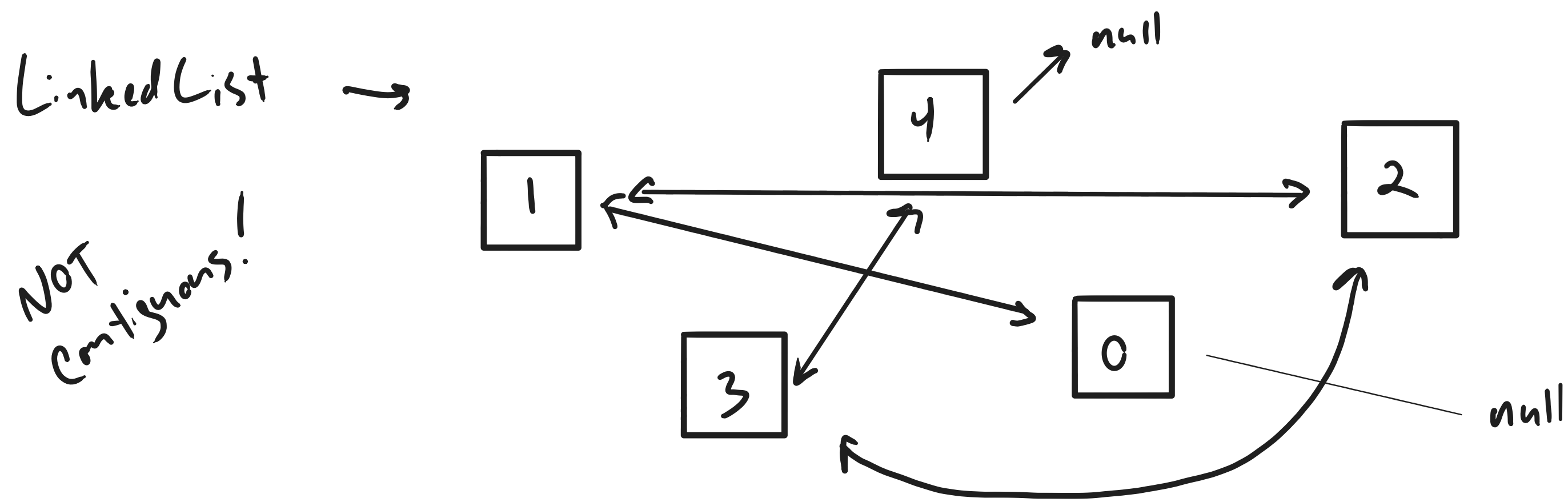
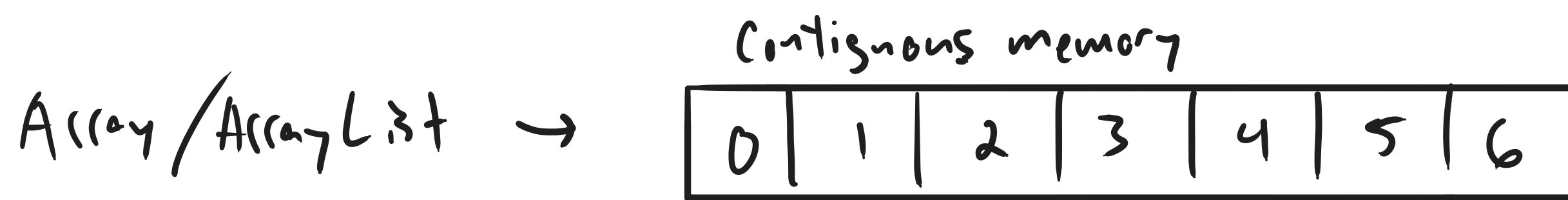
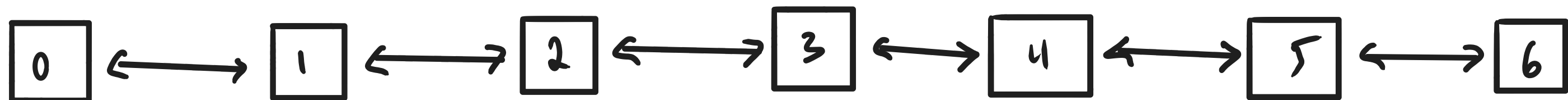


LinkedLists in Java



DISADVANTAGE → slow access time if what you want is in the middle
- you must start @ one end and follow the pointers



The LinkedList knows where it "starts" → the head
... and where it "ends" → the tail

SLIGHT DISADVANTAGE → more memory, because you're storing values AND pointers

ADVANTAGE → much faster insert/remove @ beginning/middle
→ with Array/ArrayList, you'd have to copy all items after the insert/remove point

