Report for Assignment 2

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Section 1:

The following ambiguities were found using the University of Calgary tool:

The grammar is not LL(1) because:

- ARRAYSIZE has a first set conflict.
- · EXPR has a first set conflict.
- · FACTOR has a first set conflict.
- FUNCHEAD has a first set conflict.
- · IDNEST has a first set conflict.
- LOCALVARDECL has a first set conflict.
- OPTFUNCHEAD1 is nullable with clashing first and follow sets.
- REPTFUNCTIONCALL0 is nullable with clashing first and follow sets.
- · REPTVARIABLE0 is nullable with clashing first and follow sets.
- · STATEMENT has a first set conflict.

The LL(1) grammar is as follows:

```
START -> REPTSTART0
APARAMS -> EXPR REPTAPARAMS1 .
APARAMS ->
APARAMSTAIL -> comma EXPR .
ADDOP -> plus
ADDOP -> minus
ADDOP -> or
ARITHEXPR -> TERM RIGHTRECARITHEXPR .
ARRAYSIZE -> Isqbr ARRAYSIZE1 .
ARRAYSIZE1 -> intlit rsqbr
ARRAYSIZE1 -> rsabr .
ASSIGNOP -> equal .
CLASSDECL -> class id OPTCLASSDECL2 lcurbr REPTCLASSDECL4 rcurbr semi .
CLASSDECLORFUNCDEF -> CLASSDECL .
CLASSDECLORFUNCDEF -> FUNCDEF
EXPR -> ARITHEXPR EXPR1
EXPR1 -> RELOP ARITHEXPR .
EXPR1 -> .
FPARAMS -> id colon TYPE REPTFPARAMS3 REPTFPARAMS4 .
FPARAMSTAIL -> comma id colon TYPE REPTFPARAMSTAIL4
FACTOR -> FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE .
FACTOR -> intlit
FACTOR -> floatlit
FACTOR -> Ipar ARITHEXPR rpar .
FACTOR -> not FACTOR
FACTOR -> SIGN FACTOR
FUNCBODY -> Icurbr REPTFUNCBODY1 rcurbr .
FUNCDEF -> FUNCHEAD FUNCBODY .
FUNCHEAD -> function id FUNCHEAD3 .
FUNCHEAD1 -> id lpar FPARAMS rpar arrow RETURNTYPE .
FUNCHEAD1 -> constructor lpar FPARAMS rpar
FUNCHEAD3 -> sr FUNCHEAD1 .
FUNCHEAD3 -> Ipar FPARAMS rpar arrow RETURNTYPE .
```

```
ASSIGNSTAT -> VARIABLE ASSIGNOP EXPR .
FUNCTIONCALL -> id FUNCALL3
FUNCALL3 -> Ipar APARAMS rpar
FUNCALL3 -> FUNCALL2
FUNCALL2 -> dot id FUNCALL4
FUNCALL4 -> INDICE FUNCALL2
FUNCALL4 -> Ipar APARAMS rpar FUNCALL5 .
FUNCALL5 -> FUNCALL2
FUNCALL5 -> .
VARIABLE -> id VARIABLE3 .
VARIABLE3 -> INDICE
VARIABLE3 -> VARIABLE2
VARIABLE3 ->
VARIABLE2 -> dot id VARIABLE4
VARIABLE4 -> Ipar APARAMS rpar VARIABLE2 .
VARIABLE4 -> INDICE VARIABLE5 .
VARIABLE5 -> VARIABLE2
VARIABLE5 ->
FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE -> id FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE1
FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE1 -> INDICELOOP FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE2
FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE1 -> Ipar APARAMS rpar FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE2 .
FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE2 -> dot id FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE3
FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE2 ->
FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE3 -> INDICELOOP FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE2
FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE3 -> Ipar APARAMS rpar FUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE2 .
IDNEST1 -> dot id IDNEST2
IDNEST2 -> Isqbr ARITHEXPR rsqbr IDNEST2 .
IDNEST2 -> Ipar APARAMS rpar
IDNEST2 ->
INDICE -> Isqbr ARITHEXPR rsqbr .
LOCALVARDECL -> localvar id colon TYPE LOCALVARDECL2 . LOCALVARDECL2 -> REPTLOCALVARDECL4 semi .
LOCALVARDECL2 -> Ipar APARAMS rpar semi
LOCALVARDECLORSTMT -> LOCALVARDECL .
LOCALVARDECLORSTMT -> STATEMENT
MEMBERDECL -> MEMBERFUNCDECL
MEMBERDECL -> MEMBERVARDECL
MEMBERFUNCDECL -> function id colon lpar FPARAMS rpar arrow RETURNTYPE semi .
MEMBERFUNCDECL -> constructor colon lpar FPARAMS rpar semi
MEMBERVARDECL -> attribute id colon TYPE REPTMEMBERVARDECL4 semi .
MULTOP -> mult
MULTOP -> div
MULTOP -> and
OPTCLASSDECL2 -> isa id REPTOPTCLASSDECL22 .
OPTCLASSDECL2 -> .
RELEXPR -> ARITHEXPR RELOP ARITHEXPR .
RELOP -> eq
RELOP -> neq
RELOP -> It
RELOP -> gt
RELOP -> leq
RELOP -> geq
REPTSTART0 -> CLASSDECLORFUNCDEF REPTSTART0 .
REPTAPARAMS1 -> APARAMSTAIL REPTAPARAMS1 .
REPTAPARAMS1 ->
REPTCLASSDECL4 -> VISIBILITY MEMBERDECL REPTCLASSDECL4 .
REPTFPARAMS3 -> ARRAYSIZE REPTFPARAMS3 .
REPTFPARAMS3 ->
REPTFPARAMS4 -> FPARAMSTAIL REPTFPARAMS4 .
REPTFPARAMSTAIL4 -> ARRAYSIZE REPTFPARAMSTAIL4 .
REPTFPARAMSTAIL4 ->
REPTFUNCBODY1 -> LOCALVARDECLORSTMT REPTFUNCBODY1 .
REPTFUNCBODY1 -> .
```

```
REPTLOCALVARDECL4 -> ARRAYSIZE REPTLOCALVARDECL4
REPTLOCALVARDECL4 ->
REPTMEMBERVARDECL4 -> ARRAYSIZE REPTMEMBERVARDECL4 .
REPTMEMBERVARDECL4 -> .
REPTOPTCLASSDECL22 -> comma id REPTOPTCLASSDECL22 .
REPTOPTCLASSDECL22 ->
REPTSTATBLOCK1 -> STATEMENT REPTSTATBLOCK1 .
REPTSTATBLOCK1 ->
RETURNTYPE -> TYPE .
RETURNTYPE -> void
RIGHTRECARITHEXPR ->
RIGHTRECARITHEXPR -> ADDOP TERM RIGHTRECARITHEXPR .
RIGHTRECTERM ->
RIGHTRECTERM -> MULTOP FACTOR RIGHTRECTERM .
SIGN -> plus
SIGN -> minus
STATBLOCK -> lcurbr REPTSTATBLOCK1 rcurbr .
STATBLOCK -> STATEMENT
STATBLOCK -> .
STATEMENT -> FUNCTIONCALLORASIGNSTAT semi
STATEMENT -> if Ipar RELEXPR rpar then STATBLOCK else STATBLOCK semi .
STATEMENT -> while lpar RELEXPR rpar STATBLOCK semi
STATEMENT -> read lpar VARIABLE rpar semi
STATEMENT -> write lpar EXPR rpar semi
STATEMENT -> return lpar EXPR rpar semi .
FUNCTIONCALLORASIGNSTAT -> id ISFUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE .
ISFUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE -> Ipar APARAMS rpar AFTERFUNCTIONCALL .
ISFUNCTIONCALLORVARIABLE -> INDICELOOP AFTERVARIABLE
AFTERFUNCTIONCALL -> dot id MIDDLESTATE
AFTERVARIABLE -> dot id MIDDLESTATE
MIDDLESTATE -> INDICELOOP AFTERVARIABLE
MIDDLESTATE -> Ipar APARAMS rpar AFTERFUNCTIONCALL .
AFTERVARIABLE -> ENDASSIGN .
AFTERFUNCTIONCALL ->
INDICELOOP -> INDICE INDICELOOP .
INDICELOOP ->
ENDASSIGN -> ASSIGNOP EXPR
TERM -> FACTOR RIGHTRECTERM .
TYPE -> integer
TYPE -> float .
TYPE -> id .
VISIBILITY -> public
VISIBILITY -> private .
VISIBILITY -> .
```

