIPLOMATIC STATUS.



50X1

D. THE JAPANESE, WHO ARE USED TO THIS TREATMENT, WILL PROBABLY TEMPORIZE ON THE TRADE MISSION WHILE ALLOWING PRIVATE JAPANESE FIRMS TO LOOK INTO THE TRADE OFFERS.

5. NOTES:

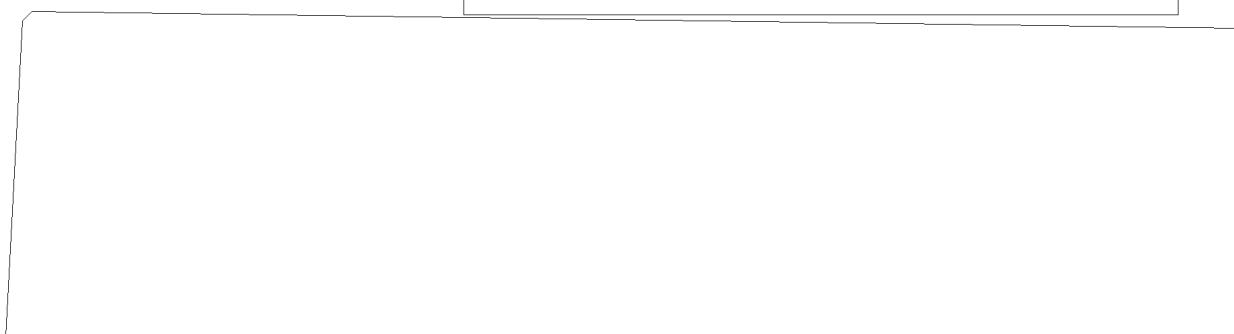
A. USSR: 

50X1  
50X1

B. FRANCE-US: DE GAULLE TOLD REPORTERS ON THURSDAY THAT HE WOULD PROBABLY BE STOPPING AT MARTINIQUE AND GUADELOUPE ON HIS RETURN FROM MEXICO IN MARCH. HE PROBABLY WISHES TO ENCOURAGE SPECULATION THAT HE IS AVAILABLE FOR A MEETING WITH PRESIDENT JOHNSON IN THE FRENCH CARIBBEAN.

C. UAR-YEMEN: 

50X1



(CONT'D)

D. INDONESIA-MALAYSIA: SUKARNO HAS STARTED THE NEW YEAR BY ORDERING AN INTENSIFICATION OF THE INDONESIAN EFFORT TO DESTROY MALAYSIA. WE ARE NOT SURE WHAT ADDITIONAL MEASURES HE HAS IN MIND, BUT HE HAS TALKED ABOUT STEPPING UP BORDER PATROLS AND PERHAPS PAYING A PERSONAL VISIT TO INDONESIAN BORNEO.

E. THAILAND-CAMBODIA: THE THAIS, WHO ARE VIOLENTLY OPPOSED TO SIHANOUK'S 14-NATION CONFERENCE TO GUARANTEE CAMBODIAN NEUTRALITY, ARE TOYING WITH THE IDEA OF COUNTERING BY CALLING FOR A PURELY SOUTHEAST ASIAN CONFERENCE WITHOUT CHINESE OR US ATTENDANCE. WE DOUBT THAT SIHANOUK WOULD ACCEPT.

F. ALGERIA-TANGANYIKA: A CONSIGNMENT OF ALGERIAN ARMS HAS ARRIVED IN DAR-ES-SALAAM. THE ARMS, WHICH BEN BELLA PROMISED PRESIDENT NYERERE LAST JULY, ARE LARGEMLY FOR THE TANGANYIKAN ARMY BUT SOME MAY END UP IN THE HANDS OF REFUGEES FROM MOZAMBIQUE AND SOUTH AFRICA WHO ARE NOW BASED IN TANGANYIKA.

G. ETHIOPIA: [REDACTED]

50X1

OUR EMBASSY IN ADDIS ABABA REPORTS THAT HAILE SELASSIE HAS FOR SOME TIME BEEN PLAYING WITH THE IDEA OF RECOGNIZING COMMUNIST CHINA AND COULD REGARD THE NEGATIVE US REPLY TO HIS LATEST REQUEST FOR MILITARY AID AS THE EXCUSE.

**Page Denied**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200080001-4

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**6 JANUARY 1964**  
~~TOP SECRET~~

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200080001-4

1. Cyprus

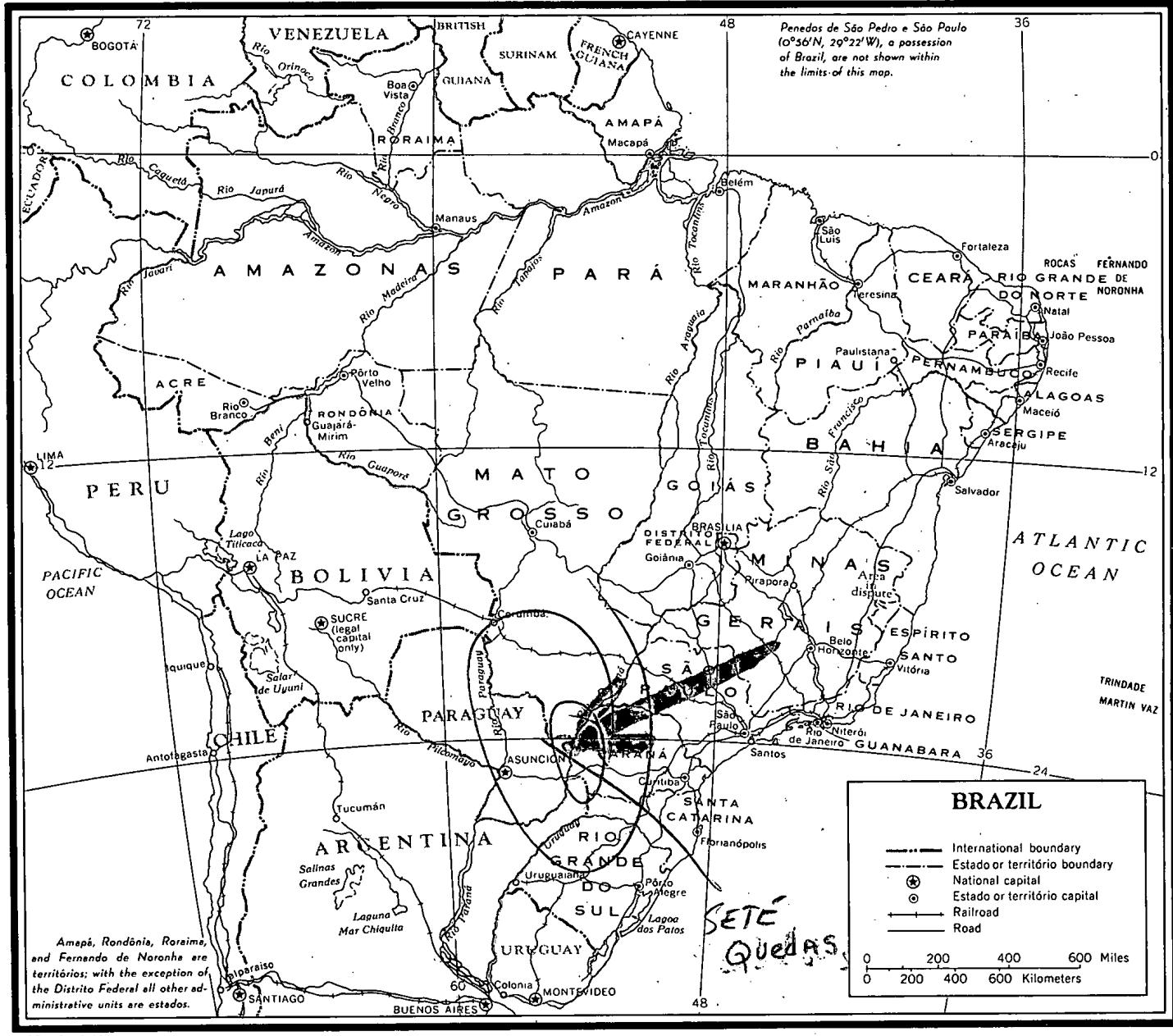
- a. The island is calm, but an air of fear and siege remains in Turkish Cypriot quarters.
- b. Only British patrols move between the two areas of Nicosia. Tripartite military helicopters are ferrying badly needed food to villages outside Nicosia.
- c. There is little optimism in Cypriot circles about the forthcoming London talks. The British want to start Friday, but it may be next week before the talks begin.
- d. Both Ankara and Athens are cooling down a bit, though their forces are still on the alert.
- e. Turkish military leaders now say that there was never any intention by Turkey to intervene unilaterally in Cyprus, and US observers see no signs of imminent operations against the island.

50X1

2. France - Communist China

- a. In the past week both Foreign Minister Couve de Murville and the chief of his Asian department have dwelt on the political advantages of closer Paris-Peiping relations.

(Cont'd)



b. They argue, for example, that a lasting solution of the Indo-China problem will have to involve the Chinese and that Peiping could be a useful counter against the USSR.

c. These officials say they do not know when De Gaulle will move or how far he is prepared to go.

d. The general, who has made similar arguments for closer relations, assured Ambassador Bohlen in November that the US would be "informed" prior to any Paris move.

e. He may take the matter up in his press conference later this month.

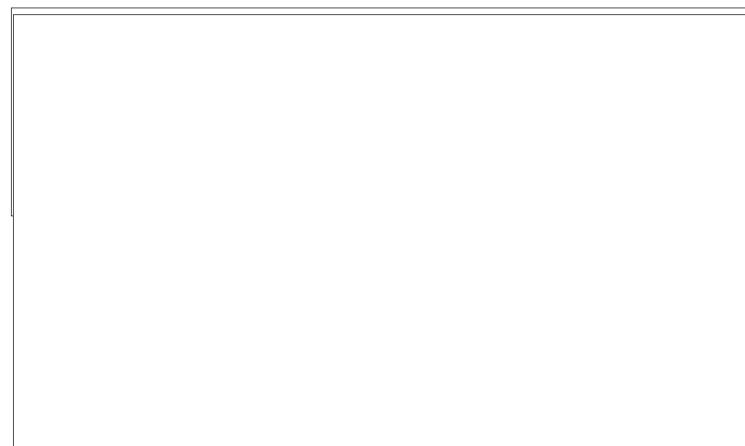
### 3. Brazil-USSR

a. A team of Soviet hydroelectric technicians is in Brazil to discuss the Sete Quedas power project, a pet scheme of President Goulart.

b. As Goulart sees it, Sete Quedas will be the largest power complex in the world. It is to have a capacity of 10,000,000 kws, and cost an estimated \$1 billion.

(Cont'd)

50X1

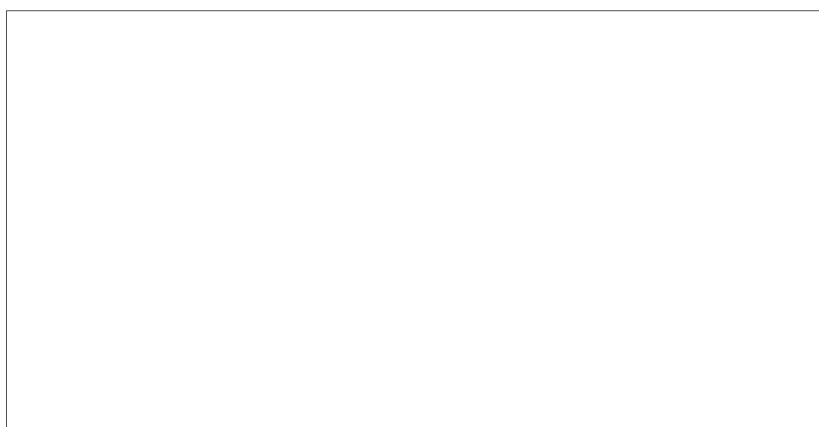


50X1

4. Cambodia

a. Sihanouk still insists that  
the US meet his conditions before  
there can be a "reconciliation."

50X1



d. [redacted]  
[redacted] pledged French military  
and economic aid to Cambodia [redacted]

50X1

50X1

50X1

50X1

50X1

NOTES

A. USSR - Eastern Europe Khrushchev has left Poland for an undisclosed location after a three-day working vacation. Flight bans were up this morning for all of East Germany, suggesting that this may be his next stop.

B. Arab Summit Saudi Arabia has finally agreed to attend, but has not designated a representative.

50X1

C. Indonesia-Malaysia

50X1

D. Nationalist China - Japan The on-again, off-again repatriation of the Chinese defector is now scheduled for today or tomorrow. His departure could signal anti-Japanese outbursts in Taipei, as well as anti-government demonstrations by the rightist elements in Japan.

E. Congo Adoula is now willing to accept new Soviet diplomats in Leopoldville but is thinking of limiting their number. Prior to their expulsion last November, Soviet Embassy personnel numbered close to a hundred.

50X1

50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200090001-3

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**7 JANUARY 1964**  
~~TOP SECRET~~

1. South Vietnam

- a. Yesterday's reorganization of the Vietnamese top military command ought to improve the government's military effectiveness against the Viet Cong.
- b. Junta leader General Minh remains supreme armed forces commander. General Tran Van Don becomes commander in chief of the armed forces while remaining defense minister.
- c. General Le Van Kim, the third member of the junta's inner leadership, becomes chief of the Joint General Staff under General Don.
- d. Other shifts seem designed to neutralize generals suspected by the junta of having political ambitions. General Dinh, the security minister, has been relieved of command of the strategic Third Corps which encircles Saigon.
- e. The reorganization makes the Joint General Staff the operational high command of the armed forces. This should result in a clear chain of command which has been notably lacking in the past.

2. Cyprus

- a. Turkey and Greece are attempting to set back the date of the proposed quadripartite conference on Cyprus for at least a few days.
- b. Both countries have told the UK that 10 January is too early and have suggested a preconference meeting of the foreign ministers of the three guarantor powers.
- c. Makarios has accepted a proposal for a UN observer on Cyprus. The UK representative at the UN favors Ralph Bunche for this job.
- d. Tension rose on the island yesterday following two incidents. Five Turkish journalists were detained by the Greeks and five Greek post office workers were held by the Turks.

[REDACTED]

50X1

3. Iraq

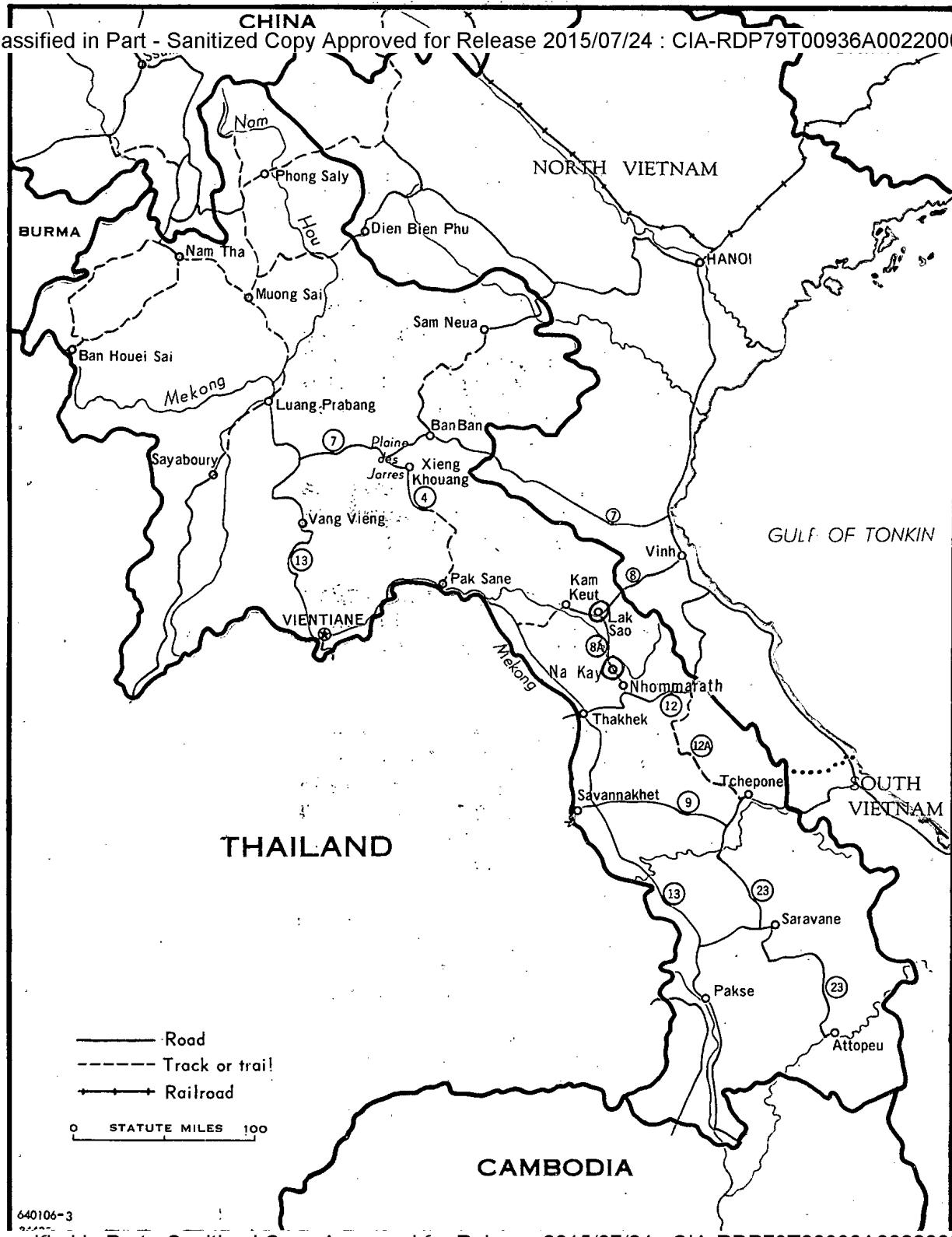
- a. [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] plotting by Iraqi opposition groups against President Arif and his regime.

50X1

50X1

(Cont'd)

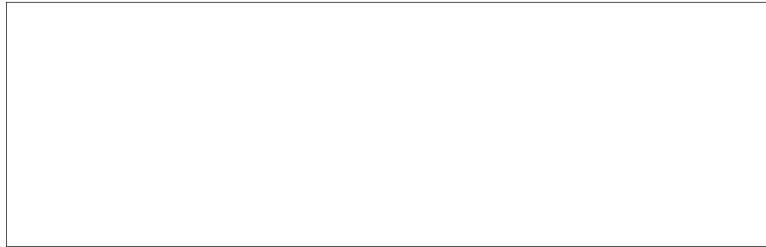
Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200090001-3



640106-3

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200090001-3

50X1



c. Although we do not rule out the possibility of an assassination attempt against Arif, the President seems well aware of the plotting [redacted]

50X1  
50X1

4. Laos

a. Communist forces are continuing to press neutralist and right-wing forces in central Laos.

b. Their object seems to be to gain full control over Route 8-A, an important north-south supply link.

c. In recent weeks, some Communist forces have moved south from Lak Sao, while other elements are now positioned only four miles south of Na Kay. This town is the most important position held by the non-Communists on Route 8-A.

c. Neutralist forces defending the Na Kay plateau region would probably be unable to hold their positions against a determined Communist offensive.

[redacted]  
50X1

NOTES

A. Cuba-UK Havana radio reports that the Cuban Foreign Commerce Agency and Leyland Motors Ltd. of Great Britain have signed a \$10 million agreement for the delivery of 400 buses and spare parts on a five-year credit basis.

B. USSR-Egypt Khrushchev's trip to Egypt has been postponed indefinitely

50X1  
50X1

C. Guatemala Army patrols continue to skirmish with guerrillas in the mountains near Guatemala's Caribbean coast. Cuban broadcasts praise the Guatemalan guerrillas as the spearhead of opposition to the Peralta regime.

50X1

D. Cambodia-France The French radio says Prince Sihanouk is expected to visit Paris in the spring at De Gaulle's invitation.

50X1  
50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200100001-1

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**8 JANUARY 1964**

**~~TOP SECRET~~**

1. Cyprus

- a. Agreement has been reached for gradually restoring freedom of movement throughout the island, but mutual distrust remains a considerable barrier to circulation.
- b. The Turkish Cypriots remain convinced that a return to the status quo ante is impossible. They have taken several steps toward the establishment of a separate de facto administration in their sector of Nicosia.
- c. The conference opens next Wednesday or Thursday in London. It will be preceded by a meeting on Monday of the Greek, Turkish, and British foreign ministers.

2. Indonesia

- a. Sukarno has long planned to go to Phnom Penh after his Manila visit, and, as things now stand, he will be doing so this weekend.
- b. While there, he will probably try to enlist Sihanouk's help in getting Maphilindo talks going again.

(Cont'd)

c. Sihanouk would be more inclined toward Indonesia's position in the dispute. He is not likely to be very influential with the Malaysians.

d. We now have word Sukarno will almost certainly visit the US in April to dedicate the Indonesian exhibition at the World's Fair. No doubt he will want to come to Washington.

3. France-Cambodia

a. The French have verified Sihanouk's announcement that Messmer offered Cambodia 20 AMX-13 tanks, 100 trucks, and 18 aircraft.

b. Twelve of the aircraft are piston trainers and 6 are piston transports.

c. This aid is a one-time gift, not a continuing commitment. Our embassy reports there are no provisions for maintenance and support costs, without which most of this equipment will be unusable in six months.

d. The Cambodians are nonetheless making much of it, and Sihanouk will be even more convinced he is on the right track.

(Cont'd)

[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200100001-1

e. We still do not know the amount of technical and economic aid to be included in the French package, but the French have repeatedly asserted it will be modest.

NOTES

- A. Angola We have confirmed that Foreign Minister Chen Yi has offered arms to Holden Roberto, the most prominent Angolan dissident leader, and invited him to Peiping. Roberto, who feels the West is not putting enough pressure on Portugal, may accept the offer of help, but probably will not go himself to Peiping.
- B. Greece The King has not yet dissolved parliament and called for new elections. Perhaps he remains hopeful for some other solution, but we doubt he will find one. We still expect new elections to be held next month.
- C. West Indies At next week's West Indies "summit," Jamaica's Williams and Trinidad's Bustamente will try to swerve Cheddi Jagan from his pro-Communist orientation. Williams plans to propose a West Indies economic association at this meeting and may try to bring Jagan around by threatening to exclude him.
- D. Mexico-USSR [redacted] 50X1  
President Mateos may visit the USSR before his term expires at the end of this year.
- E. Taiwan Straits [redacted] 50X1  
[redacted] Soviet ships have transited the Taiwan Straits.  
[redacted] 50X1  
Apparently the Soviets feel that with Moscow-Peiping relations bad, the Nationalists will leave their ships alone. [redacted] 50X1
- F. India Press reports of Nehru's illness are probably accurate. [redacted] 50X6  
[redacted] 50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200110001-0

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**9 JANUARY 1964  
~~TOP SECRET~~**

1. Cyprus

a. The barricades started coming down yesterday in Nicosia and this morning most of the main thoroughfares were open to traffic.

b. In the Greek Cypriot areas, schools are open and economic activity is returning to normal. Turkish Cypriots, however, have been slow to respond; they are waiting to see how the new arrangements for their security work in practice.

c. Both communities are skeptical that next week's London talks will produce a lasting solution.

d. The Turkish side wants partition, or at least some sort of administrative separation. The Greeks continue to demand a broad revision of the constitution and an end to the right of Greece or Turkey to intervene.

2. France - Communist China

a. Foreign Minister Couve de Murville on Tuesday informed Ambassador Bohlen that a French decision has been made "in principle" in favor of recognizing Communist China.

(Cont'd)

b. Couve added that the timing and the conditions are not yet fixed. He said he would try to get further details from De Gaulle and let us know in the next day or so.

c. Bohlen thought that the foreign minister seemed fully aware of all the implications of such a step and Couve indicated that De Gaulle is fully informed concerning the US position.

d. Later, Ambassador Bohlen mentioned the subject to De Gaulle at a social function, but De Gaulle did not comment.

e. Other senior French officials expressed the strong opinion that France would not recognize if this meant a break in relations with Taiwan.

3. Cuba-USSR

a. [redacted]

[redacted] Cuban pilots returned to Havana [redacted] after completing training with MIG-21s in the USSR.

50X1  
50X1

50X1

b. In addition, the Soviet passenger ship Krupskaya (capacity 350) brought back Cuban military people who had received missile and radar training in the Soviet Union.

(Cont'd)

c. This latter group could be the Cuban technicians who will service and maintain the SAM and air defense equipment.

d. Most of the training of Cubans on Soviet equipment takes place in Cuba.

50X1

4. India

50X6

a. We still are not quite sure what ails Nehru.



c. The illness has, however, raised once again the problem of a successor, which Nehru has dodged for years.

d. The most likely candidate for his mantle, in our view, is Lal Bahadur Shastri, a 59-year-old Congress Party wheel horse. Formerly home minister, he is now devoting his time to rebuilding the party machine.

NOTES

A. USSR-US Moscow radio and the TASS news agency have featured extensive summaries of the President's State-of-the-Union message, while the party newspaper Pravda carried a brief account on an inside page. No editorial comment has yet appeared.

B. France

50X1  
50X1

C. Communist China - Kenya

Peiping has granted Kenya some \$200,000 to send students to China. Many African students who have studied in China in the past few years have been disillusioned by the racial discrimination and difficult living conditions they encounter.

50X1  
50X1

50X1

D. USSR-UAR Cairo has submitted new requests for military aid

50X1  
50X1

50X1

50X1  
50X1

E. Brazil

in addition to the Soviets, Brazil will invite Italian, American, Japanese, and French technicians to examine the site of the Sete Quedas power project.

50X1

50X1  
50X1

there is no question of any commitments for financing, either by the Soviets or anyone else..

50X1

F. China-Japan A late press report says that the Chinese Nationalists have decided to close down their embassy in Tokyo. Taipei is reacting to the Japanese decision to permit a Chinese defector to change his mind and return to the mainland.

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200120001-9

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE REVIEW**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**4-9 JANUARY 1964  
~~TOP SECRET~~**

9 January 1964

1. France - Communist China Couve de Murville told Ambassador Bohlen yesterday that a decision had been made "in principle" to recognize Communist China. Timing and conditions have not been set. Bohlen also reports word from the French that Chou En-lai and Chen Yi have rented a bungalow near Geneva for an unspecified date. This could mean nothing more than a short rest on their current travels.

2. Cambodia-US-France

50X1

Our Embassy in Phnom Penh reports that French military assistance offered Cambodia by Defense Minister Messmer early this week is apparently a one-shot deal, not a continuing commitment. It will, however, have considerable impact on Sihanouk.

50X1

3. Indonesia-US Sukarno will very likely come to New York in April to open Indonesia's World's Fair exhibit. He will probably want to come to Washington too.

50X1

5. Japan-China Taipei says it is closing down its embassy in Tokyo because the Japanese have allowed a one-time Communist Chinese defector to return to the mainland. Consular and trade relations remain intact.

