Fuel Log

MERN Stack Application

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About the application

The fuel usage data from vehicle assets can provide useful analytical trends for a company so that it can better manage fuel costs over the running service periods of company assets.

Features

- Graphing and tabular reports
- Multi-vehicle tracking
- Trip and fuel usage monitoring
- Individual employee monthly usage report
- Simple and intuitive UI

Purpose

To help keep track of the fuel usages for a company, a fast and easy to use application that is centered around logging instances of fuel refilling of a vehicle can give assistance to determining how much fuel different company assets require.

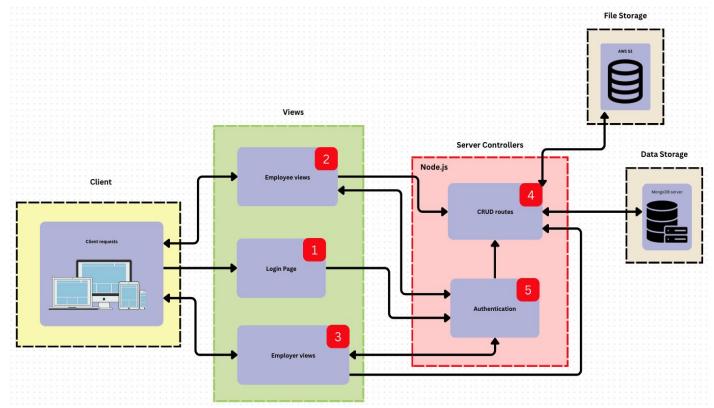
The application uses the recorded data to generate useful reports for the company in an easy-to-understand way, allowing for the company to potentially have the ability to budget and plan for fuel expenses.

Project timeline

- Back-end:
 - Collection modelling. Duration: 1 day
 - o Basic end-point routes for CRUD operations. **Duration: 1 day**
 - Analytical routes for Logs and Vehicles. Duration: 1-2 days
 - Authentication of routes. Duration: 1 day
 - Testing and Deployment. Duration: 1 day
- Database and storage setup. Duration: 0.5 day
- Front-end:
 - Component building. Duration: 2-3 days
 - Graphing and Tabular report Components. **Duration: 1 day**
 - Styling. Duration: 1-2 days
 - Testing and Deployment. Duration: 1 day

Application Architecture

There are two different storage systems that were chosen for the application. A database for storing all the recorded data and a file storage system for storing the vehicle images that will be uploaded for each vehicle.

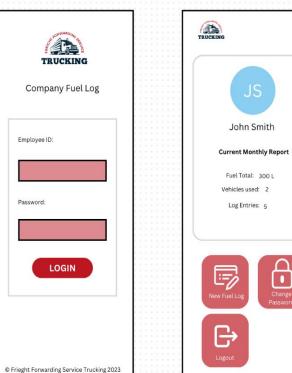


- Access login page, enters details
- Authentication routes query database for password match
- User can access different dashboard depending on account

Mobile Wireframes

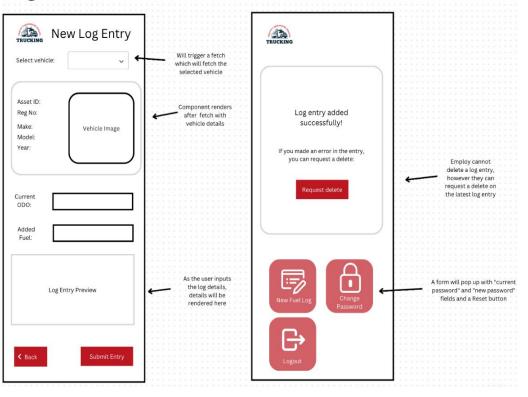
The employee pages don't have a Nav bar. The Nav bar is replaced with the square buttons at the bottom of the page. This is because the employee only uses the app to record a fuel log.