Section 2: The following table was generated from the University of Calgary tool, showing the first and follow sets for each non-terminal.

nonterminal first set follow set nulla endable ADDOP plus minus or intlit floatlit Ipar not id plus minus no yes ARRAYSIZE1 intlit rsqbr Isqbr semi rpar comma ASSIGNOP intlit floatlit Ipar not id plus minus equal no CLASSDECL class class function EXPR1 eq neq It gt leq geq semi comma rpar yes FUNCDEF function class function FUNCBODY lcurbr class function FUNCHEAD function lcurbr intlit floatlit lpar not id plus APARAMS no rpar yes minus LOCALVARDECL localvar if while read write return id rcurbr MEMBERFUNCDEC function constructor public private function constructor attribute rcurbr no FPARAMS yes MEMBERVARDECL attribute public private function constructor attribute rcurbr OPTCLASSDECL2 isa lcurbr yes OPTFUNCHEAD1 id yes ARITHEXPR intlit floatlit lpar not id plus semi rsqbr eq neq It gt leq geq comma rpar RELOP intlit floatlit lpar not id plus minus eq neq It gt leq geq APARAMSTAIL comma comma rpar REPTAPARAMS1 comma yes MEMBERDECL function constructor attribute public private function constructor attribute rcurbr REPTCLASSDECL4 public private function rcurbr constructor attribute

