METODOLOGÍA DE LA PROGRAMACIÓN SOLUCIONES DEL TEMA 5 ESPECIFICACIÓN ECUACIONAL DE TAD

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A) Operaciones sobre listas

Dar ecuaciones que definan las siguientes operaciones sobre los tipos de datos [Int] o [t] según el caso:

1) incr --

incr:: ([Int])
$$\rightarrow$$
 [Int]
incr([]) = [] (#1)
incr(x:s) = (x + 1) : incr(s) (#2)

Ejemplo:

Al desarrollar el ejemplo, en cada paso se ha coloreado la parte de la fórmula a la que se le aplica la ecuación indicada en la esquina derecha de la línea. Se han utilizado dos colores para mejorar la legibilidad, por lo demás los colores distintos no tienen ningún significado.

2) sumar --

sumar:: ([Int])
$$\rightarrow$$
 Int
sumar([]) = 0 (#1)

$$sumar(x:s) = x + sumar(s)$$
 (#2)

Ejemplo:

sumar ([4, 8, 5]) =
=
$$\frac{\text{sumar}(4:8:5:[])}{\text{sumar}(8:5:[])} = \frac{\text{(#2)}}{\text{sumar}(5:[])} = \frac{\text{(#2)}}{\text{sumar}(5:[])} = \frac{\text{(#2)}}{\text{sumar}(5:[])} = \frac{\text{(#2)}}{\text{sumar}(5:[])} = \frac{\text{(#3)}}{\text{sumar}(5:[])} = \frac{\text{(#4)}}{\text{sumar}(5:[])} = \frac{\text{(#4)$$

3) algun_par --

```
algun par:: ([Int]) \rightarrow Bool
algun par([]) = False
                                                                            (#1)
algun par(x:s)
                           = True
   | par(x) |
                                                                            (#2)
   | impar(x)
                           = algun par(s)
                                                                            (#3)
Ejemplo 1:
algun_par([7, 5, 9]) =
= algun par(7:5:9:[]) = (#3)
                                           x = 7, s = 5:9:[]
                                            x = 5, s = 9:[]
= algun par(5:9:[]) = (#3)
= algun par(9:[]) = (#3)
                                            x = 9, s = []
= algun par([]) = (#1)
```

Ejemplo 2:

= False

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{algun\_par}([7, 5, 8, 9, 12]) = \\ = \text{algun\_par}(7:5:8:9:12:[]) = ^{(\#3)} \\ = \text{algun\_par}(5:8:9:12:[]) = ^{(\#3)} \\ = \text{algun\_par}(8:9:12:[]) = ^{(\#2)} \\ = \text{True} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} x = 7, \, s = 5:8:9:12:[] \\ x = 5, \, s = 8:9:12:[] \\ x = 8, \, s = 9:12:[] \end{array}
```

Ejemplo 3:

```
algun_par([4, 5, 8, 9, 12]) = 
= algun_par(4:5:8:9:12:[]) = (x = 4, s = 5:8:9:12:[])
= True
```

Al desarrollar el ejemplo, en cada paso se ha coloreado la parte de la fórmula a la que se le aplica la ecuación indicada en la esquina derecha de la línea. Se han utilizado dos colores para mejorar la legibilidad, por lo demás los colores distintos no tienen ningún significado.

4) coinciden par --

```
coinciden par:: ([Int], [Int]) \rightarrow Bool
coinciden par([], r)
   not es vacia(r)
                                  = error "Distinta longitud"
                                                                         (#1)
   otherwise
                          = True
                                                                         (#2)
coinciden par(x:s, r)
   | longitud(x:s) \neq longitud(r)
                                          = error "Distinta longitud"
                                                                         (#3)
   |(par(x) \&\& par(primero(r)))||(impar(x) \&\& impar(primero(r)))|
                   = coinciden_par(s, resto(r))
                                                                         (#4)
                          = False
   otherwise
                                                                         (#5)
```

Ejemplo 1:

coinciden_par([7, 4, 9], [5, 10, 1]) =
= coinciden_par(7:4:9:[], 5:10:1:[]) =
$$(x = 7, s = 4:9:[], primero(r) = 5, resto(r) = 10:1:[]$$
= coinciden_par(4:9:[], 10:1:[]) = $(x = 4, s = 9:[], primero(r) = 10, resto(r) = 1:[]$
= coinciden_par(9:[], 1:[]) = $(x = 4, s = 9:[], primero(r) = 10, resto(r) = 1:[]$
= coinciden_par([], []) = $(x = 6, s =$

Ejemplo 2:

Al desarrollar el ejemplo, en cada paso se ha coloreado la parte de la fórmula a la que se le aplica la ecuación indicada en la esquina derecha de la línea. Se han utilizado dos colores para mejorar la legibilidad, por lo demás los colores distintos no tienen ningún significado.

5) ultimo --

ultimo:: ([t])
$$\rightarrow$$
 t

ultimo([]) = error "Lista vacía" (#1)

ultimo(x:s)

| es vacia(s) = x (#2)

$$| otherwise = ultimo(s)$$
 (#3)

