Programming Assignment 4

Joni Vrapi

12/11/2022

Statement of Integrity: I, Joni Vrapi, attempted to answer each question honestly and to the best of my abilities. I cited any, and all, help that I received in completing this assignment.

Problem 1c.

```
PROCESS-SIGNAL(x, y, s)
    xSet = ySet = noiseSet = []
    xMovingIndex = yMovingIndex = xCompleted = yCompleted = 0
    for index = 0 to length(s)
 4
         if s[index] is the i'th character of both x and y
 5
              if x has been completed more than y
 6
                  ySet.append(index + 1)
 7
                  move y index by 1 through y
 8
              elseif xCompleted == yCompleted
 9
                  if xMovingIndex is ahead of yMovingIndex
10
                       xSet.append(index + 1)
11
                       move x index by 1 through x
12
                   else
13
                       ySet.append(index + 1)
14
                       move y index by 1 through y
15
              else
16
                  xSet.append(index + 1)
17
                  move x index by 1 through x
18
              continue
19
20
         if s[index] is the i'th character of x
21
              xSet.append(index + 1)
22
              move x index by 1 through x
23
              continue
24
25
         if s[index] is the i'th character of y
26
              ySet.append(index + 1)
27
              move y index by 1 through y
28
              continue
29
30
         if length(noiseSet != 0)
31
              assign to noiseSet an array of integers from 1 to length(s)
32
              that do not include any numbers that are in xSet or ySet
33
34
         if length(xSet) + length(ySet) + length(noiseSet) == length(s)
35
              this is an interweaving
```

Problem 1d. This algorithm processes the signal "as it comes in" via a single for loop which iterates through the input string only once for an O(n) time. There are many comparisons that are made, all of which are O(1) operations. Finally, to get the noise in the signal, it generates another array of size m < n in O(m) time. In total, this is O(n) + O(m) which is linear with respect to inputs, so this is an O(n) algorithm.

Problem 2c. In three out of the four test cases, there was no noise, so per my analysis in Problem 1d, I would expect the length of the input to equal the number of iterations my program made. The instrumentation in tests s1, s2, s4 confirm this. The third test case s3 has 12 elements of noise, on an input of length 33. Per my analysis in Problem 1d, I would expect the total number of iterations to be 33 + 12 = 45, and the instrumentation also confirms this. Therefore, we can conclude that this algorithm does in fact run in O(n) time.