# Pipeline Process Documentation

This document provides an overview of the steps performed by the run\_pipeline script and explains how the OpenAI API is utilized within the process.

# **Data Dictionary**

Table 1 - Scraped Data from Hospital Webpage Infobox

Column Name	Data Type	Description	
State	String	The state where the hospital is located.	
Hospital Name	String	The name of the hospital.	
URL	String	The URL of the hospital's page on asylumproject.com.	
Established	Float	The year the hospital was established (if available).	
Construction Began	Float	The year construction began on the hospital (if available).	
0pened	String	The year the hospital officially opened.	
Current Status	String	The current operational status of the hospital (e.g., active, closed).	
Building Style	String	The architectural style of the hospital building.	
Architect(s)	String	The name(s) of the architect(s) who designed the hospital (if available).	
Alternate Names	String	Alternate names or nicknames for the hospital.	
Raw Text	String	Raw textual information extracted from the hospital's individual page.	
Closed	String	The year the hospital was closed (if applicable).	
Location	String	The specific location of the hospital (e.g., city, address).	
Architecture Style	Float	The architectural style of the hospital (currently unused).	
Peak Patient Population	String	The peak patient population recorded at the hospital (if available).	

Table 2 - Al Processed Data from Hospital Webpage Text

Column Name	Data Type	Description
year_opened_LLM	String	The year the hospital was opened, extracted from the history text using LLM.

Column Name	Data Type	Description
year_closed_LLM	String	The year the hospital was closed, extracted from the history text using LLM.
number_of_beds_LLM	String	The number of beds in the hospital, extracted from the history text using LLM.
number_of_patients_LLM	String	The number of patients in the hospital, extracted from the history text using LLM.
peak_patient_population_LLM	String	The peak patient population recorded, extracted from the history text using LLM.
hand_check_flag_LLM	Integer	A flag indicating if manual review is required (1 = yes, 0 = no).

## LLM Processing Details

The following fields are extracted from the hospital history text using the OpenAl API LLM:

- year\_opened\_LLM: Extracted year the hospital opened.
- year\_closed\_LLM: Extracted year the hospital closed.
- number\_of\_beds\_LLM: Extracted number of beds in the hospital.
- number\_of\_patients\_LLM: Extracted number of patients in the hospital.
- peak\_patient\_population\_LLM: Extracted peak patient population.
- hand\_check\_flag\_LLM: Set to 1 if the text primarily discusses a different hospital or if all extracted fields are null; otherwise, set to 0.

These fields are generated by processing the raw text column using the OpenAl API, which applies natural language understanding to extract structured information from unstructured text.

#### **Data Source**

All data in this file, except for the Raw Text column, is sourced from the information boxes on individual hospital pages on asylumproject.com. The Raw Text column contains unstructured textual data extracted from the main content of these pages.

# Overview of the Pipeline

The run\_pipeline script is designed to process historic hospital data by performing the following steps:

#### 1. Data Ingestion

- **Description**: The script begins by loading raw data from specified input sources (e.g., CSV files, databases, or APIs).
- Purpose: This step ensures that all necessary data is available for processing.

### 2. Data Cleaning

• **Description**: The raw data is cleaned to remove inconsistencies, handle missing values, and standardize formats.

• Purpose: Cleaning ensures the data is in a usable state for further processing.

#### 3. Data Transformation

- **Description**: The cleaned data is transformed into a structured format suitable for analysis. This may include normalization, aggregation, or feature engineering.
- Purpose: Transformation prepares the data for downstream tasks.

## 4. OpenAl API Integration

- **Description**: The script uses the OpenAl API to perform tasks such as:
  - Text summarization
  - Natural language processing (e.g., extracting insights from text fields)
  - o Generating metadata or annotations
- **Purpose**: The OpenAl API enhances the pipeline by leveraging advanced Al capabilities to process and analyze textual data.

#### 5. Data Validation

- **Description**: The processed data is validated to ensure accuracy and consistency. This step may involve comparing results against predefined rules or benchmarks.
- Purpose: Validation ensures the integrity of the processed data.

## 6. Data Storage

- **Description**: The final processed data is stored in a designated output location (e.g., database, file system, or cloud storage).
- Purpose: Storing the data makes it accessible for reporting, analysis, or further use.

## 7. Reporting and Visualization (Optional)

- **Description**: The script may generate reports or visualizations to summarize the results of the pipeline.
- Purpose: Reporting provides insights into the processed data and the outcomes of the pipeline.