```
ultimo([7, 5, 9]) =
= ultimo(7:5:9:[]) = (*3)
= ultimo(5:9:[]) = (*3)
= ultimo(9:[]) = (*3)
x = 7, s = 5:9:[]
x = 5, s = 9:[]
x = 9, s = []
```

6) sin_ultimo --

$$\sin_{\text{ultimo}}:([t]) \rightarrow [t]$$

$$sin_ultimo([]) = error "Lista vacía"$$
 (#1)

$$| es_vacia(s) = []$$
 (#2)

$$| otherwise = x : sin_ultimo(s)$$
 (#3)

Ejemplo:

$$sin_ultimo([7, 5, 9]) =
= sin_ultimo(7:5:9:[]) = (#3)
= 7 : ultimo(5:9:[]) = (#3)
= 7 : 5 : ultimo(9:[]) = (#2)
= 7 : 5 : []
= [7, 5]$$
 $x = 7, s = 5:9:[]
 $x = 9, s = []$$

7) inversa --

Hacerlo de dos formas:

a) Utilizando ++

inversa::
$$([t]) \rightarrow [t]$$

$$inversa([]) = [] \tag{#1}$$

$$inversa(x:s) = inversa(s) ++ (x:[])$$
 (#2)

Ejemplo:

b) Utilizando ultimo, sin ultimo

inversa:: $([t]) \rightarrow [t]$

$$inversa([]) = [] \tag{#1}$$

$$inversa(x:s) = ultimo(x:s) : inversa(sin ultimo(x:s))$$
 (#2)

$$inversa([2, 5, 9]) =$$

8) son inv --

Hacerlo de dos formas:

a) Utilizando inversa

son inv:: $([t], [t]) \rightarrow Bool$

Ejemplo 1:

$$son_inv([2, 5, 9], [9, 5, 2]) =$$
= $son_inv(2:5:9:[], 9:5:2:[]) = {}^{(#1)}$
= True

Ejemplo 2:

$$son_inv([2, 5, 9], [9, 8, 2]) = = $son_inv(2:5:9:[], 9:5:2:[]) =$ $s = 2:5:9:[], r = 9:8:2:[] = False$$$

En esta definición de la función son_inv, no hay recursividad y por ello los ejemplos se resuelven en un único paso.

b) Utilizando ultimo, sin ultimo, longitud y es vacia

= False

= son inv(s, sin ultimo(ℓ)) (#5)

Ejemplo 1:

 $| x /= ultimo(\ell)$

otherwise

(#4)

$$\begin{array}{l} & \text{son_inv}([2,5,9],[9,5,2]) = \\ & = \text{son_inv}(2:5:9:[], 9:5:2:[]) = \text{(#5)} \\ & = \text{son_inv}(5:9:[], 9:5:[]) = \text{(#5)} \\ & = \text{son_inv}(5:9:[], 9:5:[]) = \text{(#5)} \\ & = \text{son_inv}(9:[], 9:[]) = \text{(#5)} \\ & = \text{son_inv}(9:[], 9:[]) = \text{(#5)} \\ & = \text{son_inv}([2,5,9], [9,8,2]) = \\ & = \text{son_inv}([2,5,9], [9,8,2]) = \\ & = \text{son_inv}(2:5:9:[], 9:8:2:[]) = \text{(#5)} \\ & = \text{son_inv}(5:9:[], 9:8:2:[]) = \text{(#4)} \\ & = \text{False} \\ & = \text{False} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x = 2, s = 5:9:[], \ell = 9:5:[] \\ \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 2, \sin_u \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 9:8:2:[] \\ \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 2, \sin_u \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 9:8:[] \\ \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 2, \sin_u \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 9:8:[] \\ \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 8, \sin_u \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 9:8:[] \\ \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 8, \sin_u \text{ultimo}(\ell) = 9:[] \end{array}$$

En esta segunda definición de la función son_inv, sí hay recursividad y por tanto los ejemplos necesitan (en general) varios pasos.

9) nveces --

nveces::
$$(t, [t]) \rightarrow Int$$

nveces $(x, [t]) = 0$ (#1)
nveces $(x, y:s)$
 $|x == y$ = 1 + nveces (x, s) (#2)
 $| otherwise$ = nveces (x, s) (#3)

10)hay_rep --

 $hay_rep:: ([t]) \rightarrow Bool$

$$hay_rep([]) = False (#1)$$

Ejemplo 1:

hay_rep([7, 5, 8, 9, 8]) =
= hay_rep(7:8:5:9:8:[]) =
$$(#3)$$
= hay_rep(5:8:9:8:[]) = $(#3)$
= hay_rep(8:9:8:[]) = $(#2)$
= True
$$x = 7, s = 5:8:9:8:[]$$

$$x = 5, s = 8:9:8:[]$$

$$x = 8, s = 9:8:[]$$

Ejemplo 2:

hay_rep([7, 5, 8, 9, 1]) =
= hay_rep(7:8:5:9:1:[]) =
$$^{(\#3)}$$
= hay_rep(5:8:9:1:[]) = $^{(\#3)}$
= hay_rep(8:9:1:[]) = $^{(\#3)}$
= hay_rep(9:1:[]) = $^{(\#3)}$
= hay_rep(1:[]) = $^{(\#3)}$
= hay_rep(1:[]) = $^{(\#3)}$
= hay_rep([]) = $^{(\#3)}$
= False

11)eliminar --

eliminar:: $(t, [t]) \rightarrow [t]$

$$eliminar(x, []) = [] \tag{#1}$$

eliminar(x, y:s)

$$| x == y = eliminar(x, s)$$
 (#2)
 $| otherwise = y:eliminar(x, s)$ (#3)

eliminar(8, [7, 5, 8, 9, 8]) =
= eliminar(8, 7:5:8:9:8:[]) = (#3)
= 7:eliminar(8, 5:8:9:8:[]) = (#3)
= 7:5:eliminar(8, 8:9:8:[]) = (#2)
= 7:5:9:eliminar(8, 9:8:[]) = (#2)
= 7:5:9:eliminar(8, 8:[]) = (#2)
= 7:5:9:eliminar(8, []) = (#1)
= 7:5:9:[] = [7, 5, 9]
$$x = 8, y = 7, s = 5:8:9:8:[]$$

$$x = 8, y = 5, s = 8:9:8:[]$$

$$x = 8, y = 9, s = 8:[]$$

$$x = 8, y = 9, s = 8:[]$$

$$x = 8, y = 8, s = []$$

$$x = 8, y = 8, s = []$$

$$x = 8, y = 8, s = []$$

$$x = 8, y = 8, s = []$$

12)eliminar_pares --