50X1  
50X1

6. Afro-Asian conferences Sukarno is attempting to drum up a second Bandung conference (the first was in 1955) and wants a preparatory meeting next month.

50X1

7. India

The succession issue is still unresolved, but we think 59-year-old Congress Party wheelhorse Lal Bahadur Shastri is the most likely candidate.

50X6  
50X6  
50X1

8. Cyprus Barricades are coming down and freedom of movement is gradually being restored as tensions relax somewhat. Even so, Turkish Cypriots are staying to themselves under administrative and security arrangements which in effect make them a state within a state. They do not want a return to the status quo ante, but some form of administrative separation. The conference of British, Turkish, and Greek foreign ministers plus leaders of the two Cypriot factions opens in London next Wednesday, following a meeting on Monday of the three foreign ministers alone.

9. Arab Summit Nasir's Arab summit conference opens in Cairo on Monday. We [redacted] believe Egypt wants to prevent any dangerous unilateral Syrian reaction to Israel's Jordan River water project. The meeting, Nasir says, has long been scheduled, but had to be postponed until the Baathist hold in both Iraq and Syria was weakened.

50X1  
50X1

50X1.1

10.

50X1  
50X1

11. France

550X1

12. West Germany US Ambassador McGhee found Chancellor Erhard still beaming with satisfaction at the Texas meeting..."it was not only a good meeting. It was a real pleasure."

13. OAS Report on Cuban arms [redacted] 50X1  
the special OAS commission investigating Cuban arms  
in Venezuela, [redacted] 50X1  
[redacted] the rough draft of the commission's report  
affirms that the arms in question had, in fact, come  
from Cuba; that they were probably intended for sub-  
versive purposes in Venezuela; [redacted] 50X1  
[redacted] 50X1
14. Cuba-USSR [redacted] 50X1  
[redacted] Cuban pilots returned to Havana last month after  
finishing MIG-21 training in the USSR. Also some  
350 Cuban military trainees in missile and radar work  
(probably for the SAMs) have just returned. Most  
Cuban training on Soviet equipment takes place in  
Cuba. [redacted] 50X1
15. West Indies Summit At the West Indies "summit"  
next week Trinidad's Williams and Jamaica's Busta-  
mente hope to swerve British Guiana's Jagan from  
his pro-Communist course. Williams will propose a  
West Indies economic association at this meeting and  
may try to bring Jagan around by threatening to ex-  
clude him.
16. Mexico-USSR [redacted] 50X1  
President Mateos will probably visit the USSR before  
his term expires at the end of this year.
17. State-of-the-Union message The State-of-the-Union  
message was promptly reported in summary form by  
Soviet and East European media [redacted] 50X1  
[redacted] References to curtailment  
of plutonium production and closing nonessential  
military installations were included, but the call  
on our adversaries to do the same was omitted.  
[redacted] 50X1

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

A Havana commentator, noting a general lack of bellicosity, called it "frankly encouraging" that the speech seems to follow the policy outlined by President Kennedy at American University; but, he said, it also showed no evidence that there exists an "adequate understanding" of Latin American problems and still contained "calumnious words" for Cuba.

West European commentaries generally stress the continuity of policies and similarity in objectives between the Kennedy and Johnson administrations: ..."a passionate appeal for completion of the Kennedy program...." "...The message deserves the confidence not only of the Americans but also of their allies, whom it was also directed...." A number went on to note that the budget cuts clearly bore President Johnson's own stamp.

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200130001-8

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**10 JANUARY 1964  
~~TOP SECRET~~**

LATE ITEM

Panama

a. Last night's rioting developed out of a dispute between US and Panamanian students over flying the flags of the two nations in front of a Canal Zone high school.

b. Canal Zone police met resistance when they tried to move the Panamanian students out of the Zone. The students were joined by other Panamanians at the border where the violence started.

c. The issue of flying the Panamanian flag in the Zone has always been a bone of contention, with the Panamanians insisting on this dual display. Violence also followed a flag incident in the Zone in November 1959.

d. The Canal Zone Government recently extended an earlier agreement on dual display to include additional sites and to stipulate that neither flag could fly alone.

e. From 70-80 Panamanians are reported wounded and seven dead. Two US soldiers were killed when students assaulted the US Embassy.

(Cont'd)

f. Anti-US reaction in the wake of last night's developments is likely to be prolonged.

g. President Chiari has appealed to the OAS and to the UN. It is not yet clear to us whether Panama plans to sever relations with the US or merely to suspend them.

h. Communist agitators are working to keep tensions high and plan to organize student rallies this morning.

1. Indonesia-  
Malaysia

- a. Sukarno is still pressing  
for the elimination of British influence in Malaysia.
- b. The Foreign Office in Djakarta has told its UN delegation that the first step in any negotiated solution on Malaysia must be the removal of all new British bases in the area. Time limits should then be set for the removal of older bases; and following this, the wishes of the people of northern Borneo should be reassessed.

50X1

- d. Indonesia, in the meantime, is intensifying its paramilitary activities in Sabah and Sarawak.

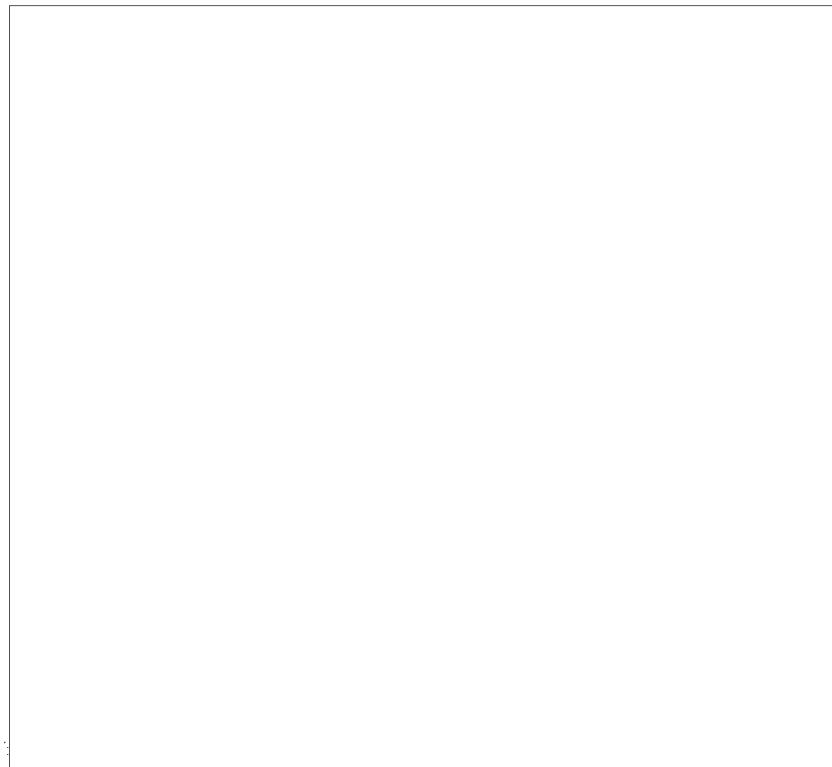
50X1

2. Cyprus

a. [redacted]

50X1  
50X1

[redacted]  
[redacted]  
government anticipates further trouble  
on the island following next week's  
London conference.



3. Ghana

- a. Nkrumah is shaking up his security services following last week's attempt on his life.
- b. He has already dismissed practically the entire top command of the British trained police establishment.
- c. The purge will probably extend to one or more cabinet ministers. Taken with Nkrumah's plan to convert Ghana formally into a one party state, it might galvanize disaffected moderate elements to plot Nkrumah's removal.

4. Arab Conference

a. King Saud

[redacted]  
[redacted] Mecca radio reports he will attend Nasir's conference opening next Monday.

b. We expect that Faysal will go too and conduct the real business,

[redacted]  
c. Reports continue to flow in that Nasir is planning to discuss a number of things in addition to Israel's diversion of Jordan waters.

50X6  
50X6  
50X6

50X1

5. Communist China - Africa
- a. Chou En-lai thus far in his African tour has made a good impression.
  - b. Nasir told Ambassador Badeau he was surprised by Chou's quiet intelligence, reasonableness, and apparent willingness to accept the principle of nonalignment.
  - c. The Chinese leader returned to Africa yesterday after a nine-day side trip to Albania. His two-day visit to Tunisia is expected to result in the establishment of diplomatic relations.
  - d. After leaving Tunisia, Chou is scheduled to visit Ghana, Mali, and Guinea in West Africa. He will then swing through East Africa, stopping in the Sudan, Tanganyika, and Uganda, and possibly Somalia and Ethiopia.

NOTES

A. India

50X1  
50X1

B. Indonesia-Cambodia Sukarno is due in Phnom Penh Saturday.

50X1  
50X1

C. USSR-Cuba The Soviet cargo vessel Sergei Kirov is en route to Cuba with what may be the second military cargo [redacted]; the Ivan Polzunov, which carried the first, arrived in Cuba earlier this week.

50X1

D. Belgium - Communist China The Belgian Foreign Office feels that French recognition of Peiping would generate strong pressures in Belgium to follow suit. Both government parties and Foreign Minister Spaak already favor recognition in principle.

E. USSR

50X1  
50X1  
50X1  
50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200140001-7

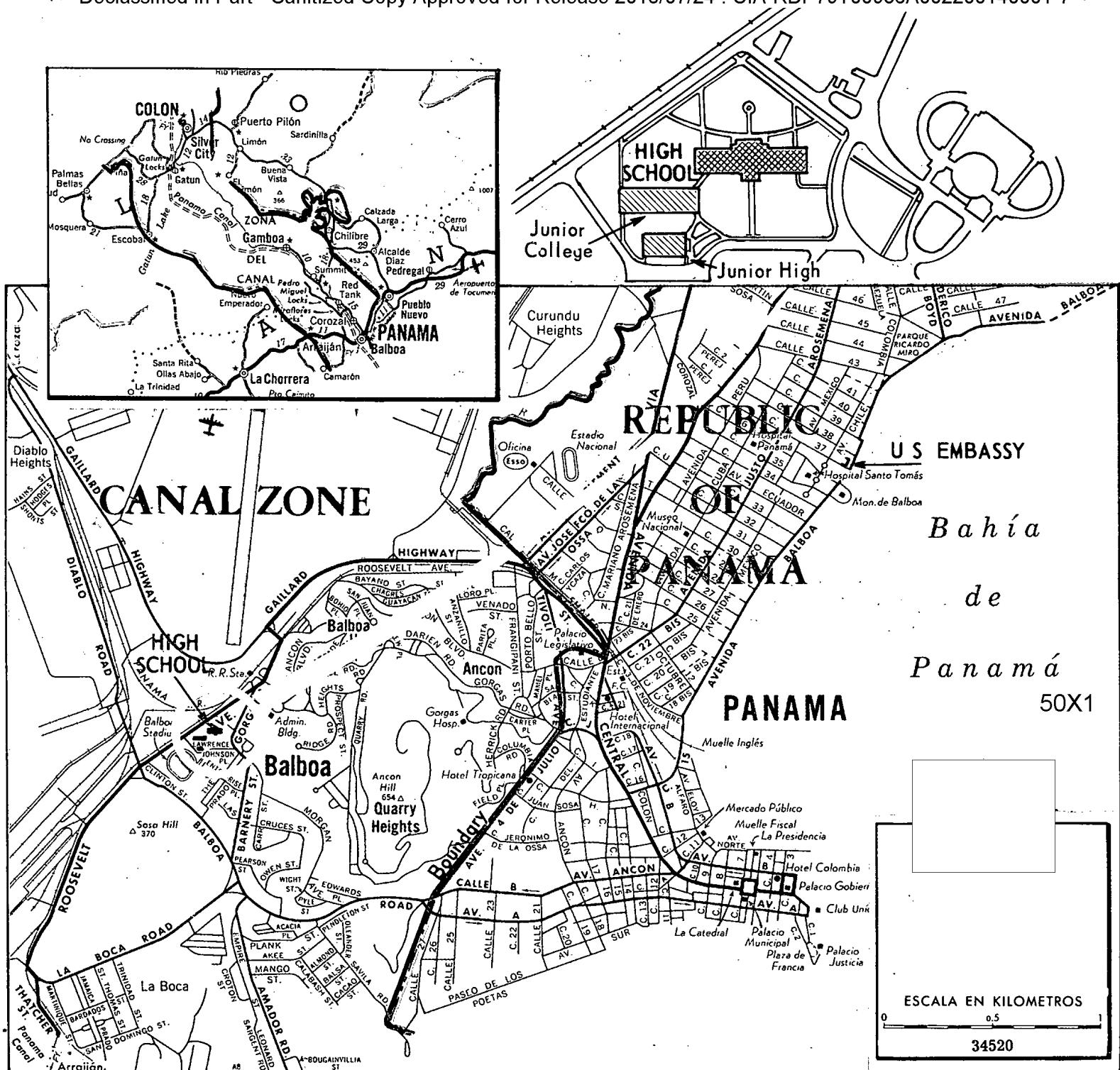
# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**11 JANUARY 1964**

~~**TOP SECRET**~~

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200140001-7



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200140001-7

1. Panama

a. A lull has descended in Panama on the scene of earlier disorders, probably as attention turns to the funeral today for Panamanian casualties. More violence is likely, however.

b. Word now coming from the hinterland tells of attacks on US-owned property at several locations. Some 25 American families from the banana plantation area in western Panama have sought refuge in Costa Rica.

c. American casualties number three killed, all military, and 89 wounded. Many of these resulted from sniper fire directed into the Zone from Panama.

d. We know of at least 13 Panamanian deaths. There may be more. At least five of these were from suffocation in the burning of the Pan-Am building.

e. The Security Council adjourned without further ado last night after adopting a Brazilian motion calling on both parties to stop the violence and turn mediation over to OAS.

f. An OAS mission arrives in Panama this morning. Venezuela has taken the lead in supporting Panama. Other Latin American countries are likely to fall readily in line.

2. France -  
Atomic Tests

50X1

b. French Defense Minister Messmer told a group of Australian newsmen Wednesday that France was determined to carry out "high-altitude atomic and hydrogen bomb" tests in the Pacific, perhaps as early as 1965.

50X1

d. Messmer said the test site would be 700 miles southeast of Tahiti, which would substantiate other indications the Mururoa atoll has been selected.

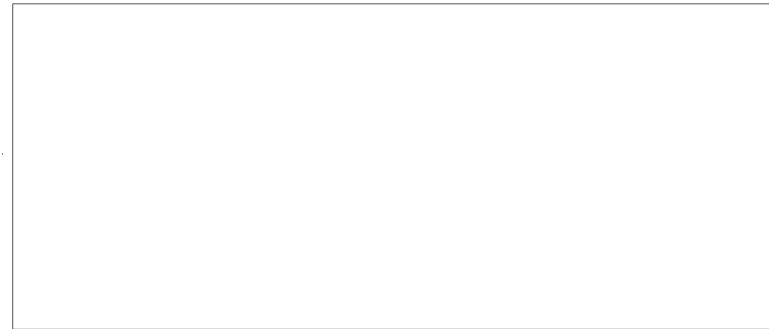
e. Construction work is already reported under way there, and Messmer is now on an inspection tour of the area.

3. Cuba

50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1



4. Cyprus

a. [redacted] preparations are being made for preliminary talks to open Monday in London, Greek Cypriots are using the lull in hostilities to load up on arms [redacted]

50X1

50X1  
50X1

b. Turkish Cypriots lack sea and air port facilities to do likewise. [redacted] the threat of Turkish military intervention is their chief protection.

50X1

50X1

NOTES

- A. Berlin West Berlin and East German officials have agreed to begin a new round of discussions on passes next week. The first meeting probably will be next Friday.
- B. Bolivia-Cuba President Paz has told our ambassador that he could not break relations with Cuba now because it would cost him votes in next June's elections. He might reconsider this stand after he is elected. Meanwhile, he has promised to make it more difficult for Bolivians to travel to Cuba.
- C. Indonesia-Japan Sukarno's visit to Tokyo is now on again, with arrival set for 15 January after his current four-day stay in Phnom Penh.

50X1

- E. Bulgaria-US Faced with Minister Anderson's adamant stand, the Bulgarians have let the deadline go by for their "ultimatum" that we close our legation windows in Sofia. Instead, the Bulgarians are muttering about another "spontaneous demonstration" to protest the NBC-TV film on Mrs. Anderson's work in Bulgaria.

50X1

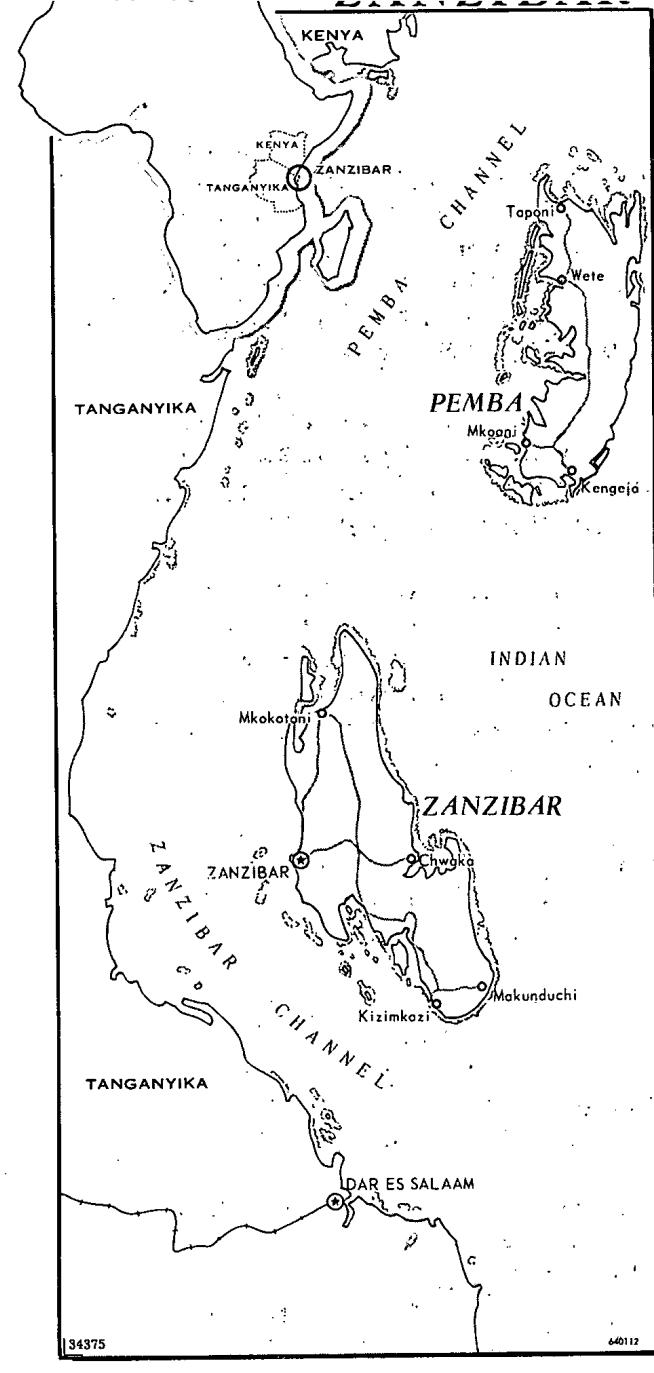
Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200150001-6

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**13 JANUARY 1964**  
~~TOP SECRET~~

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200150001-6



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200150001-6

1. Zanzibar

- a. Our embassy in Dar-es-Salaam has lost telephone contact with Zanzibar, and the US destroyer Manley is on its way to evacuate the 30 to 50 Americans on the island.
- b. The new government has declared a state of emergency and warned all foreign ships to stay outside the island's territorial waters.
- c. Pro-Communists were behind the well-organized coup which early yesterday toppled the month-old government of Sultan Khalife.
- d. Leader of the coup was Abdulrahman "Babu" Mohammed, chief of the heretofore illegal Peoples' Party financed by Peiping. He returned from his latest trip to Peiping only last month.
- e. He was assisted by some 23 Peoples' Party toughs who likewise only recently returned--from guerrilla training in Cuba.
- f. Most members of the new government are leaders of the opposition Afro-Shirazi Party and should therefore have the support of the island's large African majority. (The former government was Arab-dominated.)

(Cont'd)

g. Neighboring Kenya and Tanganyika will also support the new government, Tanganyika having actively aided the Afro-Shirazi Party in the past.

h. However, the new Prime Minister, Kassim Hanga, is a Moscow-trained Marxist, and Mohammed is Foreign and Defense Minister.



50x1

## 2. India-Pakistan

a. The worst communal rioting since 1947 has forced Indian police and army reinforcements to clamp on a strict curfew in Calcutta.

b. Anti-Moslem riots there had followed closely on anti-Indian demonstrations in East Pakistan in which a number of Hindus lost their lives.

c. Further communal violence seems inevitable as refugees, expellees, and thousands now homeless, move in both directions between India and East Pakistan.

(Cont'd)

d. The situation, always explosive, has been emotionally charged by the disappearance two weeks ago of a Moslem religious relic from Srinagar in Indian controlled Kashmir.

e. There, for the past ten days, hostile Moslem mobs have been gathering, first to protest the theft and now to protest that the "recovered" relic is an Indian fraud.

3. Panama

a. Violence flared again yesterday after an otherwise orderly funeral for Panamanian victims, and there is still sporadic sniping.

b. The National Guard has been ordered to round up agitators, confiscate weapons, and disperse crowds, but US observers believe it has done less than it could so far.

c. The government is probably reluctant to take sterner measures, lest crowds turn against it.

d. Panamanian assemblywoman Thelma King has been in the forefront of the Communist and pro-Communist agitators who have tried to keep the pot boiling.

50x1  
50x1

(Cont'd)

e. Chiari continues to insist on a new treaty. Assistant Secretary Mann sees Foreign Minister Solis again at 1000 this morning, and, if there are no new developments, will be leaving for Washington around noon.

f. Latin American reaction, unlike Havana's, has been generally moderate and hopeful in tone.

g. Most hemisphere governments appear to have limited themselves to issuing general expressions of sympathy for the Panamanians and hope that the dispute will be quickly resolved.

h. Several, such as Costa Rica and Bolivia, have offered their good offices to help solve the dispute, while others, such as Mexico and Brazil, have refrained from making any official comment at all.

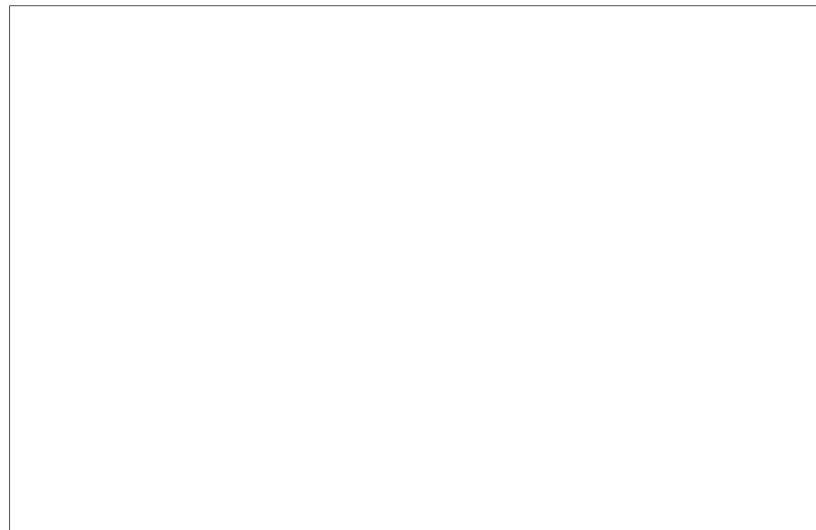
4. Cuba-USSR

a. Castro arrived in Moscow today.

b. We have no information on the purpose of his surprise visit. The Soviet announcement said only that Khrushchev had invited him when he was there last spring to come see a Russian winter.

(Cont'd)

c. Soviet presidium member Podgorny has also returned to Moscow from Havana with Cuban President Dorticos in tow.



50X1

50X1

5. Cyprus Conference

a. The problem of guarantees to the Turkish Cypriot minority will prove to be the biggest stumbling block at this week's London conference.

b. The Greek Cypriots, the Greeks, and the British are more or less agreed that the present arrangement must be changed, although there are differences over what the new set-up should be.

(Cont'd)

- c. Almost any change would mean a reduction in Turkish protection, which neither the Turks nor the Turkish Cypriots will buy.
- d. They can be expected to insist on partition, perhaps under the guise of some sort of federated state, or even exchange of populations.

6. Italy-MLF

- a. MLF has top priority on the list of topics Segni and Saragat want to talk about while here.
- b. Both support the project, but at least Saragat will argue for delay in the belief, shared by many in Italy including our embassy there, that to move too quickly will wreck the new government before it can get established.

50X1

NOTES

50X6

- A. India While reports of Nehru's condition vary, he is almost certainly in poorer shape than the public is being led to believe.
- B. Afghanistan Afghan leaders have begun to show an interest in reducing their dependence on the USSR for military training and equipment. We have been asked to help provide commando-type training, and the West Germans have been approached for help in organizing a mountain division.

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200150001-6

DOCUMENT OF INTEREST

50X1



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200170001-4

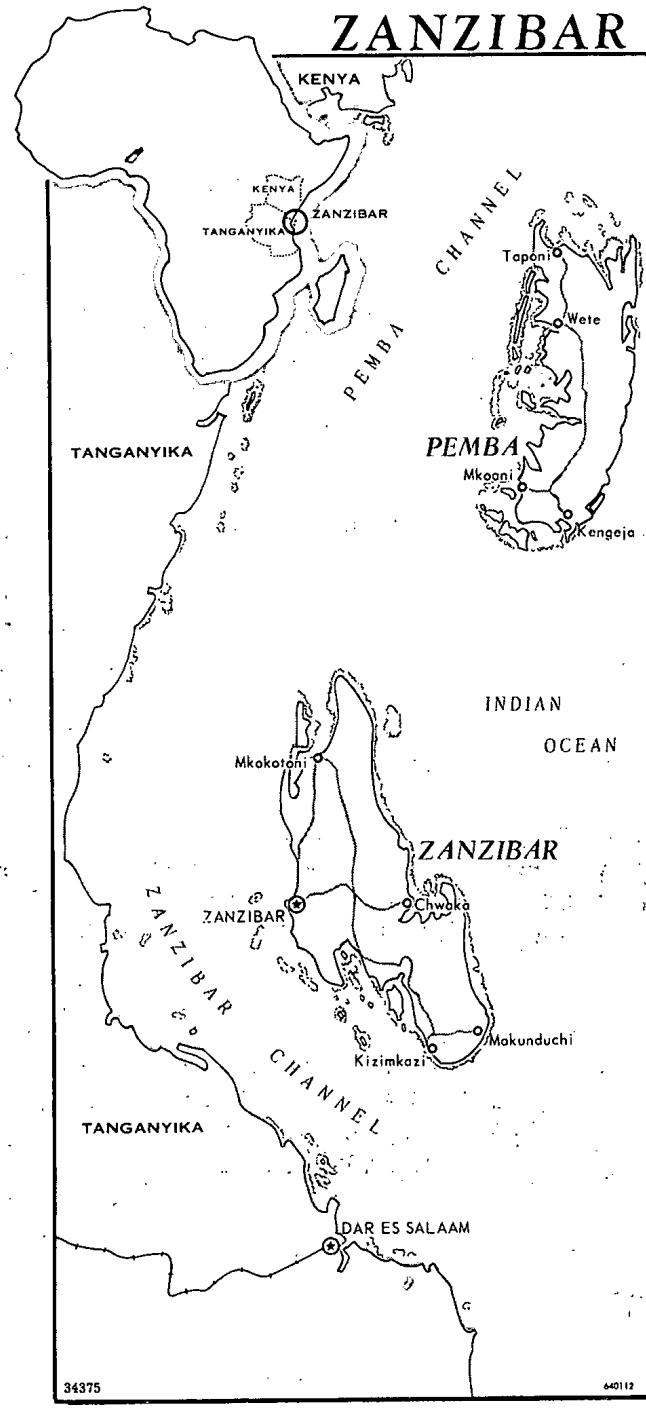
*file copy*

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE REVIEW**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

10-14 JANUARY 1964  
~~TOP SECRET~~

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200170001-4



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200170001-4

14 January 1964

1. Zanzibar: Order is gradually being restored in Zanzibar following Sunday's blitz coup. It was a well-organized effort by pro-Communist extremists, including some 23 toughs of the Peoples' Party (financed by Peiping) [redacted]

50X1  
5UAT

The kingpin of the coup was "Babu" Mohammed who is boss of the Peoples' Party and new foreign and defense minister. The new prime minister is a Moscow-trained Marxist with a Russian wife.

