Git cheat sheet

1. create empty directory. mkdir dirname 2. change path to the current working directory "here: dirname" cd "path to cwd" 3. check all the files in directory including hidden files. ls -a 4. initalize empty git repository. git init (command creates a hidden folder named .git) 5. list content of the .git directory. ls .git 6. create a new file to the cwd. touch newfile 7. see the status of the directory git status (shows output as tracked and untracked files.) 8. add newly created file for tracking. git add newfile IMP: git graphs extension in VS Code. 9. see the logs of git. git log 10. add a commit to the current state. git commit -m "initial commit: add newfile" IMP: **head** is pointing to current branch in which we are working.

GIT Basics:

Git cheat sheet

NOTE:

- Git is a distributed version control system.
- Git tracks changes in two areas before committing those to repositories.
 - Staging
 - Working copy
 - untracked
 - tracked

See Object directory see contents of git/refs

11. create another new file "say: index.js"

touch index.js

12. see the status

git status

13. restore the previous stage using command:

git restore – stage index.js

14. see the logs

git log

15. creating a new branch

git checkout -b feature-sum

16. switch to the master branch

git checkout master

IMP: see branches in the git graphs.