```
eliminar_pares:: ([Int]) \rightarrow [Int]
```

$$eliminar_pares([]) = [] (#1)$$

eliminar pares(x:s)

$$| par(x) = eliminar_pares(s)$$
 (#2)

$$|impar(x)| = x:eliminar pares(s)$$
 (#3)

Ejemplo:

13) eliminar pos pares --

eliminar_pos_pares:: $([t]) \rightarrow [t]$

eliminar pos pares(
$$[]$$
) = $[]$ (#1)

eliminar pos pares(x:s)

$$= x:s$$
 (#2)

$$= x:eliminar pos pares(resto(s))$$
 (#3)

Ejemplo 1:

eliminar_pos_pares([7, 5, 8, 9, 12]) =
= eliminar_pos_pares(7:5:8:9:12:[]) =
$$(3)$$
 $x = 7, s = 5:8:9:12:[], resto(s) = 8:9:12:[]$
= 7:eliminar_pos_pares(8:9:12:[]) = (3)
 $x = 8, s = 9:12:[], resto(s) = 12:[]$
= 7:8:eliminar_pos_pares(12:[]) = (3)
 $x = 8, s = []$
= 7:8:12:[] = [7, 8, 12]

Ejemplo 2:

14) eliminar_pos_impares --

eliminar_pos_impares:: ([t]) \rightarrow [t]

$$eliminar_pos_impares([]) = [] (#1)$$

eliminar pos impares(x:s)

$$|\operatorname{es vacia}(s)| = []$$
 (#2)

| otherwise = primero(s):eliminar pos impares(resto(s)) (#3)

Ejemplo 1:

eliminar_pos_impares([7, 5, 8, 9, 12]) =

= eliminar_pos_impares(7:5:8:9:12:[]) = (#3)

$$x = 7$$
, $s = 5:8:9:12:[]$, primero(s) = 5, resto(s) = 8:9:12:[]

= 5:eliminar_pos_impares(8:9:12:[]) = (#3)

$$x = 8$$
, $s = 9:12:[]$, primero(s) = 9, resto(s) = 12:[]

= 5:9: eliminar pos impares(12:[]) =
$$(#2)$$
 $x = 8, s = []$

= 5:9:[] = [5, 9]

Ejemplo 2:

 $eliminar_pos_impares([7, 5, 8, 9]) =$

= eliminar_pos_impares(7:5:8:9:[]) = (#3)

$$x = 7$$
, $s = 5:8:9:[]$, primero(s) = 5, resto(s) = 8:9:[]

= 5:eliminar pos impares(8:9:[]) = (#3)

$$x = 8, s = 9:[], primero(s) = 9, resto(s) = []$$

= 5:9: eliminar pos impares([]) = (#1)

= 5:9:[] = [5, 9]

15)eliminar_rep --

eliminar_rep:: $([t]) \rightarrow [t]$

$$eliminar rep([]) = [] (#1)$$

eliminar_rep(x:s)

$$|\operatorname{esta}(x, s)| = x:\operatorname{eliminar_rep}(\operatorname{eliminar}(x, s))$$

$$|\operatorname{otherwise}| = x:\operatorname{eliminar_rep}(s)$$
 (#2)

16)eliminar_rep2 --

eliminar_rep2:: ([t]) \rightarrow [t]

$$eliminar rep2([]) = [] (#1)$$

eliminar rep2(x:s)

$$|\operatorname{esta}(x, s)| = \operatorname{eliminar rep2}(s)$$
 (#2)

$$= x:eliminar rep2(s)$$
 (#3)

Ejemplo:

17)par_igual --

par igual:: ([t]) \rightarrow Bool

$$par igual([]) = False (#1)$$

par igual(x:s)

$$| es vacia(s) = False$$
 (#2)

$$| x == primero(s) = True$$
 (#3)

$$| otherwise = par_igual(s)$$
 (#4)

Ejemplo 1:

Ejemplo 2:

```
\begin{array}{ll} par_i gual ([7, 5, 8, 5]) = \\ = par_i gual (7:5:8:5:[]) = (#4) \\ = par_i gual (5:8:5:[]) = (#4) \\ = par_i gual (8:5:[]) = (#4) \\ = par_i gual (8:5:[]) = (#4) \\ = par_i gual (5:[]) = (#2) \\ = False \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ll} x = 7, s = 5:8:5:[], \ primero(s) = 5 \\ x = 8, s = 5:[], \ primero(s) = 5 \\ x = 8, s = 5:[], \ primero(s) = 5 \\ x = 5, s = [] \end{array}
```

18)es_prefijo --

es_prefijo:: ([t], [t]) \rightarrow Bool

es
$$prefijo([], r) = True$$
 (#1)

es prefijo(x:s, r)

$$| es vacia(r) = False$$
 (#2)

$$| x / = primero(r) = False$$
 (#3)

$$| otherwise = es prefijo(s, resto(r))$$
 (#4)

Ejemplo 1:

es_prefijo ([1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 5, 6]) =
= es_prefijo(1:2:3:[], 1:2:5:6:[]) = (#4)

$$x = 1, s = 2:3:[], r = 1:2:5:6:[], primero(r) = 1, resto(r) = 2:5:6:[]$$
= es_prefijo(2:3:[], 2:5:6:[]) = (#4)

 $x = 2, s = 3:[], r = 2:5:6:[], primero(r) = 2, resto(r) = 5:6:[]$
= es_prefijo(3:[], 5:6:[]) = (#3)

 $x = 3, s = [], r = 5:6:[], primero(r) = 5, resto(r) = 6:[]$
= False

Ejemplo 2:

= True

Ejemplo 3:

