Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse

ANR	20000000372	What vessels do COLREG rules 1983 apply to ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	To all vessels na	avigating in international waters.	
b)	To all vessels na	avigating in roadsteads, straits and open seas.	
c)	To all vessels up	oon the high seas and in all waters connected therewith.	
d)			
ANR	0000000373	What does the word "vessel" mean, according to the COLREG rules ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Any watercraft c	apable of floating on water without propelling machinery.	
b)	-	ncluding non-displacement craft and seaplanes used or capable of being used as a means of	
c)	transportation or Any floating obje	n water. act fitted with propelling machinery.	
d)			
ANR	0000000374	What does the word "seaplane" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Any aircraft desi	gned to carry out hydrotechnical and/or hydrometeorological work.	
b)	Any aircraft desi	gned to manoeuvre on the water.	
c)	Any aircraft bein	g on the water for various reasons.	
d)			
ANR	20000000375	What vessel may be considered as "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel engage	ed in replenishment or transferring persons, provisions or carge while underway.	
b)	A vessel lying to	, on stormy weather.	
c)	A vessel with da	mages to the steering gear.	
d)			
ANR	2000000376	What vessel may be considered as "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel engage	ed in towing, having the towing line less than 50 M in lenght.	
b)	A pushing tug bo	pat, underway, at night.	
c) d)	A vessel engage deviate from the	ed in towing operation such as severely restricts the towing vessel and her tow in their ability to ir course.	
ANR	0000000377	To what vessel is the term "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" limited to ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The term "vesse	I restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" will not be limited to the vessels quoted in the rules.	
b)	It is limited to te	vessels quoted in the rules.	
c)	It is limited to the	e damaged vessels which are unable to keep out of the way of another vessel.	
d)			

	,
ssel constrained by her draught" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
distance of navigation obstructions in unable to deviate from her	
ht in relation to the avilable depth of water is severely restricted in	
stricted visibility" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
1,5 m.	
fog, rain or snow.	
, mist, falling snow, heavy rainstorms, sandstorms or any other	
ken into accouunt in determinating the "safe	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
el, the engine's power and the visibility.	
visibility.	
ty of the vessel at night, the presence of background light, the	
void collision be taken ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
ns of course in order not to deviate from the vessel's course.	
e observance of good seamanship.	
ollision.	
vessels shall the avoiding action ensure?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
red.	
stance.	
es at more than 2 miles distance.	
iveness of an avoiding action be checked?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
ər.	
than 45 degrees by starboard / portside.	

## Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000384 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the best manoeuvre to allow more time to asset the situation, when a collision must be avoided? Slackening her speed or taking all way off by stopping or reversing her means of propulsion. Stopping the vessel. Slackening the speed to steerage way. d) ANR0000000385 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall vessels engaged in fishing conduct in a traffic separation They shall conduct as any other vessel and shall comply with the COLREG rules. They shall navigate in any direction for fishing purposes. They shall not impede the passage of any vessel following a traffic lane. d) ANR000000386 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall a vessel overtaking any other conduct? The vessel overtaking any other will have priority. a) h) The overtaken vessel shall manoeuvre such as to allow the overtaking vessel to overtake. Any vessel overtaking any other shall keep out of the way of the vessel being overtaken. ANR0000000387 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall a vessel be deemed to be overtaking any other? When coming up with another vessel from a direction more than 22.5 degrees aft her beam so that at night she a) would be able to see only the sternlight of that vessel. When she will be able to see the sternlight and the sidelights of the overtaken vessel. b) When she will be able to see the stern-masthead light and the sidelights. ANR0000000388 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall a vessel manoeuvre in doubt as to whether she is overtaking another? She shall consider herself a privileged vessel and shall maintain her course and speed. She shall assume that this is the case and act accordingly. She shall give the regular signals and after being enlightened, act according to the circumstances. d) ANR000000389 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What manoeuvre shall be made when 2 power-driven vessels are crossing so as to involve risk of collision?

# The vessel which sees the other on port side shall keep out of the way of the other.

- b) The vessel which sees the other on starboard side shall reduce speed or even stop to let the other pass by.
- c) The vessel which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way and, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid crossing ahead of the other vessel.
- d) -----

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000390 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall a stand-on vessel take action to avoid collision by her manoeuvre alone? When the vessels are navigating through the straits. When entering or leaving a traffic separation scheme. When, from any cause, the vessel finds herself so close that collision cannot be avoided by the action of the giveway vessel alone, she shall take such action as will best aid to avoid collision. d) ANR000000391 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which vessel's way shall a sailing vessel underway keep out of? Fish-freezing vessels with high speed. Oil-tankers. Vessels restricted in their ability to manoeuvre. ANR0000000392 Which vessel's way shall, so far as possible a vessel engaged in fishing, IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! when underway, keep out of? Power-driven vessels at high speed. a) h) Air-cushion vessels underway. Vessels restricted in their ability to manoeuvre. ANR0000000393 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which vessel's way shall a vessel constrained by her draught keep out of? Vessels restricted in their ability to manoeuvre. Power-driven vessels underway, with low speed. b) Specialized vessels. ANR0000000394 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which vessel's way shall a vessel constrained by her draught keep out of? Sailing vessels. Vessels not under command. Oil-tankers and tankers carrying liquefied gases. ANR000000395 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall a power-driven vessel navigate in conditions of restricted visibility? At a safe speed and her engines ready for immediate manoeuvre. At slow speed but the telegraph on "stand-by" in order to be able to manoeuvre in ample time. At economic speed, but with a proper look-out. c) d)

		7 2010 / 01 21 01 01 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	,
ANR	0000000396	When shall the rules concerning "lights and shapes" complied with ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	When underway,	by day and by night.	
b)	In all weathers.		
c)	When she is moo	ored, by day and by night.	
d)			
ANR	0000000397	What does the word "sternlight" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A white light place	ed at the stern of a vessel.	
b)	135 degrees and	ed as nearly as practicable at the stern showing an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of soixed as to show the liht 67.5 degrees right aft on from each side of the vessel. ed at the stern showing an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon 360 degrees.	
d)			
ANR	0000000398	What does the term "flashing light" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A light flashing at	regular intervals at a frequency of 60 flashes per minute.	
b)	A light flashing at	regular intervals at a frequency of 120 flashes or more per minute.	
c)	A light flashing qu	uick flashes at regular intervals.	
d)			
ANR	0000000399	What ranges shall the mastlights be visible at for vessels of 50m or more in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	5 miles maximum	ı.	
b)	Between 3 and 5	nautical miles.	
c)	6 nautical miles.		
d)			
ANR	0000000400	What range shall the mastlights be visible at, for vessels between 20 and 50m in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	5 nautical miles.		
b)	Between 3 - 5 na	utical miles.	
c)	2 nautical miles.		
d)			
ANR	0000000401	What range shall the sidelights be visible at for vessels less than 12 metres in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	2 nautical miles.		
b)	0.5 nautical miles		
c)	1 nautical mile.		
d)			

## ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000402 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What range shall the towing light be visible at, for vessels of 50 metres or more in length? 3 nautical miles. 2 nautical miles. 3.5 nautical miles d) ANR000000403 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a power-driven vessel underway, less than 50 metres in length, exhibit? A masthead light, sidelights, a sternlight. A masthead light and sidelight. Sidelights and a sternlight. -----ANR0000000404 What lights shall a power-driven vessel underway, of less than 7 metres in IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! length and whose maximum speed does not exceed 7 knots, exhibit? An all-round white light and also, if practicable, sidelights. a) b) Sidelights. A white light which could be exhibited if practicable. ANR0000000405 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What range shall an all-round white light of an inconspicuous, partly submerged vessel or object being towed be visible? 3 nautical miles. 2 nautical miles. 1 nautical mile. ANR0000000406 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a power-driven vessel of less than 50 metres in length exhibit when towing and the length of the tow is less than 200 metres? 2 masthead lights in a vertical line, sidelights and a towing light. 2 masthead lights in a vertical line, sidelights, a sternlight and a towing light. Sidelights, a sternlight and a towing light. ANR0000000407 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Where shall the shape of the power-driven vessel underway be placed, when the length of the tow exceeds 200 metres? At the fore masthead. Where it can best be seen. At the after head. c) ----d)

ANR0000000413

d)

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000408 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shape shall a power-driven vessel being towed exhibit, when the lenght of the tow exceeds 200 metres? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall an inconspicuous, partly submerged vessel or object

A cone with the apex downward. A diamond. Two black cones with apexes together. d) ANR000000409 being towed exhibit, when her length exceeds 100 metres and her breadth exceeds 25 metres? 5 all-round white lights at the forward end, after end, at or near the extremities of her breadth and a light between the forward end and the after end so that the distance between the lights shall not exceed 100 metres. 3 all-round white lights. 4 all-round white lights at the forward end, after end and at the extremities of her breadth. d) ANR0000000410 What shall a vessel or object being towed do when, from any sufficient IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! cause it is impracticable to exhibit the lights prescribed by the rules? All possible measures shall be taken to light the vessel or object being towed or at least to indicate the presence of such vessel or object. It shall exhibit no light. h) It shall exhibit only the sidelights. ANR0000000411 What shall a vessel engaged in towing which is not normally engaged in towing operations do, when, from any sufficient cause it is impracticable to exhibit the lights prescribed by the rules, when engaged in towing another She shall navigate with caution the radiotelephone working in order to inform the vessels in the area. a) She shall take all possible measures to indicate the nature of the relationship between the towing vessel and the b) vessel being towed, in particular by illuminating the towline. She shall exhibit the lights for a disabled vessel and will take the towline.

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

ANR0000000412 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a sailing vessel underway exhibit? Sidelights. a) Masthead lights and sidelights. Sidelights and a sternlight. d)

A blue light to be shown at any time. A red light. If she does not exhibit the lights of a sailing vessel, she shall be ready to show an electric torch or lighted lantern c) showing a white light.

What lights shall a vessel under oars exhibit?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

ANF	What lights shall a vessel engaged in trawling exhibit, when making w through the water?	vay IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Sidelights, a sternlight and an all-round green light at the masthead.	
b)		aft of
c)	and higher than the green light.  Sidelights, a sternlight, 2 lights in a vertical line, the upper being green and the lower white, a masthead place.	ced
d)	abaft of and higher than the green light	
ANF	What shapes shall a fishing vessel other than trawling exhibit, when to is outlying gear extending more than 150 metres horizontally?	here IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A black diamond.	
b)	2 cones with their apexes together.	
c)	2 cones with their apexes together and a cone apex upwards in the direction of the gear.	
d)		
ANF	What additional lights shall a trawler engaged in fishing exhibit, when hauling her nets and fishing in close proximity to other vessels engag fishing?	
a)	2 red lights in a vertical line.	
b)	An all-round red light.	
c)	One white light over one red light in a vertical line.	
d)		
ANF	What additional lights shall a trawler engaged in fishing exhibit, when fishing in close proximity to other vessel engaged in fishing and when nets have come fast upon an obstruction?	
a)		
b)		
c)	A green light over a red light in a vertical line.	
d)		
ANF	What additional lights shall a trawler exhibit, when engaged in pair tra in close proximity to other vessel engaged in fishing?	awling IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	An all-round white light at the masthead.	
b)	A searchlight directed forward and in the direction of the other vessel of the pair.	
c)	2 all-round red lights.	
d)		
ANF	What shapes shall a vessel not under command exhibit?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	2 balls or similar shapes in a vertical line.	
b)	A black diamond.	
c)	A ball or a similar shape.	
d)		

		ANN 2013 -> 02 DECK OF ENATIONAL -> 01 COLINES (QUESTIO	140)
ANF	R0000000420	What lights shall a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre exhibit, when at anchor ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The red, white, r	ed lights in a vertical line.	
b)	The red, white, r	ed lights in a vertical line, an anchor light in the fore part and an anchor light at the stern.	
c)	The anchor light	in the fore part and the anchor light at the stern.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000421	What shapes shall a vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations exhibit, when restricted in her ability to manoeuvre ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)		cal line indicating the side on which an obstruction exists, 2 diamonds in a vertical line indicating the	
b)	2 balls in a vertice side on which ar	nother vessel may pass. cal line indicating the side on which an obstruction exists, 2 diamonds in a vertical line indicating the nother vessel may pass and the shapes of a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre. vessel not under command.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000422	What shall a vessel engaged in diving operations exhibit, whenever her size makes it impracticable to exhibit all lights and shapes prescribed for vessels engaged in during operations?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	_	in a vertical line, the highest and lowest being red and the middle light white.	
b)	International Cod	in a vertical line, the highest and lowest being red and the middle light white, a rigid replica of the de flag " A " not less than 1 metre in height, to ensure her all-round visibility. the International Code flag " A ", not less than 1 metre in height.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000423	What lights shall a vessel engaged in mineclearance operations exhibit?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The lights of a ve	essel not under command.	
b)	The lights of a ve	essel not under command and 3 all-round red lights.	
c)	The lights prescr	ribed for power-driven vessels underway and 3 all-round green lights.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000424	How shall the green lights of vessels engaged in mineclearance operations be exhibited?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	One of these ligh	nts shall be exhibited near the foremast head and one at each end of the fore yard.	
b)	In a vertical line.		
c)	One at the forem	nast head, the other two at the stern masthead.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000425	What shape shall a vessel constrained by her draught exhibit?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	2 balls in a vertice	cal line.	
b)	2 balls in a vertice	cal line with a diamond between them.	
c)	A black cylinder.		
d)			

		ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIO	NS)
What lights shall a vessel engaged on pilotage duty exhibit, when she is at anchor?		IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!	
a)	The lights of a ve	essel at anchor and 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being white, the lower red.	
b)	The lights of a ve	essel at anchor.	
c)	The lights of a ve	essel at anchor and a white alternating light at the masthead.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000427	What lights shall a vessel aground exhibit ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The lights of a ve	essel at anchor and 2 all-round red lights in a vertical line.	
b)	2 all-round red li	ghts in a vertical line.	
c)	3 all-round red li	ghts in a vertical line and the lights of a vessel at anchor.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000428	When shall vessels of less than 7 metres in length not be required to exhibit the lights of a vessel at anchor?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	When at anchor,	but not in a narrow channel, fairway or anchorage, or where other vessels normally navigate.	
b)	When at anchor	in a basin.	
c)	When at anchor	in the roadstead.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000429	When shall vessels of less than 7 metres in length not be required to exibit the shapes of a vessel at anchor ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	When at anchor	in a basin.	
b)	When at anchor	but not in a narrow channel, fairway or anchorage, or where other vessel normally navigate.	
c)	When at anchor	in the roadstead.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000430	What vessels aground shall not be required to exhibit the lights and shapes of a vessel aground?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Vessels of less t	han 7 metres in length.	
b)	Vessels of less t	han 15 metres in length.	
c)	Vessels of less t	han 12 metres in length.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000431	What equipment for sound signals shall a vessel of 12-100 metres in length be provid with ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	One whistle at m	aidship.	
b)	A bell in the fore	part or at the stern of the vessel.	
c)	A whistle and a l	pell.	
d)			

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000432 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall the sound signals for manoeuvring be given? In any circumstances. When vessels are in sight of one another. In restricted vibility. d) ANR000000433 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What significance shall the light signal "2 flashes" have, if associated with the sound signal? I am altering my course to starboard. I am manoeuvring with difficulty to port. I am altering my course to port. ANR0000000434 At what interval shall successive light signals be given? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! At not less that 10 seconds. h) After at least one minute. Whenever it is necessary. ANR000000435 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What characteristics shall the light supplementing the sound signals have ? An all-round red light. An all-round white light. Green to starboard, red to port and white for astern propulsion. ANR0000000436 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When in sight of one another in a narrow channel or fairway, what signal shall the vessel intending to overtake another on starboard side, give ? 2 prolonged blasts followed by one short blast. One short blast. One prolonged blast followed by one short blast. ANR0000000437 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

What signal shall a vessel give, when nearing a bend or an area of a channel or fairway where other vessels may be obscured by an intervening obstruction?