Login Page

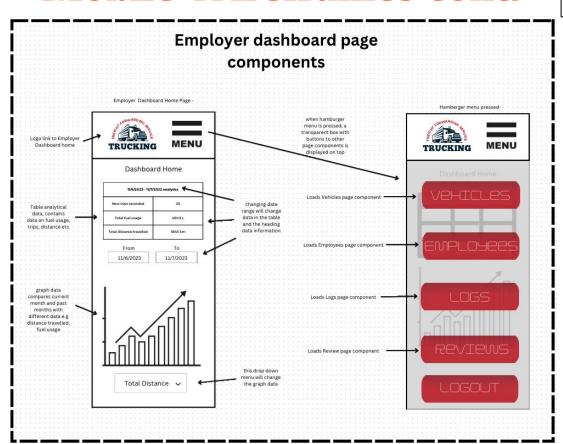


Employee Home Page Log record form

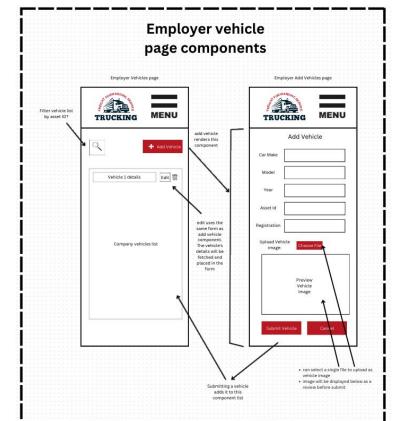




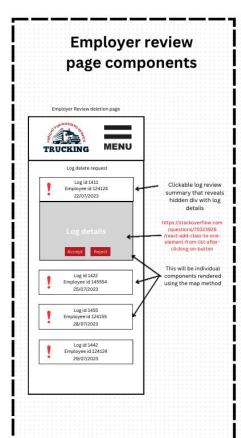
Mobile Wireframes cont.

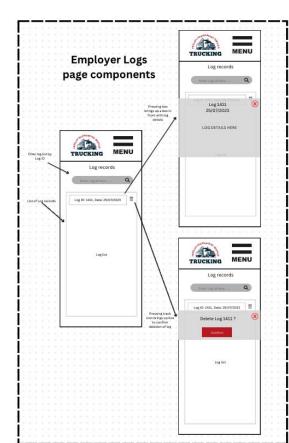


The employer home page was chosen as the page which displayed the analytical graphs and data. Since one of the main features of this application is to do so, it was decided that the reports should be the first thing that's seen and not displayed on a separate page. This could also expanded into its own page once the data grows and allows for more detailed reports, while leave a summarised report on the home page.

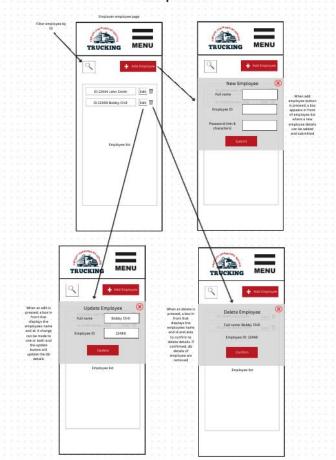


Mobile Wireframes cont.