```
es_prefijo ([1, 2, 3], [1, 2]) =
= es_prefijo(1:2:3:[], 1:2:[]) = (#4)

x = 1, s = 2:3:[], r = 1:2:[], primero(r) = 1, resto(r) = 2:[]
= es_prefijo(2:3:[], 2:[]) = (#4)

x = 2, s = 3:[], r = 2:[], primero(r) = 2, resto(r) = []
= es_prefijo(3:[], []) = (#2)

x = 3, s = [], r = []
= True
```

19)es_sublista --

es_sublista:: ([t], [t])
$$\rightarrow$$
 Bool

es sublista(
$$[]$$
, r) = True (#1)

es sublista(x:s, r)

$$| es_vacia(r) = False$$
 (#2)

$$| \text{ es prefijo}(x:s, r) | = \text{True}$$
 (#3)

$$= es sublista(x:s, resto(r))$$
 (#4)

Ejemplo 1:

es_sublista ([4, 5], [1, 2, 5, 6]) =
= es_sublista(4:5:[], 1:2:5:6:[]) = (#4)

$$x = 4, s = 5:[], r = 1:2:5:6:[], resto(r) = 2:5:6:[]$$
= es_sublista(4:5:[], 2:5:6:[]) = (#4)

 $x = 4, s = 5:[], r = 2:5:6:[], resto(r) = 5:6:[]$
= es_sublista(4:5:[], 5:6:[]) = (#4)

 $x = 4, s = 5:[], r = 5:6:[], resto(r) = 6:[]$
= es_sublista(4:5:[], 6:[]) = (#4)

 $x = 4, s = 5:[], r = 6:[], resto(r) = []$
= es_sublista(4:5:[], []) = (#2)

 $x = 4, s = 5:[], r = []$

Ejemplo 2:

= False

es_sublista ([4, 5], [1, 2, 4, 5, 6]) =
= es_sublista(4:5:[], 1:2:4:5:6:[]) = (#4)

$$x = 4, s = 5:[], r = 1:2:4:5:6:[], resto(r) = 2:4:5:6:[]$$
= es_sublista(4:5:[], 2:4:5:6:[]) = (#4)

 $x = 4, s = 5:[], r = 2:4:5:6:[], resto(r) = 4:5:6:[]$
= es_sublista(4:5:[], 4:5:6:[]) = (#3)

 $x = 4, s = 5:[], r = 4:5:6:[]$
= True

20)elem_pos --

elem_pos:: (Int, [t]) \rightarrow t

$$elem_pos(pos, []) = error$$
 "No es adecuado" (#1)

elem pos(pos, x:s)

$$| pos \le 0 || pos > longitud(x:s) = error "No es adecuado" (#2)$$

$$pos == 1 \qquad = x \tag{#3}$$

otherwise = elem
$$pos(pos - 1, s)$$
 (#4)

Ejemplo:

elem_pos(3, [5, 9, **8**, 6, 2]) =
= elem_pos(3, 5:9:8:6:2:[]) =
$$^{(#4)}$$
 pos = 3, x = 5, s = 9:8:6:2:[]
= elem_pos(2, 9:8:6:2:[]) = $^{(#4)}$ pos = 2, x = 9, s = 8:6:2:[]
= elem_pos(1, 8:6:2:[]) = $^{(#3)}$ pos = 1, x = 8, s = 6:2:[]

21)insertar --

insertar:: (Int, t, [t]) \rightarrow [t]

$$| pos /= 1$$
 = error "No es adecuado" (#1)

$$|pos == 1 \qquad = x:[] \tag{#2}$$

insertar(pos, x, y:s)

$$|pos \le 0||pos \ge (longitud(x:s) + 1) = error "No es adecuado" (#3)$$

$$|pos == 1 = x:y:s \tag{#4}$$

| otherwise =
$$y$$
: insertar($pos - 1, x, s$) (#5)

Ejemplo:

insertar(3, 7, [5, 9, **8**, 6, 2]) =
= insertar(3, 7, 5:9:8:6:2:[]) =
$$^{(\#5)}$$
 pos = 3, x = 7, y = 5, s = 9:8:6:2:[] pos = 2, x = 7, y = 9, s = 8:6:2:[] pos = 2, x = 7, y = 8, s = 6:2:[] pos = 1, x = 7, y = 8, s = 6:2:[]

22)pos_primer_par --

pos primer par:: (Int, [t])
$$\rightarrow$$
 t

$$pos_primer_par([]) = 1$$
 (#1)

Ejemplo 1:

Ejemplo 2:

23)pos_ult_apar --

$$pos_ult_apar:: (Int, [Int]) \rightarrow Int$$

$$pos_ult_apar(x, []) = 0$$
 (#1)

$$pos_ult_apar(x, y:s)$$

| x /= y && not esta(x, s) = 0 (#2)
| otherwise = 1 + pos_ult_apar(x, s) (#3)

Ejemplo 1:

$$\begin{array}{lll} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$$

Ejemplo 2:

Otra opción para definir la función:

pos ult apar:: (Int, [Int])
$$\rightarrow$$
 Int

$$pos_ult_apar(x, []) = 0$$
 (#1)

$$\begin{array}{lll} pos_ult_apar(x, y:s) & & & & \\ | x == y & & = 1 + pos_ult_apar(x, s) & & (\#2) \\ | esta(x, s) & & = 1 + pos_ult_apar(x, s) & & (\#3) \\ | otherwise & & = 0 & & (\#4) \end{array}$$

Ejemplo 1:

$$\begin{array}{lll} & \text{pos_ult_apar}(8, [8, 6, 8, 5]) = \\ & = & \text{pos_ult_apar}(8, 8:6:8:5:[]) = ^{\text{(#2)}} & \text{x} = 8, \text{y} = 8, \text{s} = 6:8:5:[] \\ & = 1 + \text{pos_ult_apar}(8, 6:8:5:[]) = ^{\text{(#3)}} & \text{x} = 8, \text{y} = 6, \text{s} = 8:5:[] \\ & = 1 + 1 + 1 + \text{pos_ult_apar}(8, 8:5:[]) = ^{\text{(#1)}} & \text{x} = 8, \text{y} = 8, \text{s} = 5:[] \\ & = 1 + 1 + 1 + 0 = 3 & \text{x} = 8 & \text{y} = 8 &$$

Ejemplo 2:

24) maximo --

$$maximo:: ([Int]) \rightarrow Int$$

$$maximo([]) = error "Lista vacía"$$
 (#1)

maximo(x:s)

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{maximo}([5,3,8,7,8]) = \\ = \text{maximo}(5:3:8:7:8:[]) = & \\ & \text{maximo}(5:3:8:7:8:[]) = & \\ & \text{maximo}(5:8:7:8:[]) = & \\ & \text{maximo}(5:8:7:8:[]) = & \\ & \text{maximo}(8:7:8:[]) = & \\ & \text{maximo}
```

