

Lab Intro & NAND Simulator

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About TA

- Embedded Software Laboratory
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- When email us, start the email subject lines with “[ICE3028]” 😊

Contents

- Q&A google docs
 - <https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1N4h9DyIDWYdLa6oIPyEnr1By11Zxsnk-L517lQzh6G0>
- Lab Overview & Notifications
 - Jasmine OpenSSD Platform
 - Schedule may subject to change
- NAND simulator

Lab Schedule

- Schedule may subject to change

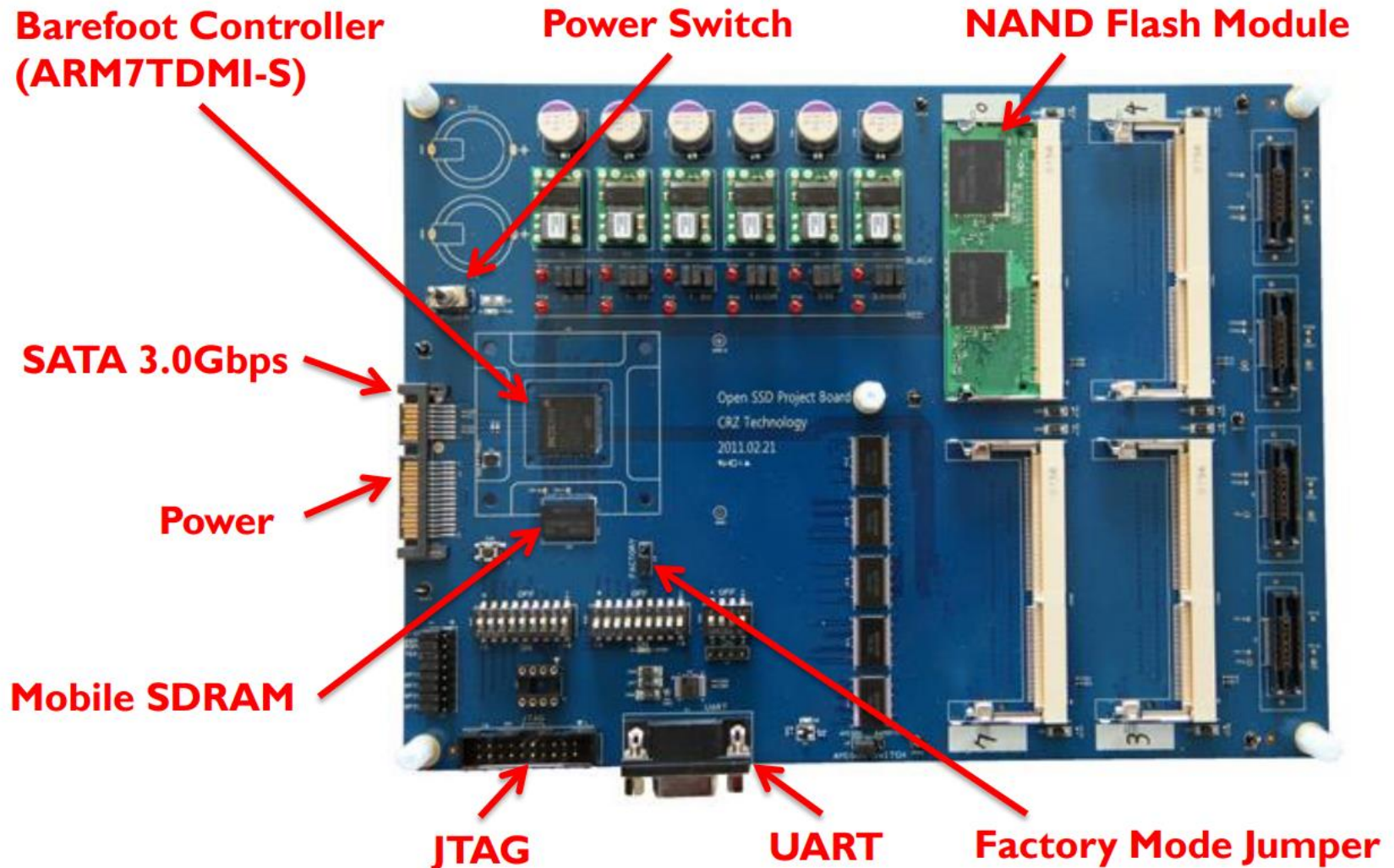
week	Tuesday	Thursday
1	Course Overview	Intro to Embedded Systems
2	NAND Flash Memory I	NAND Flash Memory II
3	FTL I	Lab Intro. & NAND Simulator
4	FTL II	Page Mapping FTL I
5	FTL III	Page Mapping FTL 2
6	SSD Technologies I	DFTL
7	SSD Technologies II – Advanced Topics	ZNS
8	SSD Technologies III – NVMe/eMMC/UFS	Project 1: ZNS+ Simulator
9	New Memory Technologies	File Systems I
10	File Systems II	Jasmine Intro (11/4)
11	Dummy FTL	Page Mapping FTL 3
12	DFTL at Jasmine	Project 2: ZNS at Jasmine
13	Project 3: ZNS+ at Jasmine	Project Q&A
14	Project Presentation I	Project Presentation II
15	Final Exam	