Employer employee page components

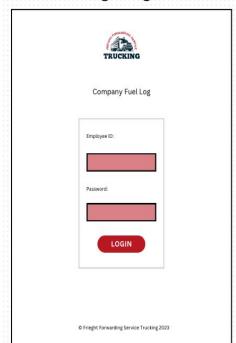


Tablet Wireframes

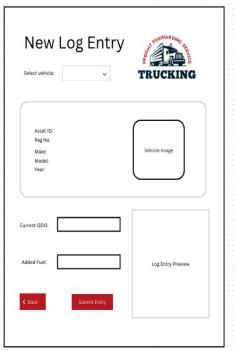
Login Page

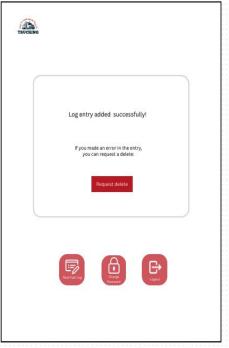
Employee Home Page

Log record form



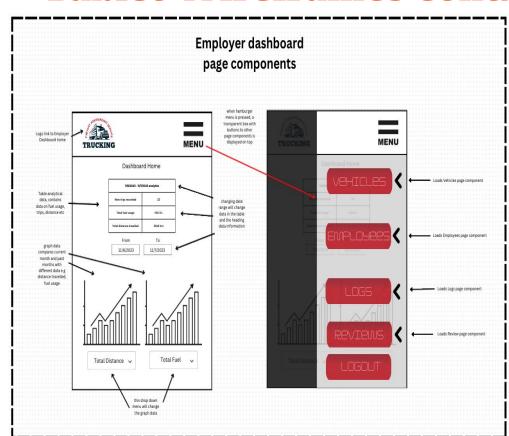


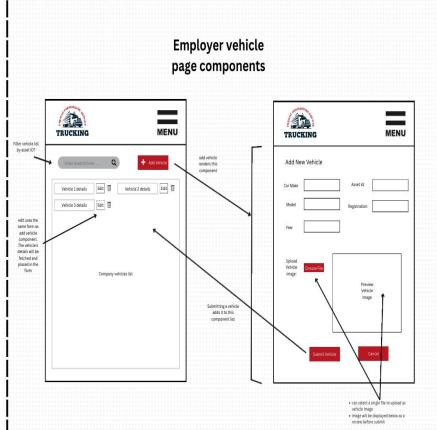




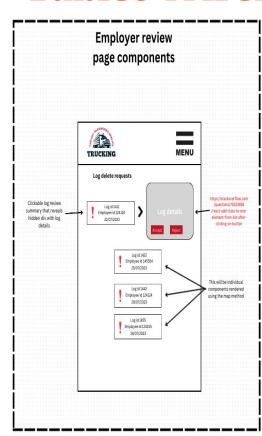
Tablet Wireframes cont.

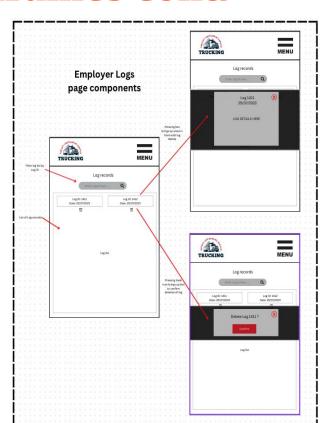
In tablet view, layout mostly the same except more information displays on dashboard and vehicles displayed across two columns

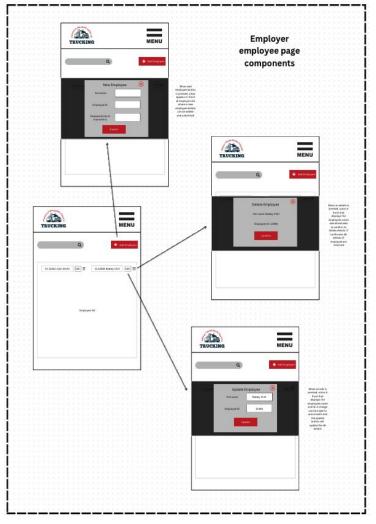




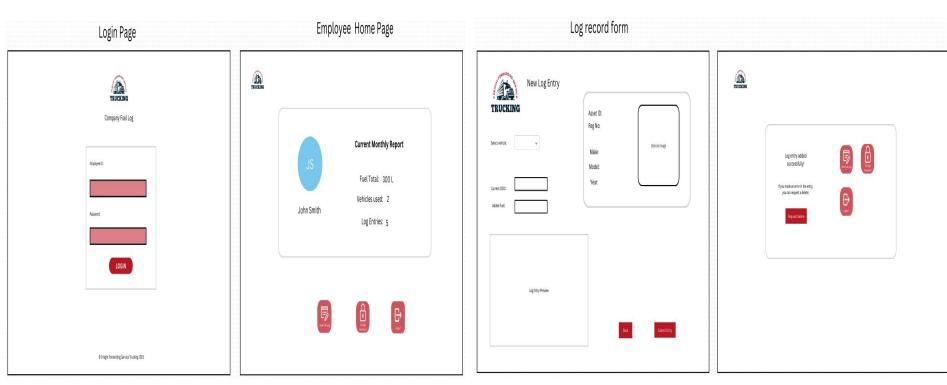
Tablet Wireframes cont.