25)unir --

a) Sin utilizar funciones definidas con anterioridad

unir:: ([t], [t])
$$\rightarrow$$
 [t]
unir([], r) = r (#1)

$$unir(x:s, r) = unir(s, x:r)$$
 (#2)

Ejemplo:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{unir}([5,3,8],[7,9]) = \\ = \text{unir}(5:3:8:[],7:9:[]) = ^{\#2}) & \text{$x=5$, $s=3:8:[], $r=7:9:[]$} \\ = \text{unir}(3:8:[],5:7:9:[]) = ^{\#2}) & \text{$x=3$, $s=8:[], $r=5:7:9:[]$} \\ = \text{unir}([],8:3:5:7:9:[]) = ^{\#2}) & \text{$x=8$, $s=[], $r=3:5:7:9:[]$} \\ = 8:3:5:7:9:[] = [8,3,5,7,9] & \text{$r=8:3:5:7:9:[]$} \end{array}$$

b) Utilizando las operaciones ya definidas inversa y ++

unir:: ([t], [t])
$$\rightarrow$$
 [t]
unir(r1, r2) = inversa(r1) ++ r2 (#1)

Esta definición de la función unir no es recursiva.

Ejemplo:

Otra opción:

unir::
$$([t], [t]) \rightarrow [t]$$

$$unir([], r) = r \tag{#1}$$

$$unir(x:s, r) = inversa(s) ++ (x:r)$$
(#2)

26) quitar --

```
quitar:: (Int, [t]) \rightarrow [t]
quitar(cuantos, [])
    | cuantos /= 0
                                     = error "No adecuado"
                                                                      (#1)
    | otherwise
                                     = []
                                                                       (#2)
quitar(cuantos, x:s)
    | \text{cuantos} < 0 | | \text{cuantos} > \text{longitud} (x:s) |
                                                      = error "No adecuado"
                                                                                  (#3)
    cuantos == 0
                                                                                   (#4)
                                                      = x:s
    otherwise
                                                      = quitar(cuantos -1, s) (#5)
Ejemplo:
quitar(3, [7, 6, 8, 5, 9]) =
= quitar(3, 7:6:8:5:9:[]) = (#5)
                                             cuantos = 3, x = 7, s = 6:8:5:9:[]
= quitar(2, 6:8:5:9:[]) =
                                             cuantos = 2, x = 6, s = 8:5:9:[]
= quitar(1, 8:5:9:[]) = (#5)
                                             cuantos = 1, x = 8, s = 5:9:[]
= quitar(0, 5:9:[]) = (#4)
                                             cuantos = 0, x = 5, s = 9:[]
```

27)coger --

= 5:9:[] = [5, 9]

```
coger:: (Int, [t]) \rightarrow [t]
coger(cuantos, [])
    | cuantos /= 0
                                   = error "No adecuado"
                                                                    (#1)
    otherwise
                                   = []
                                                                    (#2)
coger(cuantos, x:s)
    cuantos < 0 \parallel cuantos > longitud (x:s)
                                                   = error "No adecuado"
                                                                               (#3)
    cuantos == 0
                                                                               (#4)
    otherwise
                                                   = x:coger(cuantos – 1, s)(#5)
```

```
coger(3, [7, 6, 8, 5, 9]) =
= coger(3, 7:6:8:5:9:[]) = (#5)
= 7:coger(2, 6:8:5:9:[]) = (#5)
= 7:6:coger(1, 8:5:9:[]) = (#5)
= 7:6:8:coger(0, 5:9:[]) = (#4)
= 7:6:8:[] = [7, 6, 8]
cuantos = 3, x = 7, s = 6:8:5:9:[]
cuantos = 2, x = 6, s = 8:5:9:[]
cuantos = 1, x = 8, s = 5:9:[]
cuantos = 0, x = 5, s = 9:[]
```