All but two of the 56 Americans on the island have been evacuated. [redacted]

50X1  
50X1

2. Philippines-Malaysia: [redacted] Macapagal is trying to arrange a meeting with Tunku Rahman "to balance" the recent Macapagal-Sukarno talks.

50X1

[redacted] they might meet in mid-February, perhaps in Bangkok.

50X1  
50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1

3. France - Atomic tests: French Defense Minister Messmer is currently inspecting the French nuclear test site abuilding in the Pacific [redacted]  
[redacted].

50X1  
50X1  
50X1

He stopped off in Australia last week where he told newsmen France was determined to carry-out "high altitude atomic and hydrogen bomb" tests in the Pacific, perhaps as early as 1965.

4. Cuba-USSR: Apparently for security reasons, Castro's travel plans are not announced in advance, and his trip to Moscow Monday with returning Soviet Presidium member Podgorny became known only a few hours before his arrival.

The circumstances suggest Castro's decision to accept Khrushchev's off-handed invitation last spring to "come see a Soviet winter sometime" was a sudden one--very possibly, as Ambassador Kohler feels, related to the turn of events in Panama.

Castro would see this as a golden opportunity to urge Cuba's interest in fostering militant revolutions in Latin America.

5. India-Pakistan: The worst communal rioting since 1947 has forced Indian police and army reinforcements to clamp on a strict curfew in Calcutta.

Anti-Moslem riots there came on the heels of anti-Indian demonstrations in East Pakistan in which a number of Hindus lost their lives.

Indian extremists are trying to organize a general strike. Further communal violence seems inevitable as thousands of refugees and expellees move in both directions between India and East Pakistan.

The situation, always explosive, has been emotionally charged by the disappearance two weeks ago of a Moslem religious relic from Srinagar in Indian-controlled Kashmir.

There, for the past ten days, hostile Moslem mobs have been gathering, first to protest the theft and now to protest that the "recovered" relic is an Indian fraud.

6. Cyprus: The Cyprus conference opens tomorrow in London.

The problem of providing guarantees to the Turkish Cypriot minority will be the biggest stumbling bloc confronting the Greek, Turkish, and British foreign ministers and representatives of the two Cypriot factions.

Almost any change in the present setup would mean a reduction in Turkish protection, which neither the Turks nor the Turkish Cypriots will buy.

(Cont'd)

The Turks can be expected to insist on participation, perhaps under the guise of some sort of federated state, or even the exchange of populations.

[redacted] tensions remain high and may be aggravated by the conference. In such circumstances, the Turks are likely to intervene and the situation may deteriorate rapidly.

Meanwhile, Greek Cypriots are using the lull in hostilities to load up on arms [redacted]

7. France - Communist China: [redacted]

Algeria: Opposition to Ben Bella, never far below the surface, erupted this past week in a series of demonstrations in protest against stagnant economic conditions and unemployment. In Oran, some 50,000 unemployed took to the streets.

Off to the Arab summit in Cairo on Monday, Ben Bella fired a parting shot: he would "break the backs of all the animals who oppose him, using the firing squad as needed."

(Cont'd)

Matters in Algeria are being left in the hands of Defense Minister Boumedienne who is usually more bloodthirsty than his boss.

[redacted] 50X1

9. Berlin: West Berlin and East German officials agreed late last week to begin a new round of discussions on passes, with the first meeting probably to take place this Friday.

10. Mexico:

Lopez Mateos is seriously ill with double pneumonia

Mexico has no Vice President, and, should Mateos die, a legislative commission would appoint an interim successor to serve until July's elections. Presidential candidate Gustavo Diaz Ordaz, a moderate, is practically a sure winner.

50X6

[redacted] 50X1

[redacted] 50X1

[redacted] 50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200160001-5

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**14 JANUARY 1964  
~~TOP SECRET~~**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200160001-5

1. Panama

a. Panama is outwardly quiet for the moment and the laggard National Guard is moving to establish firmer control.

b. [redacted]

[redacted] this air of calm may be deceptive. Agitators were still in the streets last evening trying to keep tensions alive, and only a small spark is needed to set off a new round of violence.

50X1  
50X1

c. Panama radio continues its inflammatory broadcasts.

d. Nationalist groups and his own official family are putting pressure on President Chiari to continue to insist on a substantial revision of the 1903 treaty. [redacted]  
[redacted]

50X1  
50X1

e. Typical of these pressures was the declaration yesterday by his foreign minister that relations with Washington will not be resumed until the US gives "concrete indications" of a willingness to negotiate a new treaty.

(Cont'd)

f. [redacted]

[redacted] a move may  
be afoot to oust Chiari in the  
present confusion.

50X1

50X1

g. Thelma King, a member of  
the Panamanian National Assembly

50X1

[redacted]  
has called for the establishment of  
a leftist government by any means  
possible.

2. Zanzibar

a. The new African-led regime  
has clamped a night time curfew on  
the island in an effort, so far not  
entirely successful, to restore  
order.

b. An individual styling him-  
self "field marshal" has been issu-  
ing radio bulletins on behalf of the  
new authorities. Among these was a  
warning to Arab youths to stay off  
the streets or be shot.

c. Ministers of the ousted  
Arab-dominated government are under  
arrest and will not be permitted to  
leave the island for at least three  
months.

(Cont'd)

d. Kenya and Uganda have recognized the new regime. Kenya even refused to let the deposed Sultan land at Mombasa.

e. The Manley took 54 US citizens, including NASA personnel, off the island yesterday. All have been landed safely in Dar-es-Salaam.

3. France - Communist China

50X1



4. Mexico

50X6

a. President Lopez Mateos has double pneumonia and [redacted] is [redacted] seriously ill [redacted].

50X1  
CONT

(Cont'd)

b. Should he die, an interim president would be chosen to serve out the remaining months of the Lopez Mateos term.

c. Diaz Ordaz, a political moderate who is the presidential candidate of the ruling party and a certain winner in the July elections, would presumably have a strong voice in the selection of a man to serve until he takes office in December.

5. British Guiana - Ghana

a. Nkrumah has offered to send a delegation to British Guiana next month to help feuding political groups there to join in a united front and press London for early independence.

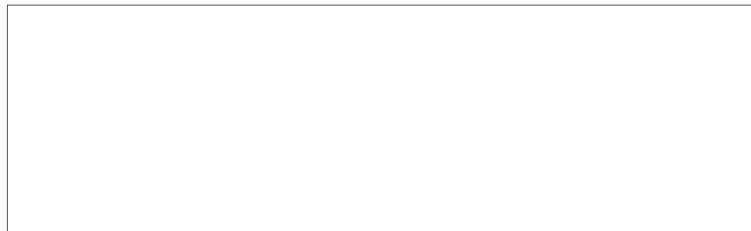
50X1

c. The proposal may [redacted] get on the agenda of the Caribbean "summit" conference now under way in Jamaica. [redacted]

50X1  
50X1  
50X1

6. Algeria

- a. Opposition to Ben Bella, never far below the surface, is becoming increasingly vocal.
- b. There were open antiregime demonstrations last week which grew out of his failure to cope with the country's economic difficulties. More are expected.
- c. Following these disturbances, Ben Bella declared that he would "break the backs" of all the "animals" who oppose him, using the firing squad as needed.



50X1

- e. He is now in Cairo for the Arab summit, leaving the reins in Algiers in the hands of Defense Minister Boumedienne, who has been critical of Ben Bella's softness on this score.



50X1

[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200160001-5 [REDACTED]

7. Cuba - Western Europe



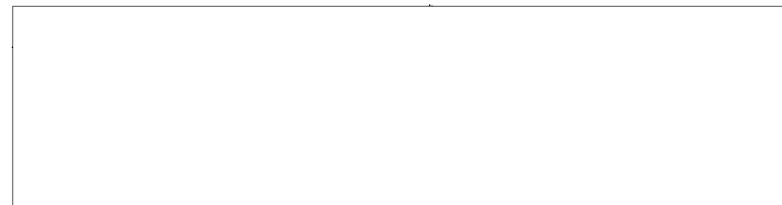
50X1



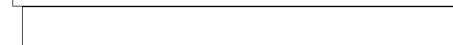
50X1



50X1



50X1



50X1

For The President Only - Top Secret

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200160001-5

NOTES

- A. India-Pakistan Some improvement has been noted in the situation in riot-torn Calcutta as a result of a round-the-clock curfew and stringent efforts by the Indian Army to keep Hindus and Muslims apart.
- B. USSR We have no evidence that the Soviets have in fact begun cutting back their troop strength as Khrushchev and other high officials have claimed in recent public statements.
- C. Morocco-Cuba King Hassan's government has decided to resume relations with Havana, which were broken off last November as a result of Havana's supplying Ben Bella with arms during the border crisis.
- D. Philippines-Malaysia [redacted] Macapagal is trying to arrange a meeting with Tunku Rahman "to balance" the recent Macapagal-Sukarno talks. [redacted] they might meet in mid-February after Ramadan, perhaps in Bangkok.

50X1

50X1

50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200180001-3

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**15 JANUARY 1964**

~~**TOP SECRET**~~

1. USSR

a. Pravda on Monday published data implying that there was an increase in 1963 over 1962 of only three percent in "national income"--the principal Soviet measurement of economic performance. This growth rate is the lowest since World War II.



50X1

c. In another commentary, Moscow claimed that its 1963 agricultural output was 50 percent above the 1952 level. This claim is, in fact, an admission that 1963 was the worst year for agriculture since 1957.

d. It also means that total agricultural production in 1963 fell about nine percent below the 1962 level.

e. The Soviet press has displayed more than usual sensitivity in ridiculing the US estimates.

2. France-USSR

a. France is considering credit concessions to the USSR.

b. A Finance Ministry spokesman told an embassy officer that Paris is "giving much attention" to extending credits for more than five years to the USSR in preparation for Finance Minister Giscard d'Estaing's visit to Moscow late this month.

c. He argued somewhat disingenuously that if the British extend seven-year credits France may be forced to do the same.

d. We have also had hints of a change in French credit policy from Pompidou and other French officials.

3. Bolivia

a. Bolivia may be in for another period of instability following the convention of the ruling Nationalist Revolutionary Movement (MNR) party, which opens Friday.

b. Ambassador Henderson has raised the possibility that Lechin may attempt an early overthrow of the government if he is denied the presidential or vice-presidential nomination.

(Cont'd)

c. Short of a coup attempt, there is still likely to be considerable unrest. An attempt by President Paz to restore his authority over the mining areas could also touch off disturbances.

d. [redacted]

some Bolivian Labor Confederation leaders who support Lechin are pressing for a street demonstration in support of Panama which would lead to attacks on the US Embassy and the destruction of American property.

e. The Confederation has scheduled a demonstration for tomorrow to protest government policies, and these leaders may attempt to turn it into an anti-US demonstration.

4. Yemen

a. Last week's reorganization of the republican regime is a step backward.

b. It strengthens Egyptian control and narrows the base of government; important tribal leaders were not given a role in government affairs.

(Cont'd)

c. The three top Egyptian military officers in Yemen are included on the National Security Council, which is charged with controlling military and security affairs.

d. Their presence on the council will increase Yemeni fears of being ruled as an Egyptian colony.

e. Meanwhile, Saudi Prince Faysal's decision not to attend Nasir's Arab Conference dashes hopes that the meeting would provide an opportunity for a frank discussion between the two leaders on a settlement in Yemen.

5. Cuba-USSR

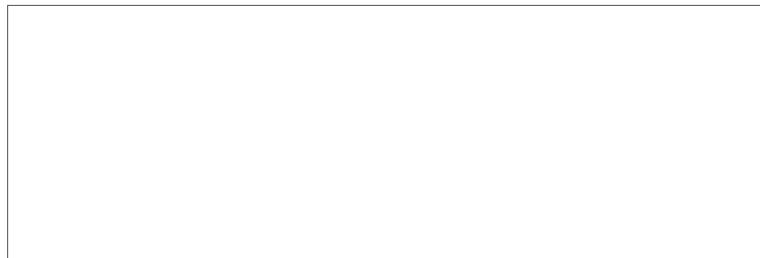
a. Castro's quick trip to Moscow is disturbing. Ambassador Kohler has suggested that the Panama rioting triggered it.

b. If so, then Castro is undoubtedly asking Khrushchev for support in keeping the ball rolling in Panama and exploiting the situation elsewhere.

c. The Soviets, for their part, may be trying to persuade Castro to cool off.

(Cont'd)

d. Peiping, as might be expected, is wasting no time making its stand clear. It is organizing the largest mass demonstrations in Peiping since the Cuban crisis to support Panama's claims.



50x1

NOTES

- A. Peru [redacted] 50X1  
Communist-front organization in Peru is calling a rally [redacted] to protest the events in Panama. [redacted] militant Communist elements will try to direct the crowd against American installations and property.
- B. Syria [redacted] 50X1  
Impending military coup. Damascus political observers generally concede that Baathist President Hafiz' days are numbered, but the timing of a coup and the identity of the plotters are not clear.  
[redacted] 50X1
- D. India The lull in Hindu-Moslem violence in Calcutta may be only temporary. A 24-hour general strike has been called by Hindu extremists for today.
- E. Honduras Several senior military officers are [redacted] plotting to overthrow the Lopez regime. 50X1  
[redacted]
- F. Communist China New food shortages have developed in South China as the result of serious drought in most southern provinces in 1963.

(Cont'd)

G. North Korea - South Korea The shoot-down of a  
South Korean fighter yesterday over North Korean  
territory [redacted]

50X1

50X1

H. Caribbean "Summit" The meeting, which got under way  
Monday in Kingston, may prove to be a dud. Trinidad's  
Williams has not done his homework. He plans to  
take no initiative, even on the regional economic  
scheme which we had earlier thought he would try to  
press on Cheddi Jagan.

LATE NOTE

Yemen The press reports King Saud has met with  
Nasir and Yemeni President Sallal and quotes informed  
sources as saying as a result of his meeting "the  
problems in Yemen are virtually over." These sources  
seem unduly optimistic. Even if Saud is in a mood  
to settle the problem of Yemen with Nasir he still  
has to square it with Faysal who is actually running  
the country.

[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200180001-3 [REDACTED]

DOCUMENT OF INTEREST

50X1



**For The President Only - Top Secret**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200180001-3

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200190001-2

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

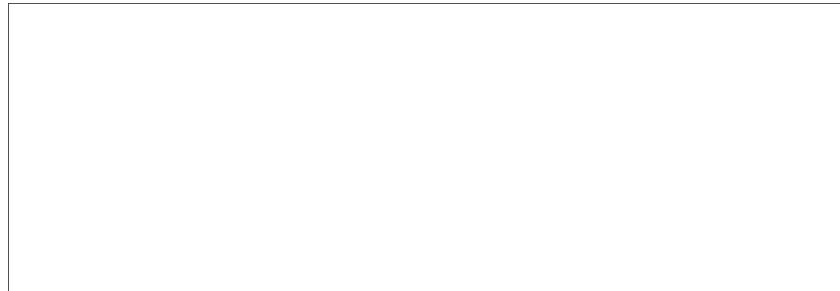
**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**16 JANUARY 1964**

~~**TOP SECRET**~~

1. France - Communist China

- a. At the behest of Peiping, Air France is discussing with the Chinese Communists extending its flights into China, possibly to Peiping.
- b. The Air France manager in Rangoon, who was ordered by his home office to talk the matter over with the Chinese, has confided to our embassy that the matter now depends on "political developments," and he expects a firm decision within a week.



50X1

2. Chou En-lai's tour

- a. The Chinese Communists have asked Royal Dutch Airlines to add another month to the charter of the plane Chou En-lai has been using in Africa.
- b. Plans had been for him to return to Peiping in mid-February following state visits to Pakistan and Ceylon on the way.

(Cont'd)

50X1

c. Chou probably wants to add Zanzibar to his itinerary; possibly Ethiopia as well.



3. Cuba - Western Europe

50X1

b. Cuba plans [redacted] to restore its balance of trade with the West to reduce its burden on the Communist bloc.

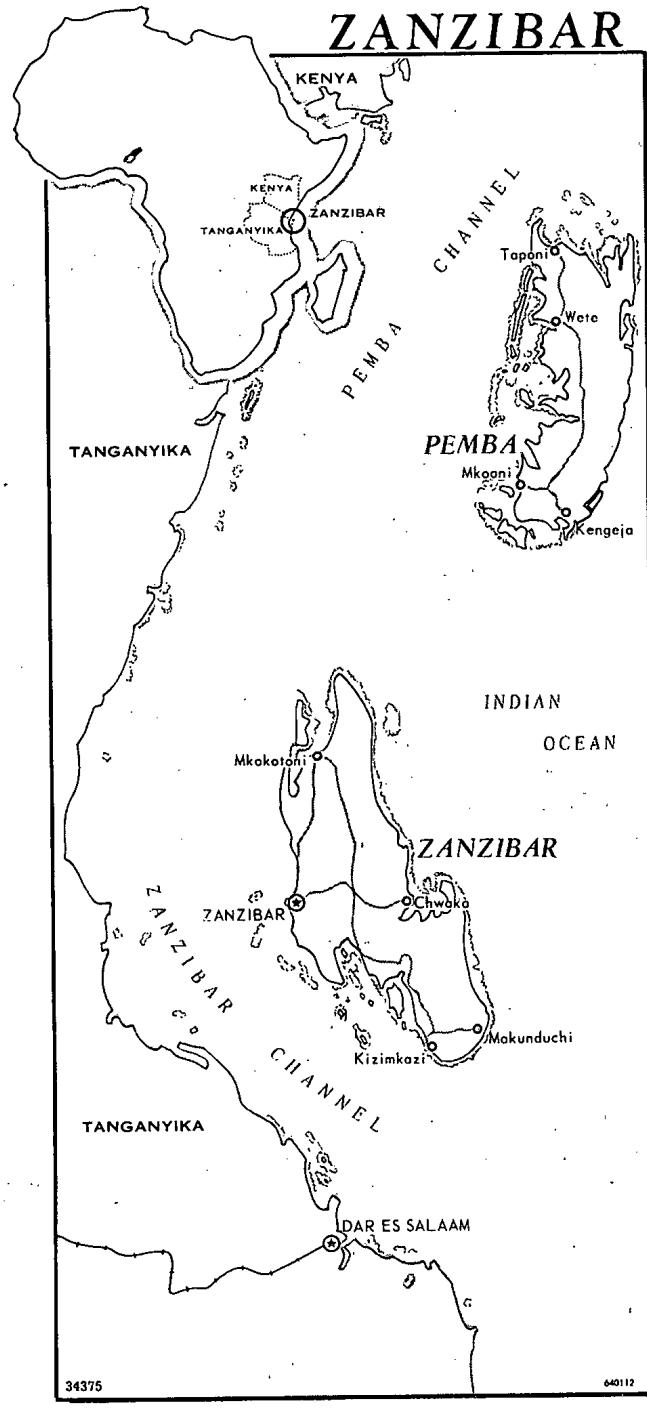
50X1

c. A permanent Cuban trade office is to be opened in Brussels at the end of this month to coordinate the whole effort in Western Europe.



50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200190001-2



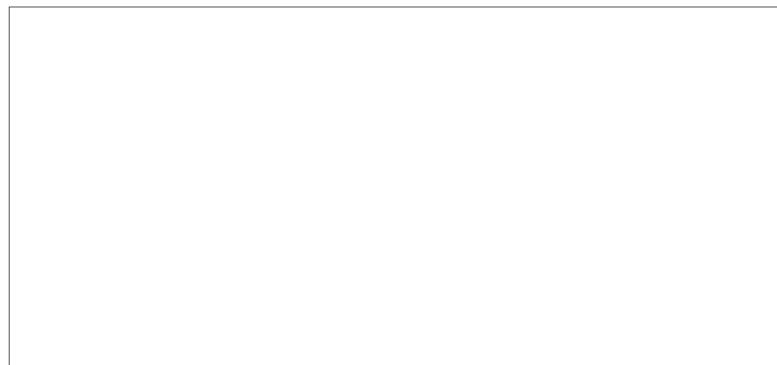
Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200190001-2

4. Somalia -  
Ethiopia

a.

Ethiopian planes bombed and  
strafed two Somali police border  
posts in the disputed Ogaden region.

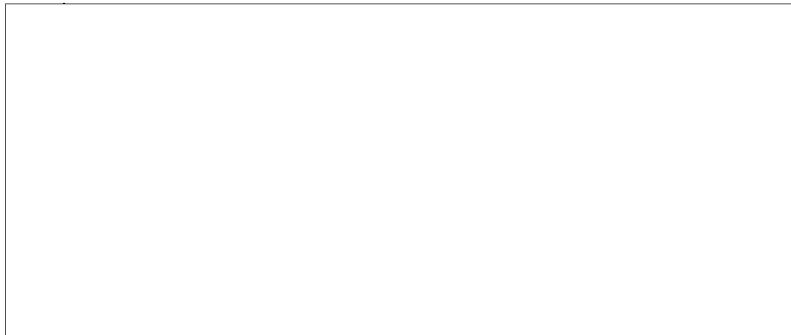
50X1  
50X1  
50X1



50X1

5. Zanzibar

a. There have been no significant new developments in the Zanzibar situation.



50X1

6. Panama

a. Last night's demonstration by several thousand students broke up without violence after President Chiari issued a statement promising not to re-establish relations with the US until the US "consented to begin negotiations" for a new treaty.

b. The students' march, to present a petition calling for treaty revisions and Panamanian sovereignty over the Zone, was led by known Communist ringleaders.

c. Another demonstration is being organized for today.

d. [redacted] 50X1  
the situation as "tense and unpredictable."

7. Arab Summit

a. The Arab summit will probably conclude with a communique today.

b. The only firm development to emerge so far is the restoration of Egyptian-Jordanian relations.

50X1

[redacted]  
(Cont'd)

d. The conference has been noteworthy for the degree of amity exhibited and the appearance of a business-like approach to Arab problems.

8. Laos

a. Souvanna remains aloof as ever from the daily problem and squabbles of his faction-ridden government.

b. With no one around to knock heads together, each faction seems to be going in its own direction, pursuing its own pet schemes.

c. The neutralists still fear a move by the rightists to topple the government in Vientiane and continue to try to arrange the transfer of the seat of government to the royal capital at Luang Prabang. This project will almost certainly fail.

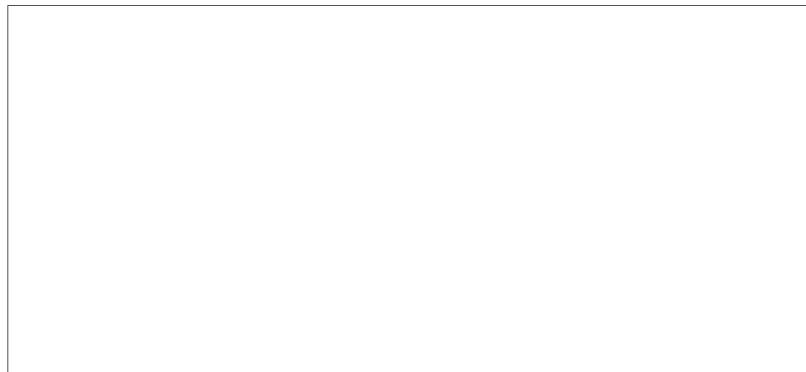
d. The neutralists also anticipate a showdown soon between two factions within the rightist camp, with Vientiane the battleground.

e. If, as seems likely eventually, the situation deteriorates further, Souvanna probably has in mind calling for the Geneva Conference to reconvene to solve his problems for him.

9. Ecuador

a. Former President Arosemena's  
plot against the junta seems to be  
gaining headway.

50X1



NOTES

- A. Malaysia-Philippines A meeting soon between Macapagal and Malaysia's Tunku Rahman seems assured with Rahman's statement yesterday that he would be pleased to meet with Macapagal any place, any time, without any conditions.
- B. Cyprus The [redacted] Cyprus conference, which convened yesterday to hear opening speeches, may last three or more weeks. 50X1
- C. India-Pakistan Communal rioting of the past week in Indian Bengal is being matched by outbreaks in East Pakistan where upward of 300 have been killed in the past two days. As in Calcutta, army units are reinforcing police efforts to restore order and keep the dangerous situation from snowballing.
- D. Honduras A plot is afoot among high-ranking military officers, including the defense minister, to overthrow the Lopez regime. [redacted]

50X1  
50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200210001-9

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE REVIEW**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**14 ~ 17 JANUARY 1964**

~~**TOP SECRET**~~

17 January 1964

1. Panama: Pro-Communist agitators (originally students, but now also including professionals) have succeeded in the past several days in keeping nationalist feeling at fever pitch.

They have coalesced into a Committee for the Defense of National Sovereignty to keep the pressure on President Chiari to stiffen his attitude toward us.

In the weeks ahead, they will be aided in this by campaigning for May's Presidential elections.

coup plotting.

50X1

2. Cyprus:

50X1

50X1

(Cont'd)

Tensions on the island remain high. There is still occasional shooting and renewed violence could erupt at any time. To prevent this, British troops now have orders to shoot if necessary to keep the two communities apart.

50X1

3. Cuba - Western Europe: [REDACTED]

50X1

50X1

4. Cuba-USSR: Training of Cubans at the surface-to-air missile sites [REDACTED]

50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1

[REDACTED] There are now Cubans at most if not at all [REDACTED] of  
the SAM sites [REDACTED] on the [REDACTED]  
island.