- One short blast "I am altering my course to starboard".
- One prolonged blast.
- Successive short blasts to attract attention. c)
- d)

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000438 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall sound signals be given, in conditions of restricted visibility? In or near an area of restricted visibility. In an area of restricted visibility. Only on foggy weather. d) ANR000000439 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a sailing vessel give, in conditions of restricted One prolonged blast by hooter at intervals of one minute. 4 short blasts at intervals of 2 minutes. One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. ANR0000000440 What sound signals shall a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! give, when carrying out her work, at anchor, in conditions of restricted visibility? Rapid blasts on the bell for 5 seconds preceded and followed by one prolonged blast at intervals of 2 minutes. b) Rapid blasts on the bell for 5 seconds to one minute. One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. ANR0000000441 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a vessel give when engaged in towing or pushing another, in conditions of restricted visibility? One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. 4 short blasts preceded and followed by one prolonged blast at intervals of 2 minutes. One prolonged blast and 5 short stay blasts at intervals of one minute. ANR0000000442 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a vessel towed give, if manned, in conditions of restricted visibility? One prolonged blast and 2 short blasts at intervals of 2 minutes. One prolonged blast and 3 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. 2 prolonged blasts followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of 2 minutes. ANR0000000443 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a pushing vessel and a vessel being pushed ahead give, in conditions of restricted visibility, when twey are rigidly

connected in a composite unit underway?

- One prolonged blast at intervals of not more than 2 minutes.
- One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of 2 minutes.
- One prolonged blast and 4 short warning blasts at intervals of one minute. c)
- d)

her ability to maneuver

d)

## ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000444 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a vessel aground give in conditions of restricted visibility? The signals given by a vessel at anchor and, in addition, immediately before and after the rapid ringing of the bell she shall give 3 separate and distinct strokes on the bell. In addition, she may sound an appropriate whistle signal. Signals on the whistle to attract attention and rapid ringing of the bell at intervals of 2 minutes. One short blast, one prolonged and one short blast on the whistle and ringing the bell rapidly at intervals of one c) minute. d) ANR000000445 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sonud signals shall a pilot vessel at anchor give, when engaged on pilotage duty in conditions of restricted visibility? Rapid strokes on the gong for 5 seconds at intervals of not more than one minute. One prolonged blast followed by 4 short blasts at intervals of one minute. The signals of a vessel at anchor and in addition 4 short identity blasts. d) ANR0000000446 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the alarm signal in radiotelegraphy? 2 long dashes for 10 seconds, separated by an interval of 2 seconds. 12 long dashes for 14 seconds, separated by an interval of one second. 3 long dashes for 4 seconds, separated by an interval of one second. ANR0000000447 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! You are in charge of a 250-meter freight vessel constrained by her draft proceeding down a narrow channel. There is a vessel engaged in fishing on your starboard bow half a mile away. According to Rule 9, which You are not to impede the fishing vessel a) If you are in doubt as to the fishing vessel's intentions you may sound at least five short and rapid blasts on the b) whistle You are to slow to bare steerageway until clear of the fishing vessel ANR0000000448 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! ."Which statement is true concerning a vessel" "constrained by her draft"? She must be a power-driven vessel She is not under command She may be a vessel being towed d) ANR0000000449 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which statement is TRUE, according to the Rules? A vessel not under command shall keep out of the way of a vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver A vessel not under command shall avoid impeding the safe passage of a vessel constrained by her draft A vessel engaged in fishing while underway shall, so far as possible, keep out of the way of a vessel restricted in

	2010 / 02 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	J.1.0,
ANR000000045	Which statement is TRUE, according to the Rules?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
her abilit	I engaged in fishing while underway shall, so far as possible, keep out of the way of a vessel restricted in ty to maneuver I not under command shall keep out of the way of a vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver	
c) A vesse	l engaged in fishing shall keep out of the way of a sailing vessel	
d)	<del></del>	
ANR000000045	Which statement in TRUE, according to the Rules?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) A vesse	constrained by her draft shall keep out of the way of a vessel engaged in fishing	
	l engaged in fishing while underway shall, so far as possible, keep out of the way of a vessel restricted in ty to maneuver	
	not under command shall avoid impeding the safe passage of a vessel constrained by her draft	
d)		
ANR000000045	Which statement is TRUE, according to the Rules?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
	I engaged in fishing while underway shall, so far as possible, keep out of the way of a vessel restricted in by to maneuver	
	not under command shall keep out of the way of a vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver	
c) A fishing	vessel while underway has the right-of-way over a vessel constrained by her draft	
d)		
ANR000000045	A signal of intent must be sounded in international waters by	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) a vessel	meeting another head-on	
b) a vessel	overtaking another in a narrow channel	
c) a vessel	crossing the course of another	
d)		
ANR000000045	Which vessel shall avoid impeding the safe passage of a vessel constrained by her draft?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) A vesse	not under command	
b) A sailing	vessel	
c) A vesse	restricted in her ability to maneuver	
d)		
ANR000000045	Of the vessel listed, which must keep out of the way of all the others?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) A vesse	constrained by her draft	
b) A vesse	restricted in her ability to maneuver	
c) A vesse	pushing a barge	
d)		

ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS)				
Your vessel is crossing a narrow channel. A vessel to port is within the channel and crossing your course. She is showing a black cylinder. You should		IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!		
a)	hold your course	and speed		
b)	not impede the of	ther vessel		
c)	exchange passing	g signals		
d)				
a)	should sound one	Your vessel is constrained by her draft and operating in a narrow channel.  Another vessel is crossing your course from starboard to port. You are in doubt as to her intentions. According to Rule 9 you	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!	
b)	must sound one			
c)	may sound the da	·		
d)				
_	0000000458	"Which vessel is NOT" "restricted in her ability to maneuver"?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!	
a)	A vessel servicing	g an aid to navigation		
b)	A vessel constrai	ned by her draft		
c)	A towing vessel v	vith tow, unable to deviate from its course		
d)				
ANF	0000000459	"Which statement is TRUE concerning a vessel" "constrained by her draft"?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!	
a)	She is hampered	because of her work		
b)	She is unable to	maneuver due to some exceptional circumstance		
c)	She must be a po	ower-driven vessel		
d)				
ANF	2000000460	"Which statement applies to a vessel" "constrained by her draft"?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!	
a)	The term only ap	plies to vessels in narrow channels		
b)	and width of navi	estricted in her ability to change her course because of her draft in relation to the available depth gable water as a " "vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver"		
c) d)		ad as a vessel restricted in the ability to maneuver		
<del></del>				
ANF	R0000000461	Lighting requirements in inland waters are different from those for international waters for	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!	
a)	barges being tow	ed by pushing ahead		
b)	vessels restricted	I in their ability to maneuver		
c)	vessel towing ast	ern		
d)				

c) being towed d) -----

	Navigar Navigar	re necesse est vivere non est necesse	
		ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIO	NS)
ANI	R0000000462	"Vessel" "A" is overtaking vessel" "B"on open waters and will pass without changing course. Vessel "A" should	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	sound two prolo	onged blasts followed by two short blasts	
b)	sound the dange	er signal	
c)	not sound any w	vhistle signal	
d)			
ANI	R0000000463	You are underway in a norrow channel, and you are being overtaken by a vessel astern. After the overtaking vessel sounds the proper signal indicating his intention to pass your vessel on your starboard side, you	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	two prolonged for	ollowed by two short blasts	
b)	one prolonged,	one short, one prolonged, and one short blast	
c)	one short blast		
d)			
ANI	R000000464	You intend to overtake a vessel in a narrow channel, and you intend to pass along the vessel's port side. How should you signal your intention?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Two short blasts	s followed by two prolonged blast	
b)	Two prolonged f	followed by two short blasts	
c)	Two prolonged I	blasts only	
d)			
ANI	R0000000465	"Which vessel is NOT regarded as being" "restricted in her ability to maneuver?"	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel servicii	ng an aid to navigation	
b)	A vessel engage	ed in dredging	
c)	A vessel constra	ained by her draft	
d)			
ANI	R0000000466	Which vessel shall avoid impeding the safe passage of a vessel constrained by her draft?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel not und	der command	
b)	A fishing vessel		
c)	A vessel restrict	ted in her ability to maneuver	
d)			
ANI	R0000000467	You are underway in fog and hear a fog signal consisting of one prolonged and two short blasts, It could be any of the following EXCEPT a vessel	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	enganged in mir	neclearance	
b)	enganged in fish	hing	

d) -----

		ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIO	NS)
ANR	20000000468	You are operating a vessel in a narrow channel. Your vessel must stay within the channel to be navigated safely. Another vessel is crossing your course from starboard to port, and you are in doubt as to his intentions.	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	may sound the d	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
b)	must sound one	prolonged and short blasts	
c)	should sound on	e short blast to indicate that you are holding course and speed	
d)			
ANR	20000000469	Which vessel is to keep out of the way of the others?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel constra	ined by her draft	
b)	A vessel engage	d in underwater operations	
c)	A vessel engage	d in trawling	
d)			
ANR	2000000470	"Which statement applies to a vessel""constrained by her draft?"	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	water.	estricted in her ability to change her course because of her draft in relation to the available depth of only to vessels in marked channels.	
c)	"She is designate	ed as a "vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver".	
d)			
ANR	20000000471	Which vessel would NOT sound a fog signal of one prolonged and two short blasts?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel not und	er command	
b)	A vessel constra	ined by her draft	
c)	A vessel being to	owed	
d)			
ANR	20000000472	Of the vessels listed, which mustkeep out of the way of all the others?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel constra	ined by her draft	
b)	A vessel restricte	ed in her ability to maneuver	
c)	A vessel on pilota	age duty	
d)			
ANR	R0000000473	A vessel not under command sounds the same fog signal as a vessel	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	engaged in towir	ng	
b)	constrained by h		
c)	All of the above		

## ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000474 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! In a crossing situation on international waters, a short blast by the give-way vessel indicates that the vessel is holding course and speed is turning to starboard intends to pass port to port d) ANR000000475 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Two prolonged blasts followed by one short blast on the whistle is a signal which could be sounded by a \_\_\_ fishing vessel vessel anchored vessel overtaking another in a narrow channel ANR0000000476 You are in sight of another vessel in a crossing situation, and the other IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! vessel sounds one short blast. You are going to hold course and speed. You should answer with one short blast a) h) answer with two short blasts sound no whistle signal ANR0000000477 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! The light which may be used with a vessel's whistle is to be used when the whistle is broken used prior to sounding the whistle a white light -----ANR0000000478 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A fishing vessel is approaching a vessel not under command. Which statement is TRUE? the fishing vessel must keep clear of the vessel not under command. If the vessel not under command is a power-driven vessel, she must keep clear of the fishing vessel. They must exchange whistle signals. ANR0000000479 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! You are approaching another vessel and will pass starboard to starboard without danger if no course changes are made. You should hold course and sound a two blast whistle signal hold course and sound no whistle signal change course to the right and sound one blast c) ----d)

Mu-	Ivavigai	e necesse est vivere non est necesse	
		ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIO	NS)
ANF	R0000000480	How do COLREG rules interfere with the lights and signals for ships of war, vessels proceeding in convoy and fishing vessels engaged in fishing as a fleet?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	these shall, so fa	t of any state may issue special rules with respect to the number of station lights or signal lights but ar as possible, be such that they cannot be mistaken for the lights or signals authorized under t of any state may authorize any lights or signals.	
c)	COLREG rules	shall be complied with as closely as possible.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000481	When is it permitted to make a departure from the COLREG rules?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	In national water	rs, roasteads and in all waters connected therewith navigable by seagoing vessels.	
b)	When there is a	danger of navigation, risk of collision as well as in all special circumstances.	
c)	It is not permitte	d to make any departure from the COLREG rules.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000482	What does the term "sailing vesel" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Any vessel using	g wind power as means of propulsion.	
b)	Any power-drive	n vessel using sails,too.	
c)	Any vessel unde	er sail provided that propelling machinery, if fitted, is not being used.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000483	What does the term "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	therefore unable	from the nature of her work is restricted in her ability to manoeuvre as required by the rules and is to keep out of the way of another vessel. nor damages to the gear and/or the engine, being remedied.	
c)	A vessel unable	to deviate from her course due to some navigation obstructions.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000484	What vessel may be considered as "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel with da	maged steering gear.	
b)	A vessel engage	ed in laying, picking up or servicing a navigation mark.	
c)	A deep draught	vessel navigating in the straits.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000485	What vessel may be considered as "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel engage	ed in laying or picking up a submarine cable or pipeline.	
b)	A sailing vessel	having the wind dead ahead.	
		I was to be a second of the	

c) A vessel having damages to the propeller system. d) -----

	ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIC	NS)
What vessel may be considered as "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" ?		IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel engaged in taking / dropping the pilot.	
b)	A vessel with the engines stopped.	
c)	A vessel engaged in mine clearance operations.	
d)		
ANR	What does the term "vessel's length" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Vessel's length between perpendiculars.	
b)	Vessel's length overall.	
c)	Vessel's length measured between the draught line forward and the draught line aft.	
d)		
ANR	When are 2 vessels deemed to be in sight of one another?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	When they are watching each other, visually.	
b)	When only one can be observed visually from the other.	
c)	When the vessels are not beyond radar range.	
d)		
ANR	When shall a vessel proceed at "safe speed" ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Under conditions of restricted visibility.	
b)	At all times.	
c)	In straits, channels and difficult conditions.	
d)		
ANR	What means shall a vessel use to determine if risk of collision exists?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	Every vessel shall use all available means appropriate to the prevailing circumstances aand conditions to determine if risk of collision exists.  Every vessel shall use all visual means to determine if risk of collision exists.	
c)	Every vessel shall use the radar to determine if risk of collision exists.	
d)		
ANR	How shall radar equipment be used if fitted aboard?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The radar equipment shall be used when the visibility is restricted, using adequate range scales.	
b)	The radar equipment shall be used to avoid risk of collision.	
c)	Proper use shall be made of radar equipment, including long-range scanning to obtain early warning of risk of	
d)	collision and radar plotting or equivalent systematic observation of detected objects.	

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000492 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall it be deemed that a risk of collision exists? When the vessels are navigating on opposite courses. When the compass bearing of an approaching vessel does not appreciably change. When the approaching speed between the two vessels is very high. d) ANR0000000493 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! If alteration of course alone is sufficient to avoid collision, how shall it be done? The manoeuvre shall be made in good time, be substantial and it does not result another close-quarts situation. Large alterations of course shall be made, sufficient to avoid collision. An alternation of course, sufficient to avoid any risk of collision. ANR0000000494 How shall a vessel navigate within a traffic separation scheme? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! The vessel shall navigate as close as possible to the traffic separation schemes. h) The vessel shall navigate in the traffic lane in the indicated direction. The vessel shall navigate in the appropriate traffic lane in the general direction of traffic flow for that lane and, so far as practicable, keep clear of a traffic separation line or separation zone.

	0000000496	How shall a vessel navigate in areas near the terminations of traffic separation schemes?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
d)			
c)	The separation zone shall not be crossed in any circumstances.		
b)	In cases of em		
a)	When the hydr		

When shall a vessel enter a separation zone or cross a separation line?

The vessel shall navigate in the general direction of traffic flow.

The intentions of altering course will be communicated by sound and visual signals.

The vessel shall do so with particular caution.

d)

ANR0000000495

ANR0000000497 Are the vessels restricted in their ability to manoeuvre when engaged in an operation for the laying, servicing or picking up of a submarine cable exempted from complying with provisions of the rule regarding navigation

They are not exempted from complying with this rule.

