Recitation notes

Jordan Hoffart

August 27, 2024

1. Section 5.3 problems

(a) Problem 19: Evaluate the integral

$$\int_{1}^{3} x^{2} + 2x - 4 \, dx \tag{1}$$

Solution.

$$\int_{1}^{3} x^{2} + 2x - 4 \, dx = \left(\frac{1}{3}x^{3} + x^{2} - 4x\right)\Big|_{1}^{3} \tag{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}27 + 9 - 12 - (\frac{1}{3} + 1 - 4) \tag{3}$$

$$=9 - \frac{1}{3} \tag{4}$$

$$=\frac{26}{3}\tag{5}$$

(b) Problem 39: Evaluate the integral

$$\int_{1/\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{8}{1+x^2} \, dx \tag{6}$$

Solution.

$$\int_{1/\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{8}{1+x^2} \, dx = 8 \arctan x \Big|_{1/\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} \tag{7}$$

$$=8(\pi/3 - \pi/6) \tag{8}$$

$$=4\pi/3. (9)$$

2. Section 5.5 Problems

(a) Problem 15: Compute the indefinite integral with u substituion

$$\int \cos^3 \theta \sin \theta \, d\theta \tag{10}$$

Solution. Let $u = \cos \theta$. Then

$$\int \cos^3 \theta \sin \theta \, d\theta = -\int u^3 \, du \tag{11}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4}u^4 + C \tag{12}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4}\cos^4\theta + C. \tag{13}$$

(b) Problem 21: Compute the indefinite integral by using u substitution

$$\int \frac{(\ln x)^2}{x} \, dx \tag{14}$$

Solution. Let $u = \ln x$. Then

$$\int \frac{(\ln x)^2}{x} \, dx = \int u^2 \, du \tag{15}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}u^{3} + C$$
 (16)
$$= \frac{1}{3}(\ln x)^{3} + C.$$
 (17)

$$= \frac{1}{3}(\ln x)^3 + C. \tag{17}$$