

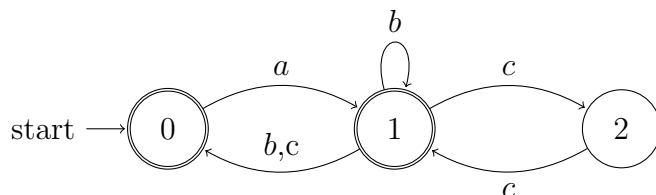
# ECS 120 Problem Set 4

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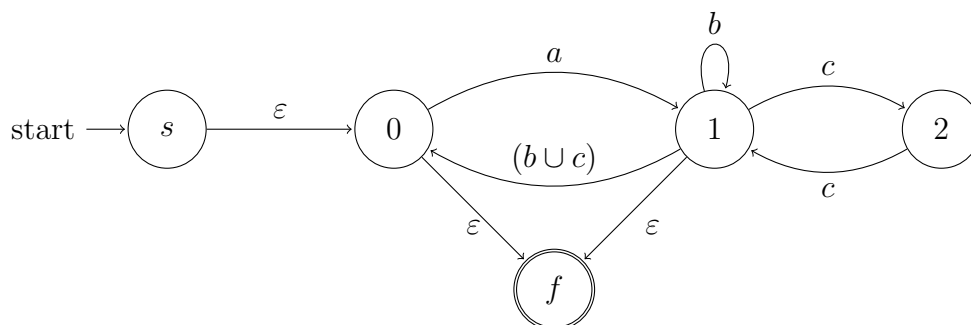
Professor Rogaway

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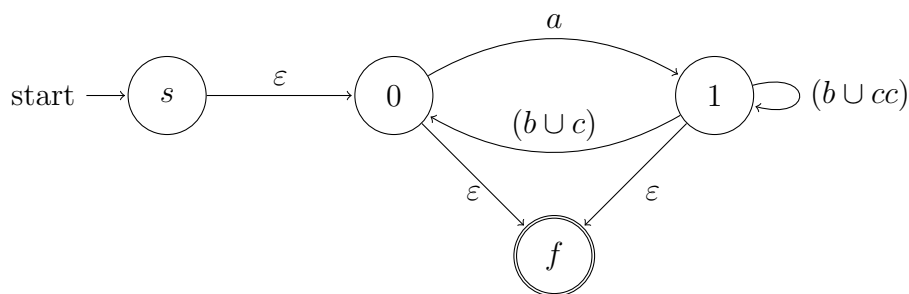
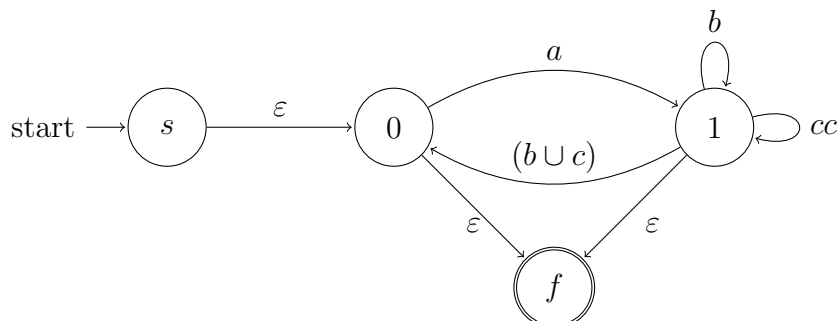


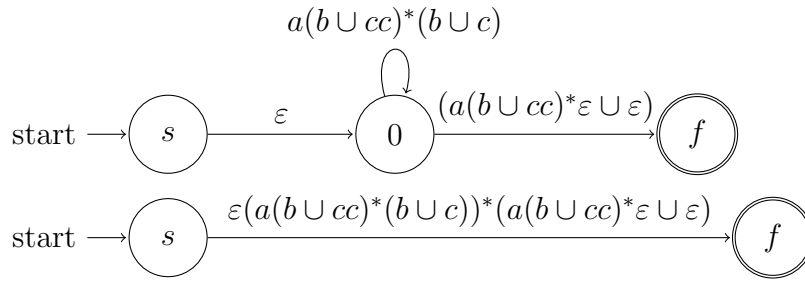
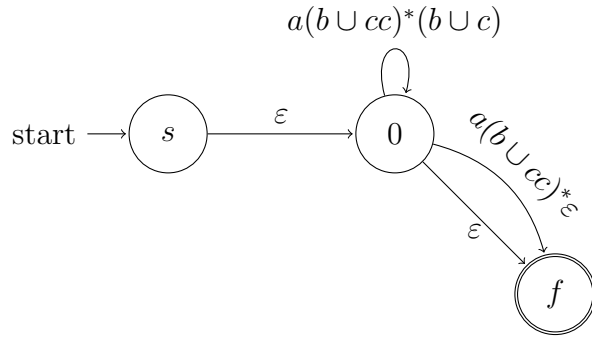
Problem 1 (a)

We start by creating new initial and final states. We also convert the two arrows from 1 to 0 to a regular expression.