(#4)

28) colapsar --

a)

```
colapsar:: ([Int]) \rightarrow [Int]

colapsar([]) = [] (#1)

colapsar(x:s)

| es_vacia(s) = x:s (#2)

| x == primero(s) = colapsar(s) (#3)
```

b)

Ejemplo:

otherwise

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{colapsar}([3, 9, 9, 3]) = \\ = \text{colapsar}(3:9:9:3:[]) = {}^{(\#4)} & \text{$x = 3$, $s = 9:9:3:[]$, $primero(s) = 9$} \\ = 3: & \text{colapsar}(9:9:3:[]) = {}^{(\#3)} & \text{$x = 9$, $s = 9:3:[]$, $primero(s) = 9$} \\ = 3: & \text{colapsar}(9:3:[]) = {}^{(\#4)} & \text{$x = 9$, $s = 3:[]$, $primero(s) = 3$} \\ = 3:9: & \text{$colapsar}(3:[]) = {}^{(\#2)} & \text{$x = 3$, $s = []$} \\ = 3:9:3:[] = [3, 9, 3] & \text{$x = 3$, $s = []$} \\ \end{array}
```

= x:colapsar(s)

29)propagar --

a)

 $propagar:: ([Int]) \rightarrow [Int]$

$$propagar([]) = [] \tag{#1}$$

propagar(x:s)

| otherwise = x:propagar(s) (#4)

b)

```
propagar([8, 7, 2]) =
= propagar(8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[]) = (8:7:2:[])
```

30) arrollar --

a)

 $arrollar:: ([Int]) \rightarrow [Int]$

$$arrollar([]) = [] \tag{#1}$$

arrollar(x:s)

$$| \text{ es vacia(s)} | = x:s$$
 (#2)

$$|x\rangle = primero(s) = x:arrollar(x:resto(s))$$
 (#3)

$$| otherwise = x:arrollar(s)$$
 (#4)

b)

$$\begin{array}{l} \operatorname{arrollar}([3, 9, 9, 3]) = \\ = \operatorname{arrollar}(3:9:9:3:[]) = \overset{\text{(#4)}}{=} \\ = 3: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:9:3:[]) = \overset{\text{(#3)}}{=} \\ = 3:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:3:[]) = \overset{\text{(#3)}}{=} \\ = 3:9:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#3)}}{=} \\ = 3:9:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#3)}}{=} \\ = 3:9:9:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#3)}}{=} \\ = 3:9:9:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#4)}}{=} \\ = 3:9:9:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#4)}}{=} \\ = 3:9:9:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#4)}}{=} \\ = 3:9:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#4)}}{=} \\ = 3:9:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#4)}}{=} \\ = 3:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#4)}}{=} \\ = 3:9: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#4)}}{=} \\ = 3: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{(#5)}}{=} \\ = 3: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{($($1:])}}{=} \\ = 3: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{($($1:])}}{=} \\ = 3: \operatorname{arrollar}(9:[]) = \overset{\text{($1:]}}{=} \\ = 3: \operatorname{arrollar$$

31)hundir --

a)

hundir:: ([Int]) \rightarrow [Int]

$$\operatorname{hundir}(\lceil\rceil) = \lceil\rceil \tag{#1}$$

hundir(x:s)

$$| es vacia(s) = x:s$$
 (#2)

$$| x > leh(s) = primero(s):hundir(x:resto(s))$$
 (#3)

$$| otherwise = x:s$$
 (#4)

b)

```
hundir([8, 3, 2, 9]) =
= hundir(8:3:2:9:[]) = (#3)
= 3:hundir(8:2:9:[]) = (#3)
= 3:2:hundir(8:9:[]) = (#4)
= 3:2:8:9:[] = [3, 2, 8, 9]

