The jmsdelim package

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1 Overview

Sizing delimiters using \left and \right should be outlawed! The results are nearly always unaesthetic, primarily because the correct size of a mathematical delimiter is a typesetting consideration which does *not* emanate from the physical size of the interior.

Correctly sizing delimiters is very difficult, particularly in well-architected documents: a correctly engineered mathematical document will include macros for all operations, and these macros necessarily will include delimiters (such as parentheses). However, the correct size for the delimiter cannot be chosen ahead of time, because it will depend on the arguments; two options are available:

- 1. Provide optional arguments to each notation macro for choosing delimiter sizes. This is nearly intractable to do in practice.
- 2. Ignore delimiter sizes.

With jmsdelim we offer an alternative: the correct delimiter sizes can be set at the *leaf nodes* of a mathematical expression, and magically bubble upward through the delimiters.

1.1 Basic commands

\mindelim

```
\min\{\langle intexpr_{min} \rangle\}
```

This sets the minimum delimiter size to $\langle intexpr_{min} \rangle$ at a given point; delimiter sizes are represented as natural numbers, with 0 the smallest size.

\mindelim is the work-horse of jmsdelim; let us consider an example of what one might do prior to adopting jmsdelim. Suppose we have defined a macro \Psh for the free co-completion, following the notation of the French school, and we wish to parenthesize an instance of it:

One might have tried to get a better result by using \left and \right:

```
\label{eq:linear_command_cat} $$ \end{cat} {\mathbf{Cat}} $$ \end{cat} $$
```

The above is hugely worse: the height of the hat does not in any way determine the correct size for the delimiter! The solution using jmsdelim is quite simple, however: first, we change \Hom to call \parens, and then we use \mindelim within the \Psh notation.

1.1.1 Built-in delimiter commands

All commands in this section produce delimiters; they each have a similar structure:

```
\command[\langle options \rangle] \langle * \rangle... \{\langle body \rangle\}
```

The optional <code>options</code> argument locally sets package options (Section 1.2) for the scope of the <code>options</code> argument. The starred variants set the minimum delimiter size <code>outside</code> the current delimiter to be strictly larger than the current size. For instance:

Like mleftright [Obe16], jmsdelim ensures the correct amount of space on the outside of the delimiters using \mathopen and \mathclose.

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $$ \end{tabular} $$$ \end{tab
```

Surrounds (body) in parentheses.

\brackets $\verb|\parens[(options)](*){(body)}|$ Surrounds (body) in square brackets. **\bbrackets** $\protect\$ \parens[\langle options \rangle] \langle \rangle \langle \langle \langle \text{body} \rangle \rangle \langle \rangle \langle \rangle \ran Surrounds (body) in Scott brackets; requires that \llbracket and \rrbracket are defined, for instance by stmaryrd. \angles $\verb|\angles[\langle options \rangle]| <* > {\langle body \rangle}|$ Surrounds (body) in angle brackets; requires that \langle and \rangle are defined. \aangles Surrounds (body) in double angle brackets; requires that \llangle and \rrangle are defined, for instance by MnSymbol. \verts $\verts[\langle options \rangle] \langle * \rangle \{\langle body \rangle\}$ Surrounds (body) in vertical bars.

1.2 Configuration and options

Surrounds (body) in double vertical bars.

 $\verb|\verts[\langle options \rangle]| < | \langle body \rangle |$

 $\verts[\langle options \rangle] \langle * \rangle \{\langle body \rangle\}$

Surrounds (body) in curly braces.

\vverts

\braces

\jmsdelimsetup	\jmsdelimsetup{\(options\)\} jmsdelim can be customized along a few axes.
delimiters	The option delimiters is a comma-separated list which contains a list of sizing commands for delimiters, from smallest to largest.

formatters

The option formatters is a comma-separated list which contains a list of formatting commands for delimiters, from outermost to innermost; the formatters are cycled repeatedly as the depth of delimiters exceeds the provided formatters. The formatters option can, for instance, be used to implement "rainbow delimiters":

1.3 Advanced commands

\delimsep

\delimsep{\langle sep \rangle}

This command can be used to insert a separator in a multi-place operation; this can be used to notate cuts in sequent calculus as in Munch-Maccagnoni [Mun13; Mun17], for instance:

1.4 Extended example from perfectcut

The following states the idempotency of an adjunction:

$$\left\langle t \parallel \tilde{\mu}x. \left\langle \mu\alpha. \left\langle u \parallel e \right\rangle \parallel e' \right\rangle \right\rangle = \left\langle \mu\alpha. \left\langle t \parallel \tilde{\mu}x. \left\langle u \parallel e \right\rangle \right\rangle \parallel e' \right\rangle$$

The following states the commutativity of a strong monad:

$$\left\langle t \parallel \tilde{\mu} x. \left\langle u \parallel \tilde{\mu} y. \left\langle v \parallel e \right\rangle \right\rangle \right\rangle = \left\langle u \parallel \tilde{\mu} y. \left\langle t \parallel \tilde{\mu} x. \left\langle v \parallel e \right\rangle \right\rangle \right\rangle$$

Using \underline to mark redexes:

