Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 80%
To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

1. Compute the length of

 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

 $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ using the dot product. Do the exercises using pen and paper.

- \bigcirc $\sqrt{5}$
- O 3
- √11
- O 11
- \bigcirc $\sqrt{3}$
- \bigcirc $\sqrt{13}$
 - ✓ Correct

Well done!

2. Compute the angle (in rad) between

 $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$

 $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ using the dot product. Do the exercises using pen and paper, but you will need a calculator at some point.

When you are asked to enter numerical answers, please use decimal numbers (e.g., 1.4 or 1.41 instead of $\sqrt{2})$

0.1419



Incorrect

Remember that the angle is given as $\theta = \arccos\left(\frac{\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x}\| \|\mathbf{y}\|}\right)$

3. Compute the distance between

 $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

1/1 point

0 / 1 point

1/1 point

3.6056 **⊘** Correct

4. Write a piece of code that computes the length of a given vector *x*.

1/1 point

```
import numpy as np

def length(x):
    """Compute the length of a vector"""
    length_x = np.linalg.norm(x) # <--- compute the length of a vector x here.

return length_x

print(length(np.array([1,0])))

Reset

1.0</pre>
```



5. We are given two vectors

1/1 point

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
, \quad\mathbf{y} =
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the angle (in rad) between \mathbf{x} and $\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}$.

Do the exercises using pen and paper, but you will need a calculator at some point.