REPTFPARAMS3	Isqbr	rpar comma	yes	no
FPARAMSTAIL	comma	comma rpar	no	no
REPTFPARAMS4	comma	rpar	yes	no
REPTFPARAMSTAIL 4	lsqbr	comma rpar	yes	no
LOCALVARDECLOR STMT	localvar if while read write return id	localvar if while read write return id rcurbr	no	no
REPTFUNCBODY1	localvar if while read write return id	rcurbr	yes	no
REPTFUNCTIONCA LL0	id	id	yes	no
REPTIDNEST1	Isqbr	dot	yes	no
REPTLOCALVARDE CL4	lsqbr	semi	yes	no
ARRAYSIZE	Isqbr	Isqbr semi rpar comma	no	no
REPTMEMBERVAR DECL4	lsqbr	semi	yes	no
REPTOPTCLASSDE CL22	comma	lcurbr	yes	no
CLASSDECLORFUN CDEF	class function	class function	no	no
IDNEST	id	id	no	no
INDICE	lsqbr	semi mult div and Isqbr dot rsqbr eq neq It gt leq geq equal plus minus or comma rpar	no	no
RETURNTYPE	void integer float id	semi lcurbr	no	no
RIGHTRECARITHE XPR	plus minus or	semi rsqbr eq neq lt gt leq geq comma rpar	yes	no
MULTOP	mult div and	intlit floatlit Ipar not id plus minus	no	no
SIGN	plus minus	intlit floatlit lpar not id plus minus	no	no
START	class function		yes	no
REPTSTART0	class function		yes	no
REPTSTATBLOCK1	if while read write return id	rcurbr	yes	no
STATEMENT	if while read write return id	else semi localvar if while read write return id rcurbr	no	no
ASSIGNSTAT	id	semi	no	no

RELEXPR	intlit floatlit lpar not id plus minus	rpar	no	no
STATBLOCK	lcurbr if while read write return id	else semi	yes	no
EXPR	intlit floatlit Ipar not id plus minus	semi comma rpar	no	no
FUNCTIONCALL	id	semi mult div and rsqbr eq neq lt gt leq geq plus minus or comma rpar	no	no
TERM	intlit floatlit Ipar not id plus minus	semi rsqbr eq neq lt gt leq geq plus minus or comma rpar	no	no
FACTOR	intlit floatlit Ipar not id plus minus	semi mult div and rsqbr eq neq lt gt leq geq plus minus or comma rpar	no	no
RIGHTRECTERM	mult div and	semi rsqbr eq neq lt gt leq geq plus minus or comma rpar	yes	no
TYPE	integer float id	rpar lcurbr comma lpar lsqbr semi	no	no
VARIABLE	id	semi mult div and rsqbr eq neq lt gt leq geq equal plus minus or comma rpar	no	no
REPTVARIABLE0	id	id	yes	no
REPTVARIABLE2	Isqbr	semi mult div and rsqbr eq neq lt gt leq geq equal plus minus or comma rpar	yes	no
VISIBILITY	public private	function constructor attribute	yes	no

Section 3:

The main structure involves the parse method in the Parser.java method. Here, we use the algorithm for a <u>table driven parser</u> that was generated by the University of Calgary for the rules that the parser will follow. The code followed the parsing algorithm that we have seen in class:

```
parse(){
    push($)
    push(S)
    a = nextToken()
    while ( stack \neq $ ) do
        x = top()
        if (x \in T)
            if (x == a)
                pop(x); a = nextToken()
            else
                skipError(); success = false
        else
            if (TT[x,a] \neq 'error')
                pop(x); inverseRHSPush(TT[x,a])
            else
                skipError(); success = false
    if ( (a \neq \$) \lor (success == false ) )
        return(false)
    else
        return(true)}
```

The main parts were split between the if and else statement following the terminal and non-terminal logic. If the top of the stack is a terminal and equal to a token, then we found a match and pop. The main else statement demonstrates if the top of the stack and token is not an error, it is a non-terminal so we pop and use the parsing table to replace using the right hand side.

Skiperrors logic was also implemented from the lecture slides:

Section 4:

The main tool that was used was the University of Calgary tool. This tool allowed for finding the ambiguities and listing them out as well as generating the parsing table and that was the main reason it was used. Something the tool lacked was the ability to say if the correction to solve an ambiguity was good. This is where atocc came in as it checked for 2 requirements and if they were fulfilled to show if the correction was implemented properly but mainly the University of Calgary tool was used.

Once the grammar no longer had ambiguities in it, the University of Calgary tool was able to generate the first and follow sets in a table as well as the parsing table. Solving the ambiguities involved factorization and rearranging of the expressions. To get this into a format we could use in the code, an HTML to CSV tool (convertcsv.com) was used so that we could delimit the rows and columns and obtain the data for the parser in the code.