```
\delta(V, x.y, x.y)
                  =\mu\star.\left\langle V\parallel\left[\tilde{\mu}x.\underline{\left\langle y\parallel\star\right\rangle }\mid\tilde{\mu}x.\underline{\left\langle y\parallel\star\right\rangle }\right]\right\rangle
                  =\mu\star.\left\langle V\parallel\underline{\left[\tilde{\mu}x.\left\langle\iota_{1}(x)\parallel\tilde{\mu}z.\left\langle y\parallel\star\right\rangle\right)\mid\tilde{\mu}x.\left\langle\iota_{2}(x)\parallel\tilde{\mu}z.\left\langle y\parallel\star\right\rangle\right\rangle\right]}\right\rangle
                  = \mu \star . \langle V \parallel \tilde{\mu} z. \langle y \parallel \star \rangle \rangle
                  = \mu \star . \langle y \parallel \star \rangle
                  = y
\NewDocumentCommand\Cut{mm}{
   \angles*{#1 \mathrel{\delimsep{\Vert}} #2}
\NewDocumentCommand\mt{}{\tilde\mu}
\NewDocumentCommand\Case{mm}{
  \brackets{#1 \mathrel{\delimsep{\vert}} #2}
The following states the idempotency of an adjunction:
1
\]
The following states the commutativity of a strong monad:
\t t{\bf x.\cut\ u{\bf y.\cut\ ve}} = \t u{\bf y.\cut\ t{\bf x.\cut\ ve}}
Using \cs{underline} to mark redexes:
\begin{align*}
  & \delta(V,x.y,x.y)\\
  & = \max{\left\{ \right\}}.
        \Cut{V}{
            \Case{
              \mt x.\underline{\Cut y{\star}}
              \mt x.\underline{\Cut y{\star}}
           }
        }\\
  \& = \mathbf{wu}\{star\}.
        \Cut{V}{
           \underline{
              \Case{
                 \mbox{ } x.\Cut{\iota_{1}(x)}{\mbox{ } z.\Cut{y}{\star}}
              }{
                 \mbox{ x.}\Cut{\iota_{2}(x)}{\mbox{ z.}\Cut{y}{\star}}
              }
           }
        }\\
  & = \mu{\star}.\Cut{V}{\underline{\mt z.}\Cut{y}{\star}}\\
  & = \max{\text{y}{\text{y}}}
  & =y
\end{align*}
```

1.5 Internals

The internals of jmsdelim are implemented in expl3.

jmsdelim_make:nnnn

```
\label{eq:lim_make:nnnn} $$ \left( boolexpr_{bump} \right) $ \left( \left( eft \right) \right) $ } $$
```

This routine renders $\langle body \rangle$ into a scratch bbox to determine the minimum size of delimiter that can surround it. Then, it renders it again for real, delimiting it accordingly by $\langle left \rangle$ and $\langle right \rangle$ respectively. If $\langle boolexpr_{bump} \rangle$ is true, then it will increase the minimum delimiter size outside the current scope.

2 jmsdelim implementation

```
1 (*package)
2 \RequirePackage{expl3}
3 \RequirePackage{13keys2e}
4 \RequirePackage{xparse}
5 \ProvidesExplPackage {jmsdelim} {2019/09/14} {0.1}
6 {Compositional delimiter sizing}
7 (@@=jmsdelim)
```

We first declare the options for the jmsdelim module, together with their default valeus.

