# A Lightweight Log-based Deferred Update for Linux Kernel Scalability

Joohyun Kyong and Sung-Soo Lim

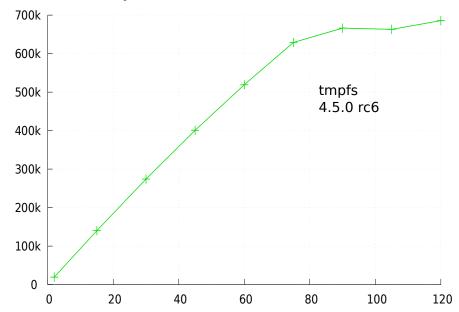
School of Computer Science Kookmin University

August 26, 2016

#### Outline

- Background of research
- Our new method and Evaluation
- Future plans and Summary

### AIM7 Scalability - Linux 4.5.0



#### Operating System Scalability

Scalable operating system.

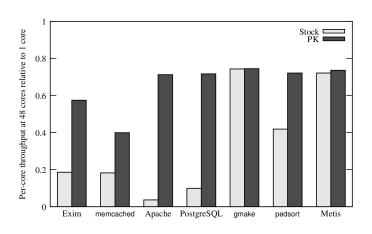
Scalable data structure.

Scalable lock.

# An Analysis of Linux Scalability to Many Cores – OSDI'10

- Author: Silas Boyd-Wickizer, Austin T.Clements: MIT PDOS
- Problem : Linux Scalability
  - ▶ Linux Scalability의 문제 분석
- ▶ Solution : 벤치마크 구현 + 문제 해결
  - ▶ MOSBench 구현
  - Per-core data structure
  - Eliminating false sharing
  - Avoiding unneccessary locking
  - Sloppy counters
  - Multicore packet processing

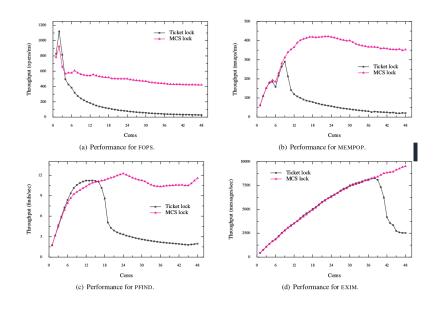
# An Analysis of Linux Scalability to Many Cores – OSDI'10



### Non-scalable locks are dangerous - OLS 2012

- Author: Silas Boyd-Wickizer MIT PODS
- Problem : Non-scalable locks
  - ▶ 리눅스가 Non-scalable locks 사용
- ▶ Solution : MCS lock을 사용하자
  - ▶ MCS lock을 리눅스에 구현 후 실험
  - ▶ 성능 향상

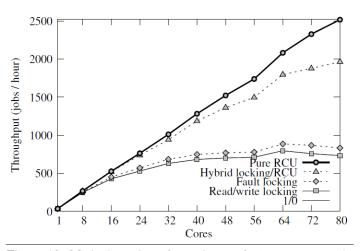
## Non-scalable locks are dangerous - OLS 2012



# Scalable Address Spaces Using RCU Balanced Trees – ASPLOS'12

- Author: Austin T.Clements: MIT PDOS
- ► Problem: Contention Problem
  - mmap + munmap + page faults
- ▶ Solution: RCU 이용(BONSAI)
  - Linux Red-black tree
  - RCU balanced tree

# Scalable Address Spaces Using RCU Balanced Trees – ASPLOS'12



**Figure 13.** Metis throughput for each page fault concurrency design.

# RadixVM: Scalable address spaces for multithreaded applications – EuroSYS'13

- Author: Austin T.Clements: MIT PDOS
- ► Problem: Contention Problem
  - mmap + munmap + page faults
- Solution: Lockless VM
  - ► TLB shutdown interrupt
  - Scalable reference counters

# The Scalable Commutativity Rule-Designing Scalable Software for Multicore Processors – SOSP 13

- Author : Austin T.Clements : MIT PDOS
- ▶ Problem : 응용프로그램의 설계 문제
  - ▶ Scalable한 응용프로그램

#### Scalable data structure

Scalable operating system.

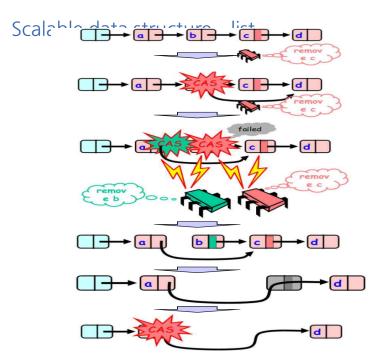
Scalable data structure.

Scalable lock.

