# **Project Overview**

This repository contains code for the filtering of data surrounding the motion of Colloids, given that the data has been extracted via ImageJ and TrackMate. These files aim to provide accurate filtering, as well as reasonable automation.

This document outlines each of the included files, how to use them, and what they do. All code herein uses Python type hinting, which may be unfamiliar. If code modification is needed and this is unfamiliar, refer here (or contact me at jedehmel@mavs.coloradomesa.edu).

These filters should be stable and Windows-compatible, but they have been tested on a machine running Arch Linux. If a bug is found, report it to jedehmel@mavs.coloradomesa.edu.

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# simple.py

This is a simple file doing only the bare minimum. This has no error handling, so over-filtering is likely in some circumstances. Additionally, you must manually enter all filepaths by hand. If these are deal-breakers, you should instead use filterer.py.

#### Options

You can change the following items in this file.

- to\_capture This is the variable to extract. This should be set to MEAN\_STRAIGHT\_LINE\_SPEED, but can be changed if need be.
- filepaths This is a list containing the filepaths which will be operated upon. For simple.py, you must manually enter each filepath.
- frequencies This is a list of the frequencies in Hertz which were applied. The first entry should correspond to the first filepath in filepaths, and so on.

If these variables are properly set, the protocol listed at the head of simple.py will be executed. However, overfiltering is likely to be an issue, and this program does not have the capability to recover from that.

# filterer.py

This is the more complicated version of simple.py. This program has many more options, and many more advanced features. The options of this program are listed below.

#### **Options**

- folder This is a string containing the folder to be filtered. All files in this folder will be filtered and saved according to the Regular Expressions listed later in the program. These expressions should not need to be modified, but if you are having trouble with name matching they may need to be.
- do\_std\_filter\_flags This is a list of boolean values. If the first value in this list is True, then the data will by internally filtered by excluding any outliers on the first value of col\_names- in this case, 'TRACK\_DISPLACEMENT'. An outlier will be deemed any value which is more than two standard deviations below the mean for a given statistic. This holds true for the remaining values in the list- The nth value applies an internal filter to the nth item in col\_names. A copy of col\_names can be found for reference just above this option in filterer.py. If this value is None, none of these internal-standard-deviation filters will be applied.
- do\_iqr\_filter\_flags This is identical to do\_std\_filter\_flags, but designates an outlier slightly differently. With these flags, an outlier is any value which is more than 1.5 inner-quartile-ranges below the mean. This is marginally better at identifying outliers. As above, if this is None, no internal-IQR filters are applied.
- do\_quality\_percentile\_filter If this is set to True, any particles below the quality\_percentile\_filter-th percentile in track quality (as determined by ImageJ) will be dropped.
- quality\_percentile\_filter If do\_quality\_percentile\_filter is True, this is the minimal percentile that tracks must possess in order to remain.
- conversion This is the coefficient which, when applied, turns a measurement from pixels per frame to micrometer per second.
- do\_speed\_thresh This is a boolean value denoting whether or not to do the Brownian mean-straight-line filtering. If True, any value below brownian\_mean + (brownian\_standard\_deviation · brownian\_multiplier) will be filtered out.
- brownian\_multiplier This is the number of standard deviations above the Brownian mean straight line speed a track must be in order to survive the filter activated by do\_speed\_thresh.
- do\_displacement\_thresh If True, filters out any tracks below the Brownian mean displacement. This should probably be left False, since straight line speed is a better measure of mobility.
- do\_linearity\_thresh If True, filters out any tracks below the Brownian mean linearity. This should probably be left False, since straight line speed is a better measure of mobility.
- do\_duration\_thresh If True, filters any tracks with durations (in frames) less than duration\_threshold. This should be left True, since shorter tracks introduce more error.

- duration\_threshold If do\_duration\_thresh is True, this is the minimal number of frames a track must have in order to survive filtering.
- secondary\_save\_path If not None, this is a string representing a secondary save location. All files produced by this program will be saved in this location.
- silent If False, this option causes the program to produce much more detailed output. This is useful to turn off for debugging purposes, but otherwise should be left True.
- do\_speed\_thresh\_fallback This option controls whether or not to use the brownian\_speed\_threshold\_fallback as the Brownian straight line speed for later filtering if no Brownian file can be detected. This should not be necessary (so long as the Regular Expressions are working properly), and should be left False.
- brownian\_speed\_threshold\_fallback If do\_speed\_thresh\_fallback is True, this is the Brownian straight line speed which will be used if no Brownian file can be found. This allows the program to keep filtering if no control value is found, but must be fine-tuned to your sample.
- do\_filter\_scatter\_plots If this option is True, scatter plots detailing which particles were kept and which particles were dropped will be produced and saved. This should be left on.
- do\_extra\_filter\_scatter\_plots If this option is True, extra plots will be produced detailing the filtering process. These plots are less useful.
- save\_filtering\_data If this option is True, histograms representing the filtered data will be saved.

If there are issues with the automatic detection of files, it is likely that the naming scheme used does not match the existing Regular Expressions. If it is only a few files, you can change the naming scheme. However, if it is many files, the expressions should be modified, and you should contact jedehmel@mavs.coloradomesa.edu or someone else who knows RegEx.

#### **Process**

For a single file:

#### Initialization:

- Load file from .csv
- Drop Items which are not of use to us

#### Filtering:

- Do duration threshold
- Do Brownian mean straight line speed threshold
- Do Brownian displacement threshold
- Do Brownian linearity threshold
- Do quality threshold

- Do Standard Deviation filtering
- Do IQR filtering

#### Output:

- Calculate mean and standard deviation from remaining
- Output graphs for this file
- Yield data

Warning: If, after a given filter is applied, no tracks remain, that filter will be discarded and the data reverted to before that filter.

For a group of files:

#### Initialization:

- Load desired folder
- Find files within folder which match the frequency Regular Expressions

#### Iteration:

- Load Brownian file (with ONLY internal filtering)
- Load non-Brownian files (with Brownian and internal filtering)

#### Reconstruction:

- Save graphs
- Save .csv file(s)

# name\_fixer.py

This file contains only utilities for automatic name detection via Regular Expressions. This is what allows the other programs to work. You should not need to do anything with this file.

#### reverser.py

This file contains only utilities for plotting straight line speeds with respect to their crossover frequencies. You should not need to do anything with this file.

# The legacy folder

This folder contains old code which is no longer relevant. It can be ignored.

# The scripts folder

This folder contains Linux scripts for multi-folder automation. These cannot be run on Windows (except through WSL), and must be specially written for a given dataset. These can most likely be ignored.

# Resources

- TrackMate Manual
- Regular Expressions in PythonTyping in PythonPython Style Guide