- They are exempted from complying with this rule to the extend necessary to carry out the operation.
- They are exempted from complying with this rule if they are giving warning signals. C)

d)

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

		ANN 2013 -> 02 DECK OF ENATIONAL -> 01 COLINEG (QUESTIC	7110)
ANR	000000498	When shall the vessel be deemed to have reciprocal courses?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b) c)	both sidelights ar When by night sh can be seen und	sees the other ahead and by night she could see the masthead lights of the other in a line and/or nd, by day, she observes the corresponding aspect of the other vessel. The could see the masthead lights nearly in a line and one of the sidelights and by day the masts or a small angle.	
d)			
ANR	000000499	How shall 2 sailing vessels manoeuvre, when they are approaching one another so as to involve risk of collision and both have the wind on the same side	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The vessel which	sees the other on port side shall keep out of the way of the other.	
b)	The vessel which	is to windward shall keep out of the way of the vessel which is to leeward.	
c)	The vessel which	sees the other on starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.	
d)			
ANR	000000500	Which is the action by stand-on vessel?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The vessel shall	keep her course and speed.	
b)	The vessel shall	alter her course only in order to avoid a dangerous situation.	
c)	The vessel shall	reduce speed or even stop not to engender dangerous situations.	
d)			
ANR	0000000501	Which vessel's way shall a power-driven vessel keep out of ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Pilot vessels und	erway, engaged in pilotage operations.	
b)	Vessels restricted	d in their ability to manoeuvre.	
c)	Specialized vess	els carrying containers and RO/RO vessels.	
d)			
ANR	0000000502	Which vessel's way shall a power-driven vessel underway keep out of ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Fish-carriers, und	derway.	
b)	Research vessels	s, underway.	
c)	Vessels engaged	d in fishing.	
d)			
ANR	0000000503	Which vessel's way shall a power-driven vessel underway keep out of ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Sailing vessels.		
b)	Sailing vessels n	avigating only by use of engines.	
c)	Sailing vessels, h	naving a black cone apex downwards.	
d)			

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000504 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which vessel's way shall, so far as possible, a vessel engaged in fishing, when underway, keep out of? Fish-carriers underway to the anchorage. Vessels not under command. Pilot-vessels underay. d) ANR000000505 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What safety precautions shall a seaplane on the water take? She shall keep well clear of all vessels and avoid impeding their navigation. She shall give a warning signal in order to be avoided. She shall consider herself as any other privileged vessel and follow her course and speed. ANR000000506 At what speed shall a vessel navigate in conditions of restricted visibility? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! At slow speed and look-out forward. At economic speed but with radar working and a proper look-out in order to avoid risk of collision. At a safe speed adapted to the prevailing circumstances and conditions of restricted visibility. ANR0000000507 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A vessel which detects by radar alone the presence of another vessel shall determine if a close-quarters situation is developing and/or risk of collision exists. If so, she shall take avoiding actions in ample time; however, if such An alteration of course in the opposite direction of a vessel abeam or abaft the beam. A 90 degrees alteration of course in the opposite direction of the signal in order to be deemed as being overtaken. An alteration of course towards a vessel or abaft the beam. ANR000000508 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall the lights prescribed by these rules be also exhibited? From sunrise to sunset, restricted visibility and in all other circumstances when it is deemed necessary. When visibility is under 3 Nm. In straits, in restricted visibility. ANR000000509 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall the rules concerning shapes be complied with? By twilight. By day. By day or by night when they are lit. -----

ANF	R0000000510	What does the term ' masthead light' mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Any white light plant	aced on the mast of a vessel at a height prescribed by the register standards.	
b)	Any white all round light.		
c)	<ul> <li>Any white light placed over the fore and aft centreline of the vessel showing an unbroken light over an horizon of 225 degrees and so fixed as to show the light from right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the bed)</li> <li>————————————————————————————————————</li></ul>		
d)			
ANF	R0000000511	What does the term "all round light" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A light showing a	n unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 360 degrees.	
b)	An unbroken light	visible from ahead and either side of the vessel.	
c)	A light showing a	n unbroken light visible over an arc of the horizon of 180 degrees.	
d)			
	R0000000512	What range shall the mostlight he visible at for vessels less than 12m in	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
		What range shall the mastlight be visible at, for vessels less than 12m in length?	
a)	3 nautical miles.		
b)	2 nautical miles.		
c)	1 nautical mile.		
d)			
ANF	R000000513	What range shall the sidelights be visible at, for vessels of 12 metres or more in length, but less than 50 metres ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	3 nautical miles.		
b)	2 nautical miles.		
c)	1.5 nautical miles		
d)			
ANF	R000000514	What range shall the sternlight be visible at, for vessels between 12 and 50 metres in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	3 nautical miles.		
b)	2 nautical miles.		
c)	1 nautical mile.		
d)			
ANR0000000515		What range shall the towing light be visible at, for vessels less than 12 metres in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	1 nautical mile.		
b)	3 nautical miles.		
c)	2 nautical miles.		
d)			

		ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIO	NS)
ANF	R000000516	What range shall the white, red, green or yellow all round light be visible at, for vessels of 50 metres or more in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	3 nautical miles.		
b)	4 nautical miles.		
c)	5 nautical miles.		
d)			
ANR0000000517		What range shall the white, red, green or yellow all round light be visible at, for vessels of I2-50 metres in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	3 nautical miles.		
b)	2 nautical miles.		
c)	1 nautical mile.		
d)			
ANF	R0000000518	What lights shall an air-cushion vessel exhibit, when operating in non-displacement mode ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The same lights	as a power-driven vessel underway	
b)	An all-round flash	hing yellow light.	
c)	The same lights	as a power-driven vessel underway and an additional all-round flashing yellow light.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000519	What lights shall a power-driven vessel of more than 50 metres in length exhibit, when towing and the length of the tow is less than 50 metres?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	towing light.	asthead lights forward and aft, 2 masthead lights in a vertical line, sidelights, a stern light and a nlight and a towing light.	
c)	2 masthead light	s in a vertical line, sidelights and a towing light.	
d)			
ANF	R0000000520	What shape shall a power-driven vessel underway exhibit, when the length of the tow exceeds 200 metres ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A diamond.		
b)	A cone with the a	apex downwards.	
c)	2 cones with apexes together.		
d)			
ANF	R0000000521	What lights shall a power-driven vessel exhibit when pushing ahead or towing alongside, this not being the case of a composite unit?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	2 masthead light	s forward in a vertical line, sidelights, a sternlight.	
b)	3 masthead lights	s in a vertical line, sidelights and a towing light.	
c)	Sidelights and a	towing light.	
d)			

## ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000522 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a vessel being pushed ahead exhibit, this not being the case of a composite unit? She shall exhibit the sidelights at the forward end. The masthead light and sidelights. The masthead light and a sternlight. d) ANR000000523 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a vessel being towed alongside exhibit? The masthead lights and a sternlight. A sternlight and sidelights at the forward end. Sidelights at the forward end. ANR000000524 What lights shall an inconspicuous, partly submerged vessel or object less IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! than 25 metres in breadth exhibit, when being towed? An all-round white light at the forward end. b) An all-round white light at the after end. An all-round white light at the forward end and one at the after end. ANR0000000525 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shapes shall an inconspicuous, partly submerged object or vessel exhibit by day, when being towed and the length of the tow exceeds 200 metres? A cone apex upwards at the forward end and an additional one at the after end. 2 black cones, apexes together. A diamond at or near the aftermost extremity and an additional one where it can best be seen and located as far forward as practicable. ANR0000000526 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Where shall a sailing vessel underway carry the lantern, when her length is less than 20 metres? Anywhere and to be exhibited only if necessary. At the top of the mast where it can best be seen. At the jack stick. ANR000000527 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a sailing vessel underway exhibit, when her length is less than 7 metres? She shall have ready at hand an electric torch or lighted lantern showing a white light which shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision. Sidelights. A white light at the masthead. c) ----d)

### ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000528 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall a vessel engaged in fishing exhibit the prescribed lights and shapes? In any circumstance. While underway and at anchor. When underway. c) d) ANR000000529 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a fishing vessel other than trawling exhibit, when making way through the water? Sidelights, 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being white and the lower red. 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being red and the lower white and a sternlight. Sidelights, a sternlight, 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being red and the lower white. d) ANR000000530 What lights shall a vessel engaged in fishing, other than trawling exhibit, IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! when there is outlying gear extending more than 150 metres horizontally and is making way through the water? Sidelights, a sternlight, 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being red and the lower white, an all-round a) white light in the direction of the gear. Sidelights, a sternlight, an all-round white light in the direction of the gear. b) Sidelights, a sterlinght, two lights in a vertical line, the upper white and the lower red. ANR0000000531 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What additional lights shall a trawler engaged in fishing exhibit when shooting her nets and fishing in close proximity to other vessel engaged in fishing? An all-round red light 2 all-round white lights in a vertical line. An all-round green light. ANR0000000532 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a vessel not under command exhibit, when making way through the water? Two red lights in a vertical line, sidelights and a sternlight. A red light, sidelights and a sternlight. 2 red lights and a sternlight. ANR000000533 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Where shall the red lights of the vessels not under command be placed? At the foremasthead. At the aftermasthead. Where they can best be seen. C) ----d)

#### Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000534 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre exhibit, when making way through the water? Sidelights, a sternlight and 3 lights in a vertical line, the highest and the lowest one being red and the middle one b) 3 lights in a vertical line, the highest and the lowest being red and the middle one white. Sidelights, a sternlight, a masthead light and 3 lights in a vertical line, the lowest and the highest being red and the c) middle one white. d) ANR000000535 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shapes shall a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre exhibit, when at anchor? One ball in the fore part and 3 shapes in a vertical line, where they can best be seen, the highest and the lowest of these shapes being balls and the middle one a diamond. One ball in the fore part. 3 shapes in a vertical line, the highest and the lowest being balls and the middle one a diamond. d) ANR000000536 What lights shall a power-driven vessel exhibit, when engaged in towing IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! operations and restricted in her ability to deviate from her course? The lights prescribed for power-driven vessels underway, engaged in towing operations. a) h) The lights of a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre engaged in towing operations. The lights prescribed for vessels not under command. ANR0000000537 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shapes shall a power-driven vessel exhibit, when engaged in towing operations and restricted in her ability to deviate from her course? The shapes prescribed for a power-driven vessel engaged in towing operations. The shapes prescribed for a vessel not under command. b) The shapes of a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre and the shapes prescribed for vessels engaged in towing operatins. ANR0000000538 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shapes shall a vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations exhibit, when restricted in her ability to manoeuvre and at anchor? Instead of the shapes of a vessel at anchor, the shapes of a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre engaged in dredging operations. A diamond indicating the side on which an obstruction exists and the shapes of vessels at anchor. The shapes of a power-driven vessel at anchor. ANR000000539 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall the balls of vessels engaged in mineclearance operations be

exhibited?

- In a vertical line.
- One at the foremasthead and 2 at the sternmasthead.
- One at the foremasthead and one at each end of the fore yard. c)
- d)

		ANN 2013 -> 02 DECK OF ENATIONAL -> 01 COLINES (QUESTIC	ж
ANR	0000000540	What lights shall a vessel constrained by her draught exhibit?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The lights pres	cribed for power-driven vessels underway and an additional red light.	
b)	The lights pres	cribed for power-driven vessels underway and 3 additional all-round red lights in a vertical line.	
c)	The lights of a	vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.	
d)			
ANR	0000000541	What lights shall a vessel engaged on pilotage duty exhibit, when underway?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Sidelights and	2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being white and the lower red.	
b)	Sidelights, a st	ernlight, 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being white and the lower red.	
c)	Sidelights, a st	ernlight and an all-round red quick-flashing light.	
d)			
ANR	0000000542	What lights shall a vessel at anchor exhibit, when her length exceeds 50 metres ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	An all-round wi	nite light at the fore masthead.	
b)	An all-round wi	nite light in the fore part.	
c) d)	An all-round whethan the light in	nite light in the fore part and another all-round white light at or near the stern, but at a lower level at the fore part.	
ANR	0000000543	What shapes shall a vessel at anchor exhibit ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	One ball in the	fore part.	
b)	One diamond i	n the fore part.	
c)	One black cone	e in the fore part.	
d)			
ANR	0000000544	What lights shall a vessel at anchor exhibit, when less than 50 metres in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The lights of a	vessel at anchor.	
b)	Instead of the I	ights of a vessel at anchor, an all-round white light where it can best be seen.	
c)	A light in the fo	re part.	
d)			
ANR	0000000545	Where shall the shapes and lights of the vessels aground be exhibited?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	In the fore part		
b)	At the sternma	st head.	
c)	Where they can	n best be seen.	
d)			

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR000000546 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What does the word "whistle" mean, aboard? An electronic device capable of producing short and prolonged blasts. Any sound signalling appliance capable of producing the blasts prescribed by the rules. A mechanical device producing only fog signals. d) ANR000000547 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What does the term "prolonged" mean? A blast of from 4 to 6 seconds' duration. A blast of more than 6 seconds' duration, produced by a power-driven vessel, underway. A blast of from 2 to 3 seconds' duration, produced by a vessel. d) ANR000000548 May the bell or the gong, or both be replaced by other equipment having IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! the same sound characteristics? Yes, but only the gong at the stern. a) h) They cannot be replaced. Both of them may be replaced, provided that manual sounding shall always be possible. ANR000000549 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the sound signal to indicate the manoeuvre "I am altering my course to port"? One prollonged blast followed by 2 short blast. 2 short blasts. 2 prolonged blasts followed by 2 short blasts. ANR0000000550 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the sound signal to indicate the manoeuvre "I am operating astern propulsion"? One prolonged blast followed by 3 short blasts. 3 short blasts preceded and followed by one prolonged blast. 3 short blasts. -----ANR0000000551 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What may the sound signals given on the whistle be supplemented by, to

a) By ligth signals.

b) By any other signals.

c) By one or two black balls at the masthead.

indicate the manoeuvre being carried out?

d) -----

## Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000552 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What is the duration of one flash, when using the manoeuvring light signal About one second. 2 to 3 seconds. As long as possible so as to be observed. d) ANR000000553 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What signals shall a vessel give, when indicating her agreement to be overtaken? One prolonged blast and 5 short blasts. One prolonged, one short, one prolonged and one short blast (International Code, letter "C"). One short blast for starboard and 2 short blasts for port. ANR000000554 What light signals may suppliment the sound signals given by a vessel IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! which fails to understand the intentions of another or is in doubt whether sufficient action is being taken by the other to avoid collision? Successive light signals. a) A light signal of at least 5 short and rapid flashes. One long light signal and other short light signals. ANR0000000555 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! If whistles are fitted on the vessel at a distance apart of more than 100 metres, which of them shall be used for giving manoeuvring and warning signals? One of them. Both of them. Only the whistle forward for warning and only the whistle aft for manoeuvring. ANR0000000556 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signal shall a vessel underway but stopped and making no way through the water give, in conditions of restricted visibility? One prolonged warning blast at intervals of one minute. At intervals of not more than 2 minutes 2 prolonged blasts in succession with an interval of about 2 seconds between them. 5 short warning blasts at intervals of one minute. d) ANR000000557 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signal shall a vessel not under command give, in conditions of restricted visibility? One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. One prolonged blast and 5 short blasts at intervals of 2 minutes.

