



## Subject Section

# MsQuality – an interoperable open-source package for the calculation of standardized quality metrics of mass spectrometry data

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## Abstract

**Motivation:** Obtaining high-quality data from mass spectrometry (MS) experiments can be challenging due to various factors that can impact the accuracy and reproducibility of the data. Quality control (QC) techniques are needed to guarantee that the data sets are of high quality.

**Results:** The *MsQuality* R-package calculates and assesses various quality metrics for mass spectrometry-derived spectral data at the per-measurement level. It calculates around 40 low-level quality metrics based on the controlled vocabulary of the mzQC quality metrics defined by HUPO-PSI. The package helps to identify low-quality measurements and track data quality, ultimately improving the quality and reproducibility of mass spectrometry data for robust scientific discoveries.

**Availability:** *MsQuality* is implemented in R and is available through Bioconductor at <https://bioconductor.org/packages/MsQuality>.

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**Supplementary information:** Supplementary data are available at *Bioinformatics* online.

Mass spectrometry (MS) is a versatile analytical technique that has been adopted in a variety of disciplines, including proteomics, metabolomics, and lipidomics. MS enables the identification and quantification of a wide range of molecules. Obtaining high-quality data from mass spectrometry experiments can be a challenging task, as numerous factors can impact the accuracy and reproducibility of the obtained data. To ensure that MS data is of the highest quality, it is imperative to implement appropriate quality control (QC) techniques to guarantee that the data sets are reliable (Köcher *et al.*, 2011).

Here, we introduce the *MsQuality* R-package, which provides functionality to calculate, assess, and track quality metrics for mass spectrometry-derived spectral data at the per-measurement level. The package allows to compute about 40 of the mzQC quality metrics defined by the Human Proteome Organization-Proteomics Standards Initiative (HUPO-PSI, [hupo-psi.github.io/mzQC](https://github.com/hupo-psi/mzQC)). These are calculated on low-level MS data such as retention times and *m/z* and associated intensity values.

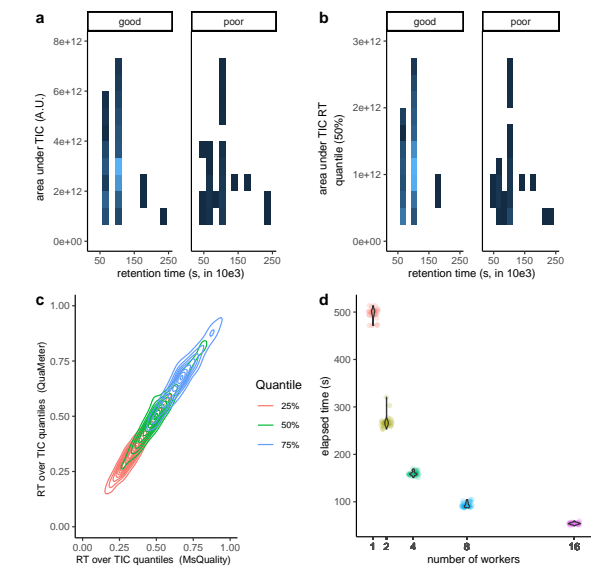
The package enables tracking and quantification of data quality using multiple metrics even on a large scale and helps to identify measurements

that are of low quality, such as those with a high number of missing values, ahead-of-time termination of chromatographic runs, or low instrument sensitivity. Following the definitions from Bittremieux *et al.* (2017), *MsQuality* focuses on the calculation of inter-experiment metrics, which can typically be obtained by summation from an intra-experiment metric. Examples for intra-experiment metrics are the chromatogram of the total ion current (TIC) over the retention time. Inter-experiment metrics, on the other hand, facilitate the comparison of multiple MS runs or experiments, e.g. via longitudinal analysis of quality metrics, such as the fractions of the total retention time required to accumulate a given percentile of the TIC.

## 1 Usage scenario and implementation

*MsQuality* offers easy-to-use means of evaluating data quality on a per-measurement basis, including the identification of low-quality measurements (e.g. poor intensities, low signal-to-noise ratio), biases and outliers, variations in calibration, and batch and confounding effects within datasets (Fig. 1 a and b). Utilizing community standards

for data representation in mass spectrometry defined by HUPO-PSI, MsQuality’s metric calculations enable data quality comparison, storage, and facile exchange.



**Fig. 1.** Examples of MsQuality functionality. Metrics are based on MS1 spectra and one data point is obtained per MS1 spectra. (a) Area under TIC: The area under the total ion chromatogram. (b) Area under TIC RT quantiles: The area under the total ion chromatogram of the retention time quantiles. (c) Comparison of quality metrics calculated by MsQuality and QuaMeter: RT over TIC quantiles. For (a), (b), and (c), the data points are displayed as 2D densities and stratified for high-quality and low-quality measurements as classified in Amidan et al. (2014) or by the quantiles 25%, 50%, and 75%. Brighter areas correspond to high 2D density areas. (d) Execution time for the calculation of quality metrics of the data set of Amidan et al. (2014) under parallelization (1, 2, 4, 8, and 16 workers). A.U. arbitrary units.

The versatility of MsQuality in calculating metrics extends to a wide range of applications, including small-scale studies and long-term acquisition of mass spectrometry data. The utility of MsQuality is demonstrated through two case studies, utilizing a previously published 180 cancer cell line dataset obtained by flow injection analysis (Cherkaoui et al., 2022) and a liquid chromatography(LC)-MS dataset of the same QC sample (Amidan et al., 2014) for long-term quality control. The tool provides consistent results when compared to other data quality tools, such as QuaMeter (Ma et al., 2012) (Fig. 1 c) or MatrixQCvis (Naake et al., 2022). Correlating the MsQuality metrics to pre-calculated QuaMeter metrics (Amidan et al., 2014) showed that 75% of the analyzed metrics showed Pearson correlation coefficients over 0.81 and Spearman correlation coefficients over 0.87 (see the Supplementary Data for further details).

MsQuality is implemented as an open-source R package, relying on the established Spectra and MsExperiment packages (Rainer et al., 2022) to provide and represent the MS data. By building on these packages MsQuality thus supports a large variety of data input formats as well as analyses of very large experiments through the use of data representations with low memory footprint. Native parallelization enables a fast and

scalable calculation of quality metrics (Fig. 1 d, see the Supplementary Data for further details).

Finally, MsQuality requires little programmatic interaction by using only one function call after the instantiation of Spectra or MsExperiment objects, thus, is user-friendly to calculate the quality metrics.

2 Conclusion

The software tool, MsQuality, contributes to the expanding list of tools that utilize the Spectra/MsExperiment framework to address various stages in the analysis pipeline of mass spectrometry data. The implementation of MsQuality’s metric calculation is designed to be user-friendly and streamlined and requires little programmatic interaction, facilitating reproducible calculations and evaluations of data quality metrics.

By building upon an extensive ecosystem for mass spectrometry data, centered around the Spectra and MsExperiment packages (Rainer et al., 2022), MsQuality enables researchers to create seamless analysis workflows for rapid, efficient, and standardized evaluation of MS data quality, ultimately leading to more robust scientific discoveries in mass spectrometry workflows.

3 Acknowledgements

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3.1 Author contributions statement

T.N. conceptualized the R package. T.N. and J.R. implemented the algorithms as an R package. T.N. analysed the results. T.N., J.R., and W.H. wrote and reviewed the manuscript.

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Conflict of Interest: none declared.

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