50X1

50X1

50X1

50X1

5. Arab Summit: The Arab summit ended yesterday. The communique is vague about its accomplishments, but several seem indicated.

Agreement was evidently reached on an essentially moderate response to Israel's preparations to use the Jordan waters.

50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1

The appearance of inter-Arab conciliation was fostered by the resumption of relations between Egypt and Jordan and by apparently amicable contacts between Nasir and Morocco's King Hasan.

There is no sign yet, however, that the attention he lavished on King Saud will bring better relations between these two countries.

6. Zanzibar: Evidence is mounting of complicity in the coup of officials in both the Kenyan and Tanganyikan government.

Past support of some of the coup leaders from both Cuba and Communist China is an established fact. The extent of their direct participation, if any, is not yet clear.

The traditional enmity between Arab and African in Zanzibar could erupt into communal violence, and many of the Arab population, seeing handwriting on the wall, are departing for the mainland.

US Chargé Picard was declared PNG on Thursday, and, along with four US newsmen, has gone to Dar-es-Salaam.

Yesterday, all British and American newsmen were banned from the island. On the other hand

(Cont'd)

Communist newsmen from all over the Bloc have been flocking in and have received royal treatment for their unctuous dispatches.

Anti-American feeling is thus whipping up,

50X1

Only one American remains: the Embassy's Third Secretary Petterson.

7. Yemen: Last week's reorganization of the Yemeni government was actually a step backward. There was no broadening of political representation in the government, and the presence of two Egyptians on the all-powerful National Security Council makes the country appear more than ever an Egyptian colony. It does not have the backing of important tribesmen and religious elders, and probably will prove unstable in the long run.
8. Bolivia: New unrest, possibly violence, is in the offing in Bolivia.

The nominating convention of President Paz' MNR (National Revolutionary Movement) party opened yesterday, and if, as is planned, Vice President Lechin is denied a place on the ticket, he is likely to lead his supporters into the streets if not attempt a coup.

(Cont'd)

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200210001-9

A leftist labor demonstration, with anti-US overtones is slated for Monday.

50X6

For The President Only - Top Secret

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200210001-9

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200200001-0

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**17 JANUARY 1964**  
~~TOP SECRET~~

LATE ITEM

France-China

a. The story of French recognition of Communist China has hit the press.

b. According to the press account, the establishment of the Sino-French relationship will be a gradual process, with full diplomatic recognition preceded by relations on a cultural and commercial level.

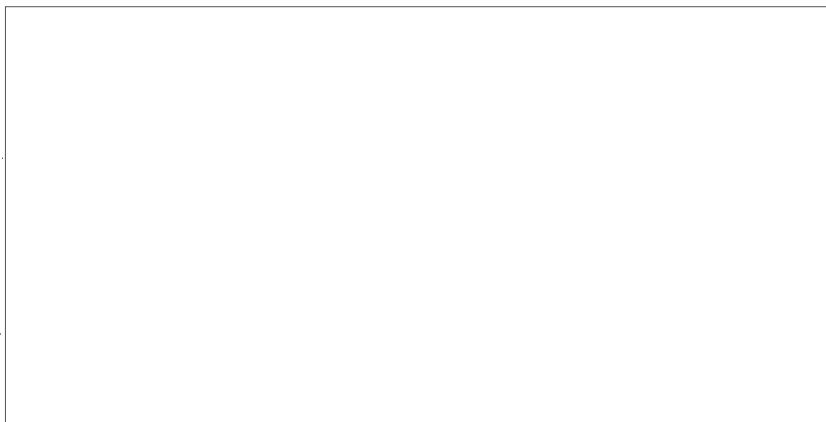
c. They also plan to send to Peiping an official French representative--probably Edgar Faure whose trip last year started the whole thing.

d. De Gaulle is said to be proceeding in this fashion because a more precipitate French move might embarrass President Johnson in an election year.

50X1

[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200200001-0 [REDACTED]

50X1



1. Panama

a. Chiari remains under heavy pressure to stick to a rigid position on the treaty issue.

b. A "Committee for the Protection of National Sovereignty," which includes nationalist elements of many political hues, is playing a major role in keeping popular pressures alive.

c. A big student-labor demonstration is scheduled for this evening. [redacted]

50X1  
50X1

d. The business community is getting apprehensive over the economic lashback. Unemployment, for example, is rising as employees of concerns gutted during the riots are laid off.

e. Groups of rightists, leftists, and ordinary opportunistic seekers of power and money--of which Panama has more than its share--are all hoping to exploit the unrest to unseat the Chiari administration.

f. Thus we think the present calm may be deceptive.

2. Cyprus

a. Tensions between Turkish and Greek Cypriots remain high, and British troops have been ordered to fire if necessary to keep the two communities apart.

b. Hitherto British peace-keeping troops had been under orders to fire only in self-defense.

c. The Cypriot Communists, almost all Greeks, are trying to burrow their way into positions of greater trust and power. The Greek community leadership is fending them off for the present, but this would quickly change if the Turks were to invade.

d. The Turkish military continue to talk in terms of possible unilateral intervention if other means to prevent "a new massacre" are not found. Turkish forces are concentrated in the Iskenderun area

50X1

50X1

3. USSR

a. The Soviets yesterday fired another ICBM from Tyuratam to the Kamchatka impact area which resembled in many respects [redacted] missile fired on 3 December.

50X1  
50X1

50X1

50X1

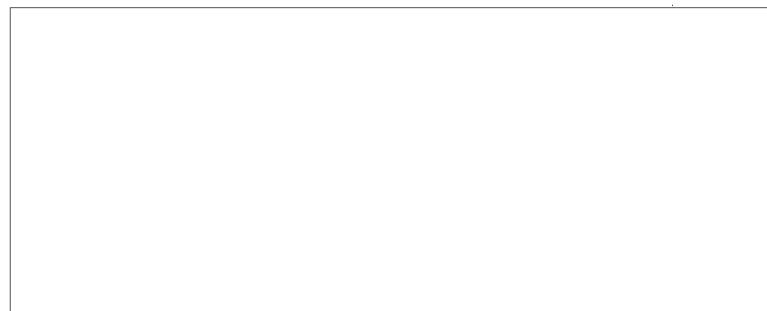
4. Cuba-West

a. The Castro drive to "break the American embargo" is from all accounts in full swing.

50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1



50X1

5. Zanzibar

a. Chargé Picard, who was arrested at pistol point yesterday along with a second US diplomat and four newsmen, was flown out of Dar-es-Salaam this morning.

b. Their seizure yesterday shows the basic emotional instability and anti-American slant of the new regime.

c. The Tanganyikan government, concerned over this "serious mistake," has sent a mission to Zanzibar to try to talk sense into the new leaders. This mission may have had a role in securing Picard's release.

d. The others involved are at last reports still in Zanzibar, but a British ship may be able to take them off the island later today.

6. Zanzibar-Cuba

a.

[redacted] the role Cuba may have played  
in last Sunday's upheaval in Zanzi-  
bar.

50X1

50X1

b. Havana seems to have at a  
minimum provided inspiration and  
perhaps gave a little direction.

c.

[redacted]

50X1

50X1

50X1

[redacted]

50X1

50X1

NOTES

- A. Bolivia Yesterday's scheduled demonstration by Lechin's labor organization was postponed until Monday. When the demonstration does come off, it could lead to attacks on the US Embassy and other American property.
- B. Jordan Waters UN observers have been put on the alert for a possible Syrian reaction when the Israelis begin next week to hook up the Jordan waters intake system in Lake Tiberias. We consider the Syrians the most likely of the Arab states to take violent action against the project.
- C. Nepal - Communist China Peiping has offered to build a highway across the part of Nepal adjacent to India from which Chinese aid projects have hitherto been excluded. The Nepalis have tentatively accepted. If they go through with it, the reaction in New Delhi will be strong.
- D. Mexico 550X6

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200220001-8

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**18 JANUARY 1964**  
~~TOP SECRET~~

1. Panama

- a. The lull in violence may not last long. Several public meetings scheduled for the weekend could lead to more bloodshed.
- b. Last night's rally was dominated by the communist Peoples Party. Agitators were sprinkled throughout the crowd to applause and to chant anti-US slogans.
- c. In addition to attacks on the US and demands for Canal Zone sovereignty, the speakers made veiled threats against any retreat by President Chiari.
- d. The President has not budged from the demand that the US promise to negotiate a new canal treaty as a quid pro quo for restoring diplomatic relations.
- e. Yesterday afternoon he ordered all Panamanian diplomats home from Washington, and requested that all US diplomatic personnel, except consular officials, leave Panama.
- f. More trouble is looming on the diplomatic front. Miguel Moreno, a former foreign minister noted for his bitterly anti-US views, has been appointed Panama's new ambassador to the OAS.

2. Cyprus

a. Circulation of atrocity stories may bring new violence on Cyprus.

b. Pictures of recently exhumed bodies of Turkish Cypriots killed during the intercommunal fighting are being distributed in the Turkish community.

c. Some Turkish Cypriots are now insisting on a settlement based on autonomy within a federal state.

3. Indonesia-Malaysia

a. Embassy Tokyo reports that Sukarno in his meeting with Attorney General Kennedy agreed to stop military confrontation in Borneo as a preparatory step to a tripartite meeting of Indonesia, Malaysia and the Philippines.

b. Sukarno said if the Malaysian reply were favorable, he would issue a public statement on Thursday.

c. Ministerial level talks would precede a summit meeting.

(Cont'd)

50X1



e. Sukarno proposed that any mutual withdrawal of troops from the Borneo border be inspected by representatives of a neutral nation.

4. Zanzibar

a. The shuffling of government posts suggests that, for the moment, President Abeid Karume is gathering more power to himself.

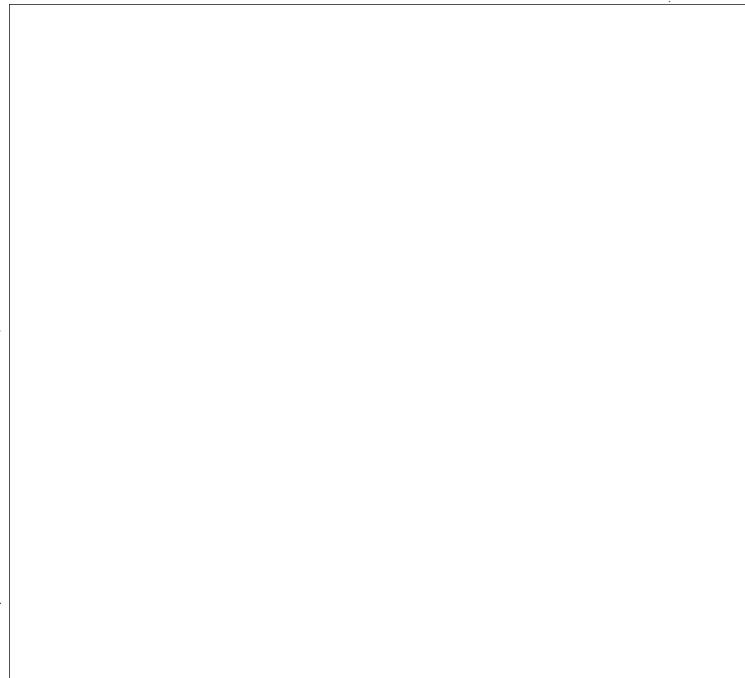
b. Two of the most outspoken pro-communists have been downgraded.

c. Prime Minister Kassim Hanga has been given the lesser position of vice president. Abdulrahman Mohammed "Babu", the main instigator of the coup, is now minister of trade and external affairs rather than defense minister.

d. The defense and home affairs portfolios appear to have been transferred to the President's office.

(Cont'd)

50X6



h. Today's announcement that the government has proclaimed itself a "people's republic" is straight out of Peiping's book.

i. Tass reports this morning that the USSR has recognized the new government. Communist China, Yugoslavia, North Korea, East Germany, and Cuba have already done so.

5. Belgium - Communist China

a. Spaak has told our Ambassador that Belgium will hold the line and not recognize Communist China at present, though this will create considerable political difficulties.

b. He said De Gaulle desires to recognize the Chinese not because of any economic, material or political advantage to France but only as a political gesture to show French independence of the US.

c. Spaak also agreed to do his utmost to convince the Japanese not to follow the French lead during his visit to Tokyo next week.

6. India

a. Mrs. Pandit has told Ambassador Bowles that Nehru's doctors say he can return to his desk in six weeks if he is careful, but that he must not travel or make formal appearances.

b. The Ambassador observes that the personalities around Nehru are all anxiously maneuvering for influence in a situation where the distribution of power is still not clear.

7. Cuba-Argentina

a. Castro may be offering  
to help Peron in Argentina.

b. [redacted]

[redacted] a Peron emissary  
traveled from Spain to Cuba in  
early January, at Castro's invi-  
tation, to discuss "a matter of  
importance and urgency to both".

50X1

50X1

c. Peron has been encouraging  
revolutionary activities in Argen-  
tina by various factions of the  
splintered Peronist Movement.

8. USSR

[redacted]

50X1

NOTES

- A. ECUADOR Rumors are circulating in Quito that Colonel Freile, the opportunistic air force representative in the ruling junta, may be ousted soon. Freile, [redacted] has been tacitly cooperating in the anti-junta activities of ex-President Arosemena.
- B. INDONESIA Demonstrators were out again this morning. First stop was the British Embassy to protest the detention in Hong Kong of two ships to be used to transport Indonesian pilgrims to Mecca. The demonstrators read a petition urging the government to break relations with the UK. Next stop was the US Embassy where they chanted "Panama yes, Yankee no" and threatened to confiscate American property if seventh fleet vessels moved into the Indian Ocean.

50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200230001-7

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**20 JANUARY 1964  
~~TOP SECRET~~**

1. Malaysia

a. Sihanouk [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] has announced that, at the request of Macapagal, he will unofficially mediate the dispute between Malaysia, Indonesia, and the Philippines.

c. He is traveling to Kuala Lumpur today, then to Manila, and finally to Djakarta if Sukarno wants to hear the results of his efforts.

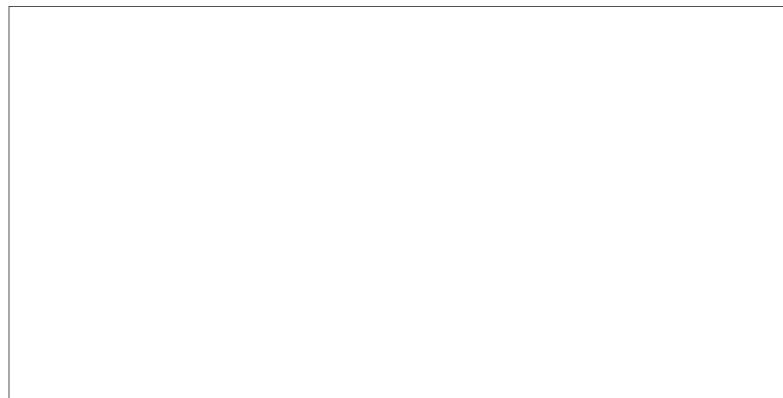
50X1  
50X1

50X1

50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1



2. Tanganyika

- a. Army sergeants mutinied last night, demanding higher pay and the removal of British officers.
- b. The situation is still highly confused and there is violence and looting in Dar-es-Salaam.
- c. Most of the British officers have since been flown to Nairobi.

d. [redacted]

[redacted] Defense Minister Kambona has agreed to the mutineers' demands and only President Nyerere's signature is needed to make it official.

50X1

50X1

3. Cyprus.

a. Scattered incidents and mutual animosity continue to threaten the delicate balance on Cyprus.

b. [redacted]

Greek Cypriot police authorities have only a tenuous control over their security forces because of the large number of poorly disciplined irregulars.

c. Turkish Cypriots are continuing to congregate in areas that are predominantly Turkish. The Greeks charge this movement is designed to demonstrate a de facto partition. The Turks say it is necessary for self-preservation.

d. The Turkish police expect anti-Greek violence in Istanbul if the London Conference fails.

e. There is no indication yet from London that any progress is being made toward agreement. Makarios says he will take the issue to the UN if no agreement is reached.

50X1

4. Zanzibar

- a. The new regime, with Tanganyika's support, is moving to control "Field Marshal" Okello's strength.
- b. Tanganyikan armed police have been flown in at the request of President Karume. They are disarming Okello's thugs and disbanding his revolutionary headquarters.
- c. Okello's inflammatory broadcasts had contributed to the anti-Arab violence. Some reporters now put the Arab death toll at over 2,000.
- d. Kambona has told our ambassador in Dar-es-Salaam that Zanzibar has asked for technicians to restore essential services. He also said that the new government wants to discuss union or federation with Tanganyika in the near future.
- e. There is growing evidence that Kambona may actually have supported the coup; he has long believed that Zanzibar should be part of Tanganyika.

5. Bolivia

a. Lechin's labor demonstration in La Paz is finally supposed to come off today. We expect a certain amount of bloodshed.

b. Lechin is on [redacted] over moves by Paz to pack the presidential nominating convention of the ruling MNR party to the detriment of his faction on the left.

c. [redacted] Lechin may form a common front with other opposition parties. [redacted] Paz will try to maintain himself in power whatever happens.

50X1

50X1  
50X1

50X1

6. USSR-Cuba

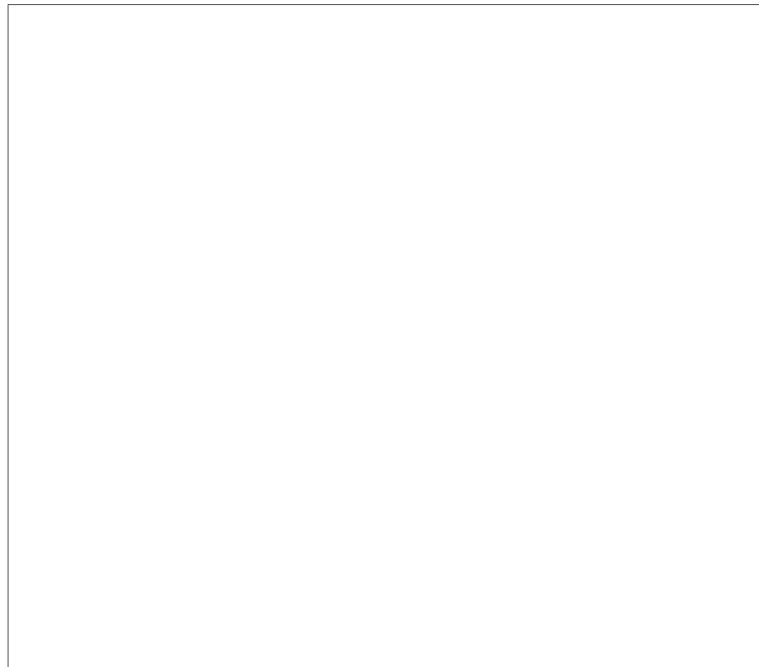
a. Embassy Moscow notes that Khrushchev in a speech last Friday went out of his way to align the USSR behind the Cuban demand for the return of Guantanamo.

b. Castro is probably badgering the Soviets on Guantanamo in light of its parallel with the Canal Zone.

c. This could have been the opening gun in a new Soviet propaganda campaign. There was no indication, however, that the USSR was prepared to go beyond atmospherics designed to isolate the US on the Guantanamo issue.

[Redacted] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200230001-7 [Redacted]

7. Ecuador



50X1

For The President Only - Top Secret

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200230001-7

NOTES

- A. Indonesia Djakarta appears to be making good on its threat to seize remaining British interests in Indonesia in retaliation for Hong Kong embargoes on material for Indonesia. The government is reported today to have taken over titular control of the Shell oil company and the Unilever corporation following attempts by Communist-led unionists to seize both.
- B. Laos General Phoumi says he cannot come to the US in early February as planned because he will have to mind the store while Souvanna is away. The latter is going to Phnom Penh in February and to Hanoi and Peiping in March in yet another effort to get Communist cooperation.
- C. Berlin Embassy Warsaw reports strong rumors among Polish journalists that new Berlin proposals will come out of the recent Gomulka-Khrushchev and Ulbricht-Khrushchev talks.
- D. Brazil Another round of political tension is starting in Brazil amid renewed charges by both the right and left that Goulart is planning to seize greater powers.
- E. Pakistan-India Pakistan plans to resubmit the Kashmir question to the UN today or tomorrow. This move, coming on top of last week's communal rioting in Calcutta and Dacca, will bring Pakistani-Indian relations to their lowest point in several years.
- F. Panama The situation in Panama remained quiet over the weekend. No new major developments have been reported.

LATE NOTE

Tanganyika: The situation in Dar-es-Salaam is rapidly deteriorating, with soldiers and mobs taking action against Europeans.

50X1  
50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200250001-5

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE REVIEW**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

*17 - 20*  
**17 - 20 JANUARY 1964**  
~~TOP SECRET~~

21 January 1964

1. Tanganyika: The implications of Monday's army mutiny are still not clear. The troops claimed they were interested in pay increases and the removal of British officers. They reaffirmed their support of the government once these demands were met.

However, the mutiny brought to the surface latent anti-white and anti-Asian sentiment in the African population which led to much rioting and looting.

Defense Minister Kambona, who also runs foreign affairs, bore the brunt of negotiations with the mutineers. Kambona is an ambitious, radical nationalist who is as opportunistic as they come. His stock has gone way up at the expense of moderate President Nyerere. The latter's whereabouts throughout the mutiny is still the best kept secret in East Africa.

As far as we know there were no casualties among the American and British communities in Tanganyika and at the moment the UK is veering away from intervention.

2. Zanzibar: The situation has quieted down; President Karume, the nominal leader of the new regime, has a strong following among the Africans on the island. The chief concern is that, in the

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

long run, he will prove to be no match for the  
wilier Babu [redacted] Babu  
is now Minister of External Affairs and Trade. He  
has long been the mainspring of Communist activity  
in Zanzibar.

50X1

The key to the country's future may well rest  
with Kambona of Tanganyika. His role in the Zanzi-  
bar affair is not clear

50X1

[redacted] On the request of Karume  
and Babu, Kambona has sent Tanganyikan police to Zan-  
zibar to help restore order and disarm Field Marshal  
Okello's thugs. They have already had some success  
in this.

3. Cyprus: The mutual animosity between Greek  
and Turk Cypriots continues to lead to scattered  
incidents and to threaten the delicate balance on  
the island.

50X1

[redacted] In Istan-  
bul the Turkish police expect anti-Greek violence  
if the London conference fails.

There is no indication yet from London that  
any progress is being made. Makarios says he will  
take the issue to the UN if no agreement is reached.  
He is dead opposed to having NATO get involved in  
the problem in anyway.

4. South Vietnam: The government's efforts to put momentum into the war against the Viet Cong are still not going well.

The regime is failing to capture enthusiasm in the northern part of the country. Local officials there, who face undercurrents of religious tension and student restiveness, are receiving little guidance and are exercising little initiative.

In the Delta, where strong direction is also lacking, the Viet Cong are maintaining a relatively high level of harassment and terrorist action.

Within the ruling junta, sentiment is growing for the replacement of Prime Minister Tho in order to centralize the military leadership which is now diffused in Tho's civilian cabinet.

5. Jordan Waters: We are not at all certain how long the moderate decisions of last week's Arab Summit meeting will stick.

If anyone rocks the Arab boat it will be the Baathist extremists in Syria. The Syrians took the most extreme positions on the Jordan issue at the Cairo meeting. The cold shoulder Nasir gave them there seems likely to have left them in a belligerent mood.



50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1

6. The China Tangle: Spaak has told us that Belgium has no intention of following the De Gaulle lead on China at this time; neither will Canada according to Prime Minister Pearson.

We do not yet have a good feel for how the former French colonies in Africa will react. Some of them will undoubtedly follow suit, though most have been reluctant in the past to move at the expense of Taipei. There is also going to be pressure on Japan to follow the French.

It appears generally agreed, in any case, that French recognition will give the Chinese Communists a much better chance in the UN next fall.

7. India: [redacted]

50X6

8. USSR-Cuba: Khrushchev in a speech last Friday went out of his way to align the USSR with the Cuban demand for the return of Guantanamo. Castro has probably been badgering the Soviets about Guantanamo as a result of the Canal Zone rioting.

This speech of Khrushchev's could be the opening gun in a new Soviet propaganda and diplomatic offensive designed to isolate the US on the Guantanamo issue.

9. Ecuador: Ex-President Arosemena's revolutionary plotting is gathering steam. [redacted]

50X1

50X1

10. Bolivia: Leftist Vice President Lechin is still on the warpath over moves by President Paz to pack the presidential nominating convention of the ruling MNR party to Paz' advantage. [redacted]

[redacted] Lechin may form a common front with other opposition parties. [redacted] Paz will try to maintain himself in power whatever happens.

50X1

50X1

50X1

11. Haiti: US Ambassador Timmons was finally allowed to present his credentials to President Duvalier last Tuesday. Duvalier told Timmons that the success of his mission depended on the rapid resolution of "four political problems," but failed to say what they were. Duvalier's references to these "problems" have been highlighted in the local press. Timmons thinks this may indicate that the regime is preparing the public for some new initiative against the US.

12. Brazil: Another round of political tension is starting in Brazil amid renewed charges by both the right and left that Goulart is planning to seize greater powers.

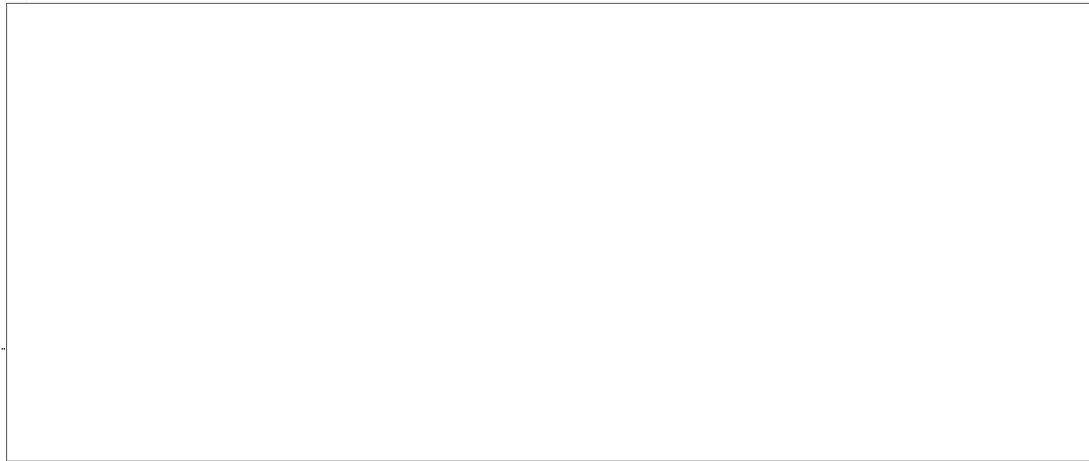
13. Malaysia: The following is a summary of developments relating to Attorney General Kennedy's trip so far. The President is probably aware of most of this.

In Tokyo, Sukarno agreed to stop military activity in Borneo as a preparatory step to a tripartite meeting of Indonesia, Malaysia, and the Philippines.

