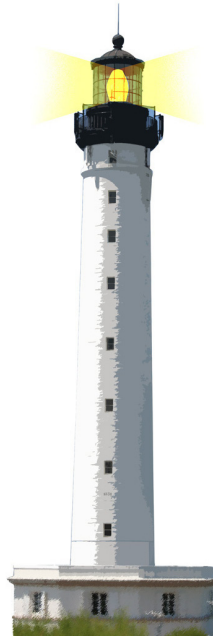


Some Visitor advanced points

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<http://www.pharo.org>



Goals

Let us chew a bit more Visitor

- What about navigation control
- About better hooks
- Not shortcutting double dispatch



Controlling the traversal

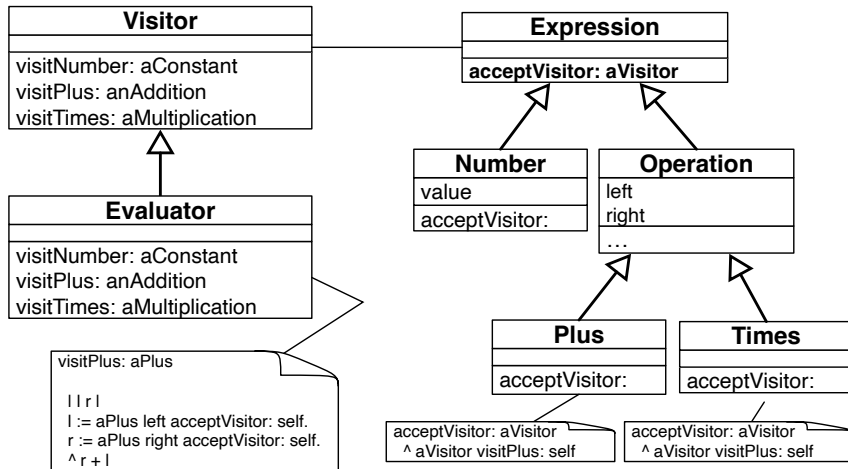
A visitor embeds a structure traversal

- There are different places where the traversal can be implemented:
 - in the visitors
 - in the items themselves

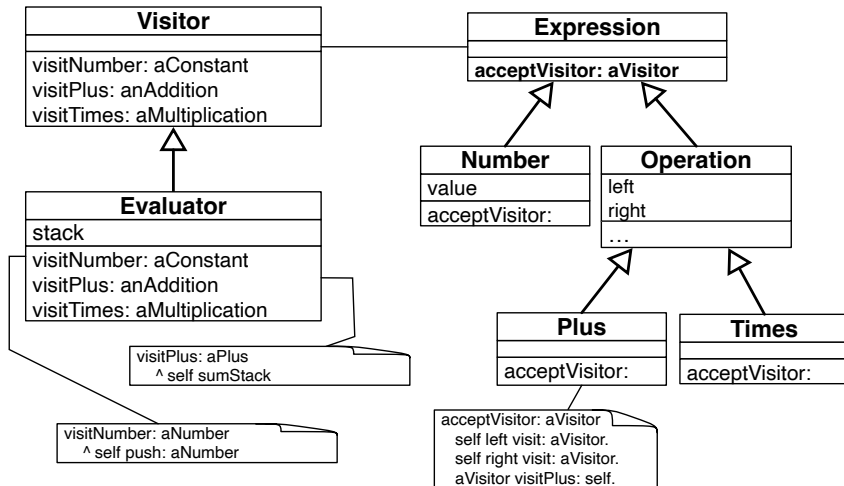
Usually the visitor is under control but may be the domain logic is more important.



Visitor in control



Items in control



Visitor vs. class extension

Even if a language supports class extension (defining methods on a class from another package than the class package), using a Visitor is better because:

- Each Visitor encapsulates a complex operation
- Each Visitor has its own state



A basic trolling point

Some people may tell you that Visitor is not OO because Visitor externalizes behavior out of objects.

- Yes operations applied on objects are defined outside the objects.
- Let us think:
 - How much extra behavior and extra state **mixed for nothing** are you ready to pay?
 - Do you **want to package multiple** behaviors **separately**?
- If you have a lot of orthogonal treatments, then better separate them



VisitMethods encode a context

- The granularity of visit methods has an impact on the hooks they offer
- **visit*** methods can be used to provide context



Example: visitTemporariesNode: vs. visitNode:

Compare

```
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitSequenceNode: aSequenceNode  
  aSequenceNode temporaries do: [:each | self visitNode: each ].  
  aSequenceNode statements do: [:each | self visitNode: each ]
```

vs.

```
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitSequenceNode: aSequenceNode  
  self visitTemporaryNodes: aSequenceNode temporaries.  
  aSequenceNode statements do: [:each | self visitNode: each ]  
  
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitTemporaryNodes: aNodeCollection  
  ^ aNodeCollection do: [:each | self visitTempDefinitionNode: each ]  
  
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitTempDefinitionNode: aNode  
  ^ aNode acceptVisitor: self
```



Example: visitTemporariesNode: vs. visitNode:

Compare

```
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitSequenceNode: aSequenceNode  
  aSequenceNode temporaries do: [:each | self visitNode: each ].  
  aSequenceNode statements do: [:each | self visitNode: each ]
```

vs.

```
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitSequenceNode: aSequenceNode  
  self visitTemporaryNodes: aSequenceNode temporaries.  
  aSequenceNode statements do: [:each | self visitNode: each ]
```

- visitTemporaryNodes: encodes the fact that it is only invoked on temporaries
- No need to guess by looking at parent or other information



About short cutting double dispatch

Imagine that we have the following:

```
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitSequenceNode: aSequenceNode  
  self visitTemporaryNodes: aSequenceNode temporaries.  
  aSequenceNode statements do: [ :each | self visitNode: each ]  
  
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitVariable: aNode  
  ^ aNode
```

VS.

```
RBProgramNodeVisitor >> visitSequenceNode: aSequenceNode  
  self visitTemporaryNodes: aSequenceNode temporaries.  
  aSequenceNode statements do: [ :each | self visitVariable: each ]
```

In the second version, the use of visitVariable: aNode

- we are short cutting the double dispatch
- we are cutting the possibility of letting any object participates by telling the visitor how to handle it



Building generic Visitors can be difficult

- Should we return always a result?
- Should collect the values on collection?
- Often the solution is to have an abstract visitor and to redefine most of the logic per family of tasks



Should we promote collections as domain nodes?

- When we iterate on a collection (e.g. of nodes), the collection is not part of the composite domain
- Should we turn such a collection into a domain element?
- It depends of the domain
- and if the it Is the benefit



[Type] Do not overload `==visit==` methods

As a summary, overloading does not really work in Java and you will have to explicitly cast your visitor or use `getClass` everywhere.

- Better define method `visitNumber()`, `visitPlus()`, `visitTimes()`
- than `visit()`
- Static type may prevent subclass redefinitions to be invoked

Trust an expert :)



Conclusion

- Visitor can be tricky to master
 - use accept/visit vocabulary to really help you
- Visitor is nice for complex structure operations



A course by

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