5 short warning blasts at intervals not more than one minute.

c) d)

		ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIO	no)
ANF	0000000558	What sound signal shall a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre give, in conditions of restricted visibility?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	One long blast fo	ollowed by 3 short blasts at intervals of 2 minutes.	
b)	3 short blasts pre	eceded and followed by one prolonged blast at intervals of 2 minutes.	
c)	One prolonged b	plast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes.	
d)			
ANF	0000000559	What sound signals shall a fishing vessel at anchor give, in conditions of restricted visibility?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Ringing the bell r	rapidly for 5 seconds at intervals of one minute.	
b)	One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes.		
c) d)	Ringing the bell r minutes.	rapidly for 5 seconds and one prolonged blast on the whistle at intervals of not more than 2	
ANF	2000000560	What sound signals shall a vessel at anchor give, if her lenght is less than 100 metres, in conditions of restricted visibility?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Rapid blasts on t	the bell for about 5 seconds, at intervals of not more than one minute.	
b)	3 short blasts on the whistle and rapid blasts on the bell in the fore part at intervals of 2 minutes.		
c)	One short blast,	one prolonged and one short blast at intervals of one minute.	
d)			
ANF	Signal on the wh	What additional sound signal shall a vessel at anchor give, in conditions of restricted visibility to give warning of her position and of the possibility of collision to an approaching vessel?  istle: one short blast followed by one prolonged blast and then one short blast.	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
b)	Signal on the wh	sistle : 5 short warning blasts.	
c)	Signal on the wh	sistle and/or by fog horn : one prolonged blast followed by rapid short blasts.	
d)			
ANF	20000000562	What sound signals shall a pilot vessel give in conditions of restricted visibility, when underway and engaged on pilotage duty?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)		plast at intervals of not more than 2 minutes and in addition an identity signal consisting of 4 short	
b)	blasts. One prolonged b	plast at intervals of one minute.	
c)	4 short blasts on	the whistle at intervals of one minute.	
d)			
ANF	0000000563	On open water, a power-driven vessel coming up dead astern of another vessel and altering her course to starboard so as to pass on the starboard side of the vessel ahead would sound	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	two short blasts		
b)	one short blast		
c)	two prolonged bl	lasts followed by one short blast	
d)			

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000564 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! In a narrow channel, a vessel trying to overtake another on the other vessel's port side, would sound a whistle signal of\_ one short blast two short blasts two prolonged blasts followed by two short blasts d) ANR000000565 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What whistle signal, if any, would be sounded when two vessels are meeting, but will pass clear starboard to starboard? One short blast Two short blasts No signal is required -----ANR000000566 A power-driven vessel leaving a quay or wharf must sound what signal? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Three short blasts h) A long blast No signal is required. ANR000000567 When two vessels are in sight of one another, all of the following signals IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! may be given EXCEPT \_ a light signal of at least five short and rapid flashed four short whistle blasts one prolonged, one short, one prolonged and one short whistle blasts ANR000000568 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! In a narrow channel, a signal of intent which must be answered by the other vessel, is sounded by a vessel meeting another head-on crossing the course of another overtaking another ANR000000569 You are underway on the high seas in restricted visibility. You hear a fog IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! signal of one prolonged and two short blasts. It could be any of the following EXCEPT a vessel \_ minesweeping engaged in fishing being towed c) -----

d)

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR000000570 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! In a narrow channel, an overtaking vessel which intends to pass on the other vessel's port side would sound one prolonged followed by two short blasts one short blast two prolonged followed by two short blasts d) ANR000000571 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When moving from a berth alongside a quay (wharf), a vessel must sound three short blasts a long blast No signal is required -----ANR000000572 You are approaching another vessel and will pass safely starboard to IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! starboard without changing course. You should hold course and sound no whistle signal b) hold course and sound a two blast whistle signal change course to starboard and sound one blast ANR0000000573 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Your vessel is backing out of a slip in a harbor. Visibility is restricted. You should sound one prolonged blast only one prolonged blast followed by three short blasts when the last line is taken aboard one prolonged blast followed by three short blasts when leaving the slip ANR0000000574 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A light used to signal passing intentions must be an \_\_\_ alternating red and yellow light alternating white and yellow light all-round white light only ANR000000575 While underway and in sight of another vessel, you put your engines full IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! speed astern. Which statement concerning whistle signals is TRUE? You must sound three short blasts on the whistle You must sound one blast if backing to starboard You must sound whistle signals only if the vessels are meeting. c)

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR000000576 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which signal is sounded ONLY by a vessel in sight of another? One short blast on the whistle Four short blasts on the whistle One prolonged blast on the whistle d) ANR000000577 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! "Vessel" "A" is overtaking vessel" "B" on open waters as shown, and will pass without changing course. Vessel "A" \_ need not sound any whistle signals should sound two short blasts should sound the danger signal d) -----ANR000000578 Two prolonged blasts followed by one short blast on the whistle is a signal IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! which would be sounded by a vessel overtaking another in a narrow channel a) b) anchored engaged in mineclearance ANR000000579 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! In a narrow channel, an overtaking which intends to PASS on the other vessel's port side would sound \_ one prolonged followed by two short blasts one short blast two prolonged followed by two short blasts ANR000000580 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When two vessels are in sight of one another and NOT in or near an area of restricted visibility, any of the following signals may be given EXCEPT a light signal of at least five short and rapid flashes one prolonged, one short, one prolonged, and one short whistle blast four short whistle blasts

Four short blasts on the whistle
One prolonged blast on the whistle
One short blast on the whistle

Which signal is sounded ONLY by a vessel in sight of another and NOT in

or near an area of restricted visibility?

ANR000000581

-----

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

c) "I am altering course to port"

d) -----

	Navigar Navigar	re necesse est vivere non est necesse	
		ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIO	NS)
ANF	0000000582	A signal of one prolonged, one short, one prolonged, and one short blast, in that order is given by a vessel	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	engaged on pilo	otage duty	
b)	in distress		
c)	being overtaken	n in a narrow channel	
d)			
ANF	2000000583	On open water two vessels are in an overtaking. The overtaking vessel has just sounded one short blast on the whistle. What is the meaning of this whistle signal?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE
a)	"I request permi	ission to pass you on my port side".	
b)	"I will maintain o	course and speed and pass you an your starboard side."	
c)	"I am changing	course to starboard."	
d)			
ANF	0000000584	You are in sight of a power-driven vessel that sounds two short blasts of the whistle. This signal means that the vessel	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE
a)	is altering cours	se to port	
b)	is altering cours	se to starboard	
c)	intends to leave	e you on her port side	
d)			
ANF	0000000585	Your vessel is backing out of a slip in a harbor and you can see that other vessels are approaching. You should sound	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE
a)	three short blas	ets when leaving the slip	
b)	one prolonged b	blast followed by three short blasts when the last line is taken aboard	
c)	one prolonged b	blast only	
d)			
ANF	20000000586	A whistle signal of one prolonged,one short,one prolonged and one short blast,is sounded by a vessel	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE
a)	at anchor		
b)	towing a subme	erged object	
c)	being overtaker	n in a narrow channel	
d)			
ANF	0000000587	Two power-driven vessels are meeting. A two blast whistle signal by either vessel means	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	"I intend to alter	r course to port"	
b)	"I desire to pass	s starboard to starboard"	

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000588 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A sailing vessel is overtaking a power-driven vessel in a narrow channel, so as to pass on the power-driven vessel's port side. The overtaken vessel will have to more to facilitate passage. The sailing vessel is the stand-on vessel and would sound two short blasts give-way vessel and would sound no whistle signal give-way vessel and would sound two prolonged blasts followed by two short blasts d) ANR000000589 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which signal is sounded ONLY when vessels are NOT in sight of each A signal of at least five short and rapid blasts Four short blasts on the whistle One prolonged, one short, one prolonged, and one short blast on the whistle, in that order ANR000000590 You are underway in a narrow channel, and you are being overtaken by a IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! vessel astern. After the overtaking vessel sounds the proper signal indicating his intention to pass your vessel on your starboard side, you one short blast a) b) two prolonged blasts one prolonged, one short, one prolonged, and one short blast in that order ANR0000000591 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A vessel sounds one short blast. This signal indicates the vessel intendes to alter course to starboard intends to pass starboard to starboard is altering course to starboard ANR0000000592 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A vessel sounds two short blasts. This signal indicates the vessel intends to alter course to port intends to pass starboard to starboard is altering course to port ANR000000593 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! You intend to overtake a vessel in a narrow channel, and you intend to pass along the vessel's port side. How should you signal your intention? No signal is necessary Two prolonged blasts two prolonged followed by two short blasts c) d)

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR000000594 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! "Vessel "A"is overtaking vessel "B" on open waters and will pass without changing course. Vessel "A" should sound two short blasts should sound the danger signal will not sound any whistle signals d) ANR0000000595 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When vessels are in sight of one another, two short blasts from one of the vessels means \_ "I am altering my course to starboard" "I am altering my course to port" "I intend to change course to starboard" d) ANR000000596 In which case would an overtaking vessel sound a whistle signal of two IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! prolonged followed by one short blast? When obertaking in restricted visibility a) h) When overtaking in a narrow channel When overtaking on open waters ANR000000597 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Under what circumstances would an overtaking vessel sound a whistle signal of two prolonged followed by one short blast? When overtaking in restricted visibility When overtaking in a narrow channel b) When overtaking on open waters ANR0000000598 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How do COLREG rules interfere with the special rules for roadsteads, harbours, rivers, lakes or inland waterways navigable by seagoing vessels Nothing in COLREG rules shall interfere with the operation of special rules, made by an appropriate authority, but such special rules shall conform as closely as possible to COLREG rules. The appropriate authority is not obliged to take into account COLREG rules. The COLREG rules shall apply in all circumstances. ANR0000000599 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When is a vessel, the master or the owner exonerated from the consequences of any neglect or the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seaman? The compliance with COLREG rules exonerates the vessel, master or owner from any responsability. The closest possible compliance with the rule "privileged vessel" exonerates the vessel, master or owner from any The rules shall not exonerate the vessel, master or owner from the consequences of any neglect to comply with c) these rules or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seaman. d)

		ANN 2013 -> 02 DECK OF ENATIONAL -> 01 COLINES (QUESTIC	/140)
ANR	0000000600	What does the term "power-driven vessel" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The term "powe	er-driven vessel" means any vessel propelled by machinery.	
b)	Vessels using a	a Diesel engine as a means of propulsion.	
c)	All vessels capa	able of navigating on water, except for sailing vessels.	
d)			
ANR	0000000601	What does the term 'vessel engaged in fishing" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Any vessel fishi	ing with trolling lines or other fishing apparatus which do not restrict manoeuvrability.	
b)	All vessels built	and equipped for fishing.	
c)	Any vessel fishi	ing with nets, lines, trawls or other fishing apparatus which restrict manoeuvrability.	
d)			
ANR	0000000602	What does the term "vessel not under command" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Any vessel hav	ing serious damages to the steering gear and/or the main engine.	
b)	therefore unable	ch through some exceptioal circumstance is unable to manoeuvre as required by the rules and is e to keep out of the way of another vessel.  vessel which is unable to manoeuvre and to keep out of the way of another vessel.	
d)			
ANR	0000000603	What vessel may be considered as "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel engag	ged in fishing which is going to recover her gear.	
b)	A drifting vesse	A.	
c)	A vessel engag	ed in dredging, hydrographic surveying and oceanographic operations or underwater operations.	
d)			
ANR	0000000604	What vessel may be considered as "vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre" ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel engag	ged in an abandon-ship drill.	
b)	A vessel engag	led in the launching or recovery of aircraft.	
c)	A deep draught	t vessel sailing in narrow channels.	
d)			
ANR	0000000605	What does the term "vessel underway" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Any vessel which	ch is not made fast to the shore.	
b)	Any vessel at s	ea having the propeller system working.	
c)	Any vessel which	ch not at anchor or made fast to the shore, or aground.	
d)			

		ANN 2013 -> 02 DECK OF ENATIONAL -> 01 COLINES (QUESTIO	110)
ANF	0000000606	What does the term "vessel's breadth" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Vessel's greates	st breadth.	
b)	Vessel's breadth	n midship.	
c)	The mean bread	dth of the vessel measured at the bow, stern and midship.	
d)			
ANF	0000000607	How shall a proper look-out be maintained aboard?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	appropriate in th	all at all times maintain a proper look-out by sight and hearing as well as by all available means the prevailing circumstances and conditions so as to make a full appraisal of the situation and of risk all at all times maintain a look-out by sight to avoid any dangerous situation.	
c) d)	When the visibili collision.	ity is restricted, a proper look-out shall be maintained in order to make a full appraisal of any risk of	
ANF	0000000608	What is the reason for proceeding at a "safe speed" ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	stopped within a	roceed at a safe speed so that she can take proper and effective action to avoid collision and be a distance appropriate to the prevailing circumstances and conditions. Roceed at a safe speed so that she can in all circumstances avoid any collision.	
c)	A vessel shall pr	roceed at a safe speed to avoid a close quarters situation between ships.	
d)			
ANF	0000000009	Which are the factors taken into accont in determining the "safe speed" additionally, by vessels with operational radar?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The minimal pas	ssing distance, the use of a proper range scale, the elimination of jamming.	
b) c)	number, location	rics, efficiency, constraints imposed by the radar range scale in use, the effect of the sea state, the n and movement of vessels. The results as when the radar is not in use.	
d)			
ANF	0000000610	When shall it be deemed that a risk of collision exists, when an appreciable bearing change is evident?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	When approach	ing a very large vessel or a tow or when approaching a vessel at close range.	
b)	When a vessel a	approaching from abeam, at high speed.	
c)	When approach	ing a vessel at low speed, from astern.	
d)			
ANF	0000000611	How shall the alternations of course and/or speed be made to avoid collision?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Small alterations	s of course and/or speed not to deviate too much from vessel's course.	
b)	Large enough a	Iterations of speed and small alterations of course, not to deviate too much from vessel's course.	
c) d)	If the circumstar by radar.	nces admit, they shall be large enough to be readily apparent to anoter vessel observing visually or	

		ANN 2013 -> 02 DECK OF ENATIONAL -> 01 COLINES (QUESTIC	/140)
ANR	0000000612	How shall vessels not using a traffic separation scheme navigate?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	They shall use the	he inshore traffic zones.	
b)	They shall avoid	l it by as wide a margin as is practicable.	
c)	They shall navig	gate in the proximity of, but shall not cross the separation line.	
d)			
ANR	0000000613	Which are the vessels exempted from complying with provisions at the rule regarding navigation in traffic separation schemes ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	navigation in the	ed in their ability to manoeuvre when engaged in an operation for the maintenance of safety of traffic separation scheme is exempted from complying with this rule. mages to the main engine.	
c)	Vessels with dar	mages to the steering gear.	
d)			
ANR	0000000614	How shall 2 power-driven vessels manoeuvre, when navigating on reciprocal or nearly reciprocal courses, so as to involve risk of collision?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Each shall alter	courses to port in order to pass at a safe distance.	
b)	They shall give t	the regular signals, alter course to starboard or port, according to the circumstances.	
c)	Each shall alter	her course to starboard so that each shall pass on the port side of the other.	
d)			
ANR	0000000615	How shall 2 sailing vessels manoeuvre when they are approaching one another, so as to involve risk of collision and each has the wind on a different side?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The vessel whic	h has the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the other.	
b)	The vessel whic	h has the wind on the starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.	
c)	The vessel whic	h has the wind from astern shall keep out of the way of the other.	
d)			
ANR	0000000616	Which is the action by given-way vessel?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The vessel shall	so far as possible take early and substantial action to keep well clear.	
b)	The vessel shall	take early action with small alterations of course not to deviate too much from her course.	
c)		Is are in close proximity, the give-way vessel shall take substantial action by alterations of course	
d)	and speed to co	mpletly avoid the risk.	
ANR	0000000617	When shall a stand-on vessel take action to avoid collision by her manoeuvre alone ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The vessel shall	not keep out of the way of another vessel, no matter the circumstances.	
b) c)	action in complia	come apparent to her that the vessel required to keep out of the way is not taking appropriate ance with the rules.  In the bearing, she realized that the risk of collision exists.	
d)			

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000618 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which vessel's way shall a power-driven vessel underway keep out of? A vessel not under command. All oil-tankers and tankers carrying liquefied gases. Power-driven vessels, with high speed. d) ANR0000000619 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which vessel's way shall a sailing vessel underway keep out of? Power-driven vessels with low speed. Vessels not under command. Oil-tankers or tankers carrying liquefied gases. d) ANR000000620 Which vessel's way shall a sailing vessel underway keep out of? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Vessels engaged in fishing. a) h) Trawlers underway to the fishing grounds. Fish-carriers, underway. -----ANR0000000621 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which vessels shall, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid impeding the safe passage of a vessel constrained by her draught? Vessels restricted in their ability to manoeuvre. Vessels not under command. Power-driven vessels underway. ANR0000000622 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! To which vessels do the rules of conduct of vessels in restricted visibility apply to? Vessels navigating in areas of restricted visibility when only one of them is not in sight of one another. Vessels not in sight of one another when navigating in or near areas of restricted visibility. Vessels navigating in or near areas of restricted visibility when they sight only the masthead lights of one another. ANR0000000623 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A vessel which detects by radar alone the presence of another vessel shall determine if a close-quarters situation is developing and/or risk of collision

exists. If so, she shall take avoiding action in ample time; however, if such

An alteration of course to starboard for a vessel forward of the beam, other than for a vessel being overtaken.

An alteration of course to port for a vessel forward of the beam, other than for a vessel being overtaken.