We have received nothing official on Mr. Kennedy's talks in Manila. The press says he received a pledge of "full cooperation" from Macapagal regarding a tripartite meeting in the near future.

(Cont'd)

50X1  
5UX1



50X1  
5UX1

The Malayan Times reported today that Rahman and Macapagal had agreed to meet in Phnom Penh between 15 and 20 February.

We have no official information as yet on Mr. Kennedy's talks in Kuala Lumpur. The press reports his initial bid for Malaysian agreement to tripartite talks was unsuccessful. It was expected that Rahman would be sticky because his position has been that he would not talk with Sukarno until Indonesia recognized Malaysia.

The British are being noncommittal, but obviously are extremely dubious that Sukarno will live up to any agreement he makes.

For The President Only - Top Secret

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200240001-6

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

21 JANUARY 1964

~~TOP SECRET~~

1. Tanganyika

a. Our picture of the situation continues confused with apparently conflicting and contradictory reports from the press, the US Embassy [redacted]

50X1  
50X1

b. Late press reports talk about a resumption of disorders in Dar-es-Salaam; at the same time, President Nyerere is now said to be safe and in good health in the capital.

c. Whatever Nyerere's position, it appears that the hand of foreign and defense minister Kambona, a radical nationalist, has been strengthened.

d. All US personnel in Dar-es-Salaam were reported by our embassy earlier this morning to be safe and remaining indoors.

e. There are some 1,400 US personnel in Tanganyika and about 10,000 British.

f. British forces in Kenya, numbering some 5,000 regulars are on the alert, but London is most reluctant to get involved unless necessary to protect its nationals.

2. UAR - Saudi Arabia

a. There are some hopeful signs that King Saud's talks in Cairo with Nasir and Yemeni President Sallal may lead to a break in the impasse over Yemen.

50X1



For The President Only - Top Secret

3. Afro-Asian Conference

a. The Indonesians are making good headway in their effort to promote a "second Bandung" summit conference of Afro-Asians.

b. They probably will be able to pull it off before Yugoslavia and the UAR can get their rival conference of neutralists organized.

d. Even though they are afraid the Afro-Asian meeting will pre-empt the more attractive anticolonial themes, the Yugoslavs are going ahead anyway

50X1

50X1

50X1

50X1

4. Khrushchev's Speech

a. A short speech by Khrushchev at Kaliningrad last Friday did not introduce any new themes, but it did give us some new Khrushchevisms:

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

b. "It is true that there are comrades abroad who say that Khrushchev is not managing things the right way, that he is afraid of war. I have already said more than once that I would like to see the fool who is not really afraid of war...."

c. "At the same time one cannot simply plead with his enemies.... We are not striving to prevent war by means of incantations. The Soviet Union possesses first class armaments."

d. "Our scientists have tested a new rocket, and I could not restrain myself and wrote 'excellent'."

e. "All the same, you cannot put a rocket into soup."

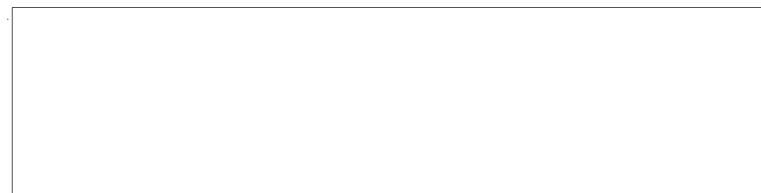
5. Panama

50X1

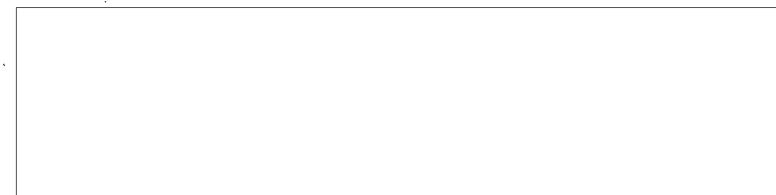
Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200240001-6

6. Cyprus-Turkey

50X1



50X1



50X1



50X1



For The President Only - Top Secret

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200240001-6

NOTES

- A. South Vietnam A cholera epidemic is in full swing in South Vietnam. Press reports yesterday put the death toll so far in Saigon at 67.
- B. Brazil-Paraguay Goulart met with Paraguay's President Stroessner Sunday, and, according to press reports got his agreement for Brazil to go ahead with the mammoth Sete Quedas hydroelectric project.
- C. Berlin Passes At their meeting last Friday with the West Berlin representatives, the East Germans imposed a completely unacceptable set of conditions for new pass arrangements. Although the Communists may give in on some of these and have agreed to continue talks, there is no prospect for early agreement.
- D. Maphilindo Talks Sihanouk leaves Kuala Lumpur today or tomorrow to go tell Macapagal what he already knows, i.e., that the Tunku has agreed to meet Macapagal, probably in early February in Phnom Penh. Philippine officials believe Sihanouk, delighted with his role as mediator, will then go to Djakarta. The Filipinos also say Macapagal, following his meeting with the Tunku, will go to Djakarta in pursuit of a three way Maphilindo conference.

50X1

50X1

[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200260001-4 [REDACTED]

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

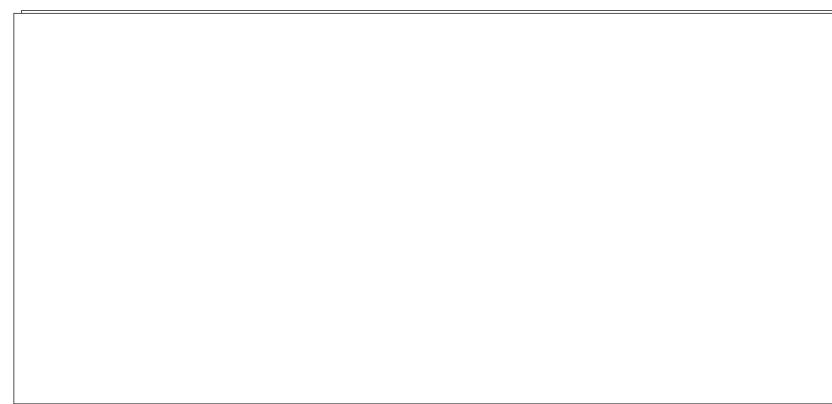
**22 JANUARY 1964**  
**~~TOP SECRET~~**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200260001-4

1. USSR

a. At least two ICBMs were fired from the Tyuratam rangehead last night, one to the more distant Pacific impact area and one to Kamchatka.

50X1



50X1

2. Tanganyika

a. Events of the past 24 hours have done little to clarify the situation.

b. We still have no firm fix on the status of moderate and popular President Nyerere.

c. A short, recorded speech, attributed to him, was broadcast yesterday over Dar-es-Salaam radio. Ambassador Leonhart thought that it was carefully drawn to avoid offending the leaderless army and that Nyerere's own views were concealed.

(Cont'd)

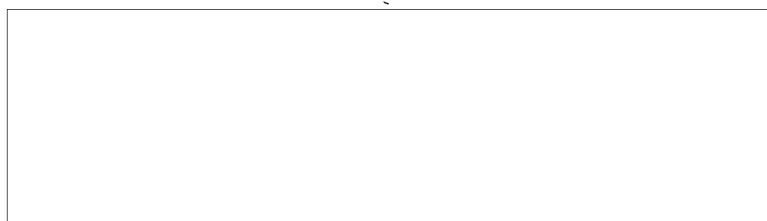
d. Late press reports describe a Nyerere tour of the capital today; this, if it occurred, would mark the president's first public appearance since the disturbances began.

e. Yesterday the army mutiny spread to the other battalion of the Tanganyikan army deep in the interior. Armed civilians have apparently joined the Dar-es-Salaam mutineers, and public order is tenuous.

3. Cyprus

a. The uneasy peace was punctured by several incidents of violence yesterday, including a gun battle between Greek Cypriot police and armed Turkish Cypriots.

b. Both communities are pressing ahead with their preparations for a renewal of violence if the London conference collapses. These talks may be nearing an impasse.



50X1

(Cont'd)

d. The Turkish Cypriots are still holding out for an arrangement which will physically separate them from the Greek Cypriots. The latter will have none of this.

50X1

4. Panama

a. Things are fairly quiet for the moment, but the Communists, we hear, are getting ready for more violence.

50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1

[Redacted]

d. Pro-Castro agitator Thelma King is scheduled to leave Panama tomorrow for Moscow and Peiping, returning by way of Cairo, Algiers and Havana.

e. While in Moscow she says she will try to follow up on what she describes as Castro's efforts to get aid for Panama from Khrushchev.

f. Panamanian officials, meantime, continue to take a firm line toward the US. The new Panamanian representative to the OAS, for example, says he will be "energetic and hard" in pressing Panama's claims.

g. Chiari is now said to be giving thought to postponing the Panamanian elections from May to June.

5. France - Communist China

a. French news outlets have been circulating the story that Chou En-lai may visit Paris.

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

b. We do not discount this possibility. Chou presumably would be available after he finishes his swing through East Africa starting next week.

50X1  
50X1

c. The French of course are counting on Taipei's breaking relations with Paris and might use a Chou visit as a goad if the announcement (perhaps later in the week) of French recognition does not precipitate the break.

50X1

6. Ethiopia - Communist China

a. The first nation to follow the De Gaulle lead may be Ethiopia.

b. Ambassador Korry points to Haile Selassie's unprecedented move in receiving a Chinese Communist delegation during a high Ethiopian religious holiday last Monday.

c. Korry thinks this could mean that the Emperor has decided to recognize Peiping and to receive Chou En-lai in Addis Ababa. The Emperor hinted as much to a US newsman shortly after his meeting with Chou's emissaries.

For The President Only - Top Secret

NOTES

A. Maphilindo Tunku Rahman told Attorney General Kennedy yesterday that he was agreeable to a Malaysian-Philippine-Indonesian meeting at any level except the summit. He suggested a meeting at the ministerial level in Bangkok for a starter. The Malaysians are obviously not happy with Sihanouk's attempt to muscle the Thais out of the picture, which they attribute, quite accurately, to Macapagal.

50X1  
50X1

C. Spain-Cuba The Spanish-government has approved the sale to Cuba of a 13,000-ton ship now under construction in Bilbao.

50X1

D. Latin America The long-delayed Congress to set up a Latin America labor front for Castro and the Communists is due to get under way in Brazil on Friday. Aside from setting up the new organization, the Congress, which will probably include representatives from several Communist nations, will offer yet another forum for anti-American agitation.

(Cont'd)

- E. Dominican Republic - Cuba High ranking Dominicans have again been floating offers of assistance to anti-Castro Cubans in the US. [redacted]
- F. Laos The agreement Monday between Premier Souvanna Phouma and Pathet Lao chieftain Souphanouvong to neutralize the old royal capital of Luang Prabang and move the government there is likely to run into stiff opposition from right-wing leader Phoumi. Phoumi's cooperation is needed to bring the agreement to reality, and he wants first to see equivalent concessions from the Communist side.
- G. Hungary-US There has been some reduction in Hungarian jamming of VOA (and BBC) transmissions, and the foreign ministry in Budapest has indicated that it will be stopped completely in a short time. Rumania cut out jamming VOA last summer.

50X1

50X1

50X1

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**23 JANUARY 1964**

~~**TOP SECRET**~~

1. Cyprus

- a. The situation continues to deteriorate; widespread violence may be imminent.
- b. Both Greek and Turkish Cypriots are accusing each other of fomenting incidents.

c. [redacted] in Nicosia [redacted] a marked increase in anti-American, as well as anti-British feeling--presumably among Greek Cypriots--throughout the island.

50X1  
50X1

2. Tanganyika

- a. What actually went on or is still going on in Tanganyika remains a mystery.
- b. Most observers think the troop mutinies, ostensibly for higher pay and Africanization of the officer corps, are only part of the story.
- c. Nyerere, has finally shown himself to our Ambassador and the British High Commissioner but made none too forceful a presentation to them.

(Cont'd)

d. The Ambassador points out that Nyerere is dealing with an army which is now an uncertain quantity, predominantly officered by untested men.



50X1

f. Faced with the possibility that the troubles in Tanganyika and Zanzibar may spread to Kenya and Uganda, President Kenyatta is said to have revised his attitude toward the presence of British troops in Kenya overnight.

3. Nationalist  
China - France

a. The Chinese Nationalist Foreign Minister has strongly implied to Ambassador Wright that Taipei will have to break relations with Paris.

b. He said that France and the Chinese Communists will be able to make conditions untenable for the Nationalists in Paris and force them to break relations.

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

c. The only question, he said, is whether Taipei should try to stay on in Paris and lose its relations and also its dignity or whether it should withdraw promptly and just lose relations.

d. Wright comments that the letter De Gaulle sent to Chiang announcing his intentions tends to support the Nationalist view that De Gaulle will simply not allow Taipei to frustrate his plans by not breaking relations.

4. India

a. Lal Bahadur Shastri was appointed to the cabinet yesterday.

b. His title, minister without portfolio, is designed to avoid the touchy succession question, but there is little doubt that he will function as de facto head of government both now, and in the parliament when it reconvenes early next month.

c. Shastri's appointment also constitutes tacit admission by the Congress Party high command that Nehru's convalescence will be prolonged.

5. Bolivia

- a. Members of the American community have been instructed to stay close to home because of the explosive atmosphere generated by the nominating convention of the MNR.
- b. Most of the activity at the convention centers on the struggle between Federico Fortun and Air Force General Rene Barrientos for the Vice-presidential nomination.
- c. With Paz' renomination seemingly in the cards, Vice-President Lechin and his leftist sector have not attended recent sessions. Paz claims Barrientos is plotting with Lechin.
- d. The Lechinists may well bolt the MNR, hold their own convention, and proclaim Lechin's candidacy for President in the June elections.
- e. The demonstrations in support of him which [REDACTED] planned for 16 January, then [REDACTED] postponed to 20 January, have again been postponed. No new date has been set.

50X1  
50X1  
50X1

6. Saudi Arabia - a. Faysal, impressed by the reception Nasir gave the Saudis at last week's Arab conference, is willing to discuss Yemen with the Egyptians.

b. A Saudi Foreign Ministry official has asked privately that our embassy in Cairo sound out Egypt on sending a delegation to Saudi Arabia for this purpose.

50X1

c. [redacted] yet to see any give in either Faysal's or Nasir's positions on the crucial question of Egyptian troop withdrawal.

7. Panama a. The prospects of continued economic deterioration and the political chaos which could result from Chiari's overthrow or resignation appear to have led Panama finally to take some initiative of its own toward breaking the deadlock.

b. Panamanian representative Boyd at the UN has presented Ambassador Stevenson with a proposed statement approved by Chiari.

c. It reads that both governments agree to renew relations and begin negotiations within 30 days leading toward a treaty "which will resolve the differences between Panama and the US as a result of the existence of the inter-oceanic canal."

**8. USSR-Cuba**

a. The TASS summary of the Khrushchev-Castro communique issued yesterday made no mention of specific Soviet or Cuban moves to exploit the Panama crisis.

b. The two leaders expressed support for the Panamanian people's "just demand" for establishing their sovereignty over the Canal Zone and for their right to revise or abrogate the "unequal agreements" imposed by the US.

c. The summary contains the usual reaffirmation of Castro's "five points" of November 1962 (the last of which called for the evacuation of the Guantanamo naval base) as the basis for "normalizing" the Caribbean situation, but it does not mention Guantanamo specifically.

d. The language of the communique also suggests that Castro has swerved more to the Soviet side in the USSR's struggle with China.

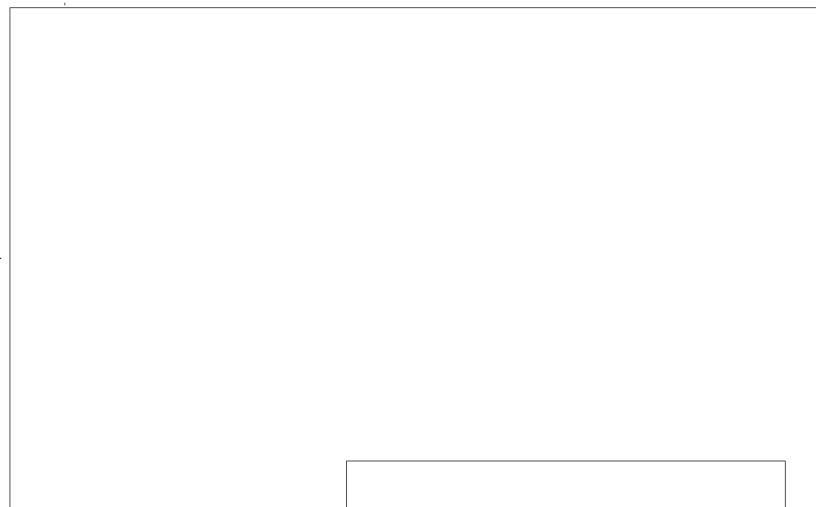
**9. Malaysia**

a. Sukarno has issued his cease fire order.

(Cont'd)

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200270001-3

50X1



50X1

**For The President Only - Top Secret**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200270001-3

NOTES

- A. Syria Military officers plotting against President  
Hafiz [redacted]

50X1

50X1

- B. Mexico Foreign Minister Tello told the press Monday that the construction of the Tehuantepec isthmus canal is not practical at this time. He said that if the canal is ever built, the sovereignty, administration, defense and all other aspects of running the canal must rest with the Mexican Government.
- C. Ghana Embassy Accra has a report that Nkrumah is preparing to deport a number of American technicians on grounds that they are CIA agents.
- D. East Germany Although Walter Ulbricht still dominates the party and government, Erich Honecker, Politburo member and party secretary for security affairs, is playing an increasingly important role in East Germany. The coverage given Honecker by East German media seems designed to suggest he is Ulbricht's heir.

50X1

- F. USSR-Cuba [redacted] Cuban-Soviet sugar  
agreement announced yesterday [redacted]

50X1

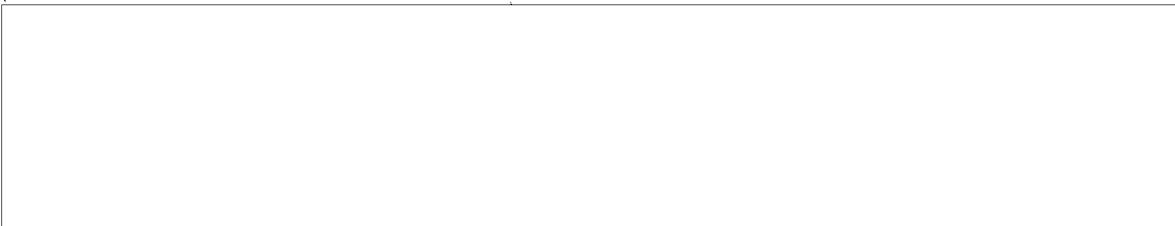
50X1

50X1

[Redacted] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200270001-3

50X1

**DOCUMENTS OF INTEREST**



**For The President Only - Top Secret**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200270001-3

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200290001-1

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE REVIEW**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**21-24 JANUARY 1964**

**~~TOP SECRET~~**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200290001-1

24 January 1964

1. Cyprus: The situation continues to worsen. The bomb explosions yesterday in Nicosia will inflame passions and increase the danger of a general breakdown in security.

British authorities on the island say mediation between Greek and Turkish Cypriots is becoming increasingly difficult. Both sides are stepping up their efforts to acquire arms.

George Grivas, leader of the Greek Cypriot underground prior to the island's independence, may soon challenge Makarios' leadership.

Within the Turkish Cypriot community, Vice President Kuchuk appears to be losing control to a committee of irregulars.

Our ambassador in Athens comments that, while the Greek military leaders appear to realize the catastrophic consequences of war between Greece and Turkey, they seem determined to risk it if Turkey sends more troops to Cyprus or if the Turkish contingent presently on the island attacks the Greek Cypriots.

(Cont'd)

There has been no progress in the London talks though the British have introduced a compromise plan which may at least prevent its early collapse.

50X1

2. East Africa: The unrest among Tanganyikan troops has spilled over into neighboring Uganda.

50X1

Prime Minister Obote immediately called for help from the British, and a contingent was airlifted from Kenya.

In Tanganyika President Nyerere is looking more like a front man for Kambona every day. Latest word is that the situation has fallen apart again over new difficulties in negotiations with the mutineers. Nyerere is considering a request for British intervention.

50X1

50X1

3.      **Indonesia:** [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

50X1

50X1

50X1

50X1

4.      **France-China:** The announcement of French recognition of Communist China can be expected at any moment. It may include a reference to the exchange of ambassadors.

To smooth the path for such an exchange, Paris is counting on Taipei to break relations. Chiang Kai-shek's present intent is to sever relations as soon as the French make their announcement.

5. USSR-Cuba: Embassy Moscow thinks the Soviets came out on top in their recent joust with Castro-- using a long-term sugar agreement to keep him sweet. They got Cuban endorsement of major Soviet foreign policy positions and of the Soviet side of the Sino-Soviet dispute.

However, Moscow is probably keeping its fingers crossed knowing full well that it is harder to keep Castro cool in Cuba than in Russia.

The embassy thinks Soviet handling of Castro reflects concern not to acerbate US-Soviet relations and to restrain Castro from inflaming the Latin American situation.

6. Saudi Arabia - Egypt: Faysal says he is willing to discuss Yemen with the Egyptians, but we have yet to see any give in either his or Nasir's position on the crucial question of Egyptian troop withdrawal.

7. Arab Conference: The Arab chiefs of state at their recent meeting worked out a counter to the forthcoming Israeli diversion of the Jordan River. They allocated about \$12 million to meet the immediate costs of a plan to cut off some of the Jordan's headwaters.

While the Arab plan may be technically feasible, it does not look so hot politically. Neither Lebanon nor Jordan is enthusiastic about antagonizing the Israelis, and instability in Syria could deter work on the project itself. Moreover, there would be substantial difficulties in raising the large funds required for the full costs of a complete diversion scheme.

For The President Only - Top Secret

8. Syria: Military officers plotting against  
President Hafiz [redacted]

50X1  
50X1

9. Panama: President Chiari remains under strong compulsion to secure a complete revision of the canal agreements with the United States. The Communists and pro-Castro elements, as well as politicians looking toward national elections in May, are all at work to keep feeling inside the country stirred up.

If the growing economic and political pressures on Chiari are not alleviated soon, he may resign or be ousted.

10. Ecuador: Student groups are cooking up a large antigovernment demonstration to provoke the security forces. [redacted]

50X1  
50X1

50X1

50X1  
50X1  
50X1  
50X1

11. Bolivia: [redacted] plot-  
ting a coup. [redacted]

12. Haiti: It turns out that the "four problems" in Haitian-US relations mentioned by Duvalier on receiving Ambassador Timmons credentials last week are four embassy officials. Haiti has been trying to get us to withdraw three of them for some time now.

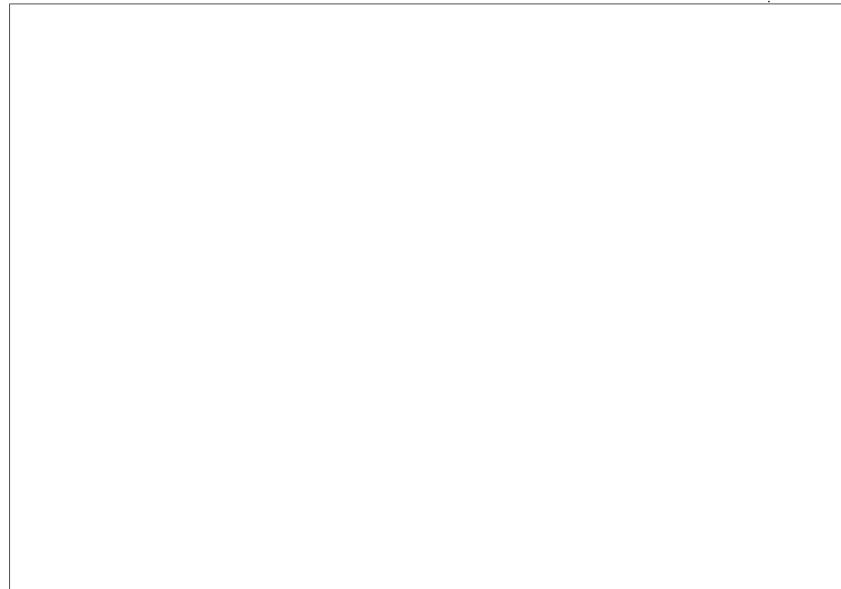
# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**24 JANUARY 1964**

~~**TOP SECRET**~~

1. Chinese recognition problem



50X1



50X1



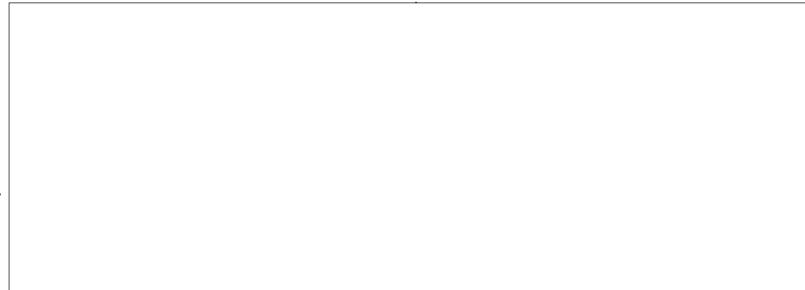
50X1



50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1



2. Cyprus

a. Both sides are getting ready to fight it out.

b. Yesterday's bombing of two Turkish mosques in Nicosia has heightened tension in the already overcharged situation.

c. The number of shooting incidents is increasing in outlying villages as Turkish Cypriots flee mixed communities to consolidate themselves in preponderantly Turkish villages.

d. The Turks are reportedly now planning to set up their own government and plan to hold elections soon.

e. In London, meanwhile, Sandys has played one of his few remaining trumps. He has presented his closely held plan for a compromise solution individually to the conference participants to think over.

(Cont'd)

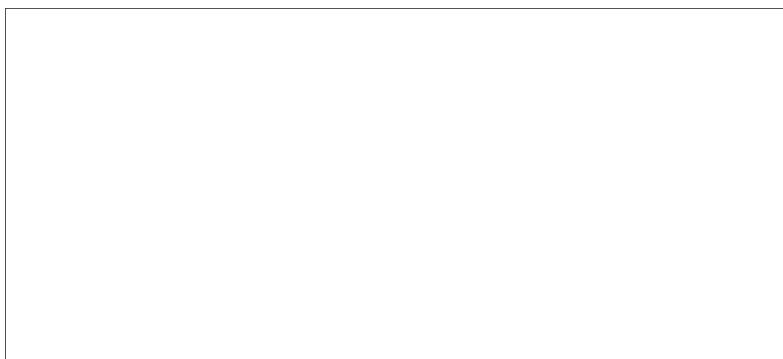
f. Consideration is also being given another proposal, this one by the Greeks, that an "allied" peace force be sent to Cyprus to keep peace, disarm irregulars, and work toward withdrawal of Greek and Turkish units.

g. By "allied," the Greeks say they mean the present British force in Cyprus plus a substantial US contingent, possibly an Italian one and perhaps a French one too.

h. To get this idea past Makarios, the Greeks suggest it be worked out outside NATO councils.

