

# Theoretical Models and Applications: Log Book

Jordan Ell V00660306

University of Victoria, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada  
jell@uvic.ca

**Abstract**—Software systems have not only become larger over time, but the amount of technical contributors and dependencies have also increased. With these expansions also comes the increasing risk of introducing a software failure into a pre-existing system. Software failures are a multi-billion dollar problem in the industry today and while integration and other forms of testing are helping to ensure a minimal number of failures, research to understand full impacts of code changes and their social implications is still a major concern. This paper describes how analysis of code changes and the technical relationships they infer can be used to detect pairs of developers whose technical dependencies may induce software failures. These developer pairs may also be used to predict future software failures as well as provide recommendations to contributors to solve these failures caused by source code changes.

## I. MAY 2ND 2013

The main topic of this class was to discuss how to identify high impact papers. Some of the ideas that members of the class had to identify high impact papers are as follows. Looking at the number of citations a paper has is a good indication of how well the paper is known in its own field or how important it might be. Another is to look for prize winning papers. This can be large prizes such as the Turing award or even the best paper of a conference. This is a good way to identify a paper that has high impact potential as it is important at the time of the award. Another good way to find a high impact paper is to look at industry impact. Here if a paper involves the creation of a real world product which generates revenue it may be a high impact paper or if it can change existing products in the real world.

I had an idea for identifying central papers but did not mention it in class. My idea is a similar idea to that of industry impact and it is media impact. If a simple Google search can turn up a lot of results that all point to a single paper that has achieved main media success, it may be a high impact paper. This ties in to industry impact as the media may find out about it through industry experience. I plan on trying this method in the next assignment.

Another main area that was described this class was the discussion of what can you identify as a theory paper or a paper that has theory at its roots. It seems to me that theory is a pretty general term and as long as there is some underlying theoretical model to it. This can be some type of NP-Complete issue all the way to graph models.

The assignment for next class is to find 1 or 2 high impact papers with an underlying theory background. This is due May 6th.

## II. MAY 4TH 2013

Today I looked up my two high impact papers for class on May 6th. I took the approach mentioned earlier in my log book. That is to say that I went for media and industry impact rather than academic impact of the paper. As my interest for this course was to do with networks, I started my search on Google looking for network impacting papers.

To do this, I used Google to search for 'Coded TCP'. I knew in advanced that encoding protocol packets can be used to speed up internet connections both wired and wireless, and I knew that TCP is the highest used protocol for consumer use. This search landed me on many blog and news pages that involved a group of researchers at MIT. The group found a way of using linear equations to solve for packets that are lost in transmission instead of requesting that the packets get resent. This immediately grabbed my attention as it contains a theory background and has obviously been large enough to attract media.

I found that this new method has been implemented at MIT and has increased their internal networks speeds 16x. The paper that found this method is relatively new (2011), so it has little citations (44). However, I believe this paper can play a major role in the industry as the result of network speed increase requires no physical upgrade to existing networks. I have identified this paper, and its continuation paper, as high impact.

## III. MAY 6TH 2013

Recap from last class: Look for highly cited paper, award winning papers, ask your supervisor, and so forth when looking for high impact theory papers.

Theory papers: A paper to find when bugs get introduced into a project. A paper that provides a new algorithm that determines how well a drug molecule will work. The first two papers have very high number of citations. The chemistry papers are foundational papers in their field and found through Google Scholar. My paper on network packet loss using linear equations. Another paper on projected plains was found using survey papers which is a potential new way of finding high impact papers. High citations seems to be the most used criteria for high impact papers so far. A paper on approximations to NP-Complete problems and how they can be used. It is a Godell prize winning paper. Dijkstra prize winning paper was also said. A paper on performance analysis of networks. This paper was found by looking at industry impact. A paper on music retrieval says that the award winners in this field were not high impact even though they won. This paper has a high

number of authors and also cites several other papers. A paper involving k-nearest neighbors for image searching. A paper that is central to social interactions in software engineering is now used in almost all fields of software engineering that involve communication. Found from experience, but also has 500 citations. Another paper on indexing file structure to create clusters which is the theory component. This paper again had lots of citations. A paper on dynamic programming from 1956 with a citation count of more than 11,000! Very old papers with high citation count are extremely foundational in their field.

It seems like most people today went for high citations over anything for identifying high impact papers. I personally think for a paper to be high impact it has to have two components. First is has to lay foundations for future research in a broad sense. For example, the first paper to explain the grand unified theory in physics allowed for a whole field of cosmology in the field. Yes it does have high citations but it also allows for a large amount of future work while also answering current

questions. Secondly, I think high impact papers should have real world implications. This could be a paper on vacuum tubes which led to the first vacuum tube computer. This is a real impact that can help humanity.

We broke into groups and started to discuss our papers. My team has 3 students in it but only had 2 papers for today. The first paper was about dynamic programming and speech recognition software. This paper has over 11,000 citations! This paper lays foundational work that is being used in industry today with Apple and Google through their speech recognition software. The second paper was mine and it was about packet loss in TCP connections. This papers solves the problem of packet loss by using linear equations to solve for missing packets. We are choosing to use the dynamic programming paper as it has been around longer and has a larger impact (as of now) on the software industry than the packet loss paper which is newer and still has smaller impacts on industry.

IV. MAY 6TH 2013