

**ASE7030 Convex optimization: Homework #3**

- 1) *Convexity*. Suppose an  $n \times n$  symmetric matrix  $A$  and let the quadratic form associated with it be:

$$f(x) = x^T A x$$

Then it is crystal clear that  $f(x)$  is convex if  $A \geq 0$ , and we can also show that in this case its epigraph and the sublevel sets are all convex.

Now suppose  $A$  is not positive semidefinite and it has exactly one strictly negative eigenvalue. Say,  $\lambda_1 < 0$ , and  $\lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n \geq 0$ .

- a) Explain that the epigraph of  $f(x)$  is not convex.

$$\text{epi } f = \{(x, t) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \mid x^T A x \leq t\}$$

- b) Show that  $t$ -sublevel set of  $f(x)$  with fixed  $t$  is convex. *Hint: This is true.*

$$L_t^-(f) = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid x^T A x \leq t\}$$