An 180 degrees alteration (reciprocal) to avoid risk of collision.

c) d)

ans	She shall reduce	Except where it has been determined that a risk of collision does not exist, point out how a vessel shall conduct, which hears apparently forward of her beam the fog signal of another vessel, or which cannot avoid a closeher speed to the minimum at which she can be kept on her course. She shall, if necessary, take	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
а) b)	all her way off and	d in any event navigate with extreme caution untill danger of collision is over. the same speed, but with the engine on stand-by for manoeuvre in order to avoid risk of collision	
c) d)	She shall navigate manoeuvre.	e at economic speed and proper look-out, radar working and the engines on stand-by ready for	
u)			
ANF	0000000625	When shall the rules concerning lights be complied with ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	By night.		
b)	By night and in re	estricted visibility.	
c)	From sunset to su	unrise.	
d)			
ANF	20000000626	'What does the word "sidelight" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	the horizon of 112	he starboard side and a red light on the port side each showing an unbroken light over an arc of 2.5 degrees and so fixed as to show the light from right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on the from the side-ladders.	
c)	The white light fro	om the decks.	
d)			
ANF	0000000627	What does the term "towing light" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A white light place	ed above the sternlight used as a steering guide, while towing.	
b)	A yellow light sho	wing an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 360 degrees.	
c) d)		ced as nearly as practicable at the stern showing an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of so fixed as to show the light 67.5 degrees from right aft on each side of the vessel.	
ANF	0000000628	What range shall the mastlights be visible at, for vessels between 12 and 20m in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	1 - 2 nautical mile	es.	
b)	2 nautical miles.		
c)	3 nautical miles.		
d)			
ANF	0000000629	What range shall the sidelights be visible at for vessels more than 50 metres in length?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	3 nautical miles.		
a) b)	<ul><li>3 nautical miles.</li><li>5 nautical miles.</li></ul>		
		nautical miles.	

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000630 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What range shall the sternlight be visible at, for vessels of 50 metres or more in length? 3 nautical miles. 4 nautical miles. 2 nautical miles. d) ANR000000631 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What range shall the sternlight be visible at, for vessels less than I2 metres 3 nautical miles. 1.5 nautical miles. 2 nautical miles d) ANR0000000632 What range shall the towing light be visible at, for vessels of 12-50 metres **IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!** in length? 3 nautical miles. a) h) 2 nautical miles. 5 nautical miles. ANR000000633 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What range shall the white, red, green or yellow all round light be visible at, for vessels less than 12 metres in length? 1 nautical mile. Less than 1 nautical mile. 2 nautical miles. ANR0000000634 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a power-driven vessel underway, of 50 metres or more in length, exhibit? A masthead light, sidelight and a sternlight. A masthead light forward, a second masthead light abaft of and higher than the forward one, sidelights and a sternlight Sidelights, a sternlight and two white masthead lights. c) d) ANR000000635 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a power-driven vessel of less than 50 metres in length exhibit, when towing and the length of the tow exceeds 200 metres? 3 masthead lights in a vertical line and a towing light. 3 masthead lights in a vertical line, sidelights and a sternlight. 3 masthead lights in a vertical line, sidelights, a sternlight and a towing light. C) d)

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR000000636 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a power-driven vessel of more than 50 metres in length exhibit, when towing and the length of the tow exceeds 200 metres? 3 masthead lights in a vertical line, sidelights and a sternlight. Instead of the lights forward aft or aft, 3 masthead lights in a vertical line, sidelights, a sternlight, a towing light. 3 masthead lights in a vertical line, sidelights and a towing light. d) ANR000000637 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a pushing vessel and a vessel being pushed ahead exhibit, when they are rigidly connected in a composite unit? The lights of a tugboat with the length of the tow less than 200 metres. Every vessel shall exhibit herwn lights prescribed for the power-driven vessel underway. The lights of a single power-driven vessel, underway. d) ANR000000638 What lights shall the objects or vessels being towed exhibit, other than IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! inconspicuous vessels or objects? Masthead lights and a sternlight. a) b) Sidelights and a sternlight. Towing lights and a sternlight. ANR0000000639 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Where shall the shape of a vessel being towed be placed when the length of the tow exceeds 200 metres? At the foremast head. At the aftermast head. Where it can best be seen. ANR0000000640 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall an inconspicuous, partly submerged vessel or object more than 25 metres in breadth, exhibit? 4 all-round white lights at the after end, forward end and on each side at the extremities of her breadth. An all-round white light at the forward end and another all-round white light at the after end. Green and red sidelights at the extremities of her breadth. ANR0000000641 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shape shall an inconspicuous, partly submerged object or vessel exhibit by day when being towed and the length of the tow is less than 200 metres? A cone apex downwards at the forward end. A diamond at or near the after end of the last vessel or object being towed. 2 black cones, apexes together. c) ----d)

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000642 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a sailing vessel underway exhibit, when her length is less than 20 metres? Sidelights and a sternlight combined in one lantern. Sidelights. A white light to be exhibited if necessary. d) ANR000000643 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which are the additional lights a sailing vessel underway may exhibit? An all-round green light at the top of the mast. An all-round red light at the top of the mast. 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being red and the lower green at the top of the mast. d) ANR000000644 What shape shall a vessel proceeding under sail exhibit, when also being IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! propelled by machinery? A conical shape forward, apex downward, where it can best be seen. a) h) A diamond where it can best be seen. 2 black cones with the apexes together. ANR0000000645 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a vessel engaged in trawling exhibit, when not underway ? An all-round green light and a masthead light placed higher. 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being green and the lower white, a masthead light placed abaft of and b) higher than the all-round light. 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being white and the lower green and a sternlight. ANR0000000646 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shapes shall a vessel engaged in trawling exhibit? A shape consisting of 2 cones with their apexes together. A diamod shape. 2 black balls in a vertical line. ANR000000647 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a vessel engaged in fishing other than trawling exhibit, when there is outlying gear extending more than 150 metres horizontally and is not making way through the water? 2 all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being white and the lower red, an all-round red light in the direction of 2 lights in a vertical line, the upper being red and the lower white, an all-round white light in the direction of the gean An all-round white light in the direction of the gear. c) d)

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000648 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights and shapes shall a fishing vessel exhibit, when not engaged in The lights and shapes prescribed for a vessel of her length. The lights of a vessel engaged in fishing and making way through the water. The lights of a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre. d) ANR000000649 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What additional lights shall vessels engaged in fishing with purse seine gear exhibit, when engaged in fishing in close proximity to other vessels? A yellow light flashing alternately white equal light and occultation duration. An all-round white light. 2 yellow lights in a vertical line flashing alternately every second and with equal light and occultation. duration. ANR000000650 What lights shall a vessel not under command exhibit, when not making IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! way through the water? Sidelights and 2 red lights in a vertical line. 2 all-round red lights in a vertical line. The red lights and a sternlight. -----ANR0000000651 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Where shall the shapes of a vessel not under command be placed? Forward. a) Where they can best be seen. At the aftmasthead. ANR0000000652 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights shall a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre exhibit, when not making way through the water? 3 lights in a vertical line, the highest and the lowest being red and the middle one white. 3 white lights in a vertical line. 3 lights in a vertical line, the highest and the lowest being white and the middle one red. ANR0000000653 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shapes shall a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre exhibit? 2 black balls in a vertical line. A black diamond. 3 shapes in a vertical line, the highest and the lowest being a ball and the middle one a diamond. c) d)

d) -----

		,	
ANR	0000000654	What lights shall a vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations exhibit, when restricted in her ability to manoeuvre?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a) b)	a vertical line to	ights in a vertical line to indicate the side on which the obstruction exists, 2 all-round green lights in indicate the side on which another vessel may pass and the lights of a vessel restricted in her essel not under command.	
c) d)		ights in a vertical line to indicate the side on which an obstruction exists, 2 red lights in a vertical line ide on which another vessel may pass and the lights of a power-driven vessel underway.	
ANR	0000000655	What lights shall a vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations exhibit, when restricted in her ability to manoeuvre and at anchor?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The lights of a p	ower-driven vessel at anchor.	
b)	A red light indica	ating the side on which an obstruction exists and the lights for a vessel at anchor.	
c) d)	Instead of the lig dredging operat	ghts of a vessel at anchor, the lights of a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre engaged in ions.	
ANR	0000000656	What shapes shall a vessel engaged in mineclearance operations exhibit?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The shapes of a	vessel not under command.	
b)	3 balls and in ca	ise the vessel is at anchor, 3 balls and the shape prescribed for anchored vessels.	
c)	The shapes of a	power-driven vessel underway and 3 diamonds.	
d)			
ANR	0000000657	What do the shapes and lights of vessels engaged in mineclearance operations indicate?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	That it is danger	rous for another vessel to approach within 1000 metres of the mineclearance vessel.	
b)	That it is danger	rous for another vessel to approach within 500 metres of the mineclearance vessel.	
c)	That another ve	ssel shall navigate with precaution keeping more than 2 nautical miles distance from the vessel.	
d)			
ANR	0000000658	Where shall the lights or shapes of the vessels constrained by their draught be exhibited?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Where they can	best be seen.	
b)	At the stern mas	sthead.	
c)	At the fore mast	head.	
d)			
ANR	0000000659	What lights shall a vessel engaged on pilotage duty exhibit, when she is not underway?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	2 all-round lights	s in a vertical line, the upper being red and the lower white.	
b)	An all-round whi	ite alternating light.	
c)	2 all-round lights	s in a vertical line, the upper being white and the lower red	

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000660 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights and shapes shall a pilot vessel exhibit when not engaged on pilotage duty? The lights and shapes prescribed for a pilot vessel. The lights or shapes prescribed for a similar vessel of her length. The lights and shapes for vessels restricted in their ability to manoeuvre. d) ANR000000661 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What is the length of a vessel at anchor which must use the available working or equivalent lights to illuminate her decks? 75 metres. 50 metres. 100 metres and more. d) ANR0000000662 What shapes shall a vessel aground exhibit? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! The shapes of a vessel at anchor and 3 balls in a vertical line. h) The shapes of a vessel at anchor and 2 balls in a vertical line. 2 balls in a vertical line. -----ANR0000000663 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What ligths and shapes shall a seaplane exhibit, when alighted on the sea The lights and shapes prescribed by the rules. The lights and shapes necessary for identification. b) The lights and shapes for vessels of less than 20 metres in length. ANR0000000664 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What does the term "short blast" mean? A blast of from 2 to 3 seconds' duration. A blast of a short, less than 1 second's duration, produced by a power-driven vessel underway. A blast of about 1 second's duration. ANR000000665 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What equipment for sound signals shall a vessel of 100 metres or more in length be provided with? A whistle, a bell and a gong at the stern. A whistle in the fore part and a gong at the stern. A bell in the fore part and a gong at the stern. ----d)

One prolonged blast and 5 short blasts. 2 prolonged blasts followed by short blasts.

c)

d)

-----

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000666 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What equipment for sound signals shall a vessel of less than 12 metres in length carry? Vessels of less than 12 metres in length shall not be obliged to carry sound signalling appliances. Vessels of less than 12 metres in length shall carry a whistle and a bell in the fore part. Vessels of less than 12 metres in length shall not be obliged to carry the prescribed sound signalling appliances, but they shall be provided with some other means of making an efficiement sound signal. d) ANR000000667 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the sound signal to indicate the manoeuvre "I am altering my course to starboard"? One short blast. One prolonged blast followed by one short blast. 2 prolonged blast followed by one short blast. d) ANR000000668 What significance shall the light signal one flash have, if associated with IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! the sound signal? I am altering my course to starboard. a) I have stopped my engines. I am manoeuvring with difficulty to port. ANR0000000669 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What significance shall light signal "3 flashes" have, if associated with the sound signal? I am operating astern propulsion. I am manoeuvring astern propulsion. I have my engines stopped. ANR0000000670 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When in sight of one another in a narrow channel or fairwey, what signal shall the vessel intending to overtake another on port side produce? 2 short blasts. 2 prolonged blasts followed by 2 short blasts. 2 short blasts preceded and followed by one prolonged blast. ANR0000000671 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a vessel give when in sight of another and failing to understand the intentions of another, or when in doubt whether sufficient action is being taken by the other to avoid collision? At least 5 short and rapid blasts on the whistle.

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000672 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What signal shall a vessel give, when approaching a bend or obstruction that may obscure another vessel and hearing a prolonged blast? One short blast "I am altering my course to starboard". One prolonged blast followed by one short blast. One prolonged blast. d) ANR000000673 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! When shall sound signals be given, in conditions of restricted visibility? Only by day in conditions of restricted visibility. By night on foggy weather. By day and by night in conditions of restricted visibility. ANR0000000674 What sound signal shall a power-driven vessel give, when making way IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! through the water in conditions of restricted visibility? 5 short warning blasts. One prolonged blast followed by one short blast at an interval of one minute. One prolonged blast at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. ANR0000000675 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall vessels constrained by their draught give, in conditions of restricted visibility? One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. One prolonged blast preceded and followed by one short blast at intervals of one minute. 5 short blasts at intervals of 2 minutes. ANR0000000676 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a fishing vessel underway give, in conditions of restricted visibility? 4 short ( warning ) blasts at intervals of 2 minutes. One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. One prolonged blast followed by 3 short blasts at intervals of one minute. ANR000000677 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a composite unit, pushing vessel-vessel being pushed ahead give, when stopped and not making way through the water, in conditions of restricted visibility? One prolonged blast at intervals of 2 minutes. One prolonged blast preceded and followed by one short blast at intervals of 2 minutes. 2 prolonged blasts at intervals of not more than 2 minutes c) d)

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000678 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals shall a vessel at anchor give, of 100 metres or more in lenght, in conditions of restricted visibility? Rapid blasts on the bell in the forepart and one prolonged blast on the whistle at intervals of one minute. Rapid blasts on the bell in the forepart and immediately the gong shall be sounded in the after part for about 5 secondat intervals of not more than one minute. 3 distinct strokes on the bell in the forepart and 3 strokes on the gong in the after part at intervals of one minute. d) ANR000000679 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shall a vessel of less than 12 metres in length do, in conditions of restricted visibility, when she cannot give the signals prescribed by the She shall give a sound signal on the whistle consisting of 5 short blasts at intervals of one minute. She shall make some other efficient sound signal at intervals of not more than 2 minutes. She shall give rapid strokes on the gong at intervals of not more than one minute. d) ANR000000680 What sound signals shall a pilot vessel give, when stopped and not making IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! way through the water, engaged on pilotage duty in conditions of restricted visibility? 4 short blasts on the whistle at intervals of one minute. The blasts of stopped vessel not making way through the water and in addition 4 short identity blasts. 2 prolonged blasts at intervals of one minute. ANR0000000681 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the alarm signal in radiotelephony?

c)	A signal consisting of short continuous tones.		
d)			
ANR	20000000682	A vessel not under command sounds the same fog signal as a vessel	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	towing		
b)	constrained by he	er draft	
c)	All of the above		
d)			

A 2-tone bitonal signal.

A continuous tone signal.

