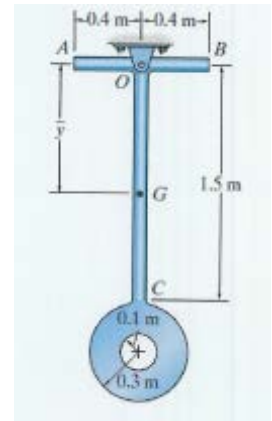










# EGM 3420C - Engineering Mechanics

## Dynamics Review Problems

Problem 15 The pendulum consists of two slender rods **AB** and **OC** which have a mass of 3 kg/m. The thin plate has a mass of 12 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. Determine the location  $\bar{y}$  of the center of mass **G** of the pendulum, then calculate the moment of inertia of the pendulum about the axis perpendicular to the page and passing through **G**.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mass}_{AB} &= 0.8(3) = 2.4 \text{ kg} \\ \text{Mass}_{OC} &= 1.5(3) = 4.5 \text{ kg} \\ \text{Mass}_{\text{Disk}} &= 12(\pi)(.3)^2 = 3.39 \text{ kg} \\ \text{Mass}_{\text{Hole}} &= 12(\pi)(.1)^2 = 0.377 \text{ kg} \end{aligned}$$

SHAPE	MASS (kg)	$\bar{y}$ m	$\bar{y}$ m kg·m
	2.4	0	0
	4.5	0.75	3.375
	3.39	1.8	6.102
	-0.377	1.8	-0.6785
	<u>9.91</u>		<u>8.8</u>
		$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum \bar{y}m}{\sum m} = \frac{8.8}{9.91} = 0.888 \text{ m}$	
SHAPE	$I_G$	$md^2$	$I_G + md^2$
	$\frac{1}{12}ml^2$	$2.4(0.888)^2$	2.02
	$\frac{1}{12}(2.4)(.8)^2 = 0.128$	$= 1.89$	
	$\frac{1}{12}(4.5)(1.5)^2 = 0.844$	$4.5(.888-.75)^2 = 0.087$	0.931
	$\frac{1}{2}mr^2$	$3.39(1.8-.888)^2 = 2.82$	2.973
	$\frac{1}{2}(3.39)(.3^2) = 0.153$	$= 2.82$	
	$-\frac{1}{2}(.377)(.1)^2 = -.00189$	$-.377(1.8-.888)^2 = 0.3136$	<u><u>5.61 kg·m<sup>2</sup> = <math>I_G</math></u></u>