```
8 \keys_define:nn { jmsdelim } {
9    delimiters .clist_set:N = \l_jmsdelim_size_cmds,
10    formatters .clist_set:N = \l_jmsdelim_fmt_cmds,
11 }
12 \keys_set:nn { jmsdelim } {
13    delimiters = {{},\big,\Big,\bigg,\Bigg},
14    formatters = {{}}
15 }
16 \int_new:N \l_jmsdelim_depth
```

__jmsdelim_fmt_delim:nn

```
\cs_new:Npn \__jmsdelim_fmt_delim:nn #1 #2 {
    \clist_item:Nn \l_jmsdelim_fmt_cmds {
      \int_mod:nn
        { \int_max:nn \l_jmsdelim_depth 0 }
        { \clist_count:N \l_jmsdelim_fmt_cmds }
   }
23
    \bool_if:nT {#2} {
      \clist_item:Nn \l_jmsdelim_size_cmds {
25
        \int_min:nn
26
          { \int_max:nn {#1 + 1} {1} }
27
          { \clist_count:N \l_jmsdelim_size_cmds }
28
      }
30
    }
31 }
```

 $(\textit{End definition for } \verb|__jmsdelim_fmt_delim:nn.)$

```
advanced.
                           32 \cs_new:Npn \__jmsdelim_draw_delim:n #1 {
                               \mathchoice
                           33
                                   \{ \clim_fmt_delim:nn \l_jmsdelim_current_delim_size \c_true\_bool \ \{\#1\} \} \} 
                           34
                                   \{ \clim_fmt_delim:nn \l_jmsdelim_current_delim_size \c_true\_bool \ \{\#1\} \} \} 
                                  {{\__jmsdelim_fmt_delim:nn \l_jmsdelim_current_delim_size \c_false_bool {#1}}}
                                  {{\__jmsdelim_fmt_delim:nn \l_jmsdelim_current_delim_size \c_false_bool {#1}}}
                           37
                           38 }
                          (End definition for \__jmsdelim_draw_delim:n.)
                           39 \int_new:N \l_jmsdelim_current_delim_size
                           40 \int_new:N \g_jmsdelim_min_delim_size
                           41 \bool_new:N \l_jmsdelim_counting_mode
  \__jmsdelim_draw:nnn
                           42 \cs_new:Npn \__jmsdelim_draw:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
                               \bool_if:nT \l_jmsdelim_counting_mode {
                                  \msg_fatal:nn {jmsdelim} {
                                    \__jmsdelim_draw:nnn called during counting mode. this is a bug
                                  }
                           46
                           47
                               }
                               \group_begin:
                                  \int_set:Nn \l_jmsdelim_current_delim_size \g_jmsdelim_min_delim_size
                                  \mathopen{}
                                  {\__jmsdelim_draw_delim:n {#1}}
                           52
                                  { #3 }
                                  {\__jmsdelim_draw_delim:n {#2}}
                           53
                                  \mathclose{}
                               \group_end:
                           55
                           56 }
                          (\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ } \ \_\mathtt{jmsdelim\_draw:nnn.})
\_jmsdelim_int_gset_monotone:Nn
                           57 \cs_new:Npn \__jmsdelim_int_gset_monotone:Nn #1 #2 {
                              \int_gset:Nn #1 {
                                 \int_max:nn {#1} {#2}
                               }
                           60
                           61 }
                          (\textit{End definition for $\setminus$\_jmsdelim\_int\_gset\_monotone:Nn.})
 \__jmsdelim_set_min:n
                           62 \cs_new:Npn \__jmsdelim_set_min:n #1 {
                              \bool_if:nT \l_jmsdelim_counting_mode {
                                  \__jmsdelim_int_gset_monotone:Nn \g_jmsdelim_min_delim_size {#1}
                           64
                           65
                               }
                           66 }
```

We will not use delimiter sizes in subscripts. Later on this could be replaced by something more

__jmsdelim_draw_delim:n

```
(End definition for \__jmsdelim_set_min:n.)
67 \bool_new:N \g_jmsdelim_should_bump
```

\jmsdelim_make:nnnn

```
% \cs_new:Npn \jmsdelim_make:nnnn #1 #2 #3 #4 {
% \bool_if:nTF \l_jmsdelim_counting_mode {
```

First, we recall whether we have already received a bump instruction at the current level.

```
70 \bool_set:Nn \l_tmpa_bool \g_jmsdelim_should_bump
71 \hbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box { $#4$ }
```

If type setting #4 inside the scratch box resulted in the first <code>bump</code> instruction, then we will increase the minimum delimiter size. Otherwise, we know that this is either unnecessary or has already happened.