ANR0000000683

a)	three balls in a vertical line	
b)	a cylinder	
c)	two diamonds in a vertical line	
۹/		

If a vessel displays theree all-round red lights in a vertical line at night,

during the day she may show

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000684 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! At night, a power-driven vessel underway of less than 7 meters in length where its maximum speed does not exceed 7 knots may show, as a minimum, \_ sidelights and a sternlight the lights required for a vessel more than 7 meters in length one all-round white light d) ANR000000685 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A vessel displaying three red lights in a vertical line is not under command aground b) constrained by her draft ANR0000000686 A towing light is \_\_\_ IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! shown at the bow b) white in color shown in addition to the sternlight ANR000000687 A power-driven vessel pushing ahead or towing alongside displays IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! navigation lights and \_ two all-round red lights in a vertical line two yellow towing lights in a vertical line two white masthead lights in a vertical line ANR0000000688 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! To indicate that a vessel is constrained by her draft, a vessel may display, in a vertical line,\_ three 360grd. red lights two 225grd. red lights three 360grd. blue lights ANR000000689 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A single vessel being towed alongside shall exhibit \_ one all-round white light sidelights, stern light and a special flashing light sidelights and a stern light c) ----d)

-----

d)

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000690 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A single vessel being towed alongside shall show \_ one all-round white light sidelights and a stern light only the outboard sidelight and a stern light d) ANR000000691 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What lights are required for a single barge being towed alongside? Sidelights and a stern light Sidelights, a special flashing light, and a stern light Sidelights and a special flashing light d) ANR0000000692 A power-driven vessel pushing ahead or towing alongside will show IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! sidelights, a sternlight, and an all-round red light where it can best be seen a) two yellow masthead lights in a vertical line b) two masthead lights in a vertical line ANR000000693 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What characteristic must a light a light used to indicate passing intentions have? It must be an alternating red and yellow light It must be an all-round white light b) It must be an all-round yellow light ANR0000000694 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What characteristic must a light have if used to signal passing intentions? It must be an all-round white light It must be an alternating blue and white light It must be an all-round white or yellow light d) ANR000000695 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A light used to signal passing intentions must be an \_ all-round white or yellow light all-round yellow light only all-round white light only c)

white in color

c) d) a yellow light having the same characteristics as the stern light

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000696 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A light used to signal passing intentions must be an \_ all-round yellow light only all-round white light only all-round blue light only d) ANR000000697 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A vessel displaying three red lights in a vertical line is \_\_\_ restricted in her ability to maneuver not under command constrained by her draft d) -----ANR0000000698 If at night a vessel displays three all-round red lights in a vertical line, **IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!** during the day she may show two cones,base to base three black balls in a vertical line b) a cylinder -----ANR000000699 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which dayshape is prescribed for a vessel constrained by her draft? A black diamond A cylinder A black ball ANR0000000700 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A vessel constrained by her draft may display\_\_\_ three all-round red lights instead of the lights required for a power-driven vessel of her class the same lights as a vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver three all-round red lights in addition to the lights required for a power-driven vessel of her class d) ANR0000000701 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A towing light is \_\_\_ shown below the sternlight

a white light used only at night

-----

c)

d)

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000702 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A towing light flashes at regular intervals of 50-70 flashes per minute is yellow in color shows an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of not less than 180 grd nor more than 225 grd d) ANR0000000703 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A 20-meter power-driven vessel pushing ahead or towing alongside will two towing lights in a vertical line a towing light above the sternlight two masthead lights in a vertical line ANR0000000704 At night, a power-driven vessel less than 7 meters in length, with a IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! maximum speed which does not exceed 7 knots, MUST show when underway at least \_ one white 360 light a) a white light on the near approach of another vessel sidelights and a sternlight -----ANR0000000705 At night, a power-driven vessel less than 7 meters in length, with a IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! maximum speed which does not exceed 7 knots, may show when underway sidelights combined in a single latern an all-round flashing yellow light one all-round white light ANR0000000706 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which statement is TRUE concerning light signals? The time between flashes shall be about five seconds The light signals are to be used when not using sound signals. The time between successive signals shall be not less than ten seconds. d) ANR0000000707 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! The light which may be used with a vessel's whistle must be used when the whistle is broken

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000708 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! In addition to her running lights, an underway vessel constrained by her draft may carry in a vertical line a red light, a white light, and a red light two red lights three red lights d) ANR000000709 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! If you sighted three red lights in a vertical line on another vessel at night, it would be a vessel \_\_\_ a) aground constrained by her draft dredging d) -----ANR0000000710 A 20-meter power-driven vessel pushing ahead or towing alongside will **IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!** a single white light forward two masthead lights in a vertical line two towing lights in a vertical line ANR0000000711 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A vessel constrained by her draft may display \_ three all-round red lights two 225 grd red lights three all-round blue lights ANR0000000712 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which vessel may NOT exhibit two red lights in a vertical line? A vessel constrained by her draft A trawler fishing in close proximity to other trawlers A vessel aground -----ANR0000000713 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which statement(s) is (are) TRUE concerning light signals? The time between flashes shall be about five seconds The time between successive signals shall be not less than ten seconds The light signal are to be used when not using sound signal c) d)

# Navigare necesse est vivere non est necesse ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000714 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What dayshape is prescribed for a vessel constrained by her draft? A black cone, apex upward A black cone, apex downward A cylinder d) ANR0000000715 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! You are on a vessel that cannot comply with the spacing requirement for masthead lights. What is required in this situation? The vessel must carry only the lights that comply with the rules; the others may be omitted. The vessel's lights must comply as closely as possible, as determined by her government. The vessel must be altered to permit full compliance with the rules. d) ANR0000000716 A partially submerged object towed by a vessel must show during the day IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! diamond shape when the length of the tow is 200 meters or less b) diamond shape when the length of the tow exceeds 200 meters in length black ball -----ANR0000000717 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Yellow lights are NOT shown by \_ towing vessels pushing ahead air cushion vessels in a nondisplacement mode purse seiners ANR0000000718 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall a vessel navigate along a narrow channel or fairway? In the centre of the channel or fairway. As near to the outer limit of the channel or fairway which lies on her starboard side as is safe and practicable. The vessel shall keep as near to the outer limit of the channel or fairway as possible, to provide a proper look-out. d)

How shall a vessel less than 20 m in length or a sailing vessel proceed along a narrow fairway?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

a) As all the other vessels.

b) As close to the centre of the fairway as possible.

c) The vessel shall not impede the passage of a vessel which can safely navigate only within a narrow fairway or channel.

d) -----

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000720 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall a vessel engaged in fishing conduct in a narrow channel or fairway? The vessel shall not impede the passage of any other vessel navigating within a narrow channel or fairway. They shall fishing only in the centre of the narrow channel not to impede the passage in both directions. As a privileged vessel which must be avoided. d) ANR0000000721 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What sound signals may a vessel navigating within a channel use, when in doubt to the intention of a crossing vessel? One long blast and two short blasts on the whistle. 5 short and rapid blasts on the whistle. One long warning signal. -----ANR0000000722 What safety precautions shall a vessel nearing a bend of a narrow channel IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! or fairway take? To sound 5 short blasts. To sound one short blast and navigate on the right side of the channel. To sound one long blast and navigate with particular alertness and caution. ANR0000000723 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What shall the traffic separation schemes rule apply to? To traffic separation schemes adopted by the organisation. To traffic separation schemes adopted by the Government of the respective state. b) To traffic separation schemes adopted by the organisation and the Governments. ANR0000000724 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall a vessel join or leave a traffic separation scheme? At right angles to the general direction of the traffic flow. Normally join or leave traffic lane at the termination of the lane, but, when joining or leaving from either side shall do so at as small angle to the general direction of traffic flow as possible. Through the traffic separation zone but with the approuval of the authorities surveying navigation in the traffic C) separation scheme. d) ANR0000000725 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! How shall a vessel cross the traffic lanes when is obliged to do so? At a small angle to the general direction of traffic flow and at small speed. At as small an angle to the general direction of traffic flow as practicable at full speed. As nearly as practicable at right angles to the direction of traffic flow. c) d)

		7 2010 > 01 2101(01 21	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
ANR	0000000726	Shall inshore traffic zones be used for the inshore traffic ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)		nall not be used for through traffic, except for vessels of less than 20m in length and sailing	
b)	vessels. They shall be use	ed by all vessels owned by the riverside state.	
c)	They shall be use	ed by vessels restricted in their ability to manoeuvre.	
d)			
ANR	2000000727	Is anchoring permitted in the traffic separation schemes?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	A vessel shall so	far as practicable avoid anchoring in a traffic separation scheme or in areas near its terminations.	
b)	Anchoring is per	mitted, but the vessels shall make all signals provided in the COLREG rules.	
c)	Anchoring is prol	hibited in all circumstances.	
d)			
ANR	0000000728	What additional signals shall a pilot vessel give, when engaged on pilotage duty, in conditions of restricted visibility in order to be identified?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	5 short blasts on	the whistle.	
b)	4 short blasts on	the whistle.	
c)	3 short blasts on	the whistle or siren.	
d)			
ANR	0000000729	What signals shall a vessel give to attract attention of another?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	5 short blasts on	the whistle and 5 rapid strokes on the bell.	
b) c)	direction of the d	gnals that cannot be mistaken for other signals or to direct the beam of her searchlight in the anger. Jast and 4 short blasts on the whistle.	
d)			
ANR	2000000730	What does the term "distress signals" mean ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	The signals give	n by a vessel in distress.	
b)	The signals give	n by a vessel in distress and in need of assistance.	
c)	The signals give	n by a vessel not under command, in distress.	
d)			
ANR	20000000731	How shall the distress signals be used ?	IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!
a)	Distress signals	are used separately at short intervals.	
b)	Distress signals	are used either together or separately at short intervals of about one minute.	
c)	Distress signals	are used only together in order to be noticed quickly.	
d)			

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000732 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! At what intervals is the "gun or other explosive signal" fired? At about one minute. At about 5 minutes. At about 15 minutes. d) ANR0000000733 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What is the significance of a continuous sounding with any fog-signalling apparatus? A warning signal given by a vessel in fog. A distress signal. A signal given by a vessel not under command or restricted in her ability to manoeuvre. ANR0000000734 What signal do the shells or rockets throwing red stars indicate, when fired **IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!** A warning signal. A restriction signal given by a war vessel. A distress signal. -----ANR0000000735 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the distress signal in radiotelegraphy? 3 dots, 3 dashes, 3 dots (S.O.S.) in the Morse Code. Repeated dots (E) in the Morse Code. 3 dashes (O) in the Morse Code. ANR0000000736 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the distress signal in radiotelephony? The word DANGER repeated. The word MAYDAY repeated. The words ATTENTION-DANGER repeted 3 times. ANR0000000737 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the distress signal in the international code of signals? "N.C." "P." c)

# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000000738 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which signal may be considered a distress signal? A square flag having above or below it a ball or a similar object. 3 black balls in a vertical line. A red flag (B). d) ANR000000739 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What signal does "flames on the vessel from a burning tar or oil barrel" indicate? The warning signal of a vessel having the steering gear out of order. A distress signal. The signal to attract attention that the vessel cannot avoid another vessel. ANR000000740 Which signal may be considered as a distress signal? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Shells or hand flares showing a red light. b) Shells or hand flares showing a green light. Shells or hand flares showing a brillant white light. ANR0000000741 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What signal does "the smoke signal giving off orange-coloured smoke" indicate? A warning signal for an avoiding manoeuvre. A distress signal. A signal to attract attention. ANR0000000742 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which is the distress signal given by arms? Slowly and repeatedly moving the arms, making circles above the head. Raising both arms vertically, above the head. Slowly and repeatedly raising and lowering arms outstretched to each side. ANR0000001856 What additional lights does a vessel constrained by its draught have to IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! show? Red and white lights in a vertical line. Red, white, red lights in a vertical line. Three red lights in a vertical line. c) Two red lights in a vertical line.

### ANR000001857

If another ship does not appear to be taking sufficient action to avoid a collision, what should you do according to the Collision Regulations?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) Alter course.
- b) Sound 5 short and rapid blasts on the whistle.
- c) Call it up on VHF.
- d) Stand On.

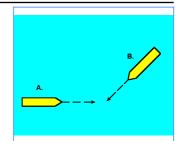
ANR0000001858 A fishing vessel is showing a basket and a single cone apex upwards? In which direction do the nets lie?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) Astern.
- b) Ahead.
- c) From the basket towards the cone.
- d) From the cone towards the basket.
- You are heading west and observe a north cardinal buoy dead ahead. What action do you take?
- IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) Alter course to port.
- b) Alter course to starboard.
- c) Wait until you can see a port hand buoy.
- d) Wait until you can see a starboard hand buoy.
- ANR0000001860 Power-driven vessel 'A' sees power-driven vessel 'B' as shown here at 3 miles range. What must vessel 'A' do?
- a) Reduce speed and monitor the compass bearing of 'B'.
- b) If necessary, reduce speed or stop.
- c) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.
- d) Keep her course and speed and carefully watch the compass bearing of 'B'.

Show a square flag and a black ball in a vertical line one over the other.



What could a vessel do to highlight a danger to another vessel, especially at night?

- •
- b) Direct a search light in the direction of the danger.
- c) Sound three short blasts on the whistle.
- d) Fire a rocket throwing red stars.

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- What could be the fog signal of a vessel aground in a channel?
  - ) Four strokes on the bell, sounded in the same manner as 'four bells' to indicate time.
- b) A blast of from three to five seconds on the whistle.
- c) Three distinct blasts followed by a rapid ringing of the bell.
- d) A rapid ringing of the bell and three separate and distinct strokes on the bell immediately before and after ringing of the bell.

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

ANR0000001863 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! Which of the following is a vessel "not under command"? A vessel engaged in underwater operations. A tug engaged in a towing operation. A sailing vessel becalmed. A power driven vessel with main engine failure. ANR000001864 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! You see a vessel displaying a black cylinder on her starboard yardarm. At night, what lights would the same vessel be showing, in addition to those for a power-driven vessel underway? Two all-round red lights in a vertical line. Three all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper and lower red and the middle one white. Two all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper one red and the lower one white. Three all-round red lights in a vertical line. ANR000001865 Referring to Annex II of the Collision Regulations; additional signals for IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! fishing vessels in close proximity. What does the signal "one white light over one red light" mean? I am shooting nets. I am hauling nets. My nets are fast on an obstruction. d) I am engaged in pair trawling. ANR0000001866 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! What is a power-driven vessel? Any vessel which is self-propelled. Any vessel propelled by an internal combustion engine. Any vessel propelled by machinery. d) Any vessel other than a vessel propelled by sails. ANR0000001867 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! If a vessel is being towed alongside on the starboard side of the towing vessel, what lights should it show? Starboard sidelight and sternlight. Sidelights and sternlight. Sidelights only. Starboard sidelight only. ANR0000001868 What is the duration of a "'short blast" on the whistle? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! One second. Two seconds. Three seconds. C) Four seconds.

ANR000001873

You sight a vessel bearing 3 points abaft the starboard beam. Sometime later, it is bearing 3 points forward of the starboard beam. Which of the following circumstances apply?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) Two vessels with the same speed and course.
- b) Two power-driven vessels meeting.
- c) A vessel overtaking situation.
- d) Two power-driven vessels crossing with no risk of collision.

What is the duration of a prolonged blast?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

a) 6-8 seconds

ANR0000001874

- b) 4-6 seconds
- c) more than 8 seconds
- d) 2-4 seconds

# a) When should a vessel not under command display the sternlight? a) When another vessel is overtaking b) When making way through the water c) When unable to get out of the way of other vessels d) When underway

a) A vessel engaged in fishing
b) A vessel engaged in a towing operation which is unable to deviate from her course
c) A vessel of less than 50 metres in length at anchor
d) A vessel aground

At sea during the day, you see a vessel displaying two black cones with

their points together. What does this indicate?

ANR0000001880

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

### ANR0000001881

When two whistles are fitted on a vessel and are placed more than 100m apart, what is the usual arrangement for giving manoeuvring and warning signals?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- The forward whistle shall sound before the after whistle
- The after whistle shall sound before the forward whistle
- They are sounded simultaneously
- Only one of the whistles is sounded d)

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

### ANR0000001882

Your power-driven vessel is fitted with radar and is underway in poor visibility. At what speed should you proceed?

- Sea speed if there are no targets showing on the radar
- Sea speed only if in open waters
- Sea speed with the engines on standby, keeping a close radar watch
- d) A safe speed

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

### ANR0000001883

To which traffic separation schemes does Rule 10 apply?

- Those adopted by the International Maritime Organization
- h) Those set up by local authorities
- Those defined on navigational charts
- All of the other options
- ANR0000001884 How should a vessel cross a traffic separation lane?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

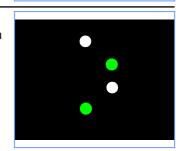
- At a speed and heading that will cause the least encounters with vessels within the lane
- On a heading that will cause her to spend the LEAST TIME in the lane
- On a HEADING as nearly as practical at right angles to the direction of traffic flow
- d) On heading so that her TRACK will be as nearly as practicable at right angles to the direction of traffic flow
- ANR0000001885 What is the fog signal of this vessel?

- One prolonged blast followed by two short blast on the whistle.
- Four strokes on the bell, sounded in the same manner as 'four bells' to indicate time.
- A rapid ringing of the bell for about 5 seconds repeated every minute.
- A rapid ringing of the bell and also one short, one long and one short blast in succession.

