20220312 박준혁

1.1 s lparen -> s mparen

By rule induction on the judgment s lparen.

case
$$\frac{1}{\epsilon \ lparen} Leps$$
 where $s = \epsilon$

€ mparen

case
$$\frac{s_1\ lparen\ s_2\ lparen}{(s_1)\ s_2\ lparen} Lseq$$
 where $s=(s_1)\ s_2$

 s_1 mparen

 s_2 mparen

 $(s_1)mparen$

 $(s_1)s_2$ mparen

induction hypothesis on s_1 lparen induction hypothesis on s_2 lparen by the rule Mpar

by the rule Mseq

by rule Meps

By rule induction on the judgment s' tparen

case
$$\frac{1}{\epsilon \ t paren} Teps$$
 where $s' = \epsilon$

s tparen

 $ss'=s\epsilon=s$

ss' tparen

assumption by definition of epsilon by assumption

case
$$\frac{s_1 \ tparen \ s_2 \ tparen}{s_1 \ (s_2) \ tparen} \, Tseq$$
 where $s' = s_1 \ (s_2)$

s tparen

s tparen implies s s_1 tparen

s s_1 t paren

 $ss' = ss_1(s_2)$

 $s s_1(s_2) tparen$

assumption

induction hypothesis on s_1 tparen

from assumption

assumption

by rule Tseq (s1 = s s1, s2 = s2)

1.3 s mparen -> s tparen

By rule induction on the judgment s mparen

case
$$\frac{1}{\epsilon \ mparen} Meps$$
 where $s = \epsilon$

$$\epsilon$$
 tparen by Rule Teps

case
$$\frac{s' mparen}{(s') mparen} Mpar$$
 where $s = (s')$

s' tparen

 ϵ tparen

(s') tparen

induction hypothesis on *s' mparen*by Rule Teps
by Rule Tseq (s1=e, s2=s') and

e(s2) = (s2)

case
$$\frac{s_1 \ mparen \ s_2 \ mparen}{s_1 \ s_2 \ mparen} Mseq$$
 where $s=s_1 \ s_2$

 s_1 tparen

 s_2 tparen

 s_1s_2 tparen

induction hypothesis on s_1 mparen induction hypothesis on s_2 mparen

by lemma 1.2