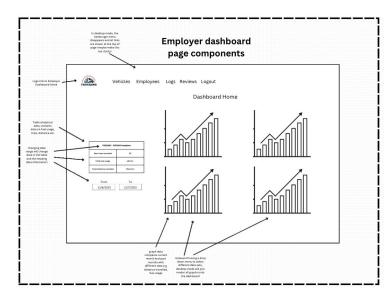


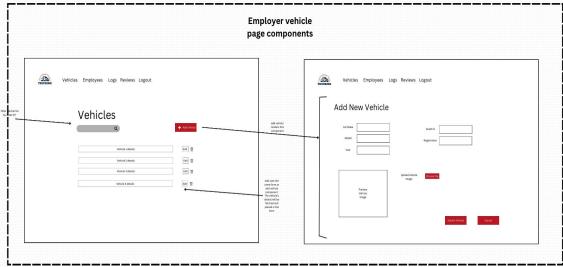
Desktop Wireframes



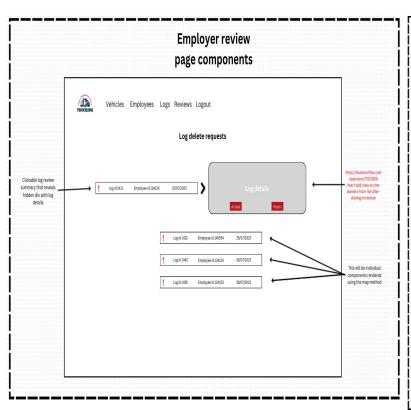
Desktop Wireframes cont.

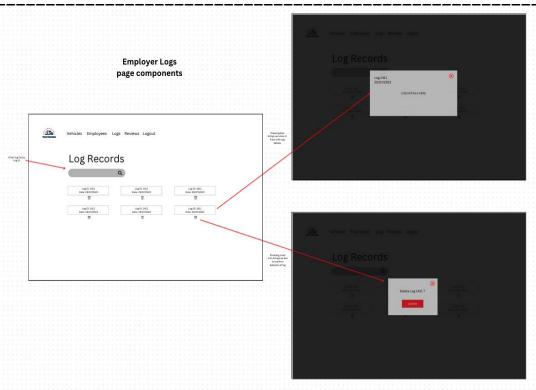
In desktop mode, hamburger menu disappears and instead displays all link at top side by side. Dashboard can also display all graphs in desktop mode



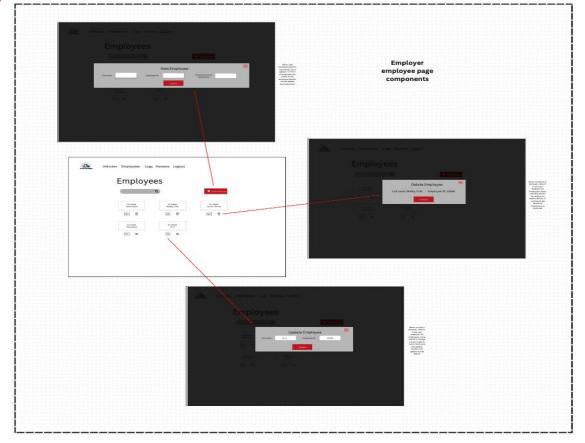


Desktop Wireframes cont.





Desktop Wireframes cont.



Front end component lists

> assets ## EmployeeContextLayout.jsx ## EmployeeHome.jsx EmployeeReport.jsx Header.jsx LogEntry.jsx RequestDelete.jsx VehicleDetails.jsx ✓ employer BarGraphTotalVehicleUsage.jsx DashboardTable.jsx DonutGraphVehicleUsage.jsx EmployeeListFetch.jsx EmployerDashboard.jsx FetchHeader.jsx ⇔ LogsFetchList.jsx ReviewsFetchList.jsx ScatterGraphVehicleDistanceFuel.jsx VehicleForm.jsx VehiclesListFetch.jsx > styled ModalField.jsx ModalText.jsx Pagination.jsx

- Front end interactiveness of the web application was mainly created by REACT which uses components.
 These components make it so html can be reused in multiple parts of the application
- Divided into two sections,
 Employee and Employer
 components. Other
 components were also
 made for styling purposes

Front end routing

```
<FuelLogContext.Provider value={{loginAccess, userAccess, authorised, userName, userLogout, loaderGif, renderLoadingGif, setRenderLoadingGif, allVehicles, getAllVehicles,</pre>
      currentVehicleDetails, currentVehicle, displayVehicleInfo, displayPlaceholderVehicleInfo, backButton, showModalText,
      modalTextOperation, showModalField, modalFieldOperation, navigate, editVehicle, deleteVehicle,
      postLogEntry, newLogCreated, newLogReguest, userId, postUpdateEmployee, errorMessage, modalErrorRender, setModalErrorRender, errorHandler}}>
        <Routes>
          <Route path='/' element={<Login />} />
          <Route path='/employee' >
              <Route path='dashboard/home' element={<EmployeeHome />} />
              <Route path='dashboard/new/log/all' element={<LogEntry />} />
          </Route>
          <Route path='/employer'>
            <Route path='dashboard/home' element={<HomeReportWrapper />} />
            <Route path='dashboard/all/vehicles' element={<EmployerDashboard><VehiclesListFetch /></EmployerDashboard>} />
            <Route path='dashboard/vehicle/new' element={<EmployerDashboard><VehicleForm /></EmployerDashboard>} />
            <Route path='dashboard/all/vehicles/edit/:assetID' element={<EmployerDashboard><VehicleForm {...propsObject} /></EmployerDashboard>} />
            <Route path='dashboard/all/employees' element={<EmployerDashboard><EmployeeListFetch /></EmployerDashboard>} />
            <Route path='dashboard/all/logs' element={<EmployerDashboard><LogsFetchList /></EmployerDashboard>} />
            <Route path='dashboard/all/logs/reviews' element={<EmployerDashboard><ReviewsFetchList /></EmployerDashboard>} />
          </Route>
        </Routes>
    </FuelLogContext.Provider>
export default App
```

