# Hashing

Jonathan Windle

University of East Anglia

J.Windle@uea.ac.uk

June 3, 2017

## Overview I

Intro

## Intro

 Technique for performing insertions, deletions and finds in a dictionary in constant average time.

#### • Hash table:

- An array, T of some fixed size is used to store the keys.
- size referres to the size of *T*.
- $S = \{0, 1, ..., size 1\}$

## • Hashing function:

- $h: K \rightarrow S$ .
- Suppose *K* is the set of 6 digit non-negative integers, then a possible (but poor) choce for *h* is:

$$h(k) = k(mod1000)$$

#### Collisions:

 A collision occurs when two keys hash to the same location in the hash table:

$$h(k) = h(k').$$

- Want to choose the hash function to minimise the chance of collisions.
- Need to decide how to handle collisions when they do occur:

3 / 4

Jonathan Windle (UEA) Hashing June 3, 2017

# The End