이론수업

실습수업 (보드 미사용)

실습수업 (보드 사용)

Jasmine OpenSSD Platform

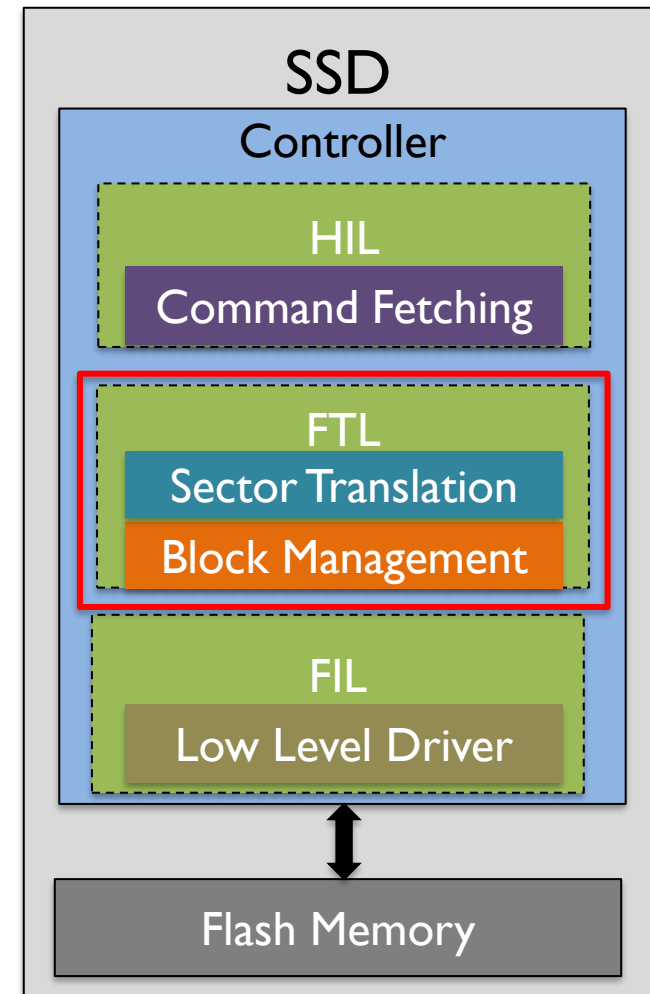


The OpenSSD Project

- It is an initiative to promote **research and education** on recent SSD technology
- Providing OpenSSD platforms on which open source SSD firmware can be developed

Jasmine OpenSSD Platform

- We will cover the **firmware** embedded in SSDs
 - Flash Translation Layer(FTL)
 - ZNS and its improvement (Project)
 - One of the most important layers in SSD firmware
- A large part of DS Division's software engineers.
 - Memory Business



Prerequisites

- You should be fluent in C Programming!!
 - Including basic system Programming
 - Ability to read and understand prewritten source code
- All labs are linked until the end of the semester.
- It's not easy and you have to spend a lot of time

Team project

- Lab & Project using SW Simulator
 - Personal project
- Lab & Project using Jasmine OpenSSD
 - 3 people in one group
 - Before start OpenSSD lab(week 10, offline class) , make team and write your team name & member in Google sheet!
 - If not, randomly assigns.

