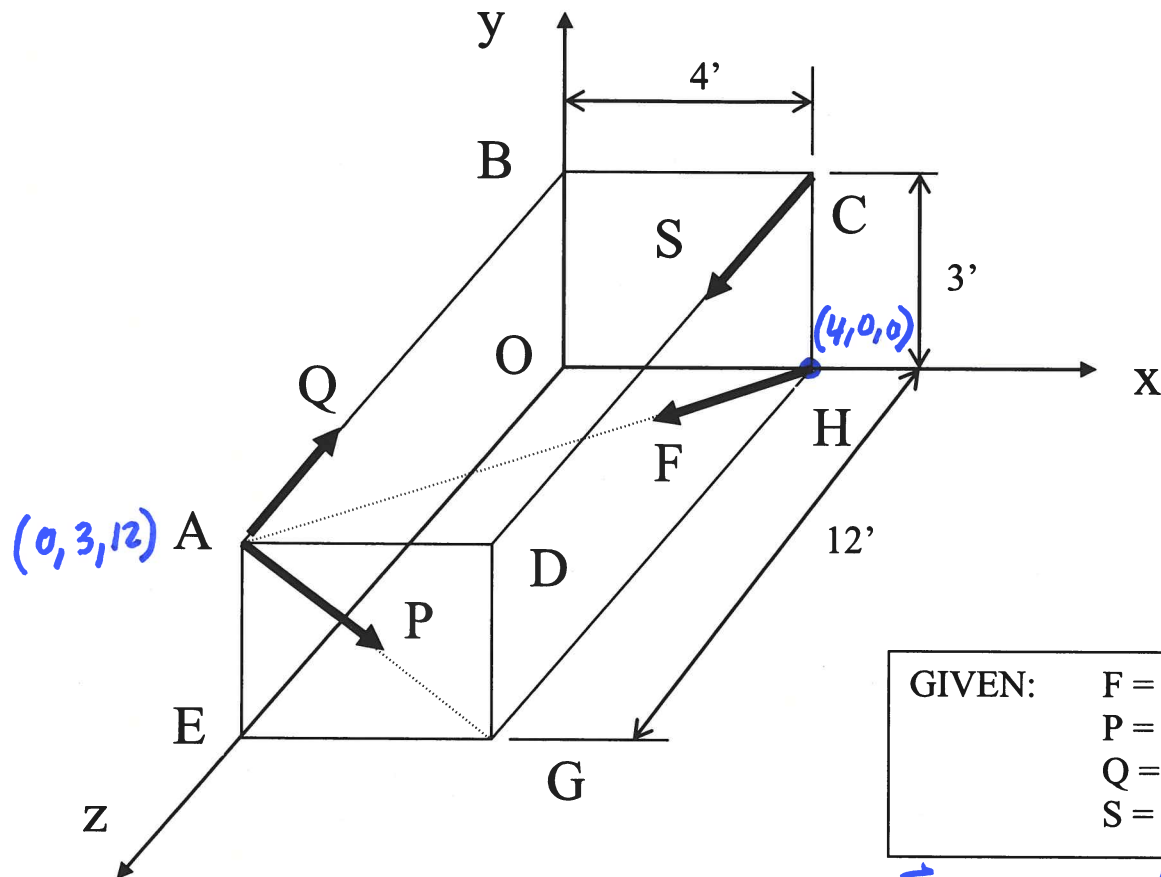


### 3D Force Resultant

Determine resultant,  $\underline{\mathbf{R}}$ , of  $\underline{\mathbf{F}}$ ,  $\underline{\mathbf{P}}$ , and  $\underline{\mathbf{Q}}$ .



GIVEN:  $F = 130$  lbs  
 $P = 100$  lbs  
 $Q = 50$  lbs  
 $S = 50$  lbs

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F} &= ? \\ \vec{r}_{HA} &= (-4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 12\hat{k}) \text{ ft} \\ |\vec{r}_{HA}| &= \sqrt{(-4)^2 + (3)^2 + (12)^2} \text{ ft} = 13 \text{ ft} \\ \hat{u}_{HA} &= \frac{(-4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 12\hat{k}) \text{ ft}}{13 \text{ ft}} \\ &= \left(-\frac{4}{13}\hat{i} + \frac{3}{13}\hat{j} + \frac{12}{13}\hat{k}\right) \\ \vec{F} &= |\vec{F}| \hat{u}_{HA} \\ &= 130 \text{ lb} \left(-\frac{4}{13}\hat{i} + \frac{3}{13}\hat{j} + \frac{12}{13}\hat{k}\right) \\ \vec{F} &= [-40 \quad 30 \quad 120] \text{ lb}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{P} &= ? \text{ Note } \vec{P} \text{ lies in a plane // plane } xy \\ &\quad \swarrow \begin{matrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{matrix} \\ \vec{P} &= \left[100 \times \frac{4}{5} \quad -100 \times \frac{3}{5} \quad 0\right] \text{ lb} \\ \vec{P} &= [80 \quad -60 \quad 0] \text{ lb} \\ \vec{Q} &= ? \text{ Note } \vec{Q} \text{ is // to } x \text{ axis in } z \text{ (opposite direction)} \\ \vec{Q} &= [0 \quad 0 \quad -50] \text{ lb} \\ \vec{R} &= \vec{F} + \vec{P} + \vec{Q} \Rightarrow \text{add all components} \\ \vec{R} &= [40.0 \quad -30.0 \quad 70.0] \text{ lbs through A}\end{aligned}$$