### ANR0000001886

You are underway on a tanker and observe the lights illustrated on a steady bearing and at decreasing range on the PORT bow. What do you

- Maintain course and speed keeping a careful watch on the bearing of the other vessel.
- Alter course to STARBOARD and sound ONE short blast.
- Alter course to PORT and sound two short blasts. c)
- Stand on to see if the other vessel takes any action.

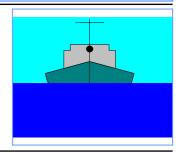




### ANR000001887

Does this signal indicate that the vessel is.....

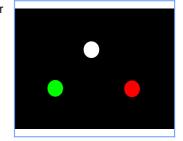
- a) at anchor.
- b) fishing.
- c) underway and making way through the water.
- d) underway, but stopped.



### ANR0000001888

The white light shown must be so fixed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon. What is the size of this arc?

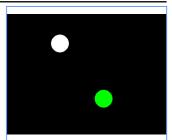
- a) 135 deg. (12 points of the compass)
- b) 112 1/2 deg. (10 points of the compass)
- c) 360 deg. (32 points of the compass)
- d) 225 deg. (20 points of the compass)



### ANR0000001889

What do these lights indicate?

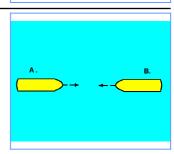
- a) A vessel towing a barge
- b) A power-driven vessel of over 50m in length
- c) A power-driven vessel of under 50m
- d) A dredger indicating the clear side free from obstructions



### ANR0000001890

Power-driven vessels 'A' and 'B' are in sight of one another. Which of the following statements is correct?

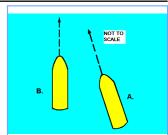
- a) Both vessels should alter course to starboard. No whistles signals need be sounded.
- b) A' and 'B' should alter course to starboard, each sounding one short blast on the whistle.
- c) A' should blow one blast and alter course to starboard.
- d) A' and 'B' should blow one blast and wait for a response before altering course.



### ANR0000001891

At night, you are power-driven vessel 'A' approaching power-driven vessel 'B' as shown. Occasionally you see both white masthead lights and the green side light of vessel 'B'. Which of the following is true?

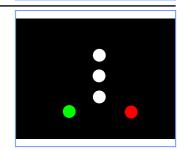
- a) Both are equally responsible for keeping clear.
- b) This is a case of special circumstances and I would contact 'B'.
- c) Vessel 'B' must keep clear of you ( vessel 'A' ).
- d) I (vessel 'A') must keep clear of vessel 'B'.



### ANR0000001892

In open waters, you see the lights ( shown in the picture ) right ahead at medium range. What do you do?

- a) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.
- b) Keep out of the way of the other vessel.
- c) Sound two short blasts and alter course to port.
- d) Reduce speed or stop and wait for the other vessel to pass.





### ANR000001893

Which of the following is NOT a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) A vessel servicing a navigation buoy.
- b) A tanker underway refueling a warship.
- c) A minesweeper engaged in minesweeping operations.
- d) A loaded VLCC navigating in a fairway.

### ANR000001894

A power driven vessel observes the stern light of another power-driven vessel on a steady bearing and reducing range on the port bow. Which vessel must give way?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) The observing vessel
- b) The observed vessel
- c) No risk of collision exists
- d) Both masters decide

### ANR0000001895

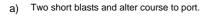
Looking straight ahead at night you observe the masthead lights and both side lights of another vessel. What action should be taken?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) Each ship shall alter course to port.
- b) One ship shall alter course to starboard and the other to port.
- c) Each ship shall alter course to starboard.
- d) You stand on as the other ship will alter course.

### ANR000001896

This vessel is on a steady bearing, the range is 2 miles and reducing. What action should you take?



- b) One short blast and alter course to starboard.
- c) Five short and rapid blasts and stand on with caution.
- d) Make a substantial reduction of speed.



### ANR000001897

You observe this vessel - range 4 miles. What action should you take?

- a) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard..
- b) Take a series of compass bearings.
- Maintain course and speed.
- d) Sound two short blasts and alter course to port.



### ANR0000001898

At range 2 miles and steady bearing, you sounded 5 short blasts: it is apparent that the other vessel is not taking appropriate action. What should you do?

- a) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- b) Sound one short blast and alter to starboard.
- c) Sound five short and rapid blasts again and stand on with caution..
- d) Sound two short and rapid blasts and stand on with caution.

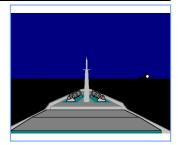




### ANR000001899

The range is 7 miles and constant. The bearing is steady. What action would you take?

- a) Take a series of compass bearings.
- b) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.
- c) Sound two short blasts and alter to port.
- d) Maintain course and speed.



### ANR0000001900

You observe this vessel on a steady bearing at range 3 miles. What action should you take?

- a) Sound two short blasts and alter to port.
- b) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.
- c) Sound five short and rapid blasts and stand on with caution.
- d) Make a substantial reduction of speed.



### ANR0000001901

On nearing a bend in a narrow channel and the way ahead is obscured, you hear a prolonged blast. What should be your response?

- a) One short blast.
- b) Two short blasts.
- c) One prolonged blast.
- d) Two prolonged blasts.

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

### ANR0000001902

Is anchoring permitted in a narrow channel?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) No
- b) It should be avoided if at all possible
- c) Yes, but only near the outer limit of the fairway to starboard.
- d) Yes, but only for a vessel which can safely navigate within such a channel.

ANR000001903

When proceeding along a narrow channel a vessel should.....

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) keep to the outer limit which lies on her port side.
- b) keep to the outer limit which lies on her starboard side.
- keep to the side which lies on her port side.
- d) keep to the side which lies on her starboard side.

ANR0000001904

For which types of vessel should a fishing vessel not impede the passage in a narrow channel or fairway?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) Vessels greater than 20m. in length.
- b) A vessel which can safely navigate only within such a channel.
- c) Sailing vessels and vessels greater than 20m. in length.
- d) Any other vessels navigating within the narrow channel or fairway.



### ANR000001905

A vessel which can only safely navigate within a narrow channel or fairway shall not be impeded by.....

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) sailing vessels, fishing vessels, or vessels of less than 20 metres.
- b) crossing vessels.
- c) sailing vessels or vessels of less than 20 metres.
- d) sailing vessels, fishing vessels, vessels less than 20m. or crossing vessels.

# IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

### ANR0000001906

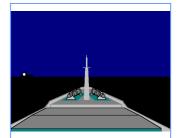
What signal shall a vessel sound when nearing a bend or an area of narrow channels or fairway where other vessels may be obscured by an intervening obstruction?

- a) Two short blasts.
- b) One prolonged blast.
- c) At least five short and rapid blasts.
- d) Two prolonged blasts followed by two short blasts.

### ANR000001907

This vessel is on a steady bearing and the range is reducing. What action would you take?

- a) Sound five short and rapid blasts and stand on with caution.
- b) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- c) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.
- d) Sound two short blasts and alter course to port.



### ANR0000001908

This vessel is on a steady bearing, the range is 2 miles and reducing slowly. What action would you take?

- Sound five short and rapid blasts and stand on with caution.
- b) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- c) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.
- d) Sound two short blasts and alter course to port.



### ANR000001909

The bearing is steady. The range is 5 miles, reducing slowly. What action would you take?

- a) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.
- b) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- c) Sound five short and rapid blasts and stand on with caution.
- d) Sound two short blasts and alter course to port.



### ANR0000001910

You observe this vessel on a steady bearing, range 3 miles. What action would you take?

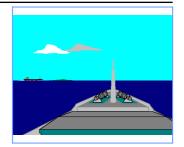
- a) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- b) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.
- c) Sound two short blasts and alter course to port.
- d) Sound five short and rapid blasts and stand on with caution.



### ANR0000001911

This vessel is on a steady bearing, range 3 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- b) Sound five short and rapid blasts and stand on with caution.
- c) Sound two short blasts and alter course to port.
- d) Sound one short blast and alter course to starboard.



### ANR0000001912

A vessel shall, so far as is practicable, avoid crossing traffic separation lanes. But if obliged to do so shall cross the general direction of traffic flow

....

- a) at as small an angle as practicable.
- b) avoiding other traffic using the scheme.
- c) on a heading as nearly as practicable at right angles.
- d) making good a course as nearly as practicable at right angles.

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE

### ANR0000001913

Which of the following shall not impede the passage of any vessel following a traffic lane in a traffic separation scheme?

**IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!** 

- a) A sailing vessel, fishing vessel or a vessel of less than 20 metres.
- b) A vessel engaged in fishing.
- c) A crossing vessel.
- d) A sailing vessel or a vessel of less than 20 metres.

### ANR0000001914

In a traffic separation scheme a vessel engaged in fishing shall not impede the passage of...... IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) any vessel following a traffic lane.
- b) a power driven vessel following a traffic lane.
- c) a vessel crossing the traffic separation scheme.
- d) a vessel of 20 metres or more following a traffic lane.

### ANR0000001915

In a traffic separation scheme a vessel of less than 20m. in length or a sailing vessel shall not impede the safe passage of......

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) any vessel following a traffic lane.
- b) a power driven vessel following a traffic lane.
- c) a vessel crossing the traffic separation scheme.
- d) a vessel of 20m. or more following a traffic lane.

### ANR0000001916

A vessel using a traffic separation scheme shall so far as practicable....

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) keep to the starboard side of the lane.
- b) avoid vessels crossing the scheme.
- c) keep clear of the traffic separation line or separation zone.
- d) avoid impeding the safe passage of other vessels following the lane.



#### ANR0000001917

Inshore traffic zones shall not be used by which of the following vessels?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- One that can safely use the adjacent lane within the T.S.S.
- One that can safely use the appropriate lane within the T.S.S.
- One en route to or from a place situated within the inshore traffic zone.
- d) Sailing vessels and vessels of less than 20m. in length.

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- ANR0000001918 Vessels as far as possible should avoid anchoring.....
- in a traffic separation scheme or in areas near it's terminations.
- in a traffic separation scheme.
- in a traffic separation zone.
- near the terminations of a traffic separation scheme.

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

ANR0000001919

A vessel joining the general direction of traffic flow in a traffic separation scheme from either side shall do so.....

- at as small an angle as practicable. a)
- b) avoiding traffic using the scheme.
- making a course as nearly as practicable at right angles.
- d) on a heading as nearly as practicable at right angles.

ANR0000001920

A vessel not using the traffic separation scheme shall.....

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- only use it to avoid immediate danger.
- if practicable only use the inshore traffic zone.
- not impede the passage of any vessel following a traffic flow.
- avoid it by as wide a margin as possible.

ANR0000001921

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?



- Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- Stand on but continue to monitor.
- Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.
- Stand on with caution.



ANR0000001922

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- Make a substantial alteration of course to starboard.
- Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- Make a substantial alteration of course to port. c)
- Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.





#### ANR000001923

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.
- b) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- c) Make a substantial alteration of course to port.
- d) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.



# ANR000001924

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- b) Make a substantial alteration of course to port.
- c) Stand on with caution The other vessel should give way.
- d) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.



# ANR000001925

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Alter course to parallel the other vessel's course.
- b) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.
- c) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- d) Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.



#### ANR0000001926

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- b) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.
- c) Take a series of compass bearing and radar plot.
- d) Alter course parallel to other vessel's course.



#### ANR0000001927

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

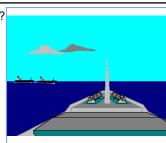
- a) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- b) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.
- c) Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.
- d) Make a substantial alteration of course to port.



#### ANR0000001928

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Alter course parallel to other vessel's course.
- b) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.
- c) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.
- d) Make a substantial reduction of speed.





#### ANR0000001929

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.
- b) Make a substantial alteration of course to port.
- c) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.
- d) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.



#### ANR0000001930

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.
- b) Alter course parallel to other vessel's course.
- c) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.
- d) Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.



#### ANR0000001931

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- b) Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.
- c) Alter course parallel to the other vessel's course.
- d) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.



#### ANR0000001932

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Make a substantial alteration of course to port.
- b) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.
- c) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.
- d) Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.



# ANR0000001933

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Make a substantial reduction of speed.
- b) Make a substantial alteration of course to port.
- c) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.
- d) Make a substantial alteration of course to starboard.



#### ANR0000001934

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.
- b) Make a substantial alteration of course to port.
- c) Stand on with caution The other vessel should give way.
- d) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.





#### ANR000001935

A vessel's sidelights should be positioned above the hull, but according to the Collision Regulations what is the maximum height they can be placed? IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) Half the height of the forward masthead light
- b) Three-quarters the height of the forward masthead light
- c) Any height below the forward masthead light
- d) One quarter the height of the forward masthead light

#### ANR0000001936

You observe this vessel at a range of 9 miles. What action would you take?

- a) Stand on no risk of collision continue to monitor.
- b) Alter course parallel to the other vessel's course.
- c) Take a series of compass bearings and radar plot.
- d) Stand on with caution. The other vessel should give way.



#### ANR000001937

When a vessel of length 20m or more is required by the rules to carry two or three lights in a vertical line, what spacing is required between the lights?

- a) At least 1.5 metres.
- b) Not less than 4.5 metres.
- c) Not less than 2 metres.
- d) Not less than 4 metres.

# ANR0000001938

For a power driven vessel of 110 metres in length and 20metres beam, what is the maximum height above the hull that the forward masthead light can be carried?

- a) 5 metres
- b) 6 metres
- c) 12 metres
- d) 9 metres

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

#### ANR000001939

If a vessel of length 20metres or more is required by the rules to carry two or three lights in a vertical line, at what height above the hull (except where a towing light is required) must the lowest of these be placed?

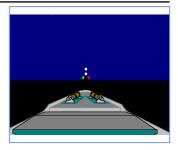
- a) Not less than 4 metres
- b) So it can be seen at a distance of 1000m
- c) Not less than 4.5 metres
- d) At least 1.5 metres

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

#### ANR0000001940

This vessel sounds one short blast. What does this mean?

- a) I intend to overtake you on your port side.
- b) I am operating stern propulsion.
- c) I am altering my course to starboard.
- d) I am altering my course to port.



#### ANR0000001941

If you hear a fog signal forward of the beam, Rule 19 states that you

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- make a substantial course alteration.

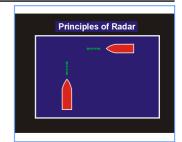
- d)

# reply with your own fog signal. reduce to minimum steerage way. attempt to make radio contact.

#### ANR0000001942

When taking action to avoid collision under Rule 8, you should avoid.....

- any reduction in speed.
- a succession of small alterations of speed or course.
- stopping or reversing engines.
- d) making an alteration of course or speed too early.



#### ANR0000001943

When two power driven vessels are meeting on reciprocal courses .....

**IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!** 

- each shall alter course to starboard.
- b) each shall alter course to port.
- one shall alter course to starboard.
- one shall alter course to port and the other to starboard.

#### ANR0000001944

When two power-driven vessels, in sight of each other, are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, avoiding action must be taken by ......

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- both vessels altering course to starboard.
- the vessel which has the other on her own starboard side.
- the vessel which has the other on her own port side.
- both vessels altering course to port.

#### ANR0000001945

For a power driven vessel less than 30 metres in length and 5 metres beam, at what height above the hull should the mastlight be carried?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- Not less than 6 metres
- Not less than 12 metres
- Not less than 20 metres
- Not less than 9 metres

#### ANR0000001946

A vessel is at anchor and displaying two anchor lights. What is the minimum vertical distance between the forward anchor light and the after anchor light?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- At least 1.5 metres.
- Not less than 4.5 metres.
- Not less than 4 metres.
- Not less than 2 metres.

ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000001947 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! At what minimum height above the hull should the mastlight on a power driven vessel of length 60 metres and beam 9 m be carried? 20 metres. 6 metres. 5 metres. 9 metres. d) ANR0000001948 IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! A power driven vessel engaged in towing is displaying the required lights on her aftermast. How much higher must the lowest after masthead light be above the forward masthead light? Not less than 4 metres. Not less than 4.5 metres. Not less than 2 metres. Not less than 1.5 metres. ANR0000001949 What is the minimum vertical separation of the mastlights on power driven IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! vessels such that, in all normal conditions of trim, the afterlight will be seen over and separate from the forward light? So it can be seen at 1000 metres from the stem at sea level. 6 metres. 5 metres. 9 metres. ANR000001950 At what height above the hull should the forward anchor light be placed on IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE! a vessel of 50 metres or more in length? 20 metres. 5 metres. 6 metres. So it can be seen at 1000 metres from the stern at sea level. ANR0000001951 What type of vessel is shown here? A power driven vessel. A vessel not under command. A vessel constrained by draught. A vessel engaged in towing. ANR0000001952 What is the length of the vessel shown here?

- Less than 12 metres in length.
- There is no indication of length.
- May be any length but probably 50 metres or more in length.
- Greater than 100 metres in length.



# ANR0000001953 What type of vessel is shown here? A power driven vessel. A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre. A vessel engaged in towing. A pilot vessel. d) ANR000001954 What is the arc of visibility of the mastlights shown by this vessel? a) All round From right ahead to 22.5 degrees forward of the beam on each side From right aft to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side ANR0000001955 What type of vessel is shown here? A trawler. a) b) A vessel not under command. A vessel engaged in fishing other than a trawler. A vessel constrained by draught. ANR000001956 What is the range of the mastlight being displayed by this ship? 6 miles a) 3 miles 2 miles 5 miles ANR0000001957 What is the arc of visibility of the sidelight shown by this vessel? From right aft to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side. All round. From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side. From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on the starboard side. ANR0000001958 What is the range of visibility of the sidelights shown by this ship? 6 miles 3 miles 2 miles c) 5 miles d)



#### ANR0000001959

What do these three red lights indicate?

- a) A vessel engaged in towing.
- b) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.
- c) A power driven vessel.
- d) A vessel constrained by draught.



#### ANR000001960

What is the length of the vessel shown here?

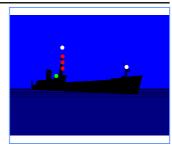
- a) Less than 50 metres in length.
- b) No indication of length.
- c) May be any length but probably 50 metres or more in length.
- d) Less than 20 metres in length.



#### ANR0000001961

What is the arc of visibility of the 3 red lights shown here?

- a) From right aft to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side.
- b) All round.
- c) From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side.
- d) From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on the starboard side.



#### ANR000001962

What is the length of the vessel shown here?

- a) Less than 20 metres in length.
- b) Less than 12 metres in length.
- c) Less than 50 metres in length.
- d) Greater than 100 metres in length.



#### ANR000001963

What is the arc of visibility of the 3 white lights shown here?

Page 80 of 90

- a) From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on the starboard side.
- b) From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side.
- c) From right aft to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side.
- d) All round.



# ANR0000001964

What is the length of the vessel shown here?

- a) Greater than 100 metres in length.
- b) Less than 50 metres in length.
- c) Less than 20 metres in length.
- d) No indication of length.





#### ANR000001965

# What is the arc of visibility of the red lights shown here?

- a) All round.
- b) From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side.
- c) From right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on the starboard side.
- d) From right aft to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on each side.



#### ANR0000001966

### What is the length of the vessel shown here?

- a) Less than 12 metres in length.
- b) Greater than 100 metres in length.
- c) Less than 50 metres in length.
- d) 7 metres or less in length.



#### ANR000001967

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.
- b) A pilot vessel.
- c) A trawler.
- d) A vessel engaged in fishing other than a trawler.



#### ANR0000001968

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel engaged in fishing other than a trawler.
- b) A vessel constrained by draught.
- c) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.
- d) A pilot vessel.



#### ANR000001969

# What type of vessel is shown here?

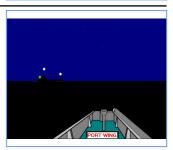
- a) A vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations.
- b) A sailing vessel.
- c) A vessel at anchor.
- d) A vessel engaged in mine clearance.



# ANR0000001970

# What is the fog signal of this vessel?

- a) Rapid ringing of the bell for 5 seconds every 1 minute.
- b) One ( if making way ) or two ( if stopped ) prolonged blasts at intervals of 2 minutes.
- c) Four short blasts at 2 minute intervals.
- d) Bell 5 seconds followed by gong 5 seconds every 1 minute.



Page 81 of 90



#### ANR0000001971

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel engaged in fishing other than a trawler.
- b) A vessel constrained by draught.
- c) A vessel engaged in towing.
- d) A vessel not under command.



### ANR000001972

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A pilot vessel.
- b) A trawler.
- c) A vessel constrained by her draught.
- d) A vessel not under command.



#### ANR0000001973

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A sailing vessel.
- b) A vessel at anchor.
- c) A power driven vessel.
- d) A vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations.



#### ANR0000001974

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel not under command.
- b) A vessel constrained by draught.
- c) A vessel engaged in towing.
- d) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.



#### ANR000001975

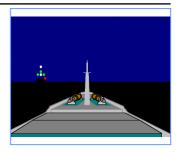
# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A power driven vessel.
- b) A trawler.
- c) A vessel engaged in fishing other than a trawler.
- d) A vessel engaged in towing.



# ANR000001976

- a) A vessel constrained by draught.
- b) A power driven vessel.
- c) A vessel at anchor.
- d) A vessel engaged in mine clearance.





#### ANR000001977

What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A pilot vessel.
- b) A vessel not under command.
- c) A vessel engaged in fishing other than a trawler.
- d) A trawler.



#### ANR0000001978

What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel engaged in towing.
- b) A pilot vessel.
- c) A vessel constrained by draught.
- d) A trawler.



#### ANR000001979

What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel constrained by draught.
- b) A vessel engaged in towing.
- c) A power driven vessel.
- d) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.



#### ANR0000001980

What is the length of the vessel shown here?

- a) No indication of length.
- b) Less than 50 metres.
- c) Less than 20 metres.
- d) May be any length but probably 50 metres or more.



# ANR0000001981

What is this vessel's fog signal?

- a) Rapid ringing of the bell for 5 seconds at intervals not exceeding one minute.
- b) Ringing of the bell for 5 seconds followed by the gong for 5 seconds at intervals not exceeding one minute.
- c) One prolonged blast followed by 2 short blasts at intervals not exceeding two minutes.
- d) As for the type of vessel shown followed by 4 short blasts.



# ANR0000001982

- a) A vessel not under command.
- b) A vessel engaged in towing.
- c) A power driven vessel.
- d) A vessel constrained by draught.





#### ANR0000001983

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A trawler.
- b) A vessel engaged in towing.
- c) A vessel engaged in fishing other than a trawler.
- d) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.



#### ANR0000001984

What is the length of the vessel shown here?

- a) No indication of length.
- b) Less than 50 metres.
- c) May be of any length but probably 50 metres or more.
- d) Greater than 100 metres.



#### ANR0000001985

What information is given about the tow shown here?

- a) The tow is 200 metres or more.
- b) The tow is less than 200 metres.
- c) The vessel is hampered by tow tow less than 200 metres.
- d) The vessel is hampered by tow tow more than 200 metres.



#### ANR0000001986

What is the length of the vessel shown here?

- a) 10 metres or less.
- b) No indication of length.
- c) Less than 12 metres.
- d) Less than 50 metres.



#### ANR0000001987

What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.
- b) A power driven vessel.
- c) A vessel constrained by draught.
- d) A pilot vessel.



# ANR0000001988

What information is given about the tow shown here?

- a) A vessel hampered by her tow tow less than 200 metres
- b) The tow is less than 200 metres.
- c) The tow is 200 metres or more.
- d) A vessel hampered by tow tow more than 200 metres.





#### ANR000001989

What is the fog signal of this vessel?

- a) One prolonged blasts followed by two short blasts at intervals less than or equal to 2 minutes.
- b) Ringing of bell for 5 seconds followed by the gong for 5 seconds.
- c) Rapid ringing of the bell for 5 seconds.
- d) As for the type of vessel shown followed by 4 short blasts.



#### ANR000001990

What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A trawler.
- b) A power driven vessel.
- c) A pilot vessel.
- d) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.



#### ANR0000001991

What is the length of the vessel shown here?

- a) No indication of length.
- b) Greater than 100 metres.
- c) Less than 12 metres.
- d) May be of any length but probably 50 metres or more.



#### ANR0000001992

What is the fog signal of this vessel?

- a) One ( if making way ) or two ( if stopped ) prolonged blasts at intervals less than or equal to 2 minutes.
- b) One prolonged blast followed by two short blasts.
- c) Rapid ringing of the bell for 5 secondsat intervals less than or equal to 2 minutes.
- d) As for the type of vessel shown followed by 4 short blasts.



# ANR0000001993

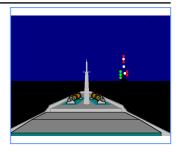
What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel constrained by draught.
- b) A vessel not under command.
- c) A pilot vessel.
- d) A trawler.



# ANR0000001994

- a) A vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations.
- b) A sailing vessel.
- c) A vessel constrained by draught.
- d) A vessel at anchor.





#### ANR000001995

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel not under command.
- b) A vessel engaged in mine clearance.
- c) A power driven vessel.
- d) A vessel at anchor.



#### ANR000001996

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.
- b) A vessel engaged in fishing.
- c) A vessel which is aground.
- d) A vessel engaged in towing.



#### ANR0000001997

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel constrained by draught.
- b) A vessel engaged in mine clearance operations.
- c) A vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations.
- d) A vessel not under command.



#### ANR0000001998

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel engaged in fishing.
- b) A vessel which is aground.
- c) A vessel engaged in mine clearance operations.
- d) A vessel constrained by draught.



#### ANR000001999

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel constrained by her draught.
- b) A vessel not under command.
- c) A vessel engaged in fishing.
- d) A vessel which is aground.



# ANR0000002000

- a) A vessel engaged in dredging underwater operations.
- b) A vessel engaged in mine clearance operations.
- c) A vessel constrained by draught.
- d) A vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre.

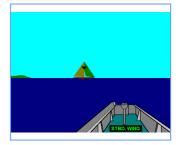




#### ANR0000002001

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A sailing vessel.
- b) Vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations.
- c) A power driven vessel.
- d) A vessel at anchor.



#### ANR0000002002

### What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel engaged in fishing.
- b) A vessel engaged in towing
- c) A vessel constrained by draught.
- d) A vessel which is aground.



#### ANR0000002003

# What type of vessel is shown here?

- a) A vessel engaged in fishing.
- b) A vessel engaged in mine clearance operations.
- c) A vessel engaged in towing.
- d) A vessel constrained by draught.



#### ANR0000002004

# What type of vessel is shown here?

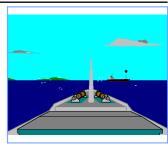
- a) A vessel engaged in mine clearance operations.
- b) A vessel which is aground.
- c) A vessel engaged in dredging or underwater operations.
- d) A vessel engaged in towing.



#### ANR0000002005

# What does this shape indicate?

- a) A vessel at anchor.
- b) A vessel aground.
- c) A vessel engaged in fishing.
- d) A vessel engaged in mine clearance operations.



#### ANR0000002006

# The observed vessel sounds three short blasts. What does this mean?

- a) I am altering my course to starboard.
- b) I am altering my course to port.
- c) I do not understand your intentions / actions.
- d) I am operating stern propulsion.





#### ANR0000002007

Whilst proceeding along a narrow channel the vessel astern sounds two prolonged blasts followed by one short blast. What does this mean?

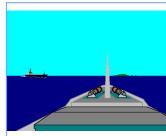
- a) I intend to overtake you on your starboard side.
- b) I intend to overtake you on your port side.
- c) I am operating stern propulsion.
- d) I am altering my course to port.



#### ANR0000002008

This vessel is signaling two flashes at intervals. What is the meaning of this signal?

- a) I am altering my course to port.
- b) I intend to overtake you on your starboard side.
- c) I intend to overtake you on your port side.
- d) I do not understand your intentions / actions.



#### ANR0000002009

Whilst proceeding along a narrow channel, the vessel astern sounds two prolonged blasts followed by two short blasts. What does this mean?

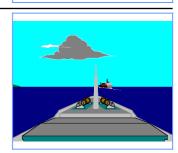
- a) I am altering my course to starboard.
- b) I am altering my course to port.
- c) I intend to overtake you on your port side.
- d) I intend to overtake you on your starboard side.



#### ANR0000002010

You intend overtaking a vessel in a narrow channel and signal your intentions. The vessel ahead sounds 5 short and rapid blasts. What does this mean?

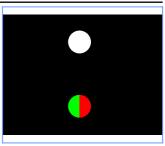
- a) I am operating stern propulsion.
- b) I do not understand your intentions/actions.
- c) I am altering my course to starboard.
- d) I am altering my course to port.



#### ANR0000002011

What do these lights indicate?

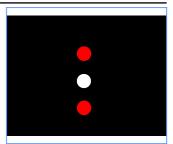
- a) A power-driven vessel of less than 20 metres in length underway.
- b) A power-driven vessel of less than 12 metres in length underway.
- c) A power-driven vessel engaged in trawling.
- d) Power-driven pilot vessel on pilotage duty and underway.



# ANR0000002012

In what situation would you expect a vessel to show these lights?

- a) When on pilotage duty
- b) When unable to manoeuvre
- c) When towing
- d) When not under command





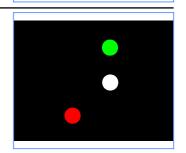
# ANR 2013 -> 02 DECK OPERATIONAL -> 01 COLREG (QUESTIONS) ANR0000002013 What do these lights indicate? A power-driven vessel engaged in towing unable to deviate from her course. A vessel engaged in trawling using pelagic gear. A vessel engaged in minesweeping. d) A vessel engaged in underwater operations not making way through the water or at anchor. ANR0000002014 What do these lights indicate? A power-driven vessel underway. A power-driven vessel underway when towing and the length of the tow exceeds 200m. c) A pushing vessel and a vessel pushed ahead as a composite unit. d) A vessel being towed.. ANR0000002015 At sea you sight a tug displaying this signal. What should you do? Keep well clear as she is towing a dracone. a) Keep well clear as the tug is restricted in her ability to manoeuvre. b) Give assistance as the tug is in distress. d) Keep well clear as she is escorting a submersible vessel. ANR0000002016 What do these lights indicate? A power driven vessel underway. A pilot vessel at anchor. A fishing vessel at anchor. A fishing vessel stopped in the water. ANR0000002017 The lights shown indicate a vessel...... towing another vessel astern, length of tow exceeding 200m. towing a vessel made fast alongside.

- towing more than one vessel astern.
- towing, tow of less than 200m in length, unable to deviate from her course.



#### ANR0000002018 What do these lights show?

- A vessel over 50 metres in length engaged in trawling.
- A vessel engaged in trawling with her outlying gear extending more than 150 metres into the seaway.
- A vessel under 50 metres in length engaged in trawling. C)
- A vessel engaged in trawling and at anchor.

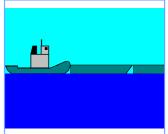


Page 89 of 90

#### ANR0000002019

What light or lights must be carried by a group of three barges in a line being pushed ahead of a tug as shown here?

- a) Red and green sidelights on each barge.
- b) Red and green sidelights at the forward end of the leading barge and white all-round light on each barge.
- c) A white all-round light at the forward end of the barge.
- d) Red and green sidelights at the forward end of the leading barge.



ANR0000002020 What signals must a vessel at anchor display?

- a) Code flag 'A' by day and a red light at night.
- b) A black ball hoisted at the bow by day and all round white lights at night.
- c) A large black square by day and a flashing white light at night.
- d) Code flag 'B' by day and a red light at night.

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

ANR0000002021 What kind

What kind of vessel may sound a fog signal consisting of four short blasts?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) A vessel being towed.
- b) A vessel engaged on pilotage duty.
- c) A vessel constrained by her draught.
- d) A fishing vessel..

ANRO000002022 What is the arc (angle) of visibility of a masthead light?

a) 225 degrees
b) 180 degrees
c) 210 degrees
d) 270 degrees

ANR0000002023

What is the arc (angle) of visibility of a sternlight?

IMAGE NOT AVAILABLE!

- a) 150 degrees
- b) 135 degrees
- c) 120 degrees
- d) 270 degrees