- Majority of routing is performed in App.jsx in src folder
- All components in these
 routes rely heavily on
 reducers and contexts to
 provide global variables for
 different components. This
 was chosen to reduce prop
 usage on components
 themselves to keep code
 more readable

Back end - Express file structure



- Express used for API server framework
- Application required 4
 different models and
 schemas: Log, Log Review,
 User and Vehicle
- Seperate middleware for authorisation/authentication and image handling was created as its used extensively throughout different routes

Back end - Middleware

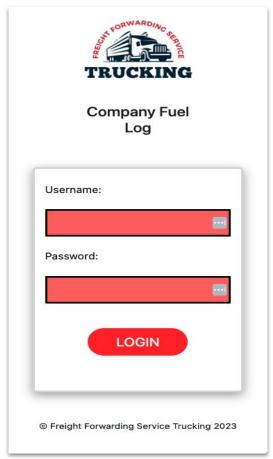
```
// Takes a decoded base64 object, searches if a db exists and sets a cookie in the header with a jwt token
const verifyAuth = async (reg, res, next) => {
  trv {
    const user = await UserModel.findOne({ username id: req.userAuthKey.username id }) // may need to parse to int
   // Need to check if user exists first, otherwise the bcrypt compare throws an error if comparing with a null password
    if (!user) {
     throw new Error('Invalid Username/password')
    const matchPassword = await bcrypt.compare(reg.userAuthKey.password, user.password)
    if (!matchPassword) {
     throw new Error('Invalid Username/password')
     else {
      const jwtUser = { username_id: req.userAuthKey.username_id, isAdmin: user.isAdmin, name: user.name, id: user._id }
      req.isAdmin = user.isAdmin
      req.name = user.name
     // res.setHeader('Set-Cookie', [`accessToken=${jwtGenerate(jwtUser)}; HttpOnly; Max-Age=${24*3600}; SameSite=Secure`])
     res.cookie('accessToken', jwtGenerate(jwtUser), { httpOnly: true, sameSite: 'none', secure: true }) // maxAge was removed so
  } catch (err) {
   next(err)
```

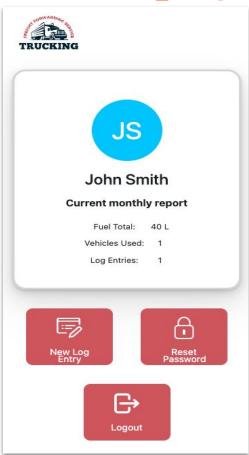
- Middleware mainly provided authentication for logins and authorization to differentiate between an employee and employer
- Example of a authorization middleware that accepts a users login details and sets a JWT in a cookie that is sent back in the response header. This JWT is mainly responsible for providing access to all routes of the API

Back end - Routes

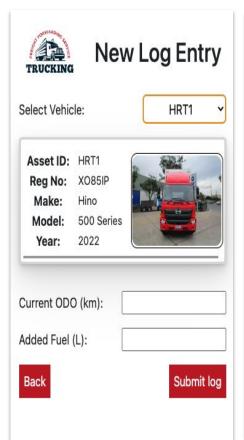
```
router.use(authAccess)
router.post('/', async (req, res) => {
    const employeeId = new mongoose.Types.ObjectId(req.jwtIdentity.id)
    const reviewBody = { ...req.body, employee_id: employeeId }
    const review = await LogReviewModel.create(reviewBody)
    res.status(201).send(review)
  } catch (err) {
   res.status(500).send({ error: err.message })
router.use(verifyAdmin)
router.get('/', async (req, res) => {
 const allLogReviews = await LogReviewModel.find().populate('employee_id', '-_id username_id').populate({ path: 'log_id', populate: { path: 'vehicle_id
 allLogReviews ? res.send(allLogReviews) : res.status(200).send({ LogReviews: 'No log reviews found' })
```

