

Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100%

To pass 80% or higher

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item**

1. In this quiz, you will calculate the Hessian for some functions of 2 variables and functions of 3 variables.

1 / 1 point

For the function $f(x, y) = x^3y + x + 2y$, calculate the Hessian matrix

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

☐
$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3x^2 \\ -3x^2 & 6xy \end{bmatrix}$$

☐
$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3x^2 \\ 3x^2 & 6xy \end{bmatrix}$$

☐
$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 6xy & -3x^2 \\ -3x^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 6xy & 3x^2 \\ 3x^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 6xy & 3x^2 \\ 3x^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Correct**

Well done!

2. For the function $f(x, y) = e^x \cos(y)$, calculate the Hessian matrix.

1 / 1 point

$$\begin{bmatrix} e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

**Correct**

Well done!

3. For the function $f(x, y) = \frac{x^2}{2} + xy + \frac{y^2}{2}$, calculate the Hessian matrix.

1 / 1 point

Notice something interesting when you calculate

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}[x, y]H \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}!$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Correct

Well done! Not unlike a previous question with the Jacobian of linear functions, the Hessian can be used to succinctly write a quadratic equation in multiple variables.

4. For the function $f(x, y, z) = x^2 e^{-y} \cos(z)$, calculate the Hessian matrix

1 / 1 point

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial z} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial z} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z \partial x} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z \partial y} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{-y}\cos(z) & -2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & -2xe^{-y}\sin(z) \\ -2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) \\ -2xe^{-y}\sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) & -x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & -2e^{-y}\cos(z) & -2e^{-y}\sin(z) \\ -2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) \\ -2x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) & -2xe^{-y}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2xe^{-y}\sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) & 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) & 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{-y}\cos(z) & 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$



Correct

Well done!

5. For the function $f(x, y, z) = xe^y + y^2 \cos(z)$, calculate the Hessian matrix.

1 / 1 point

- ☐ $H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2\sin(z) & 2y\cos(z) \\ 0 & 2y\cos(z) & y^2\sin(z) \end{bmatrix}$
- ☐ $H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2\cos(z) & 2y\sin(z) \\ 0 & 2y\sin(z) & y^2\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$
- ☒ $H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2\cos(z) & -2y\sin(z) \\ 0 & -2y\sin(z) & -y^2\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$
- ☐ $H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2\sin(z) & -2y\cos(z) \\ 0 & -2y\cos(z) & -y^2\sin(z) \end{bmatrix}$

☒ **Correct**

Well done!