3. East Africa

a. The spirit of disobedience among Tanganyikan troops has spilled over into neighboring Uganda.



50X1

(Cont'd)

d. Zanzibar insurrectionist leaders, Prime Minister Babu Mohammed and President Karume, were in the country at the time.

50X6  
50X6

e. The situation in Tanganyika seems to be settling down, though uneasily, with President Nyerere looking ever more like a mere front for strongman Kambona.

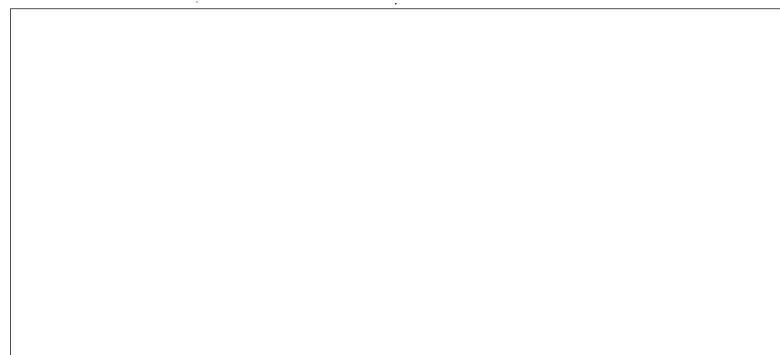
4. Morocco-Algeria

a. The uneasy truce between Algeria and Morocco continues, but both sides seem more intent on preparing their forces for renewed hostilities than on trying to reach a settlement by other means.

b. The border demilitarization commission has been unable to complete its work, in large part because Moroccan forces refuse to pull back.

c. An exchange of ambassadors between the two countries is being held up by Algerian insistence that the commission must complete its work first.

(Cont'd)



50X1

5. Southeast Asian  
Summitry

a. While he was in Kuala Lumpur, Sihanouk got the Tunku's agreement to try to arrange a summit meeting involving Cambodia, Thailand, and South Vietnam.

b. To hear the Malaysian ambassador here tell it, the Tunku was persuaded to do this in view of Sihanouk's "extreme keenness" to normalize relations with his two neighbors.

c. Meanwhile, with a Maphilindo ministers' meeting now clearly in prospect for early February in Bangkok, attention is turning to how and under whose auspices the cease-fire in Borneo is to be policed.

d. The Thais are working on this in consultation with U Thant.

e. There are rumors in Moscow that Sukarno will visit there shortly.

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

6. USSR

a. Pravda last week listed nine Soviet industrial facilities which will now begin tooling up to produce chemical equipment.



50X1

c. Another reflection of the seriousness of the Soviet agricultural situation is seen in the 1963 economic plan fulfillment report just released.

d. From it, we learn that the number of pigs in the USSR was reduced during the year by one half through distress slaughtering.

e. Also, state procurement of grain was 20 percent below 1962--the lowest level since 1957.

7. Spain-Cuba

a. Spain's Information Minister Fraga Iribarne tells us the ships-for-sugar deal with Cuba is going through.

b. Spanish opinion, he says, strongly favors trade with Cuba despite any possible US retaliation.

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

c. He, himself, is so strongly opposed to our economic policy toward Cuba, that he and a number of other ministers would, he says, resign if Franco were to go along with us.

8. Cuba-USSR

a. We see the recent long-term Soviet-Cuban sugar deal as advantageous to both parties.

b. The USSR will pay a price (six cents per pound) which is well below current world prices, although these are expected to decline.

c. Moscow apparently also no longer has to pay Cuba in dollars for some of this sugar.

d. For Cuba, the pact provides an element of stability and still allows for the sale of substantial quantities at higher prices in Western markets.

9. USSR



50X1

(Cont'd)

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200280001-2

50X1

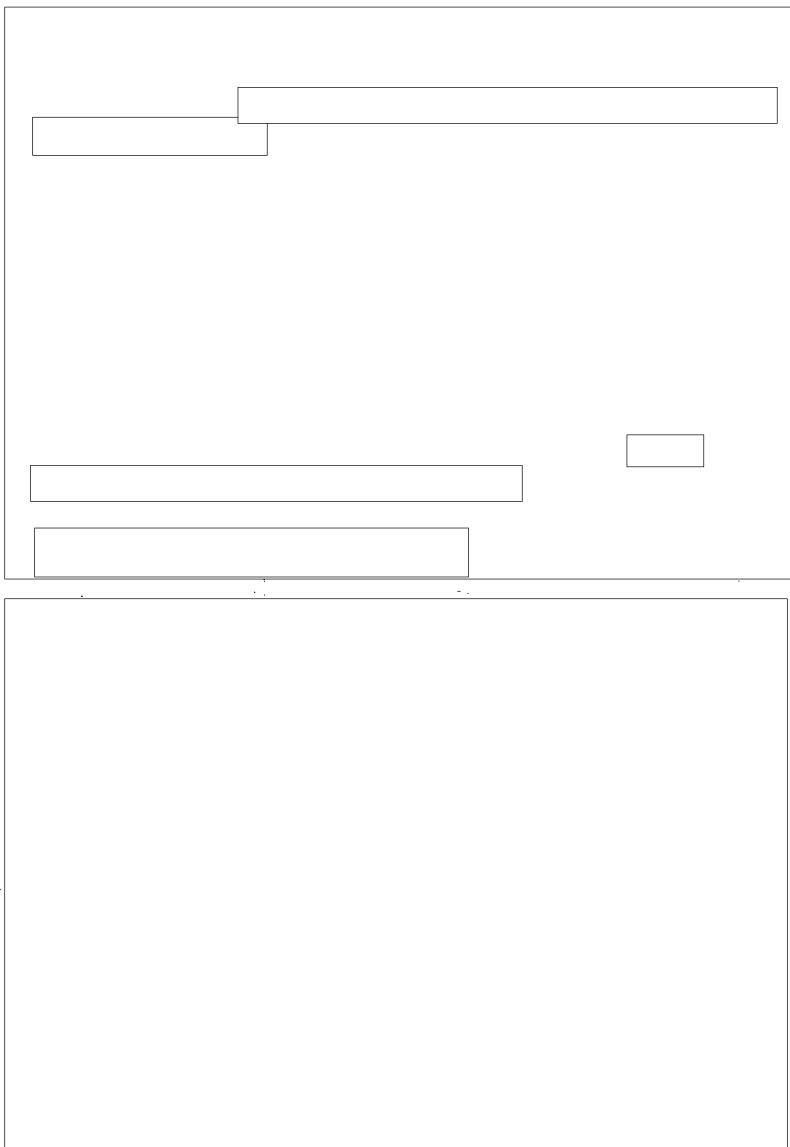
50X1  
50X1

50X1  
50X1

50X1

50X1

10. USSR



50X1

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200280001-2

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200280001-2



50X1

50X1  
50X1

**For The President Only - Top Secret**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200280001-2

NOTES

- A. Indonesia The Indonesian Government is moving with police and military units to prevent the further take over of British-owned properties by Communist-led labor unions and to throw the unions out of those enterprises already taken over.
- B. Soviet air routes to Latin America Our embassy in Mexico City points out that a likely consequence of a US civil air agreement with the Soviets will be the extension of Soviet civil air routes through Cuba, not only to Mexico, but elsewhere in Latin America.
- C. South Africa - US Ambassador Satterthwaite expects the South Africans to give us notice soon that they want to terminate the tracking station agreement they have with us.
- D. Panama Panama is threatening to charge us with economic aggression too if Alliance for Progress contracts are allowed to lapse as a result of the break in relations. The contention is that these contracts remain in effect despite a break.
- E. Ecuador A large antigovernment demonstration is being cooked up by student groups intent on provoking security forces to intervene.

50X1

50X1

50X1

(Cont'd)

F. Cambodia-US Sihanouk is still at it. Ambassador Bohlen in Paris has learned that before departing for Kuala Lumpur, Sihanouk gave the French press agency a note in which he said "we absolutely do not want American aid, since it, as everything shows, would remain conditional. We will not undertake in any case negotiations toward renewal of this aid. We no longer want MAAG nor USAID here."

G. Czechoslovakia The Czech party central committee

[redacted] to decide on a severe austerity program to revive the country's halting economy (one of the poorest showings in the bloc last year). [redacted]

50X1

50X1

50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200300001-9

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**25 JANUARY 1964**

~~**TOP SECRET**~~

1. East Africa

a. British marines landed in Dar-es-Salaam at dawn today. There was some resistance from the mutinous Tanganyikan army, but it was quickly overcome and the barracks area secured.

b. Downtown Dar-es-Salaam remained quiet. British troops have not moved into the city but plan to do so today. They may also extend their control inland to Tabora, where the other Tanganyikan army battalion is located.

c. The British action came in response to a request from President Nyerere, his first positive action in the crisis. We do not know whether Defense Minister Kambona concurred.

d. Nyerere had probably recognized that lawlessness could get out of hand this weekend. Neither the government nor the new African officers had control over the troops, who were being egged on by agitators in civilian clothes.

e. There were also indications that the police and labor might make joint cause with the mutineers.

f. Nyerere has again dropped out of sight.

(Cont'd)

g. The Uganda uprising and another abortive one in Kenya yesterday have apparently been brought under control for the moment by British forces.

h. Although East African leaders seem more alive to the dangers posed by free-wheeling leftists in their governments, we remain doubtful of their ability to stay on top of the situation.

i. The outlook is for a long period of unrest, requiring a commitment of British forces which London may be neither willing nor able to sustain.

## 2. Cyprus

a. Both communities continue to press their preparations for the violence that will come should the London talks fail.

b. U Thant's special representative on a recent trip found the extremists so thoroughly in control that renewed violence is "inevitable."

c. There has been no response yet from the conferees in London to the compromise formula tabled by Sandys the day before yesterday. Hopes are not high.

(Cont'd)

d. The British describe Sandys' plan as an attempt to find common ground between two seemingly irreconcilable positions.

e. It calls for a single state, shored up by an international peace-keeping force. Also in the package are a reconstituted police force, a general reorganization of the government, and a limited resettlement to eliminate mixed villages.

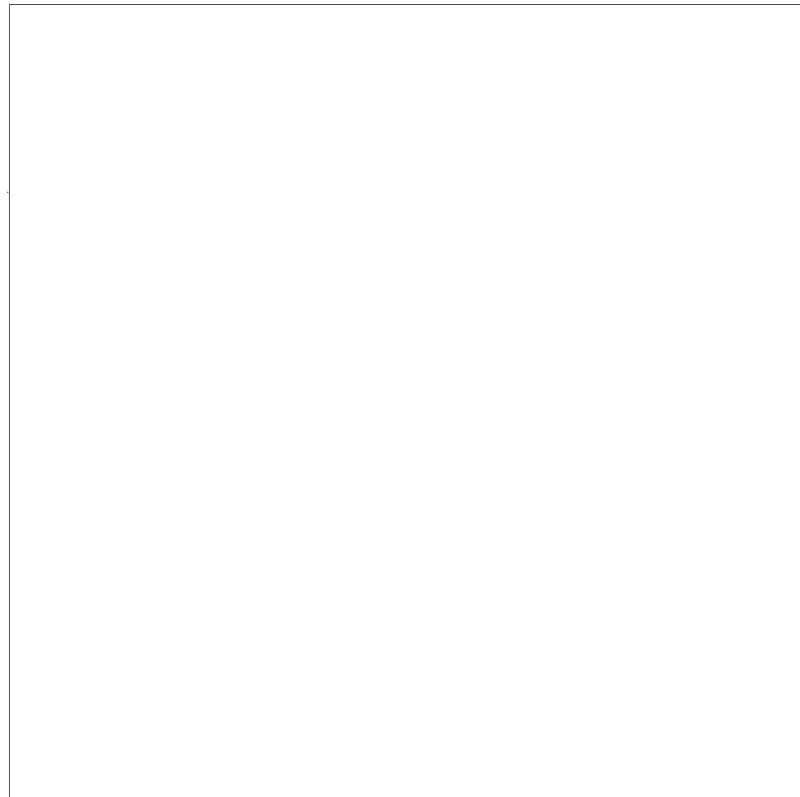
f. The scheme avoids such scratchy issues as the future of the Turkish and Greek army contingents. The Greek Cypriots want them removed, but the Turks are adamantly opposed.

g. Both Greek and Turkish officials, as before, are insisting that the only way to prevent a catastrophe is for the US to take a more active role.

3. Indonesia-  
Malaysia

50X1

50X1

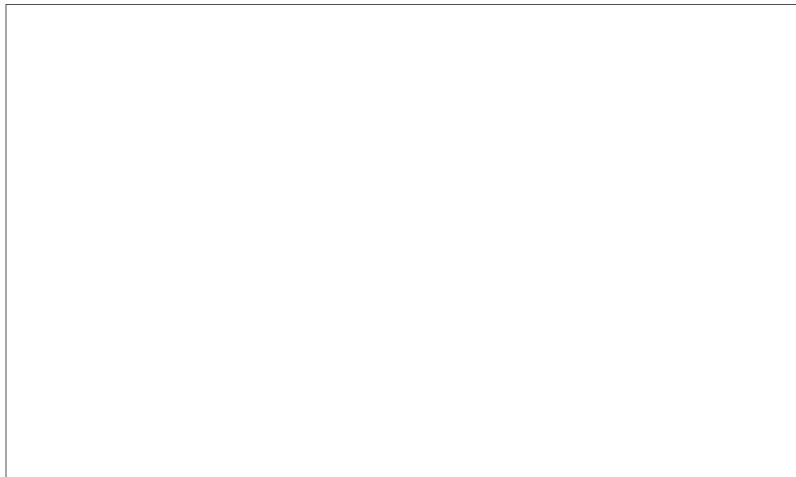


4. Southeast Asian  
Summitry

a. The Filipinos, already  
heavily involved in the Malaysian  
and US-Cambodian affairs, have now  
offered their good offices in  
Sihanouk's disputes with Thailand  
and South Vietnam.

(Cont'd)

50X1



50X1

5. France-China

a. So far Chiang Kai-shek has been adamant in refusing to consider a waiting contest with the Chinese Communists in Paris.

b. Chiang says his embassy in Paris can not stay on after the French announce recognition of Peiping. He believes De Gaulle is determined to drive him out and prefers to avoid the humiliation by announcing "on the same day" that Taipei is severing relations with the French.

c. Apparently, the [redacted] letter from De Gaulle, which made no mention of future French relations with Taipei, and the behavior of De Gaulle's special emissary were the determining factors.

50X6  
50X6

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

d. All the same, French press outlets are describing the emissary's visit as a "secret mission" to dissuade Chiang from breaking relations.



50X1

6. South Vietnam

a. Saigon may yet have to crack down on organized labor, as it has on some newspapers and student demonstrators.

b. Much of the trouble stems from the post-Diem proliferation of new unions, short on members but long on scattergun charges which are gleefully printed by the wilder elements of the new press.

c. The most serious problem just now involves strikes of some 2,000 workers (largely Chinese girls) in three textile plants. Troops were called in to restore order at one plant after police failed.

d. Management and some government leaders have seen the Viet Cong hand in this, but we have no confirmation.

7. USSR-Cuba

- a. In his television report last night, Castro sought to leave the impression that the purpose of his trip was exclusively economic.
- b. He spent most of his time describing the long-range advantages of the new sugar agreement, under which he is getting less than current world market prices for his sugar.
- c. Ambassador Kohler felt the trip was a noteworthy Soviet success. And, indeed, Castro had some nice things to say about his host.
- d. Some Castroisms: "I would like to speak of Khrushchev's exceptional qualities as a leader, of his youthful spirit, great energy, and physical endurance."
- e. Or, "Khrushchev is a remarkable hunter, persistent and patient, and always lucky."
- f. And, "I have every reason to admire this man who combines in one person so many beautiful qualities--intelligence, an excellent nature, kindness, strength" (and so on).

NOTES

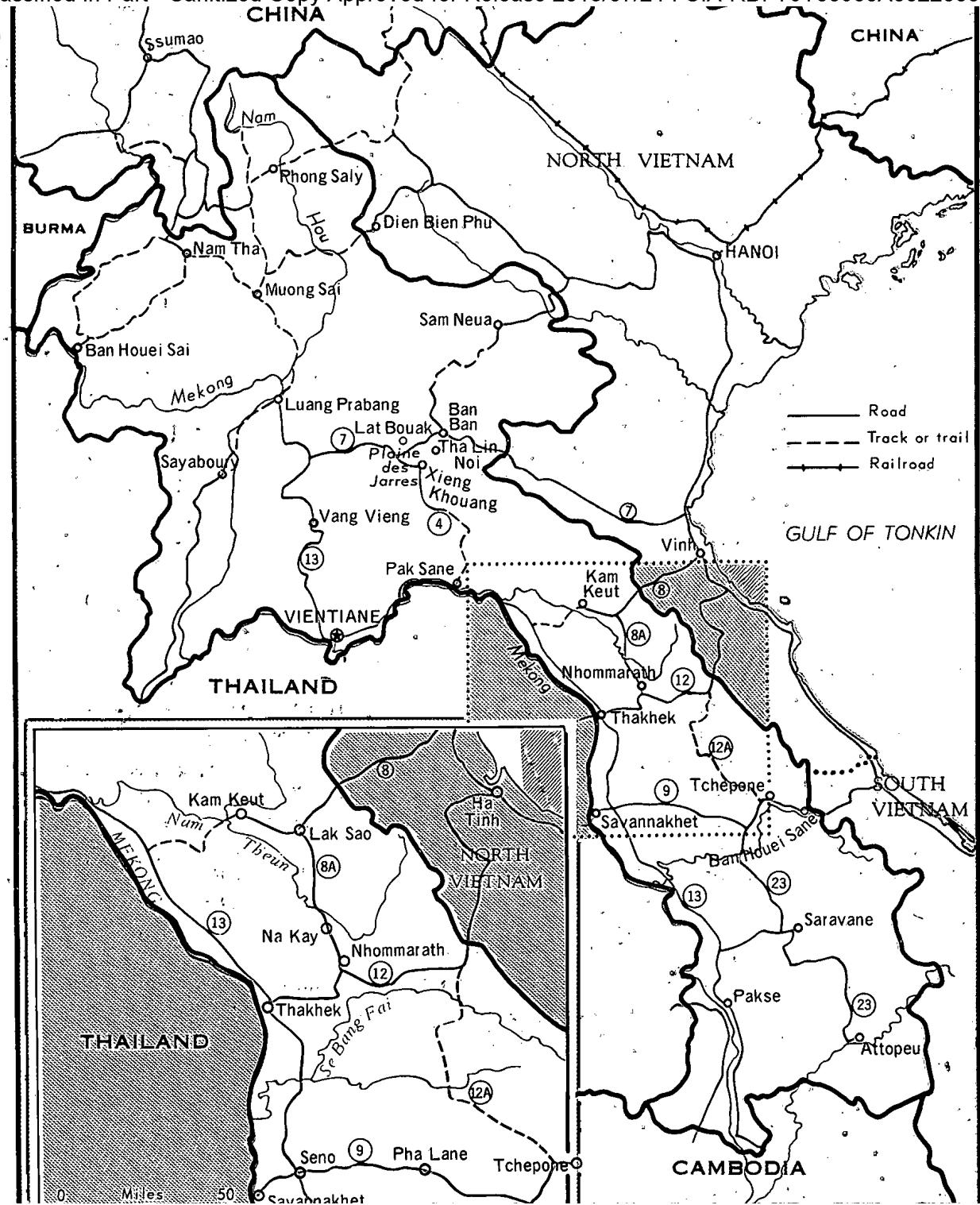
- A. Libya The Libyan monarchy is in trouble. A riot the day before yesterday in protest of earlier police brutality toward students took a turn against the King for the first time in Libyan history. The disorders spread yesterday to Tripoli, but were controlled--at least for the time being--by police.
- CIA
- B. Bolivia President Paz, already facing coup threats and an incipient breakup of his ruling National Revolutionary Movement, may have a cabinet crisis on his hands in the next few days. Foreign Minister Fellman has resigned, letting it be known that he was dissatisfied with the way Paz was running things. Other resignations may follow.
- D. Mexico - Communist China The Lopez Mateos government, which now recognizes Taipei, is considering the recognition of Communist China. A parliamentary group under Senate President Moreno, a powerful figure in the government, is due to leave a week from today for a three-week tour of the Chinese mainland.

50X1

(Cont'd)

# LAOS

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200300001-9



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200300001-9

- E. UAR - Saudi Arabia The Egyptians are apparently agreeable to keeping their dialogue with the Saudis, begun at the Arab summit, going. They are mulling over a possible state visit to Egypt by Prince Faysal after Ramadan.
- F. Laos - South Vietnam General Phoumi, an eye cocked toward Pathet Lao moves east of Tchepone, has been talking to South Vietnam military leaders about a coordinated approach to Communist operations in the border areas. He discussed the problem with General Don in Bangkok last week and planned a surreptitious trip to South Vietnam yesterday for further talks.

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200300001-9

50X1

50X1

For The President Only - Top Secret

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200300001-9

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200310001-8

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

27 JANUARY 1964

~~TOP SECRET~~

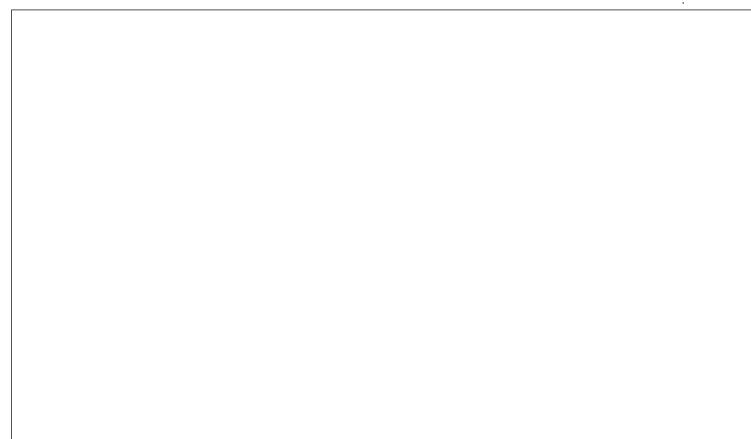
1. East Africa

- a. The injection of British force has brought a semblance of public order and quiet, at least for the time being, to Tanganyika, Kenya, and Uganda.
- b. Ambassador Leonhart, assessing the "wholly new situation" facing Nyerere, says the Tanganyikan President must reconstitute not only his armed forces, but the civil service and the rest of the governmental apparatus as well. He seems to have "come out fighting" and shows every sign of a determination to reassert himself.
- c. We are, of course, far from being out the woods in this part of the world. British troops are likely to become a political liability to the moderate leaders quite quickly.
- d. There is a good chance that radical nationalists like Tanganyika's Kambona and Kenya's Oginga Odinga may react to the use of the British troops by fomenting strikes or mob violence which the British could find hard to control.



50X1

(Cont'd)



50X1

50X1

2. Cyprus

- a. The situation is near the flashpoint again.
- b. On the island sporadic violence is keeping communal tempers frayed, and each side is again arming itself, setting up road blocks, and digging in for trouble.
- c. None of the participants sets much stock in the London talks. The British fear they have reached a deadend, and Makarios, for one, has publicly questioned the value of continuing.
- d. All parties to the dispute, in increasing measure, are looking to the US to bail them out by taking a more active role.

(Cont'd)

e. The British, who do not relish being left to cope with new disorders by themselves, have proposed an international force of some 10,000 men to keep order. They believe such a force would require a US contribution to get it off the ground.

f. Some such force is favored by the Greeks, but the Turks have been dragging their feet, as is Makarios.

g. A routine rotation of a Greek Army contingent is scheduled for tomorrow, and supplies are to be landed for the Turkish contingent on Wednesday. These moves could lead to trouble.

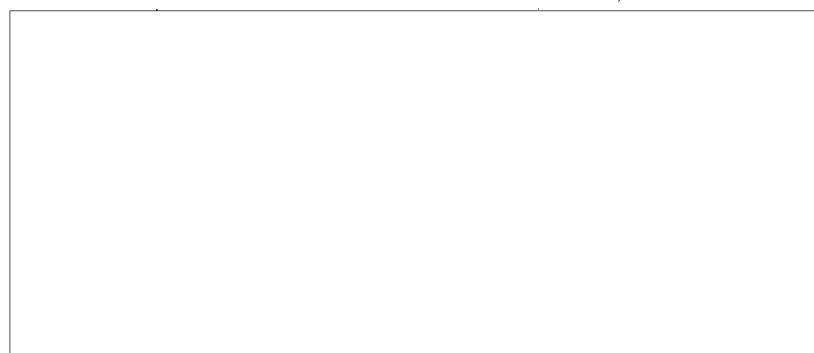
3. Indonesia-  
Malaysia

50X1

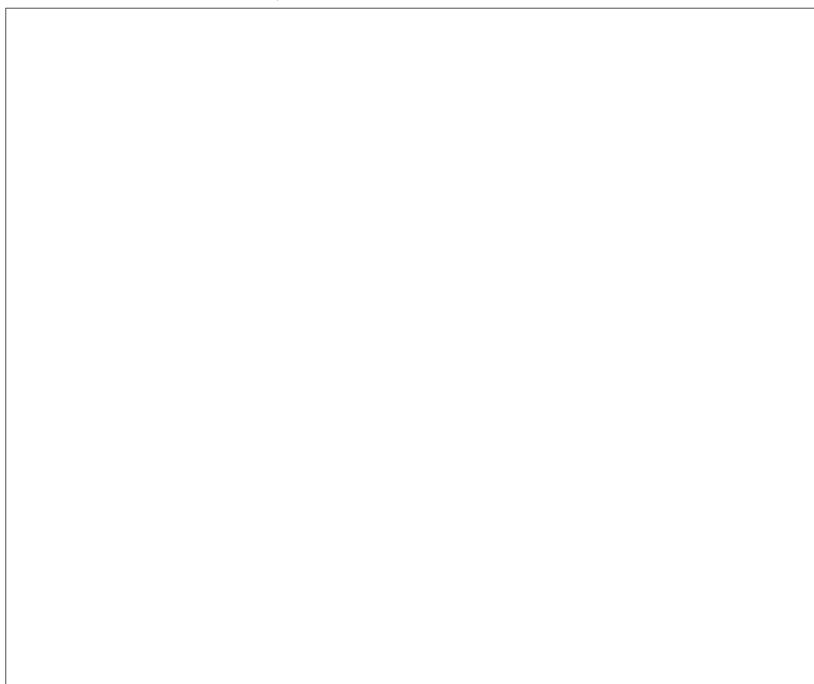
(Cont'd)

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200310001-8

50X1



50X1



**For The President Only - Top Secret**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200310001-8

4. Dominican Republic

a. The ruling civilian triumvirate seems to have weathered a new challenge from the military.