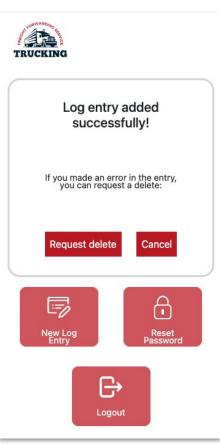
- Routes mainly handle
 validation and processing of
 incoming requests. Decided
 that API would handle all
 data logic so that front end
 will only just display
 response data from routes.
- Example show is for getting all Log reviews and post a log review. The middleware was used where the posting of a log review could be done by an employee but retrieving log reviews could only be done by employers





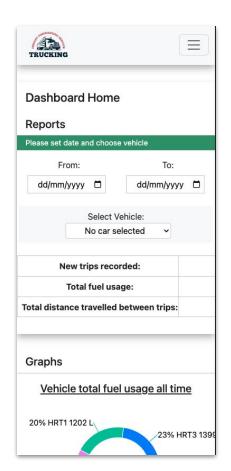
- Login as an employee takes to their dashboard with display of monthly report information
- Have option of creating new log,
 resetting password or logging out of
 account

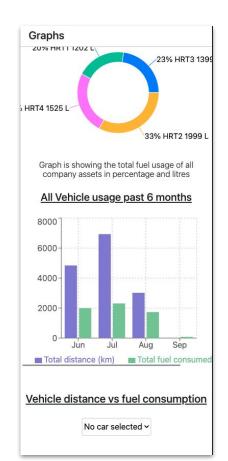


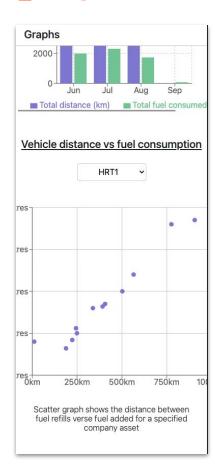




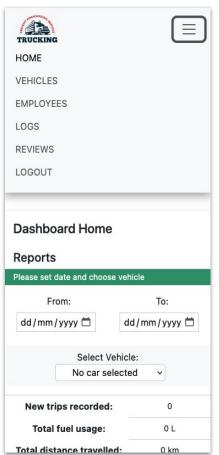
- New log entry can allow vehicle selection and trip information submission
- Successful log reroutes back to dashboard with prompt with log deletion request
- Reset password can change current password, in mobile is a scroll window

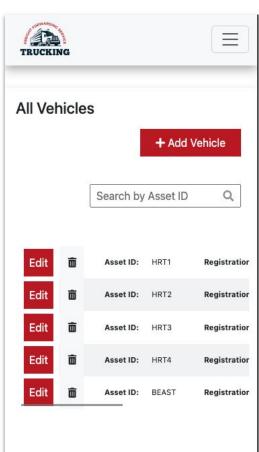


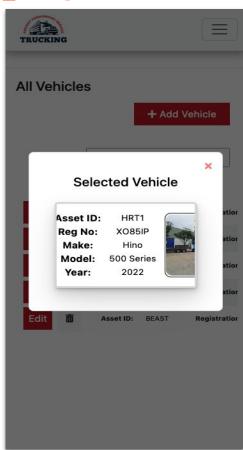




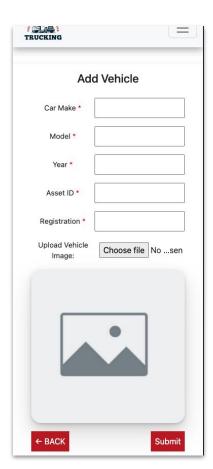
- Logging in as employer takes to separate
 dashboard to employee
- Dashboard has date range and vehicle selection that will display distance and fuel information
- 3 separate graphs that convey fuel and distance information of company assets, all set to scroll windows for mobile so graphs can be kept large and still be usable