x = 8, s = 3:2:9:[], primero(s) = 3, resto(s) = 2:9:[]
x = 8, s = 2:9:[], primero(s) = 9, resto(s) = 9:[]
```

32)borrar --

a) borrar:: ([Int], Int) \rightarrow [Int]

borrar(x:s, pos)

$$|pos \le 0||pos > longitud(x:s) = error "No es adecuado" (#2)$$

$$| pos == longitud(x:s) = s$$
 (#3)

$$| otherwise = x: borrar(s, pos)$$
 (#4)

b)

borrar([1, 7, 5, 8], 2) =
= borrar(1:7:5:8:[], 2) =
$$(x = 1, s = 7:5:8:[], pos = 2)$$
= 1: borrar(7:5:8:[], 2) = $(x = 1, s = 7:5:8:[], pos = 2)$
= 1:7: borrar(5:8:[], 2) = $(x = 1, s = 7:5:8:[], pos = 2)$
= 1:7:8:[] = [1, 7, 8]

33)barrer (abril 2008 #1) --

a)

barrer:: (
$$[Int]$$
) \rightarrow $[Int]$

barrer(x:s)

$$| \text{ es vacia(s)} | = x:s$$
 (#2)

$$|x> primero(s)$$
 = barrer(x:resto(s)) (#3)

$$| otherwise = primero(s):barrer(x:resto(s))$$
 (#4)

b)

34) recorrer (abril 2008 #2) --

a) recorrer:: ([Int]) \rightarrow [Int]recorrer([]) = [] (#1)recorrer(x:s) (#2)es vacia(s) = x:s| x == primero(s)= 0:0:resto(s)(#3)otherwise = primero(s):recorrer(x:resto(s)) (#4)b) recorrer([5, 8, 4]) == $\frac{\text{recorrer}(5:8:4:[])}{\text{resto}(s)} = \frac{(\#4)}{12} \quad x = 5, s = 8:4:[], \text{ primero}(s) = 8, \text{ resto}(s) = 4:[]$ = 8: recorrer(5:4:[]) = (x = 5, s = 4:[], primero(s) = 4, resto(s) = []= 8:4: recorrer(5:[]) = (*2) x = 5, s = [] = 8:4:5:[] = [8, 4, 5]recorrer([5, 5, 4]) == $\frac{\text{recorrer}(5:5:4:[])}{\text{resto}(s)} = \frac{(*3)}{\text{resto}(s)} = 5$, s = 5:4:[], primero(s) = 5, resto(s) = 4:[] = 0:0:4:[] = [0, 0, 4]35) dividir (junio 2008) -- # a) dividir:: ([Int]) $\rightarrow [Int]$ dividir([]) = error "Lista vacía" (#1)dividir(x:s) | x == 0= error "El primero es cero" (#2)es vacia(s) (#3)= (primero(s) 'div' x):dividir(x:resto(s)) $| primero(s) \mod x == 0$ (#4)otherwise = primero(s):dividir(x:resto(s)) (#5)

b)
$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{dividir}([5, 20, 6, 15]) = \\ = \text{dividir}(5:20:6:15:[]) = (\#4) \\ = 4: \text{dividir}(5:6:15:[]) = (\#5) \\ = 4: \text{dividir}(5:6:15:[]) = (\#4) \\ = 4: 6: \text{dividir}(5:15:[]) = (\#4) \\ = 4: 6: 3: \text{dividir}(5:[]) = (\#3) \\ = 4: 6: 3: [] = [4, 6, 3] \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ll} x = 5, \ s = 20:6:15:[], \\ \text{primero}(s) = 20, \ \text{resto}(s) = 6:15:[] \\ x = 5, \ s = 6:15:[], \\ \text{primero}(s) = 6, \ \text{resto}(s) = 15:[] \\ x = 5, \ s = [] \\ x = 5, \ s = [] \end{array}$$

36) superpar (septiembre 2008) --

superpar:: ([Int]) \rightarrow [Int]

a)

$$superpar([]) = [] \tag{#1}$$

superpar(x:s)

$$| es_vacia(s) = x:s$$
 (#2)

| x `mod` 2 == 0 && primero(s) `mod` 2 == 0

=
$$superpar((x + primero(s)):resto(s))$$
 (#3)

$$| x \mod 2 == 0$$
 = primero(s):superpar(x:resto(s)) (#4)

$$= x:superpar(s)$$
 (#5)

b)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{superpar}([3, 10, 8, 9]) = \\ & = \text{superpar}(3:10:8:9:[]) = | & \\ & = 3: & \\ & =$$

37) acumular (abril 2009 #1) --

a) $acumular:: ([Int]) \rightarrow ([Int])$ $acumular([]) = [] \qquad (#1)$ acumular(x:s) $|es_vacia(s)| = x:[] \qquad (#2)$ $|otherwise| = x: acumular((x + primero(s)):resto(s)) \qquad (#3)$

b) Una vez dadas las ecuaciones, desarrollar paso a paso el siguiente ejemplo indicando en cada paso qué ecuación se ha utilizado: acumular([10, 8, 15])

```
acumular([10, 8, 15]) = acumular(10:8:15:[]) = {}^{(#3)}
= 10:acumular(18:15:[]) = {}^{(#3)}
= 10:18:acumular(33:[]) = {}^{(#2)}
= 10:18:33:[]
```

Al desarrollar el ejemplo, en cada paso se ha coloreado la parte de la fórmula a la que se le aplica la ecuación indicada en la esquina derecha de la línea. Se han utilizado dos colores para mejorar la legibilidad, por lo demás los colores distintos no tienen ningún significado.

38) adelantar (abril 2009 #2) --

```
a) adelantar:: ([Bool], [Int]) \rightarrow [Int]
```

$$adelantar([], r)$$

$$| longitud(r) \neq 0 = error "Distinta longitud" (#1)$$

$$| otherwise = [] (#2)$$

adelantar(x:s, r)

$$| longitud(x:s) \neq longitud(r) = error "Distinta longitud" (#3) | es_vacia(s) = r (#4) | x == False = primero(r):adelantar(s, resto(r)) (#5) | x == True =$$

primero(resto(r)): adelantar(s, primero(r):resto(resto(r))) (#6)

```
b)

adelantar([True, False, True, True, True], [8, 3, 9, 5, 2]) = (#6)

= 3: adelantar([False, True, True, True], [8, 9, 5, 2]) = (#5)

= 3: 8: adelantar([True, True, True], [9, 5, 2]) = (#6)

= 3: 8: 5: adelantar([True, True], [9, 2]) = (#6)

= 3: 8: 5: 2: adelantar([True], [9]) = (#4)

= 3: 8: 5: 2: 9: [] = [3, 8, 5, 2, 9]
```

Al desarrollar el ejemplo, en cada paso se ha coloreado la parte de la fórmula a la que se le aplica la ecuación indicada en la esquina derecha de la línea. Se han utilizado dos colores para mejorar la legibilidad, por lo demás los colores distintos no tienen ningún significado.

39) elimparpos (junio 2009) --