#### Scalable data structure - stack

```
struct element {
  int key;
  int value;
  struct element *next;
  };
struct element *pop(void) {
  again:
    struct element *e = head;
  if (cmpxchg(&head, e, e->next) != e)
    goto again;
  return e;
}
```

```
void push(struct element *e) {
    again:
        e->next = head;
        if (cmpxchg(&head, e->next, e) != e->next)
            goto again;
}
```



More than you ever wanted to know about synchronization: synchrobench, measuring the impact of the synchronization on concurrent algorithms – PPoPP 2015

- Author: Vincent Gramoli NICTA
- ▶ 최신 알고르즘을 정리 또는 구현 후 공개소스로 공개
- ▶ 성능 측정

# More than you ever wanted to know about synchronization

#	Algorithm	Ref.	Synchronization	Strategy	Authors	Data structures	Language
1	Practical binary tree	7	lock	optimistic	Stanford U.	binary tree	Java
2	Contention-friendly tree	15	lock	pessimistic	INRIA&NICTA&U. Sydney	binary tree	Java
3	Logical ordering tree	22	lock	pessimistic	Technion & ETHZ	binary tree	Java
4	Lock-free tree	24	read-modify-write	optimistic	Toronto U.&FORTH&York U.	binary tree	Java
5	Fast lock-free tree	58	read-modify-write	optimistic	U. of Texas, Dallas	binary tree	C/C++
6	Speculation-friendly tree	14	transaction	optimistic	EPFL & INRIA	binary tree	C/C++
7	Transactional red black tree	8	transaction	optimistic	Sun (Oracle)	binary tree	Java&C/C++
8	Citrus tree	4	read-copy-update	optimistic	Technion	binary tree	C/C++
9	j.u.c.copyOnWriteArraySet	32	copy-on-write	optimistic	Oracle	dynamic array	Java
10	java.util.Vector	1	lock	pessimistic	Oracle	dynamic array	Java
11	ReusableVector	34	transaction	optimistic	EPFL & U. Sydney	dynamic array	Java
12	j.u.c.ConcurrentHashMap	49	lock	pessimistic	SUNY	hash table	Java
13	Michael's hash table	54	read-modify-write	optimistic	IBM	hash table	C/C++
14	Cliff Click's hash map	12	read-modify-write	optimistic	Azul Systems	hash table	Java
15	Contention-friendly hash table	13	read-modify-write	optimistic	INRIA & EPFL	hash table	Java
16	Resizable hash table	51	read-modify-write		Lehigh U. & Tianjin U.	hash table	Java
17	Elastic hash table	26	transaction	optimistic	EPFL & UniNE	hash table	Java&C/C++
18	Lazy linked list	41	lock	optimistic	Sun&Brown U.&Rochester U.	linked list	Java&C/C++
19	Lock-coupling linked list	47	lock	pessimistic	Brown U. & MIT	linked list	Java&C/C++
20	j.u.Collections.synchronizedSet	32	lock	pessimistic	Oracle	linked list	Java
21	Harris' linked list	39	read-modify-write	optimistic	Cambridge U.	linked list	Java&C/C++
22	Reusable linked list	34	transaction	optimistic	EPFL & U. Sydney	linked list	Java
23	Elastic linked list	27	transaction	optimistic	EPFL & UniNE	linked list	Java&C/C++
24	j.u.c.ConcurrentLinkedQueue	56	read-modify-write	optimistic	IBM & Rochester U.	queue	Java
25	ReusableLinkedQueue	34	transaction	optimistic	EPFL & U. Sydney	queue	Java
26	Optimistic skip list	43	lock	optimistic	Sun&Brown U.&Rochester U.	skip list	C/C++
27	Fraser skip list	30	read-modify-write	optimistic	Cambridge U.	skip list	C/C++
28	j.u.c.ConcurrentSkipListMap	49	read-modify-write	optimistic	SUNY	skip list	Java
29	No hot spot skip list	16	read-modify-write	optimistic	INRIA & U. Sydney	skip list	Java&C/C++
30	Rotating skip list	21	read-modify-write	optimistic	U. Sydney	skip list	C/C++
31	Elastic skip list	26	transaction	optimistic	EPFL & UniNE	skip list	Java&C/C++

Table 1. Algorithms of Synchrobench

### Scalable lock

Scalable operating system.

Scalable data structure.

Scalable lock.

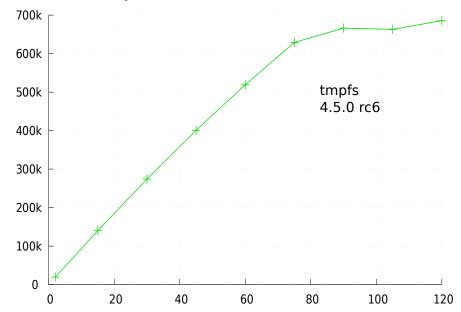
### exclusive lock - spin lock

- test and set
- ticket lock
- Anderson Queue Lock
- MCS
- ▶ 등등등

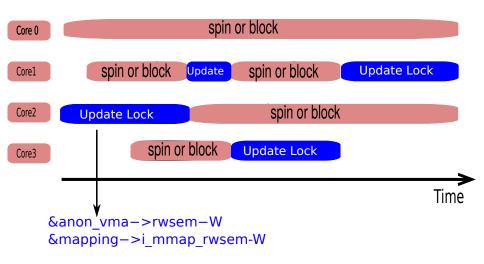
#### concurrent reads - read-mostly data structure