50X1

b. Late last week a group of high military officers, including Generals Luna and Wessin, who spearheaded the Bosch overthrow last September, expressed strong dissatisfaction with the way the country was being run.

50X1

d. The upshot is that General Luna is being replaced immediately as chief of the air force instead of next week as scheduled, while Wessin has retired to his camp. The potential for further trouble remains.

5. China-France

a. A joint communiqué was issued this morning in Paris and Peiping announcing the establishment of diplomatic relations and the naming of ambassadors within three months.

b. So far there has been no reaction from Taipei. As of yesterday there was no give in Chiang Kai-shek's decision to break relations with France immediately after the Paris announcement.

c. [Redacted]

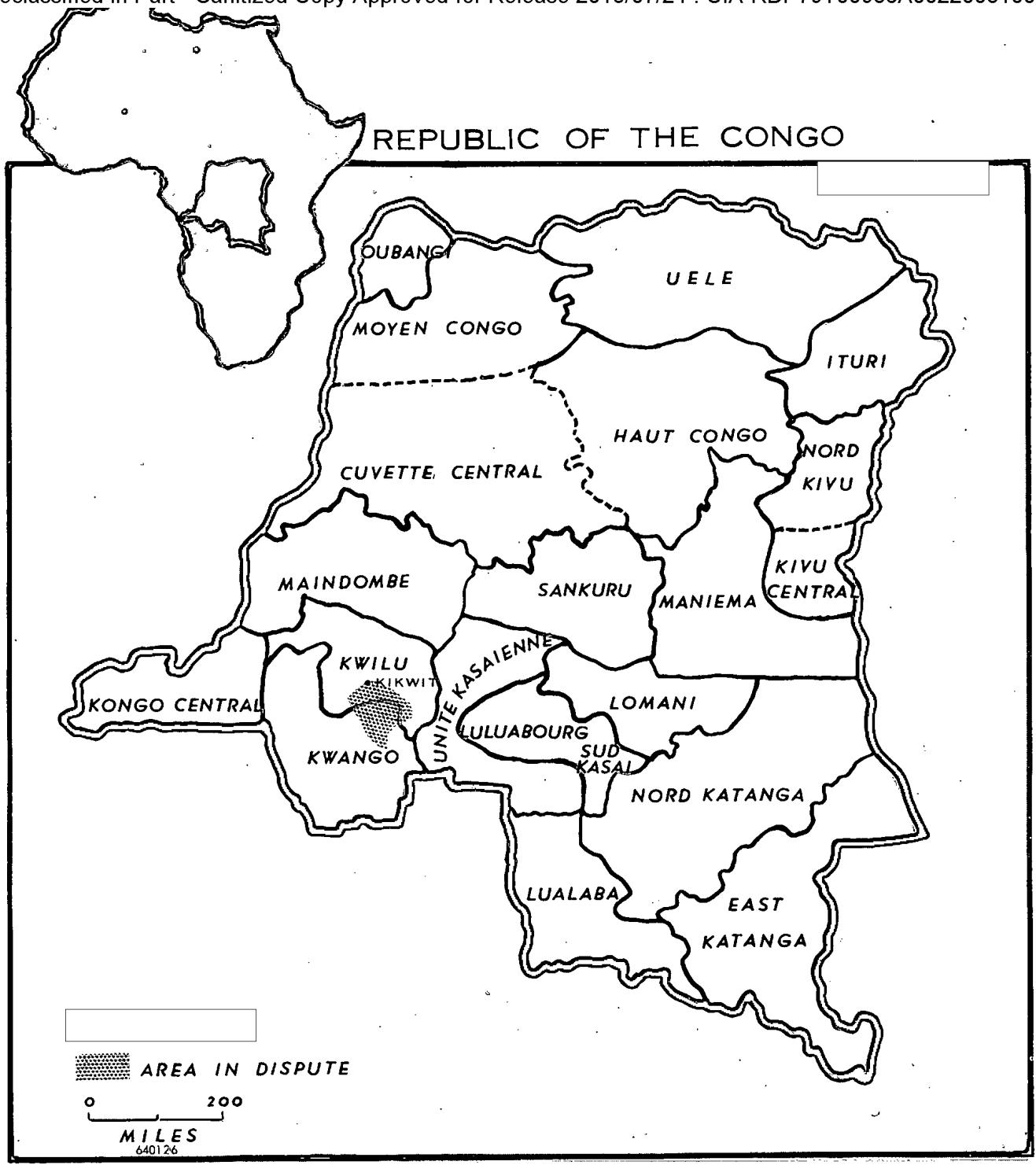
d. De Gaulle's special emissary to Taipei returned late last week with a letter for De Gaulle from Chiang. The contents have not been made available to us, either in Paris or Taipei.

50X1

e. The director of the Asian Department of the French Foreign Ministry, who may or may not be aware of its contents, told Embassy Paris that it was his "impression" Chiang would not break at once.

f. The official added that this could lead to difficulties for the French since Peiping has given no evidence of a willingness to accept a two Chinas policy.

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200310001-8



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200310001-8

6. Congo

a. Guerrilla activity in Kwilu Province shows signs of developing into the most serious challenge to Adoula's central government since the Katanga uprising.

b. The "Jeunesse" bands of Pierre Mulele, ex-Gizenga aide who has Peiping and perhaps Moscow backing, are extending their terrorist activity over a broader area.

c. These bands now number about 2,000, and those who have encountered them have been struck by their organization and discipline. Press accounts have featured their use of bows, flaming arrows, and knives, but Mulele's hard core undoubtedly has better arms.

d. Adoula has preferred to deal with the threat with small groups of gendarmerie, [redacted] commando units of the Congolese Army are being sent to the scene.

50X1  
50X1

7. India-Pakistan

a. Pakistan may once again be giving consideration to paramilitary actions in Indian-held Kashmir.

(Cont'd)

b. Karachi's UN representative has pointed to this possibility should his country's resort to the UN prove ineffectual. He told Ambassador Stevenson that 20,000 infiltrating tribesmen would make it extremely hard on Indian authorities in the Vale.

c. While his immediate objective was to generate support for Pakistan's move to get Security Council consideration of the Kashmir question, we know that Pakistan was considering just such a course last year.

50X1

NOTES

A. Panama [redacted] the pro-Castroites plan to order the students back into the street [redacted] if tangible results are not forthcoming on Panama's demands for a new treaty. One objective this time will be the burning of the Tivoli Hotel.

50X1

50X1

C. Brazil Though Goulart has gotten an OK from Paraguay to go ahead on the huge Sete Quedas power project, he still needs money to finance it.

50X1

D. Libya Tripoli was still tense yesterday after two days of student riots. The streets were being patrolled by the army and all secondary schools and universities have been closed for three weeks.

E. Angolan Rebels Holden Roberto plans to dispatch a mission to Peiping and Moscow [redacted] to arrange shipments of arms [redacted] It is likely that Adoula will keep a close eye on all this and will permit only modest amounts of material and no Communist advisers to reach Roberto's base areas in the Congo.

50X1

50X1

[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200310001-8 [REDACTED]

DOCUMENT OF INTEREST

50X1

[REDACTED]

**For The President Only - Top Secret**

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200310001-8

 Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200330001-6

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE REVIEW**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

25 - 28 JANUARY 1964  
~~TOP SECRET~~

28 January 1964

1. Cyprus: The situation continues downhill.

50X1

Both Greek and Turkish Cypriots are adding to their stocks of weapons and preparing for the outburst they fear will follow the failure of the London talks.

50X1

The talks themselves are grinding on to a dead-end. The British played their trump card last Friday when they tabled a compromise formula which took something from each party involved but avoided the more scratchy issues.

Neither Greek nor Turkish Cypriots, however, are in a mood to compromise. The talks could break up at any time. Today (Tuesday) the Turks were talking about pulling out.

There are many rumors that Turkish or Greek forces are moving. None of these can be substantiated

50X1

50X1

2. East Africa: With his government on the verge of collapse, Nyerere was forced last Saturday to call British troops in. Deployment was swiftly executed against little resistance and order was quickly restored.

British intervention has thus temporarily stemmed the tide of lawlessness that swept from Zanzibar into Tanganyika, Uganda, and Kenya.

The very presence of British troops, however, will provide fuel to such fiery nationalists as Tanganyika's Kambona and Kenya's Oginga Odinga, who it seems have been in close touch all along.

Nyerere will find the British presence, however necessary, a political liability as he tries to rebuild his government, army, police force, and political power base.

He has a long row to hoe and very little time. We are not at all confident he can make it.

He has now called for an emergency meeting in Dar-es-Salaam of the defense and foreign ministers of the Organization of Africa States, which includes almost all of them. He may have trouble rounding up a quorum, however, before the regular ministerial meeting scheduled for Feb. 17 in Nigeria.

3. China Recognition: De Gaulle's maneuver may have struck a snag. Faced with the Nationalists' decision to hold fast at least temporarily, Paris and Peiping have openly disagreed on the terms of their agreement.

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

50X1

So far there has been no great rush to get on the De Gaulle bandwagon, and, we suspect, most nations will now want to see how the present Paris-Peiping round comes out before taking action themselves.

4. Communist China - Africa: Peiping Premier Chou En-lai's swing through eastern Africa now in progress may be cut short by the troubles there. He has "postponed" his visit to Tanganyika, and dates for Kenya, Uganda, and Zanzibar are highly uncertain.

One possibility, if these stops are lopped off, is that he will take up his option on a Swiss chalet and wait for a call from Paris.

5. Indonesia-Malaysia: Sukarno is apparently going to observe the Borneo cease-fire as he agreed in Tokyo.

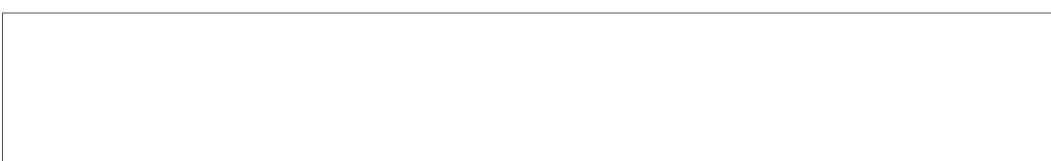
However, it seems fairly certain that this is the only aspect of Indonesian confrontation that is going to be affected.

50X1

50X1

(Cont'd)

50X1



Arrangements for the Bangkok talks are still not complete, but the conference should get under way early next month.

50X1

50X1  
SUA

6. Libya: For the first time in Libya's brief history, the monarchy is in deep trouble.

Scattered rioting and violence started a fortnight ago. In the past five days a threatening situation has built up in Tripoli, where demonstrations have begun to take a definite political character--against the King's government and for ex-Premier Fikini.

Some 600 arrests have been made so far, and the police, who do not shy away from strong-arm measures, will probably be able to keep the rioting under control.

In the longer run this developing opposition could coalesce around Fikini, who is popular, and the Egyptians might be tempted to take a hand despite their present efforts to project an image of sweetness and light.

Wheelus Air Base is taking special precautionary measures. Several Americans have suffered minor cuts and bruises from stoning incidents.

7. Congo: The guerrilla bands of ex-Gizenga aide Pierre Mulele now pose the most serious challenge to the central government since the Katanga revolt. These bands, numbering about 2,000, have overrun parts of Kwilu Province southeast of Leopoldville.

Belgium has asked for additional US aircraft to help evacuate white missionaries who have been attacked by these gangs.

The government's reaction has been sluggish. Adoula has now scheduled the move of units of Congolese Army commandoes into the area. The Congolese Army has never distinguished itself in this sort of action and is as likely to join the enemy as to fight.

Anti-Adoula forces are active elsewhere. There were leftist demonstrations in Gizenga's old stronghold at Stanleyville yesterday. Left-wing groups operating out of Brazzaville are pressing their efforts to subvert Adoula's troops and are sending arms to partisans operating upriver from Leopoldville.

50X6

50X6

9. Latin America: The military junta in Ecuador could come up against its worst crisis tomorrow. It has banned the big student demonstration which was due in Guayaquil then, but the students are, apparently, determined to go ahead anyway.

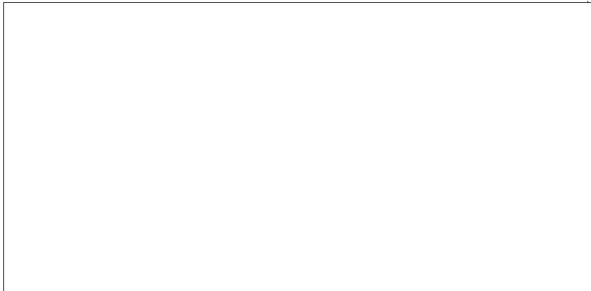
The situation in Bolivia remains charged. The convention of the ruling party has now picked Federico Fortun, long time supporter of Paz for his Vice Presidential running mate.

The extreme leftwing may now hold its own convention in order to nominate Lechin for President.

Leftwingers in Panama are thinking of ordering the students back into the streets this week, and they can be expected to make further moves against American property.

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

ILLEGIB



**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**28 JANUARY 1964  
~~TOP SECRET~~**

LATE ITEMS

1. Communist China - France      Peiping like Taipei has yet again come out four square against "two Chinas" and in so doing has put the French on the spot.  
  
The relevant passage in a Ministry of Foreign Affairs statement issued today is as follows:  
"According to international practice, recognition of the new government of a country naturally implies ceasing to recognize the old ruling group overthrown by the people of that country."  
  
"Consequently, the representatives of the old ruling group can no longer be regarded as representatives of that country to be present side by side with the representatives of the new government in one and the same country or international organization."  
  
"It was with this understanding that the Government of the People's Republic of China reached agreement with the Government of the French Republic on the establishment of diplomatic relations and the exchange of ambassadors between China and France."

2. Cyprus

Late press reports from Ankara quote Turkish Government sources as saying Turkey "is walking out" of the London Conference. This has not yet been confirmed from any official source.

1. Cyprus

- a. There is still no give on either side.
- b. The UK continues its efforts to line up Western support for some kind of interallied police force for Cyprus.
- c. Greece has accepted the British proposal for a force of "allied troops" drawn from NATO members. Turkey was to give its answer last night.
- d. Sandys is considering what pressure might be brought to bear on Makarios to persuade him to accept.
- e. Makarios seemed interested, however, in an idea of Ambassador Wilkins that police officials from some other country be added to the combined Greek Cypriot and Turkish Cypriot police force as a temporary solution.
- f. London appears determined to resort to the UN if fighting breaks out before a peace-keeping formula is achieved.

2. Nationalist  
China - France

a. There has so far been no reaction from either Paris or Peiping to yesterday's statement by the Chinese Nationalist Foreign Ministry. Taipei confined itself to a strong protest and a reiteration of its opposition to the two Chinas' theme "whatever the circumstances."

b. Other reactions:

USSR - Soviet propaganda, displaying sensitivity to Western press reports to the contrary, said the Soviet Union welcomed the establishment of relations between Paris and Peiping.

Ethiopia - The Emperor, who will receive Chou En-lai tomorrow or Thursday, is giving serious consideration to immediate recognition of Peiping.

Cambodia wholeheartedly approves. Ambassador Sprouse believes France's position has been strengthened in Cambodia as compared with that of the US.

(Cont'd)

Chad - President Tombalbaye has told [redacted] that he could not afford to have a Chinese Communist diplomatic mission active in the country.

50X1

Dahomey is expected to recognize Peiping within a few days.

3. Libya

a. Rioting continues in Tripoli, with extensive damage from fire and vandalism. The police report seventeen deaths to date.

b. Wheelus Air Base is taking special precautionary measures. Several Americans have suffered minor cuts and bruises from stoning incidents.

c. [redacted]  
King Idris' ouster of Prime Minister Fikini and his use of strong-arm methods against the opposition has weakened the position of both himself and his government.

50X1

d. Fikini is popular in Libya and could provide a focus around which opposition to the regime could unite, possibly with Egyptian support. [redacted]

50X1

4. Arab States -  
Israel

a. The Arab leaders' plan for blocking Israel's Jordan River project will take a long time to put into effect, if in fact it ever is.

b. King Husayn and Lebanese Foreign Minister Takla have said that any effort to divert the Jordan River's headwaters would not even begin until the Arab joint military command is satisfied that military preparations for meeting any Israeli retaliation are complete.

c. Their estimates of the time required to build up Arab armed forces vary from one to three years. An Arab League announcement implies that diversion work would take an additional eighteen months at a minimum.

d. The more prosperous Arab states are to assist in financing both the military build up and the headwaters diversion project, a type of cooperation at which the Arabs have not been notably successful.

e. There remains a possibility that Syria might jump the gun by sabotage or other [redacted] action against the Israeli project. The Syrians were much more bellicose about Israel than anyone else at the Cairo conference.

50X1

5. South Vietnam

a. The security situation in the northern provinces, where hard information is scarce, apparently took a sharp turn for the worse after the coup last November.

b. Our consul at Hue' has reported that the Viet Cong push late in the year seriously eroded the morale of the strategic hamlet militia.

c. Many militiamen turned in their arms, and others were disarmed by local officials who considered them unreliable.

d. The Viet Cong for the most part have been using irregular platoon-sized units in intensified harassing operations without committing their regular battalions.

e. The government reports that encouraging progress is now being made in two of the eight provinces concerned, but we cannot vouch for it.

f. Another recent study, also on the pessimistic side, shows that Viet Cong ground fire against aircraft was much more effective last year than in 1962.

NOTES

- A. Panama Panamanian UN representative Boyd has told the Costa Rican representative that Panama is not insisting on any particular wording regarding revision of the treaty, wanting only some reference to the treaty. Whether any such compromise could be sold to the Panamanian public remains questionable.
- B. Indonesia-Malaysia Ambassador Jones has found Sukarno in a bad mood over press stories that the US and UK were in agreement that the independence and integrity of Malaysia must be guaranteed. Sukarno seemed to calm down after strong representations by Jones but wished to be assured that the US would accept any solution agreed to by the three nations concerned.
- C. Tanganyika Our embassy reported yesterday that Dar-es-Salaam continued calm but that the situation had not yet stabilized. Nyerere has called for an emergency meeting of the Ministers of Defense and Foreign Affairs of the members of the Organization of African Unity, which includes virtually all the Africa states.
- D. Cuba-Tanganyika Pablo Ribalta Perez, appointed first Cuban ambassador to Tanganyika in December [redacted] Ribalta, who has no known diplomatic experience, was [redacted] involved in guerrilla warfare training when he was in charge of the San Julian Air Base. [redacted]

50X1  
50X1  
50X1  
50X1  
50X1

50X1

E. Argentina-USSR The sale of approximately 40,000 tons of wheat to the USSR, has been announced by two firms in Buenos Aires. Negotiations for further sales are in progress. Argentina's wheat crop, which appears to be the best in ten years, could yield an exportable surplus of over 3 million tons.

50X1

[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200340001-5

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**29 JANUARY 1964**  
~~**TOP SECRET**~~

[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200340001-5

1. East Germany

a. We still have no word from the Soviets of the fate of the three crew members of an air force T-39 jet trainer which they shot down over East Germany yesterday.

b. There are reports of parachutes being sighted.

c. [REDACTED] officers observed the wreckage from a distance but were denied permission by Soviet authorities at the scene to come closer than 300 meters.

50X1

[REDACTED]

50X1

e. Allied aircraft frequently stray into East German air space, and Soviet radar and ground controllers keep a constant watch on aircraft approaching the zonal boundaries and in the air corridors. In this case, the penetration was substantial and gave the Soviet air controllers time to locate and intercept the target.

[REDACTED]  
50X1

2. China Recognition Issue

a. Peiping and Paris have fallen into open disagreement over the terms of their "understanding" on recognition.

b. This boon to the Nationalists may give them added confidence in their decision so reluctantly reached not to break yet with France.

c. De Gaulle now appears on the spot. He must either try to force the Nationalist to break by more offensive statements or actions, or give the appearance of caving in to Peiping by taking the initiative himself to break with the Nationalists.

d. He could, of course, let the situation simmer along on dead center for some time, waiting to see what might turn up.

e. There has so far been no great rush by other nations to get on De Gaulle's bandwagon, and those that may be so inclined have been given pause until they see how the present Paris-Peiping round is resolved.

f. The Ethiopians have assured us that although Chou will visit there beginning tomorrow, they will defer recognition "for a few months" and plan to make no reference to the matter in the communiqué.

3. Cyprus

- a. The Turks meet again today with Foreign Minister Butler who will be making a last ditch effort to hold the London conference together.
- b. The Turks announced yesterday they had already decided "in principle" to quit the talks, but would stay around through 30 January. Their basic problem is that they feel the British have been siding with the Greeks, particularly in their reluctance to consider any arrangements by which Turkish forces in Cyprus can be increased.
- c. Ankara insists this must be done.
- d. Both the Greeks and Turks continue preparing for the worst and seem increasingly ready to accept it as inevitable.
- e. The situation on the island has not improved.
- f. Turkish Cypriots continue to consolidate themselves into separate communities, a process which the Greek Cypriots feel must be halted lest de facto partition result.

4. South Vietnam  
Coup talk

- a. New coup talk has found a fertile breeding ground in Saigon in recent days.
- b. Dissatisfaction with Premier Tho continues to grow and there is general expectation of further changes in the military high command and provincial government.
- c. Against this background, French recognition of Peiping has magnified concern and confusion over the question of neutralism.

50X1

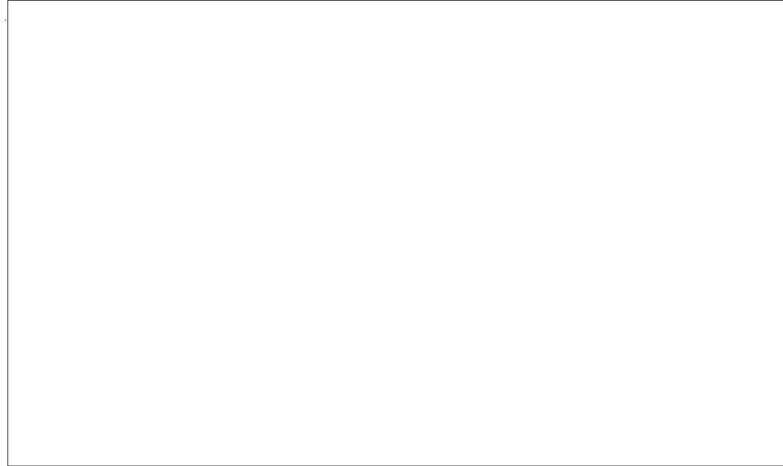
5. Congo

- a. There is little likelihood that Leopoldville will be able soon to quell the banditry now festering in Kwilu Province, despite the stronger measures now planned by Adoula to deal with it.
- b. Congo Army troops being readied for dispatch to the scene have not previously distinguished themselves in the kind of brush fighting necessary to restore order.
- c. The chances are better that anti-Adoula dissidence will grow, aided and abetted by left-wing groups operating out of Brazzaville.
- d. Leftist led "Jeunesse" adherents have had free rein to demonstrate this past week in Stanleyville. There has been no violence yet, but Congo Army troops who are supposed to be in control of the city have not been in evidence.
- e. Gizinga lieutenant Mulele, who probably has some Chinese and perhaps Soviet financial support, leads the "Jeunesse" movement, and he has made no secret of his intention to overthrow Adoula.

6. Saudi Arabia -  
Egypt-Tunisia

a. The Saudis would like to have Tunisia's Foreign Minister Mongi Slim take a hand at trying to improve relations between Cairo and Jidda.

50X1



7. Zanzibar

a. Late word from [redacted]

[redacted] Zanzibar is that the security situation on the island is not basically changed from the first days following the coup.

50X1

50X1

b. Cuban-trained gunslingers retain their weapons and range freely; the Tanganyikan police force, originally reported sent to disarm them, apparently have not done so.

c. With his power thus undiminished, the flamboyant, troubleman "Field Marshal" Okello [redacted]  
[redacted] remains strongman.

50X1  
50X1

d. Otherwise, the factional struggle for ultimate control continues, with the comparatively moderate Afro-Shirazi leaders, including President Karume, on the one side, and the pro-communist, Peoples Party adherents on the other.

50X1

NOTES

- A. South Vietnam As it has done before, the National Front for the Liberation of South Vietnam has ordered a seven-day cease-fire throughout South Vietnam, beginning February 11, in observance of TET, an annual Buddhist holiday.
- B. Bolivia Paz' party convention finished up its work yesterday by expelling Lechin from the party and nominating a Paz crony, Federico Fortun, as Paz' vice presidential running mate. The party's extreme left-wing will probably now hold its own convention in order to nominate Lechin for President.
- C. Ecuador Today could see a breakdown in public order in Ecuador as police and, presumably, army units try to enforce the junta's ban on public demonstrations. The order has brought shouts of defiance from the organizers of the "patriotic march," ostensibly scheduled to observe today's anniversary of the unpopular Rio Treaty, but actually intended to provoke the government into rash action.
- D. Greece Runaway inflation threatens in Greece. Political turmoil, pending elections, and Cyprus fears have added to slackening confidence in the currency. This could quickly turn to panic in Greece with its recent history of ruinous inflation, especially as no one seems disposed at the moment to do anything about it.

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE REVIEW**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**29 - 31 JANUARY 1964**

~~TOP SECRET~~

31 January 1964

1. Cyprus: As the haggling about a peacekeeping force drags on, the situation on the island has lost none of its tenseness.

The Cypriots themselves continue to prepare for the worst, especially the extremist elements with which both sides are richly endowed.

Both Greek and Turk Cypriots have been at the ready for many weeks now. Tempers have been honed to a fine edge.

Athens and Ankara are keeping a watchful eye on all this and are prepared to intervene at a moment's notice.

The armed forces of the two countries have been brought to a high state of preparedness.

[Redacted]

50X1

Turkish ground forces on Wednesday were observed moving to dockside at the Turkish base nearest Cyprus.

50X1

The Greek armed forces have moved troops and naval vessels into advanced positions in Crete.

We believe, however, that Ankara and Athens appreciate the consequences of a move on their part and would be most reluctant to move.

[Redacted]

50X1

2. USSR-Cyprus: After lying low for several weeks, the Soviets now seem to be trying their Sunday best to muddy the Cyprus issue.

They have responded to Makarios' pleas for support against Turkish intervention with a public statement denouncing any foreign intervention.

50X1

3. South Vietnam: General Khanh is moving to consolidate his control and minimize the confusion following the Thursday coup.

He is considering a war cabinet of five posts with ultimate power firmly in his own hands. For the present he will try to avoid a wholesale reshuffle at the provincial and corps level.

(Cont'd)

Khanh, a forceful, highly intelligent and pro-American officer, has, we think, a chance of building a strong personal power position.

His move was apparently based on a conviction that the corps commanders of which he was one were being left out in the cold. Also, [redacted] he was trying to checkmate certain leading generals who were thought to be overly receptive to French hints about a neutralized South Vietnam.

50X1

These feelings were, it seems, shared by other field commanders, all of whom supported Khanh.

50X1

[redacted]  
scheme afoot to free those arrested.

Khanh has promised there will be only minimal interruption of the war effort against the Communists.