```
\bool_if:nT {\g_jmsdelim_should_bump && ! \l_tmpa_bool } {
         \verb|\int_gincr:N \g_jmsdelim_min_delim_size| \\
       \bool_gset:Nn \g_jmsdelim_should_bump {#1}
76
    }{
       \group_begin:
77
         \verb|\bool_set:Nn \l_jmsdelim_counting_mode \c_true\_bool|
78
         \verb|\bool_gset:Nn \g_jmsdelim_should_bump \c_false\_bool|
79
         \int_gset:Nn \g_jmsdelim_min_delim_size {0}
80
         \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4}
       \group_end:
82
       \__jmsdelim_draw:nnn {#2} {#3} {
83
         \int_incr:N \l_jmsdelim_depth
       }
    }
87
88 }
```

(End definition for \jmsdelim_make:nnnn. This function is documented on page 6.)

\jmsdelimsetup

```
% NewDocumentCommand\jmsdelimsetup{+m}{
% keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
% }
```

(End definition for \jmsdelimsetup. This function is documented on page 3.)

\mindelim

```
92 \NewDocumentCommand\mindelim{m}{
93 \__jmsdelim_set_min:n {#1}
94 }
```

(End definition for \mindelim. This function is documented on page 1.)

```
\delimsep
              95 \NewDocumentCommand\delimsep{m}{
                  {\__jmsdelim_draw_delim:n {#1}}
             96
             97 }
                      \end{macrocode
             98 %
             99 %
                  \end{macro}
             100 %
             101 % \begin{macro}{\delim}
             102 %
                      \begin{macrocode}
             103 \NewDocumentCommand\delim{+O{}smmm}{
                  \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
                  \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
             105
             106 }
             (End definition for \delimsep. This function is documented on page 4.)
   \parens
             \NewDocumentCommand\parens{+0{}sm}{
                  \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
                  \mbox{\sc make:nnnn } \{\#2\} \ () \ \{\#3\}
             109
             110 }
             (End definition for \parens. This function is documented on page 2.)
 \brackets
             \verb| NewDocumentCommand\brackets{+0{}sm}{} \\
                  \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
                  \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#2} [] {#3}
             114 }
             (End definition for \brackets. This function is documented on page 3.)
\bbrackets
             \NewDocumentCommand\bbrackets{+O{}sm}{
                  \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
                  \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#2} \llbracket\rrbracket {#3}
             117
             118 }
             (End definition for \bbrackets. This function is documented on page 3.)
   \angles
             \NewDocumentCommand\angles{+O{}sm}{
                  \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
                  \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#2} \langle\rangle {#3}
             122 }
             (End definition for \angles. This function is documented on page 3.)
```

```
\aangles
          \NewDocumentCommand\aangles{+O{}sm}{
               \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
               \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#2} \llangle\rrangle {#3}
         (End definition for \aangles. This function is documented on page 3.)
  \verts
          \NewDocumentCommand\verts{+O{}sm}{
               \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
               \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#2} \lvert\rvert {#3}
         (End definition for \verts. This function is documented on page 3.)
\vverts
          \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
               \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#2} \lVert\rVert {#3}
          133
          134 }
         (End definition for \vverts. This function is documented on page 3.)
\braces
          \NewDocumentCommand\braces{+O{}sm}{
               \keys_set:nn {jmsdelim} {#1}
               \jmsdelim_make:nnnn {#2} \{\} {#3}
          138 }
         (End definition for \braces. This function is documented on page 3.)
          \ProcessKeysPackageOptions {jmsdelim}
```

References

- [Mun13] Guillaume Munch-Maccagnoni. "Syntax and Models of a non-Associative Composition of Programs and Proofs". PhD thesis. Univ. Paris Diderot, 2013 (cit. on p. 4).
- [Mun17] Guillaume Munch-Maccagnoni. perfectcut Nested delimiters that consistently grow regardless of the contents. Sept. 3, 2017. URL: http://mirrors.ibiblio.org/CTAN/macros/latex/contrib/perfectcut/perfectcut.pdf (cit. on p. 4).
- [Obe16] Heiko Oberdick. *The* mleftright *package*. May 16, 2016. URL: http://ctan.math.utah.edu/ctan/tex-archive/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/mleftright.pdf (cit. on p. 2).