Assignment 4 Design Document (Draft)

Purpose

This program will use data from an infile to construct a graph ADT, find all hamiltonian paths using depth-first search, identify the shortest hamiltonian path, and write the path and number of recursive calls to to an outfile.

Layout/Structure

The heart of the program lies in the two functions main and dfs:

int main(...)

Description/Explanation

In this program main will parse command-line options, read data from infile, construct graph, and call dfs

Pseudocode

Parse the command-line options

Print help message and exit if -h is given

Record if undirected or verbose printing was enabled

Read/write with stdin/stdout unless user specifies files

Print help message and exit if invalid option is given

Read first line of infile to get number of cities: vertices If input is invalid then print error message and exit

Read the next vertices lines to get the city names

Put each city in an array cities

Remove the newline character at the end

Create graph, and make it undirected if specified

Read remaining lines of infile

If line malformed, print error message and exit

Otherwise, add each edge to graph

Create 2 paths: 1 for tracking current path and other for tracking shortest traveled path

Call dfs

void dfs(...)

Description/Explanation

dfs will use recursion to find find all hamiltonian paths. As it goes, it will compute and record path length, compute and record total number of recursive calls, select the shortest path, and write to file or stdout accordingly.

Pseudocode

```
1 procedure DFS(G,v):
2    label v as visited
3    for all edges from v to w in G.adjacentEdges(v) do
4        if vertex w is not labeled as visited then
5            recursively call DFS(G,w)
6    label v as unvisited
```

Assistive code/abstract data types:

graph.c

Graph ADT

path.c

Path ADT

stack.c

Stack ADT