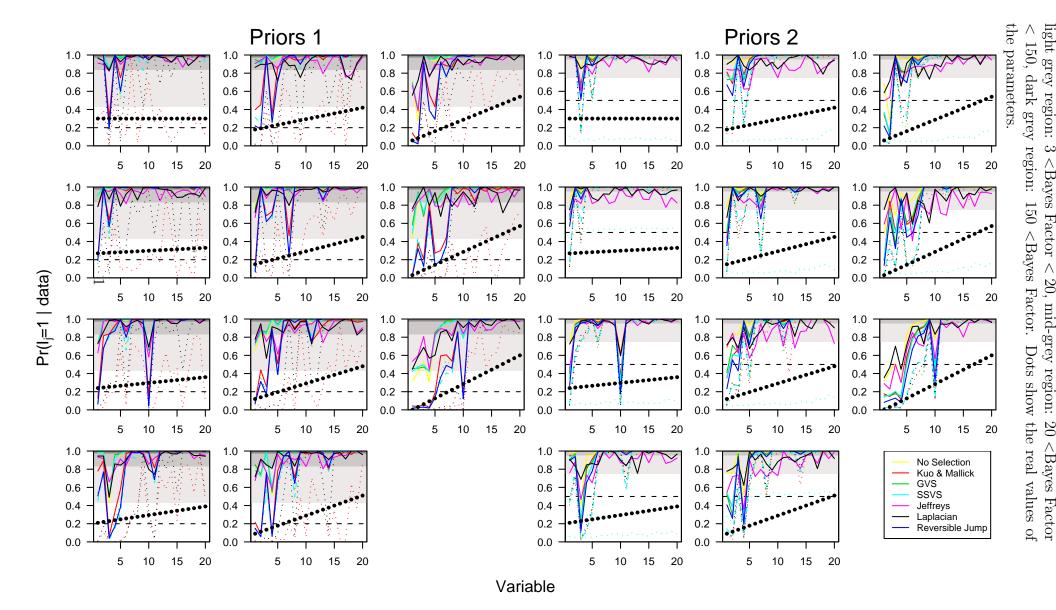
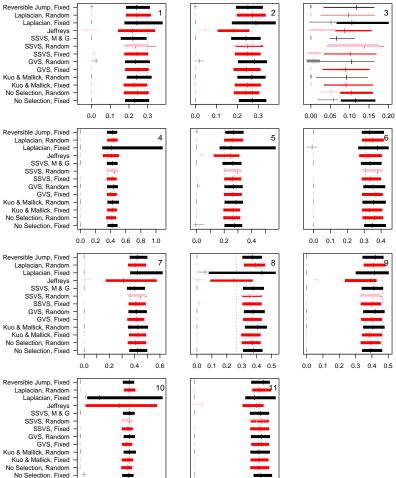
Supplementary Material for A REVIEW OF BAYESIAN VARIABLE SELECTION METHODS: WHAT, HOW AND WHICH

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models, red: random effect models. Strong colours (i.e. coefficients. Posterior mode and 70% highest posterior density interval. Black: with the largest true effect size in the Simulated data, with alternative priors Figure 2: Posterior distributions for regression coefficients, β_j , for the variable 0, data).1, data), Lighter colours The dotted line shows the true effect size of the simulated (i.e. grey and pink) black and red) denote denote $P(\beta_j)$ fixed effect



0.0

0.2

 $\beta_i \mid I_i$, data

0.4 0.6

0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8

sity interval. colours (i.e.

black and red) denote $P(\beta_j)$

tion data, with vague priors. Posterior mode and 70% highest posterior den-

Black: fixed effect models, red: random effect models. Strong

 I_j

1, data), Lighter colours (i.e.

Figure 3: Posterior distributions for regression coefficients, β_j , for the Pollu-

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