
Lecture 2: Text Processing and Useful R Tools

In-Class Activities

Answer the following questions in an RMarkdown document and discuss it with the people around you (no need to write the problem down, just give it a header (## Problem 1, etc.):

1. Use the “precip” dataset in R to answer the following questions using logical and named vectors for index-selection
 - (a) Display all cities who had less than or equal to 15 inches of rain
 - (b) Display all cities who did not have more 15 inches of rain (do this a different way)
 - (c) Display all cities which got between 20 and 25 inches of rain
 - (d) Display the totals from New York, Albany, Buffalo
2. Use the “precip” dataset in R to answer the following questions using the *grep()* and *sub()* functions
 - (a) Display all cities with the last letters “ton”
 - (b) Display all cities that start with the letter C
 - (c) Display all cities with a space in the name
 - (d) Display all cities either ending with “ta” or “ia”
 - (e) Display all cities with a m then any letter then an n (that is “m_n”)
 - (f) Change all of the “City” occurrences to “Town”
 - (g) Add an ! at the end of every city name
3. Use the “precip” dataset in R to answer the following questions using the “special” functions discussed in the online text
 - (a) Round all of the precip values to the nearest integer, save it to a vector, and use the vector for the remaining problems.
 - (b) Display all values which are multiples of 3
 - (c) Display all values ending in either 4 or 9 without using *grep()* (think about modular division)
 - (d) Display just the unique values (do this two different ways)
 - (e) How many unique values are there?
 - (f) Determine if any values are less than 5 inches of rain