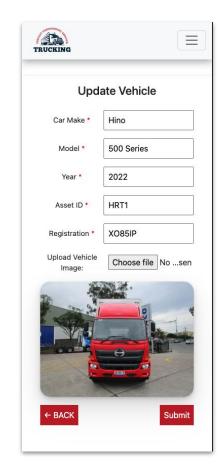


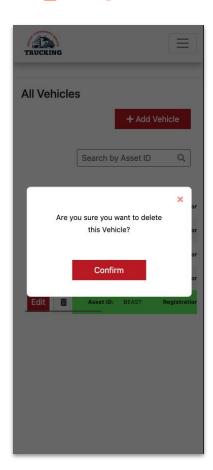




- Navbar at top of dashboard drops a menu down to navigate to other sections
- Vehicles tab displays list of vehicles. Can also add, modify or remove company assets.
- Clicking on vehicle in list displays information and image, set to scroll on mobile so image can be set large while having eligible text

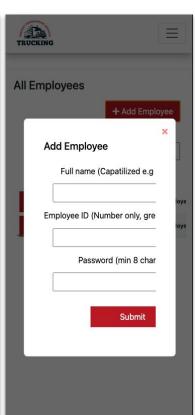


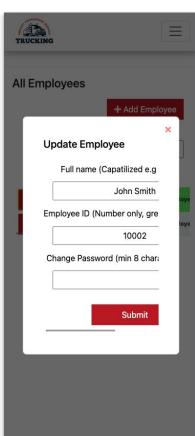


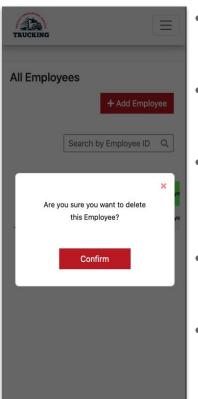


- From vehicles can add
 vehicles by inputting vehicle
 information and image
- Updating vehicle will popular input boxes with current information
- Deleting a vehicle will prompt for confirmation





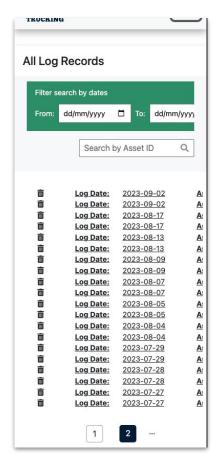


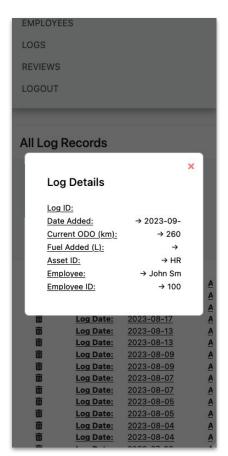


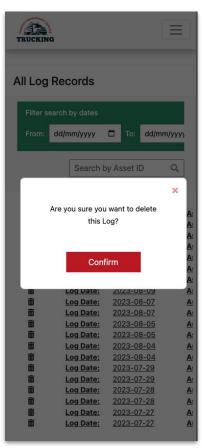
- Employees tab can add, update, delete employees
- Adding employee pops up prompt to input information
- Updating

 employee
 populates boxes

 with current info
- Delete employee asks for confirmation
- All set to have scroll to provide large text and many fields for mobile

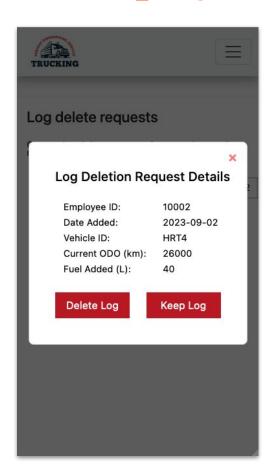






- Logs display list of trip entries from employees, scrolls in mobile as lot of information to display
- Clicking a log brings up information of trip, asset used and employee. Set to scroll to help with text size for better eligibility
- Deleting a log asks for confirmation





- Reviews brings up list of log deletion requests from the employees.
- Clicking a request brings up prompt with log trip information.
 Can either keep log or confirm the log deletion request.

Reflection and Conclusion

- Good learning experience, tests all aspects of web application development from front end with use
 of react components and styling through to back end with the development of an API server with
 Node and Express.
- Aesthetics were close to wireframes, in some instances where improved on.
- Some responsiveness is basic verses what is detailed in wireframes. This is mostly due to time constraints which could be improved upon with later versions.
- Overall strived to accomplish the main objective of the project which was to create a simple and intuitive web application that can allow users to add fuel logs and a employer to analyze fuel/distance data and manage employee/vehicle information