

# Module 5 Extended Query Formulation with SQL

Lesson 2: Multiple Table Problems



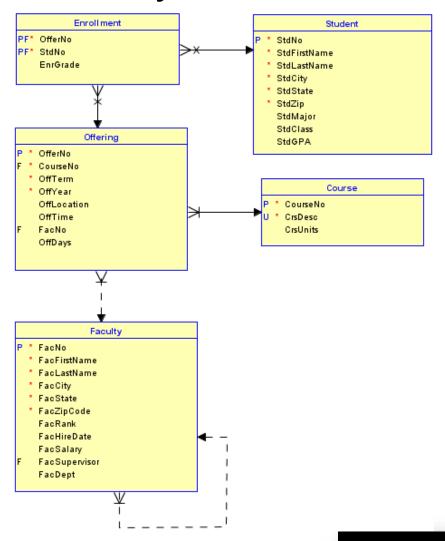
#### Lesson Objectives

- Use the critical questions to analyze more complex problem statements
- Apply a statement pattern to write SELECT statements for more complex problems involving more than 2 tables
- Analyze SELECT statements using the statement pattern for major query formulation errors





# University Database Diagram





#### SELECT Statement Pattern (CP)

```
SELECT <ColumnList>
FROM Table1, Table2, ... TableN
WHERE <JoinCondition1>
   AND <JoinCondition2>
... AND <JoinConditionN-1>
   AND RowCondition1 ... AND RowConditionP
AND ( RowConditionP+1 ... OR RowConditionP+M );
```





#### SELECT Statement Pattern (JO)





# Combining 3 Tables

Example 1: List Leonard Vince's teaching schedule in fall 2019. For each course, list the offering number, course number, number of units, days, location, and time.





# Combining 4 Tables

Example 2: List Bob Norbert's course schedule in spring 2020. For each course, list the offering number, course number, days, location, time, and faculty name.





# Combining 5 Tables

Example 3: List Bob Norbert's course schedule in spring 2020. For each course, list the offering number, course number, days, location, time, course units, and faculty name.

```
SELECT Offering.OfferNo, Offering.CourseNo, OffDays,
        OffLocation, OffTime, CrsUnits, FacFirstName,
        FacLastName
FROM Faculty, Offering, Enrollment, Student, Course
WHERE Faculty.FacNo = Offering.FacNo
    AND Offering.OfferNo = Enrollment.OfferNo
    AND Student.StdNo = Enrollment.StdNo
    AND Offering.CourseNo = Course.CourseNo
    AND OffYear = 2020
    AND OffTerm = 'SPRING'
    AND StdFirstName = 'BOB'
    AND StdLastName = 'NORBERT';
```





# Summary

- Have a mental image of the query formulation process
- Use critical questions and statement pattern for converting a problem statement into a database representation
- Use a database diagram for connections among tables