Notifications

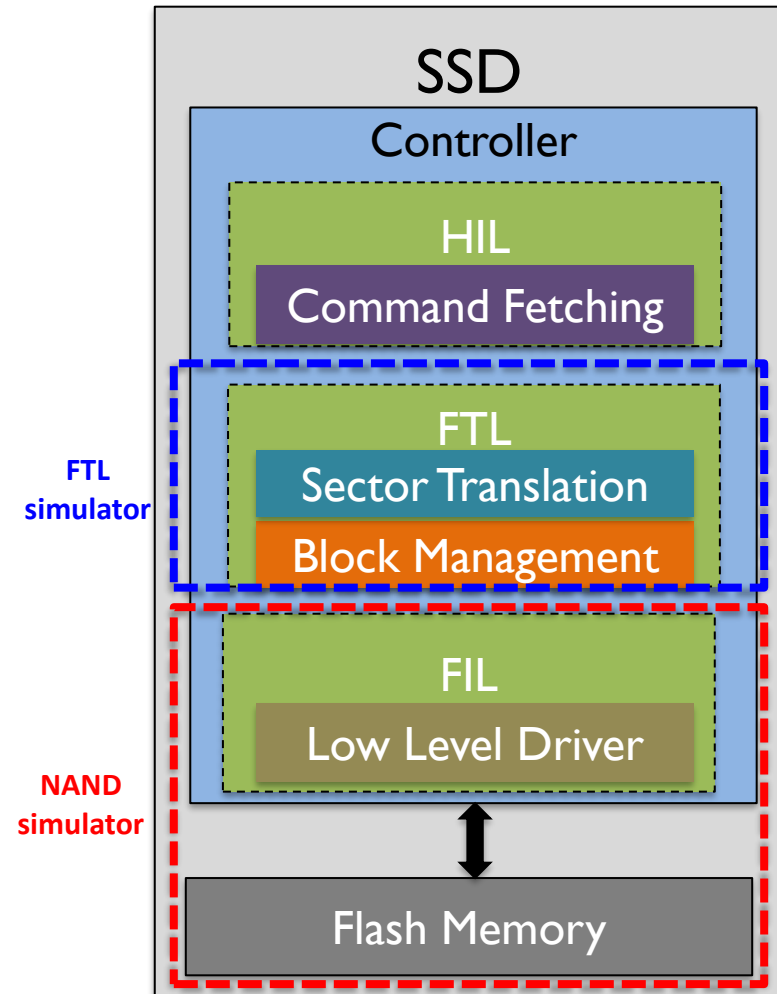
- **Do not COPY**
 - One copy mean 'F' score
- Please let me know if (e-mail, hangout)
 - Something goes wrong
 - Stupid question (Good!!)
 - Suggestion
 - Someone cheating?
 - Better Idea
 - About Project or Lab
 - Use google sheet to share your good question!! 🙌

Reference

- Interesting Posts
 - <https://tech.kakao.com/2016/07/13/coding-for-ssd-part-1/>
- Related Paper
 - **A Survey of Address Translation Technologies for Flash Memories**
 - **DFTL: A Flash Translation Layer Employing Demand-based Selective Caching of Page-level Address Mapping**
 - **ZNS+: Advanced Zoned Namespace Interface for Supporting In-Storage Zone Compaction**

