

## Rigid Body Kinematics II – Problem 2 ALTERNATE SOLUTION

At the instant shown the angular velocity of BC is 2 rad/second clockwise. Wheel A is a rolling no-slip wheel. Classify the motion of each rigid body in the figure, and determine the angular velocity of Wheel A. The radius of Wheel A is 1".

CLASSIFY MOTION

BC - RAFA

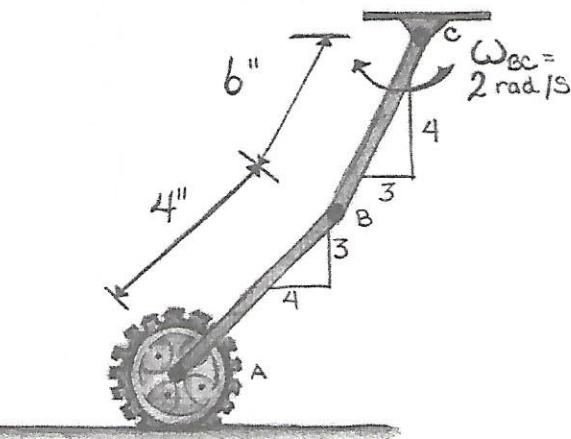
AB - GPM

WHEEL A - GPM

VELOCITY EQNS CHOOSE PT "A"

$$\vec{V}_A = \vec{V}_{pc} + \vec{V}_{A/pc}$$

$$\vec{V}_A = \vec{V}_B + \vec{V}_{A/B}$$

COMBINING


$$\vec{V}_{pc} + \vec{V}_{A/pc} = \vec{V}_B + \vec{V}_{A/B}$$



$$V_B = \omega_{BC} r_{BC} = (2)(6) = 12$$

$$V_{A/B} = 4\omega_{BA}$$

$$\leftarrow \sum X \text{ O} + V_{A/pc} = \frac{4}{5} V_B + \frac{3}{5} V_{A/B}$$

$$\omega_{WH}(1) = \frac{4}{5}(12) + \frac{3}{5}(4\omega_{BA})$$

$$\uparrow \sum Y \text{ O} + 0 = \frac{3}{5}(12) + \frac{4}{5}(4\omega_{BA})$$

$$\omega_{BA} = -2.25 = 2.25 \text{ rps} \uparrow$$

$$\omega_{WH} = 4.2 \text{ rps} \uparrow$$

$$V_A = \omega_{WH}(1) = 4.2(1) = 4.2 \text{ in/s} \leftarrow$$