Now we start eliminating states.

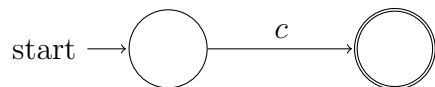
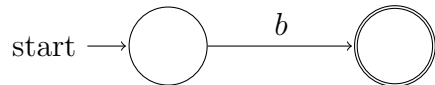
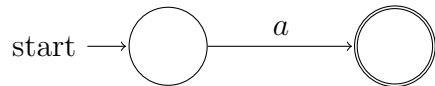




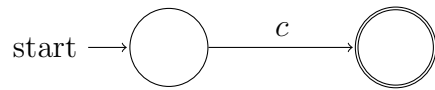
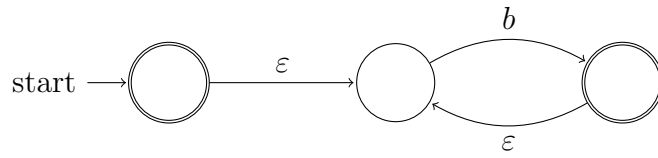
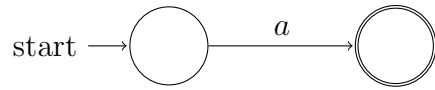
Thus, our regular expression is:

$$\varepsilon(a(b \cup cc)^*(b \cup c))^*(a(b \cup cc)^*\varepsilon \cup \varepsilon)$$

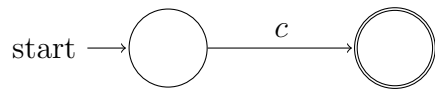
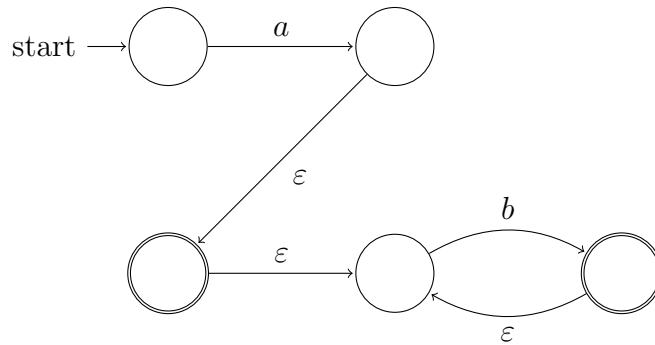
- (b) Let's start by creating a state for each atom of the regular expression  $(ab^* \cup c)^*$ .



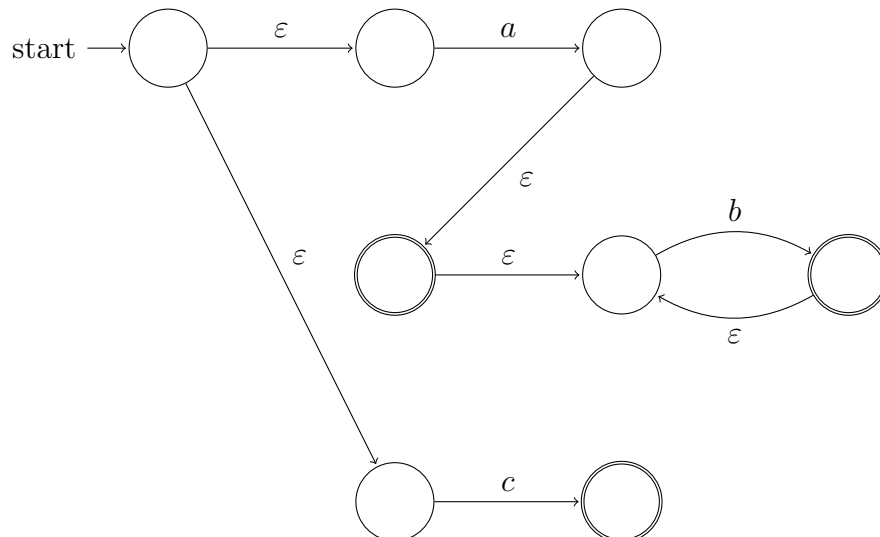
Now we make the Kleene Star of  $b$ .