# **Process Flow Diagrams**

# Diagram 1: Overview of the Process Flow

# Historic Hospital Data Collection Process Flow

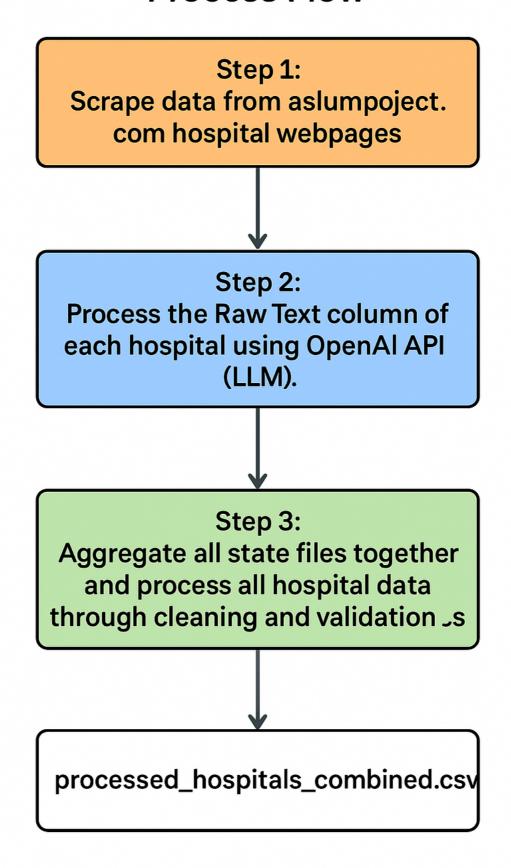
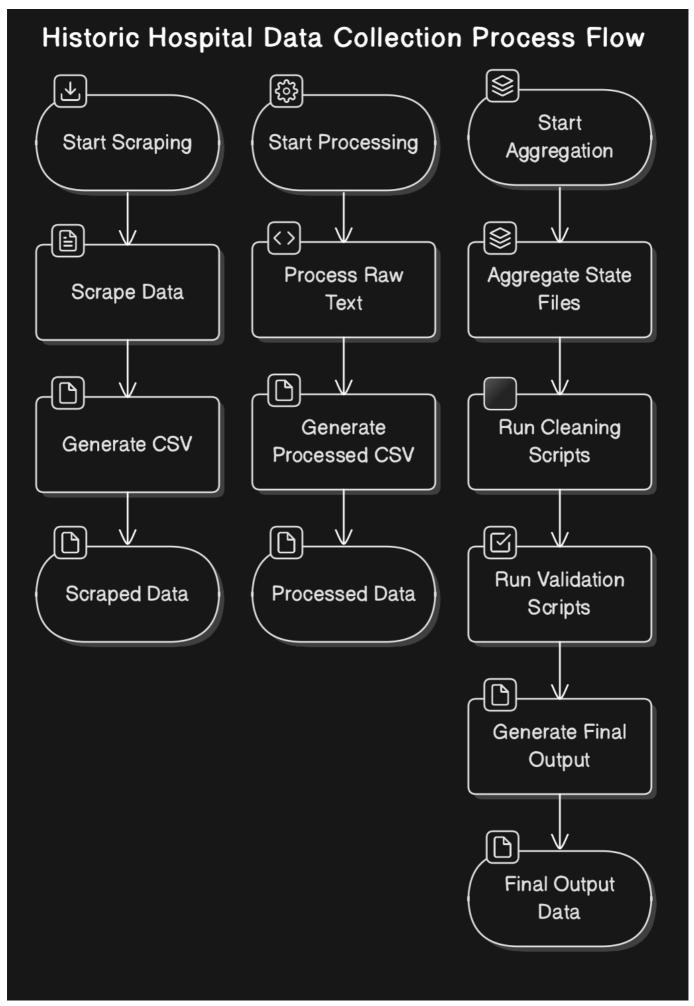


Diagram 2: Detailed Process Flow





# OpenAl API Usage

The OpenAl API is a critical component of the pipeline, providing advanced Al capabilities for processing textual data. Specific use cases include:

- Text Summarization: Condensing large text fields into concise summaries.
- **Natural Language Understanding**: Extracting key insights, entities, or relationships from unstructured text.
- Metadata Generation: Automatically generating tags, categories, or descriptions for data records.

The API is integrated into the pipeline through API calls, where the input data is sent to the OpenAI service, and the results are incorporated back into the pipeline for further processing.

# Conclusion

The run\_pipeline script is a comprehensive tool for processing historic hospital data. By integrating the OpenAl API, it leverages state-of-the-art Al capabilities to enhance data processing and analysis.