```
a)
   elimparpos:: ([Int], Int) \rightarrow [Int]
   elimparpos([], pos) = error "Lista vacía"
                                                                              (#1)
   elimparpos(x:s, pos)
    | pos < 1 || pos > longitud(x:s) = error "Posición no adecuada"
                                                                              (#2)
    | pos == 1 \&\& x mod 2 == 0
                                              = s
                                                                              (#3)
                                                                              (#4)
    | pos == 1 \&\& x mod 2 /= 0
                                              = x: elimparpos(s, pos -1)
    otherwise
                                                                             (#5)
b)
   elimparpos([8, 5, 16, 7, 10, 4], 3) =
   = elimparpos(8:5:16:7:10:4:[], 3) = (#5)
   = 8: elimparpos(5:16:7:10:4:[], 2) = (\#5)
   = 8:5: elimparpos(16:7:10:4:[], 1) = (#3)
   = 8: 5: 7:10:4:[] =
   = [8, 5, 7, 10, 4]
```

40)ult_primo (septiembre 2009) --

```
a)
ult primo:: ([Int]) \rightarrow Int
ult primo([]) = -1
                                                                         (#1)
ult primo(x:s)
| not es primo(x)
                                  = ult primo(s)
                                                                         (#2)
es vacia(s)
                                  = x
                                                                         (#3)
es_primo(primero(s))
                                  = ult primo(s)
                                                                         (#4)
| not es_primo(primero(s))
                                  = ult_primo(x:resto(s))
                                                                         (#5)
```

Es importante darse cuenta de que en las ecuaciones (#3), (#4) y (#5) se cumple *es_primo(x)*. Así mismo en la ecuaciones (#4) y (#5) se cumple *not es_vacia(s)*. Además, en la ecuación (#5) se podría haber puesto *otherwise* en vez de *not es primo(primero(s))*.

```
b)
ult_primo([8, 11, -7, 9, 3, 6]) =
ult_primo(8:11:-7:9:3:6:[]) = (#2)
ult_primo(11:-7:9:3:6:[]) = (#5)
= ult_primo(11:9:3:6:[]) = (#5)
= ult_primo(11:3:6:[]) = (#4)
= ult_primo(3:6:[]) = (#5)
= ult_primo(3:6:[]) = (#3)
= 3
```

41) sublong parponer (Abril 2010 #1) --

a) sublongparponer:: $([t]) \rightarrow ([t])$ sublongparponer([]) = [] (#1)sublongparponer(x:s) es vacia(s) (#2)= x:x:[]

$$| x == primero(s)$$
 = x:x:sublongparponer(resto(s)) (#3)
 $| x /= primero(s)$ = x:x:sublongparponer(s) (#4)

b)

```
sublongparponer([10, 10, 10, 8, 8, 15, 8]) =
= sublongparponer(10:10:10:8:8:15:8:[]) = (#3)
= 10:10:sublongparponer(10:8:8:15:8:[]) = (#4)
= 10:10:10:10:8:8: sublongparponer(15:8:[]) = (#4)
= 10:10:10:10:8:8:15:15: sublongparponer(8:[]) =
= 10:10:10:10:8:8:15:15:8:8:[] =
= [10, 10, 10, 10, 8, 8, 15, 15, 8, 8]
```

42)mayor_de_cada_par (Abril 2010 #2) --

```
a) mayor_de_cada_par:: ([Int]) → ([Int])
mayor_de_cada_par([]) = [] (#1)
mayor_de_cada_par(x:s)
| longitud(x:s) mod 2 /= 0 = error "Longitud impar" (#2)
| x >= primero(s) = x: x: mayor_de_cada_par(resto(s)) (#3)
| x < primero(s) = primero(s): primero(s): mayor_de_cada_par(resto(s)) (#4)</li>
b)
```

mayor_de_cada_par([10, 8, 5, 7, 7, 20, 5, 5]) =
= mayor_de_cada_par (10:8:5:7:7:20:5:5:[]) = (#3)
= 10:10: mayor_de_cada_par(5:7:7:20:5:5:[]) = (#4)
= 10:10:7:7: mayor_de_cada_par(7:20:5:5:[]) = (#4)
= 10:10:7:7:20:20: mayor_de_cada_par(5:5:[]) = (#3)
= 10:10:7:7:20:20:5:5: mayor_de_cada_par([]) = (#1)
= 10:10:7:7:20:20:5:5:[] =
= [10, 10, 7, 7, 20, 20, 5, 5]

43)colocar (Junio 2010) --

```
b)

colocar([8, 0, 0, 7], [3, 20, 12, 28])

= colocar(8:0:0:7:0:6:[], 3:20:12:28:[]) = (#4)

= 8: colocar(0:0:7:[], 3:20:12:45:28:[]) = (#3)

= 8: 0: 3: colocar(0:7:[], 20:12:45:28:[]) = (#3)

= 8: 0: 3: 0: 20: colocar(7:[], 12:45:28:[]) = (#4)

= 8: 0: 3: 0: 20: 7: colocar([], 12:45:28:[]) = (#1)

= 8: 0: 3: 0: 20: 7: [] = [8, 0, 3, 0, 20, 7]
```

44) sublongparquitar (Septiembre 2010) --

```
b)
sublongparquitar([10, 10, 10, 8, 8, 15, 8]) =
sublongparquitar(10:10:10:8:8:15:8:[]) = (#3)
= 10:10:sublongparquitar(10:8:8:15:8:[]) = (#4)
= 10:10:sublongparquitar(8:8:15:8:[]) = (#4)
= 10:10:8:8:sublongparquitar(15:8:[]) = (#4)
= 10:10:8:8:sublongparquitar(8:[]) = (#2)
```

= 10:10:8:8:[] = = [10, 10, 8, 8]