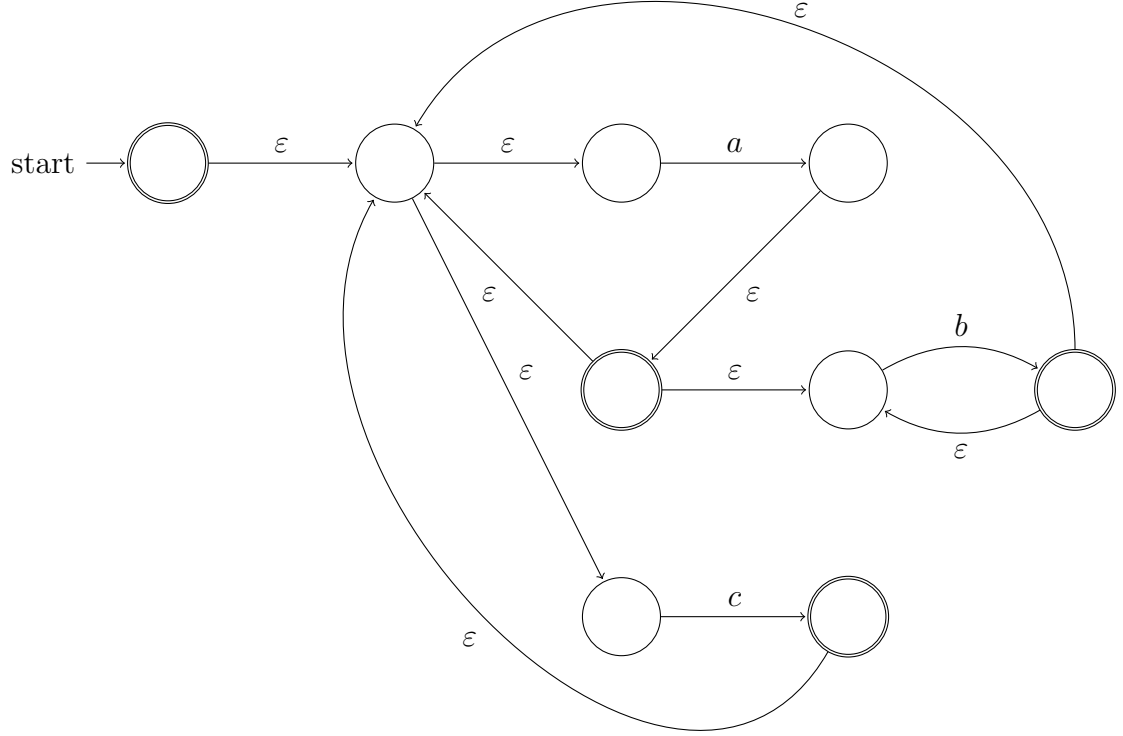
Now, we concatenate  $a$  and  $b^*$ .



Now, we union the two together.



Finally, we construct the Kleene star of this.



- (c) We start by converting  $\alpha$  from a regular expression to an NFA. For every atom, we have two states, an initial state, and a final state, connected by an arrow for the atom. This gives us  $2c$  states.

For every composition operator, we only add  $\varepsilon$ -arrows to our states. So, we still have  $2c$  states.

For every star operator, we add one state and some  $\varepsilon$ -arrows to our states. So, we now have  $2c + s$  states.

For every union operator, we add one state and some  $\varepsilon$ -arrows to our states. So, we now have  $2c + s + u$  states.

At this point, we have constructed an NFA for the regular expression.

Now, we just need to convert it to a DFA. We end up with  $2^{2c+s+u}$  states in this DFA.

So  $M$  has  $2^{2c+s+u}$  states.

Problem 3 (a)  $L = \{x \in a, b : x \text{ is not a palindrome}\}$

Assume  $L$  is regular, then the pumping lemma should hold.

So we choose  $s = a^i b a^I$ , where  $x = a^i b, y = a^I, z = \varepsilon$ , for some integer values of  $i, I \geq 0$ .

Since the pumping lemma should hold, we should be able to choose any values for  $i$  and  $I$ . Let's choose  $i = mI$ , for some integer  $m > 1$ . Clearly  $s$  is not a palindrome.

Now, we should be able to pump  $y$  any number of times, and have our new string in  $L$ , since it was assumed to be regular. However, we see that after pumping  $y$   $m$ -times, we have a palindrome. So our pumped string is not in the language  $L$ . So, the pumping lemma does not hold for  $L$ .

Thus,  $L$  is not regular.

Problem 6 (a) False. Let  $L = \{a\}^* \{b\}^*$ , and  $L' = \{a^n b^n | n \geq 0\}$ .  $L \cup L' = L$ , so their union is regular, but  $L'$  is not.

(b) False. Let  $L = \{a^n b^n | n \geq 0\}$ . This is not regular. So, by the contrapositive,  $L^*$  should not be regular. However,  $L^* = \{ab, ba\}^*$