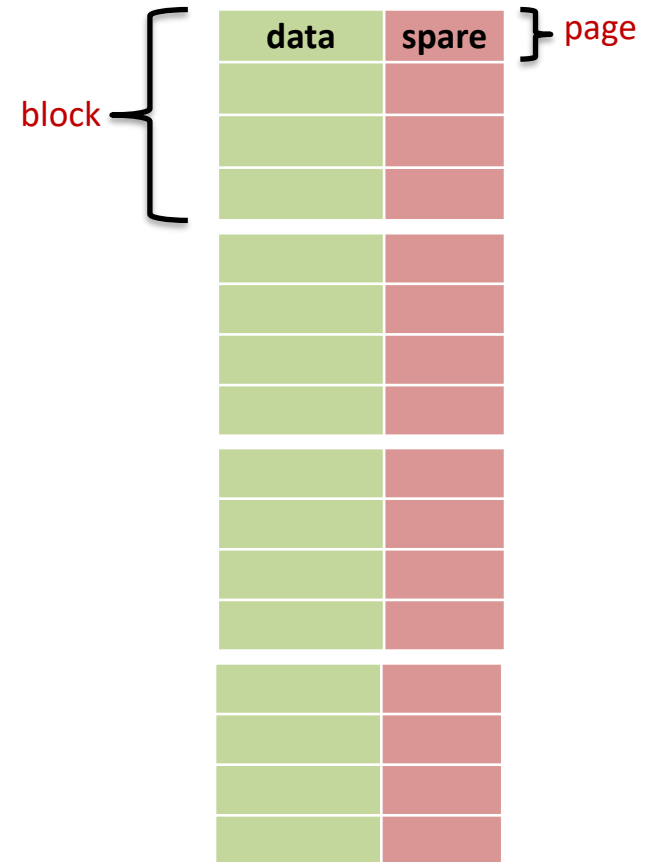
SSD Simulator

- NAND simulator
 - Basic NAND operations
 - Program
 - Erase
 - Read
- FTL simulator
 - Provide block device interface
 - Logical to physical mapping
 - Garbage collection