Up to now the Viet Cong have not moved to exploit the confusion, but it took a week last time for their reaction to take shape. They have, however, declared a week-long cease-fire to mark Lunar New Year's (Feb. 11).

4. France-China: The China recognition tangle is stuck on dead center.

De Gaulle declined to be led into the thicket at his month's-end press conference. He, for one, seems resigned to having the matter simmer along this way for some time in the hope that something may turn up.

(Cont'd)

50X1

[REDACTED]

The Chinese Nationalists are sitting tight in Paris, but they are not feeling at all easy about it. There is a strong feeling in official Taipei that a break with the "perfidious and deceptive" French will be necessary.

As matters now stand no other country has followed the De Gaulle lead. Those tempted are waiting in the wings to see how the Paris-Taipei-Piping triangle works itself out.

5. Indonesia-Malaysia: The week-old cease-fire, though generally successful, has been punctuated by several incidents of gunplay between British security forces and Indonesian forces [REDACTED]

50X1

(Cont'd)

Peacemakers on all sides are concerned that further encounters in the jungles will cast a pall over the up-coming Maphilindo conference in Bangkok. U Thant is still trying to get Indonesian concurrence for a UN team to keep an eye on the cease-fire.

It now looks as if these talks will be held either just before or just after Macapagal's 8-13 February visit to Phnom Penh.

The Indonesians will go to the conference table confident that their policy toward Malaysia has been eminently successful.

[Redacted]

50X11  
50X1

50X1

6. East Africa: British troops have the security situation effectively in hand in Tanganyika, Uganda, and Kenya, but matters in Zanzibar are in a highly volatile state.

The marriage of convenience between pro-Communists there and legitimate African nationalists is inherently unstable, and there is every likelihood the Communists will come to dominate the situation, if, indeed, they do not do so already.

(Cont'd)

Zanzibar could thus turn into a most useful Communist base from which to fund, arm, and direct the sort of thing that happened in Zanzibar anywhere from the Horn to the Cape.

50X1

The possibility of subversion from Zanzibar worries the leaders of the three mainland states. They all suspect that the Chinese Communists and the Cubans had a hand in their own troubles.

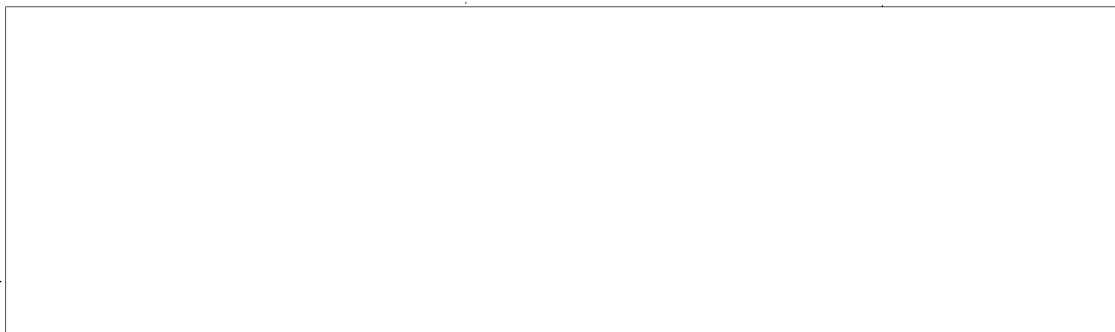
Accordingly, they have now cancelled out on the touring Chou En-lai and have taken steps to curtail the activities of Chinese and Cuban diplomats.

50X1

7. USSR-US: The Soviets are letting it be known that they foresee little forward movement in their relations with the US, at least until after the elections..

50X1

50X1



50X1

8. Panama: Panama seems determined to press its charges of US aggression despite a feeling by some OAS members that the Chiari government has handled the matter badly and has pushed things with the US too far.

In Panama, pressure groups which have been forming all around Chiari to make sure he holds fast have been encouraged by their success to date. Activists are redoubling their efforts to keep the public in a high state of agitation.

The tempo of violence and sabotage may quicken again as the normally festive pre-Lenten season this year is turned into an occasion for whipping up nationalist, anti-US fervor.

9. Bolivia: The party convention finished its work last Tuesday by expelling Vice President Lechin.

The party's extreme left wing will probably now hold a rump convention and nominate Lechin for President.

(Cont'd)

Lechin, however, may despair of getting rid of Paz at the polls and organize a coup to overthrow him.

10. Ecuador: Student disturbances came a day later than we expected and were not very effective against strong police counter-measures. All the elements for continued instability are, however, still very much present.

50X1

50X1

12. Laos: The Pathet Lao, with a sprinkling of North Vietnamese, have gained control over the Na Kay area in south-central Laos. As is usually the case, the rightist and neutralist side just melted away in the face of Communist pressure.

13. Cambodia: Ambassador Sprouse concludes that Sihanouk's recent swing through Southeast Asia will feed his already notable vanity and make him and his anti-American proclivities even more difficult to deal with in the future.

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200350001-4

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**30 JANUARY 1964**

~~**TOP SECRET**~~

1. South Vietnam

a. This morning's bloodless coup in Saigon was undertaken to checkmate certain leading generals alleged by the coup leaders to be receptive to French proposals for a neutralized South Vietnam. The coup group, friendly to the US, also felt that the war effort was lagging.

b. Today's coup was led by General Nguyen Khanh, commander of the I Military Corps in the north. He had the direct support of General Khiem, who commands the corps area surrounding Saigon, and the agreement of the other corps commanders.

c. The coup leaders seem to have been particularly suspicious of the strong French ties of Generals Don and Kim, who had been relying on generals recently returned from France while leaving the corps commanders out in the cold.

d. Khanh has assumed the top position formerly held by "Big" Minh. Khanh is a vigorous military man with little political experience. He has said he will look to the US Embassy for guidance. Khiem will take over Don's job as armed forces commander.

(Cont'd)

e. Minh, Don, Kim, the ambitious Minister of Interior Ton That Dinh, and police director Xuan [redacted] [redacted] are all under arrest.

50X1  
50X1

f. Minh's refusal--so far--to lend his considerable prestige to the new order is a clear liability.

g. The changeover comes at a time when Minh's junta was just beginning to get its counterinsurgency effort rolling. This effort is bound to suffer at least temporary dislocation, and the Viet Cong may again take advantage of the confusion.

2. Cyprus

a. The talks in London are still limping along.

b. Turkey has joined Greece in agreeing to establish an inter-allied police force. However, the Greeks think the Greek and Turkish contingents on the island could then be removed, while the Turks contend that at least the Turkish one would have to be reinforced.

(Cont'd)

c. The situation in and around Nicosia has lost none of its tension. Ambassador Wilkins, who visited several leading Turkish Cypriots in their enclave the other day, found them in a state of "traumatic shock" with absolutely no confidence in the Greek Cypriots.

d. Makarios, who is being difficult about an international peace-keeping force, is trying to create the impression that he has arranged for some sort of Soviet support.

e. What the Soviets are actually up to is pretty murky, but we suspect they are egging him on.

f. The Greek Government is getting a bit fed up with Makarios.

50X1

50X1

50X1

3. East Africa

a. The highly unstable atmosphere in Zanzibar favors a Communist takeover.

50X1

c. Zanzibar could thus turn into a most useful Communist base from which to fund, arm and direct the sort of thing that happened in Zanzibar anywhere from the Horn to the Cape.

d. This has not been lost on the leaders of the three mainland states. They all suspect that the Chinese Communists and the Cubans had a hand in their own troubles.

50X1

4. China-France

a. The China recognition tangle stayed on dead center yesterday. The next round may not be fired until De Gaulle's press conference tomorrow.

(Cont'd)

b. The Chinese Nationalists are sitting tight but are not easy. There is still a strong feeling in Taipei circles that a break with the "perfidious and deceptive" French will be necessary.

c. We are not entirely clear how the French got caught in their present bind.

50X1

d. The French experience seems to be giving other countries second thoughts. Lopez Mateos, for example, now says that there will be no diplomatic relations with Peiping while he is President of Mexico, which will be until December.

e. The Ethiopians, who have been most tempted, now say that their decision depends on the outcome of Haile Selassie's talks with Chou beginning today.

5. Panama

a. The next few days in Panama may see a quickening in the tempo of violence and sabotage against US installations.

b. [redacted] at least two extremist groups will have a hand in this. One of them has received several months' training in Cuba.

c. Panamanians who can afford to leave are preparing to do so in increasing numbers.

d. On the diplomatic front, Chiari shows every sign of accepting the pressure put upon him from all sides to "hold fast."

e. He seems also to have accepted advice to drop bilateral talks with the US. At least he has asked for an emergency OAS meeting to air his complaints.

f. He has been trying to line up support for such a step for the past several days. Several OAS members showed reluctance, but most will probably agree to a meeting in the end.

50X1

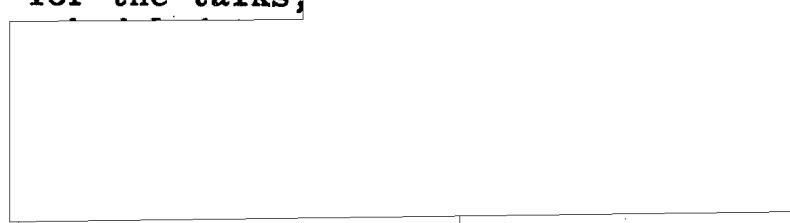
50X1

50X1

6. Indonesia-  
Malaysia

- a. The five-day cease-fire in Borneo is showing its fragility.
- b. Already the Malaysians have charged the Indonesians with violating it.
- c. U Thant, concerned that such an incident may wreck the tri-partite talks in Bangkok, has once again urged the countries concerned to ask specifically that he appoint observers to keep an eye on the cease-fire.
- d. A date has not been fixed for the talks,

50X1



50X1

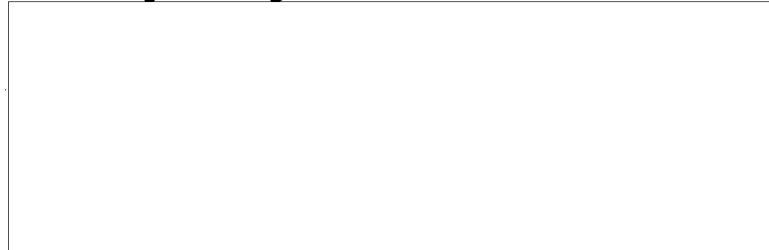
7. Congo

- a. What started as leftist demonstrations in Stanleyville last week led to a mutiny by elements of the local gendarmerie.
- b. The Congolese Army had to move in to disarm the mutineers. The entire gendarmerie unit has been confined to camp, and Stanleyville itself is under a dawn-to-dusk curfew.

(Cont'd)

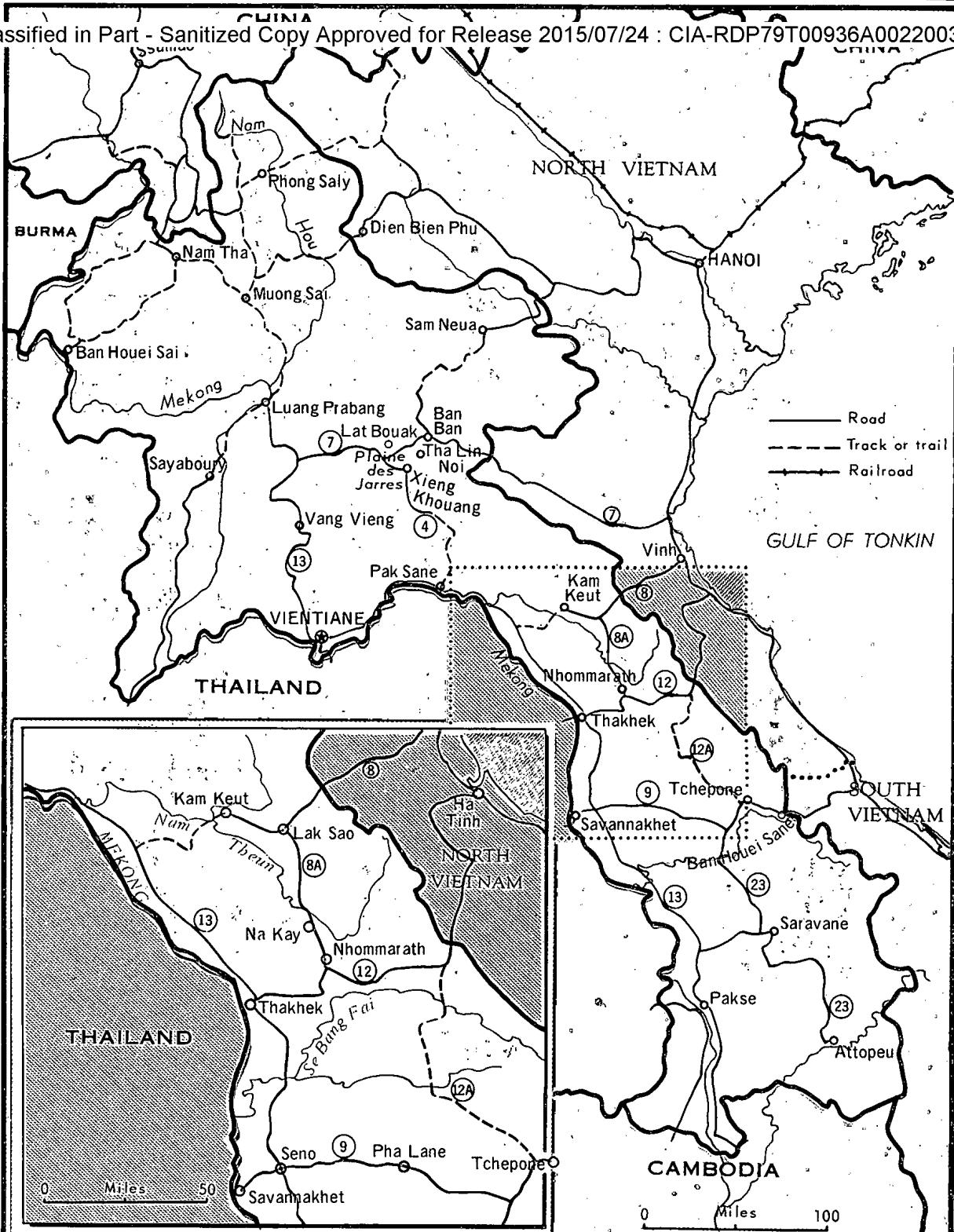
c. We have not established a direct connection between the trouble in Stanleyville and the guerrilla warfare in Kwilu Province, but we suspect there is one.

d. Leopoldville has been slow in responding to the threat in Kwilu.



50X1

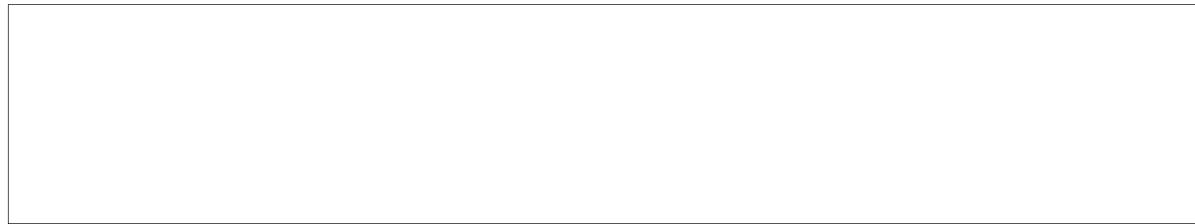
Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200350001-4



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200350001-4

50X1

NOTES



50X1  
50X1

- B. Communist China - USSR Communist China could be free of its long-standing debt to the Soviet Union by year's end. Peiping's export surplus in its trade with the USSR last year was large enough to reduce the debt by half. [redacted]
- C. North Vietnam - USSR Hanoi is sending a high-powered delegation of party leaders to Moscow to exchange views with the Soviets on matters of "common concern." Among these are certain to be issues at dispute with the Chinese, and the trip could be yet another Soviet attempt to rescue Hanoi from Peiping's clutches.
- D. Laos The Pathet Lao, with North Vietnamese support, have gained control over the key Na Kay area in south-central Laos. As usual, the rightist/neutralist forces abandoned their positions in the area in the face of Communist pressures.
- E. Burma Ethnic minority resistance to the Ne Win regime, always a problem, appears to have taken a turn for the worse in the last two months. There have been a series of recent shooting scrapes between the Burmese Army and the insurgents involving more than a hundred men on each side.

50X1

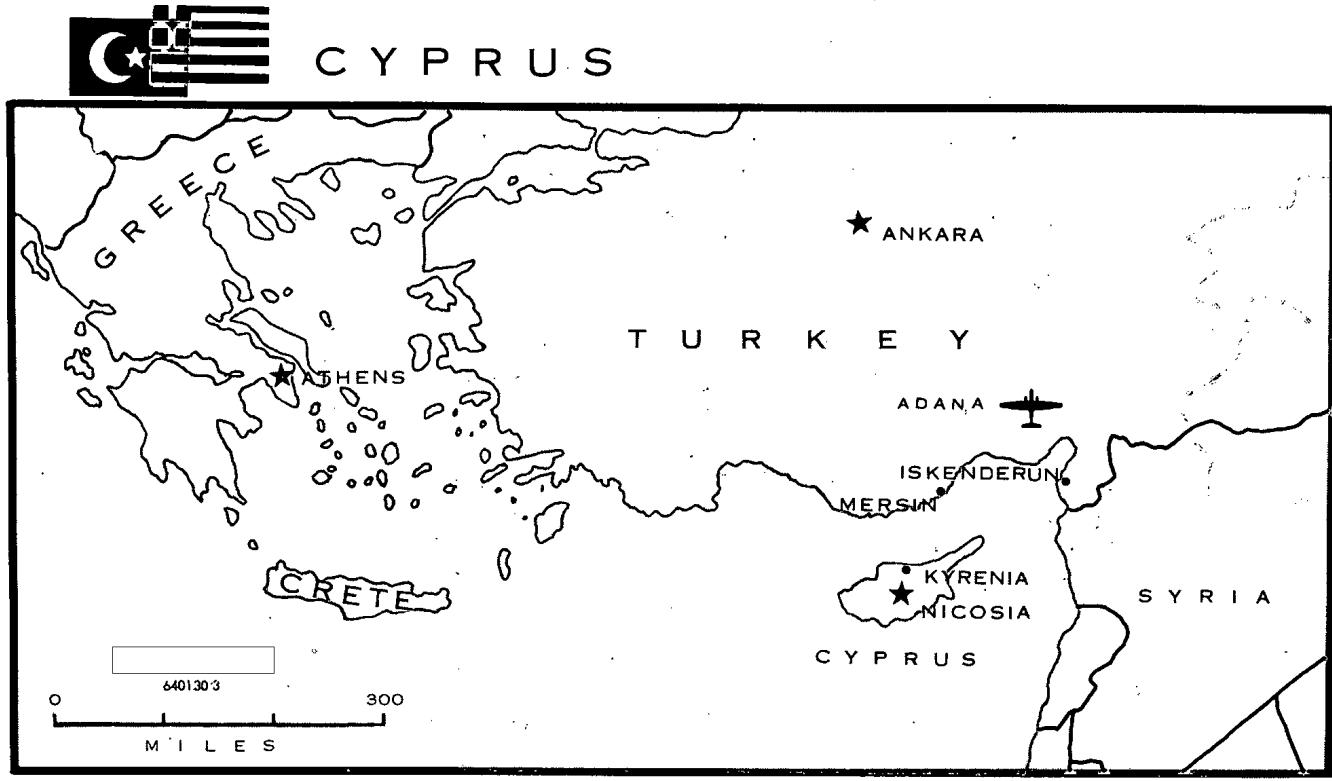
[REDACTED] Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200370001-2 [REDACTED]

# **THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST**

**ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY**

**31 JANUARY 1964**  
~~TOP SECRET~~

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200370001-2



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200370001-2

1. Cyprus

a. Greece and Turkey are more on edge than ever; each side fears that the other is on the brink of intervention and is reacting in kind.

b. Greece has moved troops and naval vessels into eastern Crete. Greek navy spokesmen say this is to have them in better position in case of hostilities.

50X1

c. On the Turkish side, troops in full gear and a large convoy of military vehicles were seen moving toward a pier in the Iskenderun area on Wednesday. Turkish naval vessels were moving in and out of the harbor at frequent intervals.

d. We think, however, that both sides would be most reluctant to intervene, knowing full well the consequences, and would do so only if there was major violence involving their ethnic groups on the island.

e. One hopeful sign is that Ambassador Wilkins had an encouraging reaction from Makarios to the agreed US-UK proposal for a peace-keeping force. The Greek Cypriot

(Cont'd)

For The President Only - Top Secret

leader insisted on the smallest possible allied force with no more than two additional members beyond the present three-power guarantors.

f. Makarios had said earlier that the dispatch of such troops would only complicate matters and that if they were needed they must be UN troops.

2. USSR-Cyprus

a. TASS came through with a statement on Cyprus yesterday which was probably in response to Makarios' pleas for some sort of support from Moscow against Turkish intervention.

b. The Soviet statement, however, failed to mention Turkey and instead denounced any kind of foreign interference in Cyprus.



50X1

50X1

(Cont'd)

d. Should Makarios get the Cyprus issue to the UN we think the Soviets would plump for the least common denominator in the way of UN peace-keeping efforts.

e. There is of course always the outside possibility that they might try a change of pace, break precedent, and offer their own troops as part of any UN peace-keeping effort.

f. However, it seems much more likely that they would remain on the sidelines and hope to see the spectacle of NATO at war with itself.

3. South Vietnam

a. Coup leader, General Nguyen Khanh, is moving to consolidate his power.

b. He is considering a war cabinet of five portfolios. In addition to being chairman of the Revolutionary Council, Khanh will hold the titles of Prime Minister and Secretary of State for War.

c. The new leader [redacted] does not plan much reshuffling at the provincial level and has promised a swift resumption of the war effort.

50X1

(Cont'd)

d. As yet, the Viet Cong have not moved to exploit the situation militarily.

e. The fate of General Minh and the other former leaders has yet to be decided.

f. Saigon radio has announced the breaking of diplomatic relations with France.

4. France - China Recognition

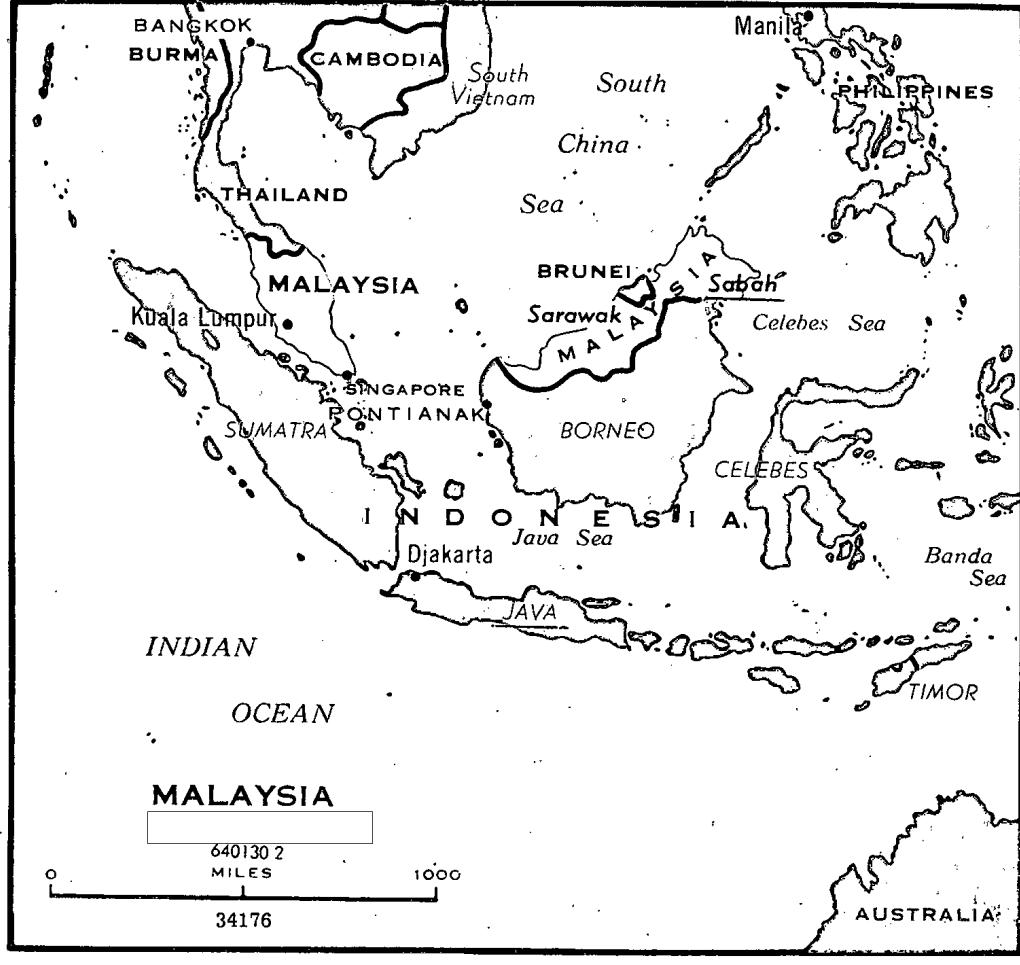
a. Ambassadors Bohlen and Wright both feel De Gaulle may take the line in today's press conference that Peiping should be recognized as the Government of the Republic of China, and Taipei as the Government of Formosa. This will not appeal to either camp.

b. Ambassador Wright thinks that the language chosen will be intended to give minimum offense to Peiping and maximum offense to Taipei.



50X1

Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200370001-2



Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2015/07/24 : CIA-RDP79T00936A002200370001-2

5. Indonesia-  
Malaysia

a. Djakarta plans to be on the same old stand at the tripartite conference in Bangkok which it hopes will get under way around 5 February.

b. The Philippine ambassador reports that at the conference Indonesia will press for a new plebiscite in Sarawak and Sabah as per the Manila agreement.

[Redacted]

50X1

d. Indonesian plans to get more troops to Northern Borneo [Redacted]

[Redacted]

50X1  
50X1

[Redacted]

50X1

NOTES

- A. USSR The Soviet Union is playing the shootdown of the US T-39 aircraft over East Germany in low key. Gromyko told Kohler on 29 January that he felt the incident was "particularly unfortunate" now when the Soviet Union and the US are facing up to "great tasks." Gromyko maintained that Soviet fighters took preliminary warning measures which the US plane ignored.
- B. Pakistan - Communist China The Pakistani Foreign Ministry has plans to make Chou En-lai's mid-February visit more than a ceremonial occasion. [redacted] the Pakistanis are considering seeking cultural and economic assistance agreements, as well as some kind of limited defense understanding.
- C. Cambodia Ambassador Sprouse has reached a gloomy conclusion on Sihanouk's recent swing through South-east Asia. He says the little Prince's peacemaking role will feed his already notable vanity. This will make it even more difficult to deal with him in the future, particularly in view of the increasingly open manifestations of his anti-Americanism.

50X1

50X1

50X1

50X1