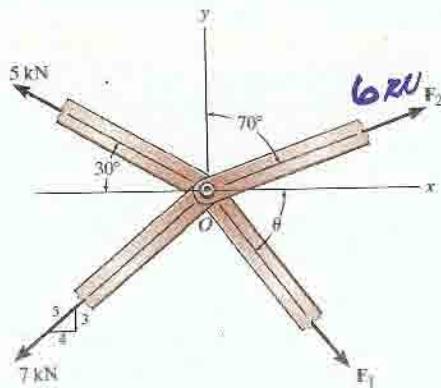


3-2.

The members of a truss are pin connected at joint O . Determine the magnitude of F_1 and its angle θ for equilibrium. Set $F_2 = 6 \text{ kN}$.

SOLUTION



$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0$$

FBD

$$6 \sin 70 + F_1 \cos \theta - 5 \cos 30 - \frac{4}{5}(7) = 0$$

$$F_1 \cos \theta = 4.29 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0$$

$$6 \cos 70 + 5 \sin 30 - F_1 \sin \theta - \frac{3}{5}(7) = 0$$

$$F_1 \sin \theta = 0.3521 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

SOLVING $\textcircled{1}$ & $\textcircled{2}$

$$\frac{F_1 \sin \theta}{F_1 \cos \theta} = \frac{0.3521}{4.29} = \tan \theta$$

$$\underline{\underline{\theta = 4.69^\circ}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{F_1 = 4.31 \text{ kN}}}$$

3-5

The members of a truss are connected to the gusset plate. If the forces are concurrent at point O, determine the magnitudes of \mathbf{F} and \mathbf{T} for equilibrium. Take $\theta = 90^\circ$.

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = 36.87^\circ$$

$$\phi = \theta - \alpha = 90 - 36.87 = 53.13^\circ$$

For equilibrium: $\sum \vec{F} = 0$

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 = -F\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + T \cos 53.13^\circ \quad (1)$$

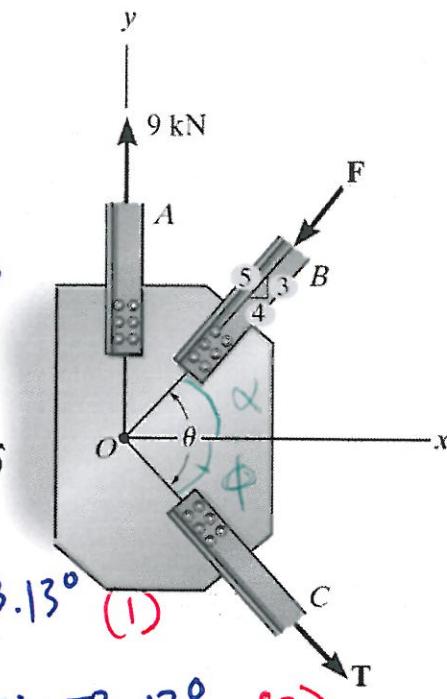
$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 = 9 - F\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) - T \sin 53.13^\circ \quad (2)$$

Solve system of equations:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.8 & \cos 53.13^\circ \\ 0.6 & \sin 53.13^\circ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} F \\ T \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T = \underline{\underline{7.20 \text{ kN}}} \quad \text{Ans.}$$

$$F = \underline{\underline{5.40 \text{ kN}}} \quad \text{Ans.}$$



3-6

The gusset plate is subjected to the forces of three members. Determine the tension force in member C and its angle θ for equilibrium. The forces are concurrent at point O. Take $F = 8 \text{ kN}$.

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = 36.87^\circ$$

$$\theta = \alpha + \phi$$

For equilibrium: $\sum \vec{F} = \emptyset$

$$\Rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 = -8\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + T \cos \phi \quad (1)$$

$$\nexists \sum F_y = 0 = 9 - 8\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) - T \sin \phi \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow T \cos \phi = 6.4 \quad (1')$$

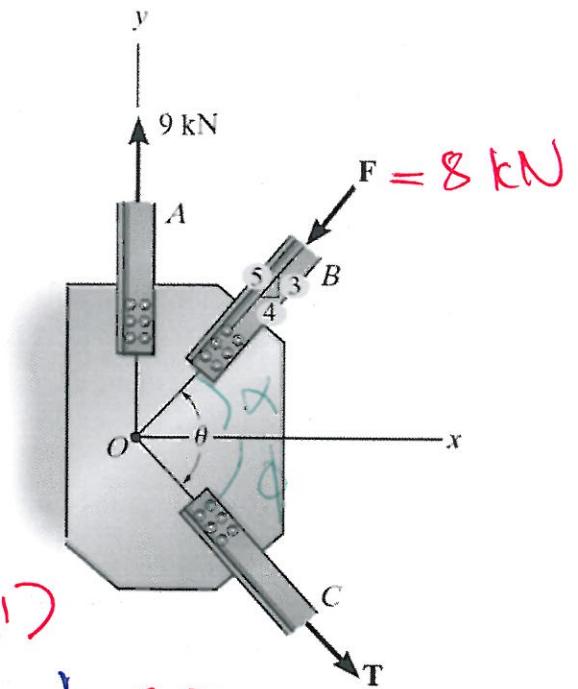
$$(2) \Rightarrow T \sin \phi = 4.2 \quad (2')$$

$$\frac{(2')}{(1')} \Rightarrow \frac{T \sin \phi}{T \cos \phi} = \frac{4.2}{6.4} \Rightarrow \tan \phi = 0.65625$$

$$\phi = 33.3^\circ$$

Substitute ϕ to (2'): $T = 7.65 \text{ kN}$
Ans.

$$\theta = \alpha + \phi = 36.87 + 33.3 = \underline{\underline{70.2^\circ}} \quad \text{Ans.}$$

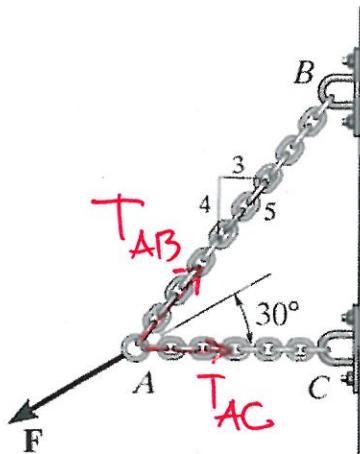


3-9

Determine the maximum force F that can be supported in the position shown if each chain can support a maximum tension of 600 lb before it fails.

For equilibrium: $\sum \vec{F} = \phi$

$$\nexists \sum F_y = 0 = \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)T_{AB} - F \sin 30^\circ \\ \Rightarrow T_{AB} = 0.625 F$$



$$\nexists \sum F_x = 0 = T_{AC} + \frac{3}{5}T_{AB} \xrightarrow{0.625F} - F \cos 30^\circ \\ \Rightarrow T_{AC} = 0.491 F$$

* $T_{AB} \leq T_{\max}$ or $0.625 F \leq 600 \text{ lb} \Rightarrow F \leq 960 \text{ lb}$

* $T_{AC} \leq T_{\max}$ or $0.491 F \leq 600 \text{ lb} \Rightarrow F \leq 1222 \text{ lb}$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Max. force } F = \underline{\underline{960 \text{ lb}}} \quad \text{Ans.}$$