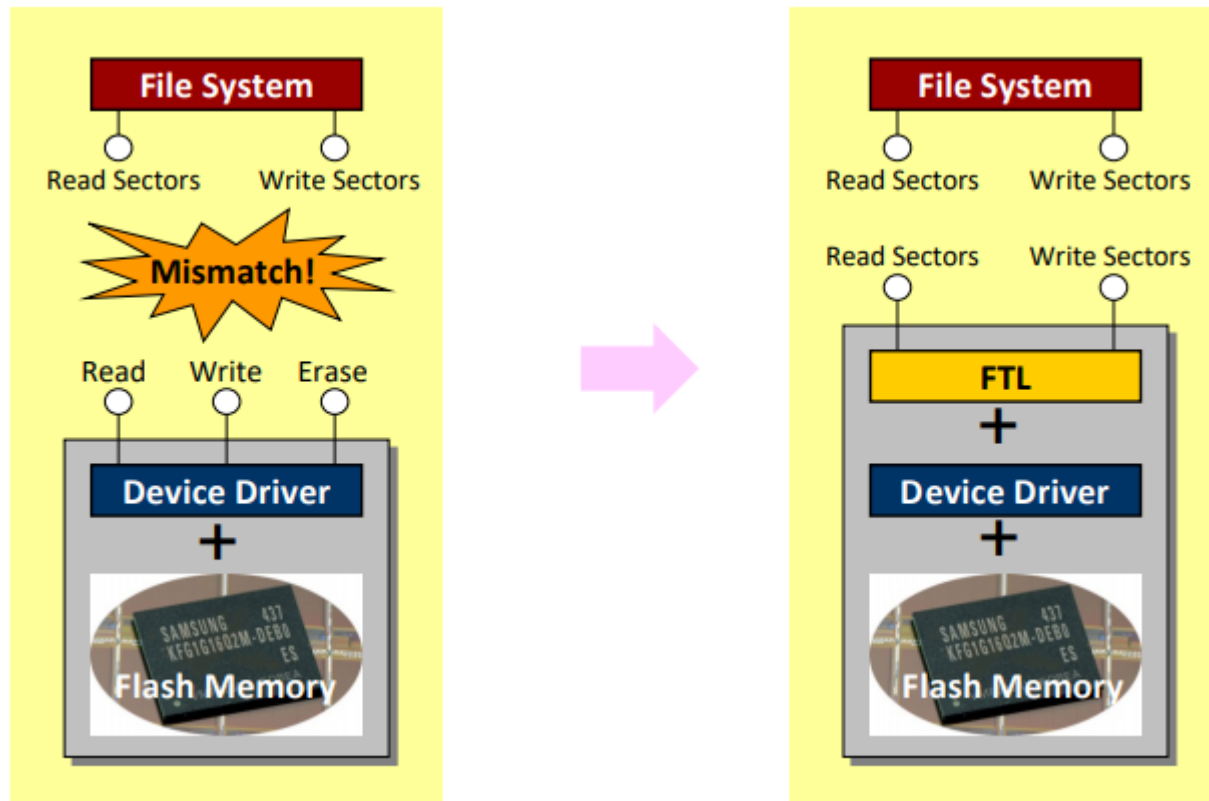
NAND Flash Memory

- Erase-before-write
- Bulk erase
 - Program unit: page
 - Erase unit: block
- Sequential write in a block



Flash Translation Layer

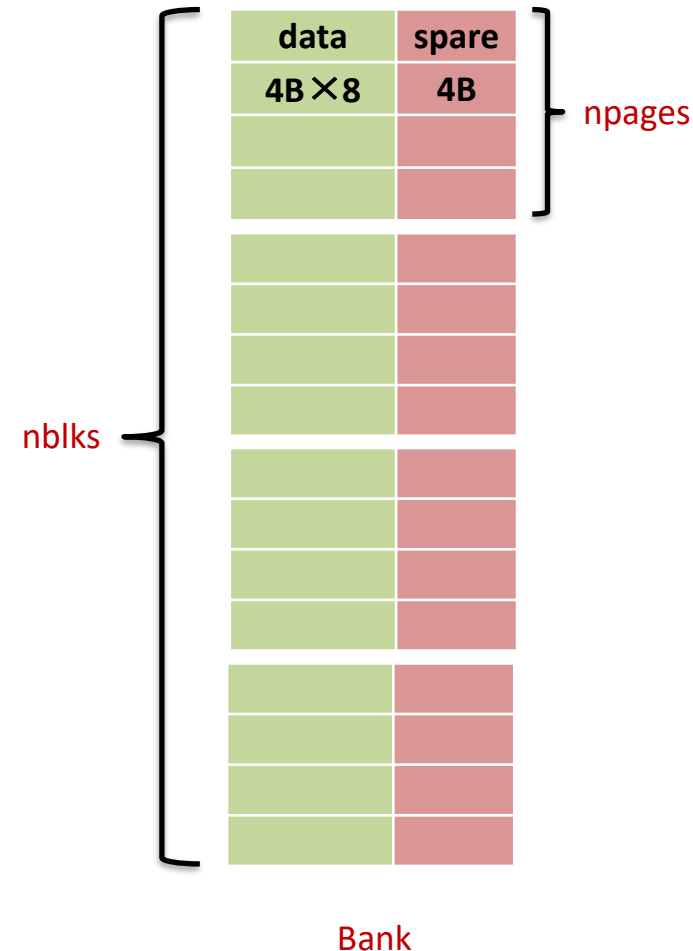
- A software layer to make NAND flash fully emulate traditional block devices



Source: Zeen Info. Tech.

Lab 1: NAND Simulator

- Develop a NAND simulator
 - Simulate NAND flash memory
 - Page size: 32B for data / 4B for spare
 - Functions to implement:
 - `nand_init()`
 - `nand_read()`
 - `nand_write()`
 - `nand_erase()`
 - The skeleton code is available at [icampus](#)



nand_init()

- `nand_init(nbanks, nblks, npages)`
 - Description
 - Initialize your own NAND flash memory using DRAM
 - Initially, all flash memory blocks are in erased state.
 - Return appropriate error code
 - Argument
 - `nbanks`: the total # of banks (should be > 0)
 - `nblks` : the total # of blocks (should be > 0)
 - `npages` : # of pages per block (should be > 0)
 - Return value (defined in ``nand.h``)
 - ``NAND_SUCCESS``: success
 - ``NAND_ERR_INVALID``: invalid dimension (negative value)

nand_write()