- ► read-write lock
- ► RCU
- ► RLU (SOSP '15)

### AIM7 Scalability - Linux 4.5.0



#### Concurrent updates



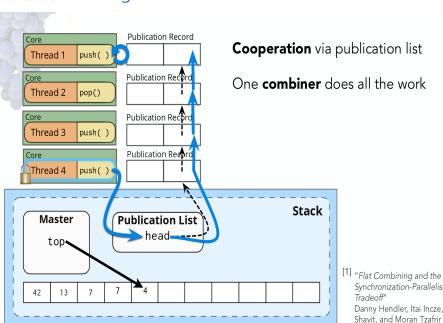
### log-based concurrent updates

- ► FC(Flat Combining)
- Oplog
- ► LDU

### Flat Combining

- Flat Combining and the Synchronization-Parallelism
   Tradeoff
- ► SPAA 2010

### Flat Combining



Synchronization-Parallelism Danny Hendler, Itai Incze, Nir

# Optimizing Communication Bottlenecks in Multiprocessor Operating System kernels – MIT Doctor thesis 2014

- Author : Silas Boyd-Wickizer MIT PODS
- Problem : Update-heavy datastructure
  - ▶ Update-heavy한 상황
- Solution : OpLog
  - ▶ 새로운 lock 툴 제공
  - ▶ synchronized clocks(RDTSC and RDTSCP)을 이용
  - ▶ per-cpu로 데이터 저장 후 처음 read 발생 시 처리
  - path name looup, VM reverse mapping, and the state() system call

# Optimizing Communication Bottlenecks in Multiprocessor Operating System kernels – MIT Doctor thesis 2014

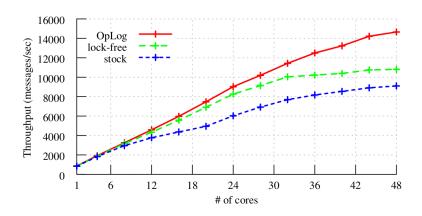


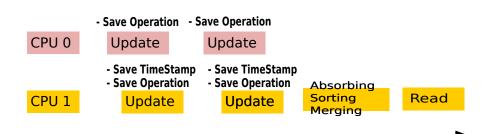
Figure 10: Performance of Exim.

#### Concurrent updates - solution

- Save TimeStamp - Save TimeStamp

Time

### Concurrent updates - solution



Time

### Synchronized timestamp counter



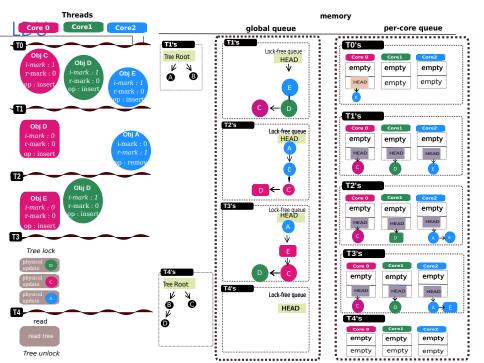


### removing

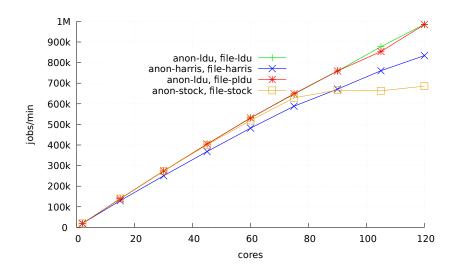
Core 0 Core1 Core2



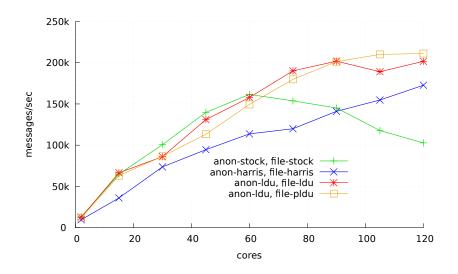




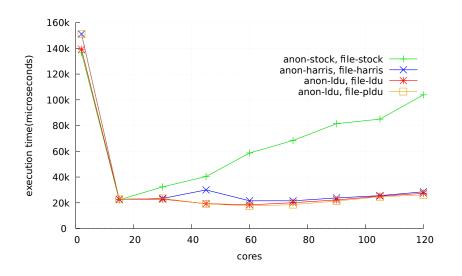
#### AIM7



#### exim



#### **Imbench**



#### Summary

- Background of research
- ► LDU method and Evaluation
- Future plans and Summary
- https://github.com/KMU-embedded/scalablelinux