- `nand_write(bank, blk, page, data, spare)`
 - Description
 - Write 'data' and 'spare' to the NAND page pointed by 'blk' and 'page'
 - Return appropriate error code
 - Argument
 - `bank, blk, page` : address of the flash memory
 - `data, spare` : data to store
 - Return value
 - `'NAND_SUCCESS'` : success
 - `'NAND_ERR_INVALID'` : invalid address
 - `'NAND_ERR_OVERWRITE'` : page is already written
 - `'NAND_ERR_POSITION'` : write position is wrong (not sequential)

nand_read()

- `nand_read(bank, blk, page, data, spare)`
 - Description
 - Read 'data' and 'spare' from NAND page pointed by 'blk' and 'page'
 - Return appropriate error code
 - Argument
 - `bank, blk, page` : address of the flash memory
 - `data, spare` : data to load
 - Return value
 - `'NAND_SUCCESS'`: success
 - `'NAND_ERR_INVALID'`: invalid address
 - `'NAND_ERR_EMPTY'`: empty page (not written yet)

nand_erase()

- `nand_erase(bank, blk)`
 - Description
 - Erase the NAND memory block pointed by `bank` and `blk`
 - Return appropriate error code
 - Argument
 - `bank, blk` : Address of the NAND flash memory
 - Return value
 - `NAND_SUCCESS`: success
 - `NAND_ERR_INVALID`: invalid address
 - `NAND_ERR_EMPTY`: already erased block

Test

- Use `nand_test` tool to verify your code
 - Use `make` to build `nand_test`
 - Usage: `nand_test [input_file] [output_file]`

```
yj:lab1_sol ▶ master ▲ ./nand_test input.txt
Init(2,8,8): success
Write(0,3,0): success
Write(0,3,1): success
Write(0,3,2): success
Write(0,3,3): success
Write(0,3,4): success
Write(0,3,5): success
Write(0,3,6): success
Write(0,3,7): success
Write(-1,0,0): failed, invalid address
Read(0,3,0): success, data = [ 11      22      33      44      55      66      77      88 ] spare = [ ff ]
Read(0,3,1): success, data = [ 11      22      33      44      55      66      77      88 ] spare = [ ff ]
Read(0,3,2): success, data = [ 11      22      33      44      55      66      77      88 ] spare = [ ff ]
Read(0,3,3): success, data = [ 11      22      33      44      55      66      77      88 ] spare = [ ff ]
Read(0,3,4): success, data = [ 11      22      33      44      55      66      77      88 ] spare = [ ff ]
Read(0,3,5): success, data = [ 11      22      33      44      55      66      77      88 ] spare = [ ff ]
Read(0,3,6): success, data = [ 11      22      33      44      55      66      77      88 ] spare = [ ff ]
Read(0,3,7): success, data = [ 11      22      33      44      55      66      77      88 ] spare = [ ff ]
Erase(0,3): success
Read(0,3,0): failed, trying to read empty page
Read(0,3,1): failed, trying to read empty page
Read(0,3,2): failed, trying to read empty page
Read(0,3,3): failed, trying to read empty page
Read(0,3,4): failed, trying to read empty page
Read(0,3,5): failed, trying to read empty page
Read(0,3,6): failed, trying to read empty page
Read(0,3,7): failed, trying to read empty page
Write(0,2,0): success
Write(0,2,1): success
Write(0,2,3): failed, the page is not being sequentially written
Write(0,2,2): success
```

Grading Policy

- Recommended environment : GCC on Linux
 - You can do it in Windows, but be sure that your work also runs in Linux
 - Use only standard C library or POSIX C library functions
- Personal Project
- Submissions will be graded based on the number of test cases passed
 - We will use larger test cases for scoring
- Submit to the icampus
 - Due: 9/22(Wed.) 23:59:59
 - Submission file name: ``<student_id>.tar.gz`` (includes ``nand.c`` only)
 - Modify student id in ``Makefile`` and use ``make submit`` command
- Late penalty : -20 % / day (Up to 3 days)

Any Questions?